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PART XI-D

TEMPLES OF MADRAS STATE

ii TIRUCHIRAPALLI & SOUTH ARCOT

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PREFACE

Indian Census has, in 1961, along with the main task, undertaken a number of special studies to highlight the social and cultural heritage of India. In keeping with this tradition, a scheme for preparing a compendium volume on the Temples of Madras State was mooted. South Indian temples, marvellous in architectural engineering and having a cultural greatness of their own, have attracted a large number of tourists from all parts of the country and even from abroad. South India has been least affected by the series of invasions which India witnessed because of its geographical isolation and the Hindu culture has been preserved in its most pristine form in Madras State. As Hindu culture is associated largely with temples, it is likely that a study of the temples of Madras State will give a background of what Hindu culture stands for. A scheme has therefore been evolved in which 5 volumes will be published covering all the temples in the State. The first volume which has been already published covers Madras City and Chingleput District.

This is the second volume covering Tiruchirapalli and South Arcot districts. In the first volume, the details of all the temples have been given in a narrative form. The manner of presentation has now been changed. A detailed description is given of important temples in each taluk while for the others, the relevant particulars are given in a tabular statement. The procedure adopted in filling up the forms relating to temples in the State has been indicated in the previous volume on Chingleput and Madras City.

Tiruchirapalli District

Out of 1207 temples under the control of the Hindu Religious and Charitable Endowments Board in the Tiruchirapalli district, 1023 temples returned the forms after filling them up. I deputed my office staff to the remaining 184 temples to collect the information needed by us. The narrative report covers 69 temples while the rest are included in tabular statements which have been prepared for each taluk and the villages have been arranged according to the location code used in Census enumeration.

The questionnaire has been filled up as follows :

1. Received from temples :

(i)	Filled up by Trustees	...	83
(ii)	„ by Revenue Inspectors	...	714
(iii)	„ by Executive Officers	...	20
(iv)	„ by Village Officials	...	205
(v)	„ by Panchayat Staff	...	1

2. By Office staff	...	184
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Total	...	1207
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53 temples which are not under the control of the Board but which have sent statistical and other details are also included in the compendium.

Details of income from immovable properties and the value of jewels have been collected for all temples except 74 under the former and 45 under the latter. It can be presumed that these shrines have no immovable properties or jewels.

The officials of the Revenue Department and of the Hindu Religious and Charitable Endowments Board and the Trustees of temples have been of great help to us in collecting the particulars relating to temples.

Sketches and plans of the following temples (not according to scale) are included in this compendium.

1. Sri Subramaniaswamy Temple, Viralimalai
2. Sri Kadambavaneswarar Temple, Kadambarkoil
3. Sri Thiru Erumbeeswarar Temple, Thiruverumbur
4. Sri Ekambareswarar Temple, Chettikulam
5. Sri Dhandayuthapaniswami Temple, Chettikulam
6. Sri Kalyana Venkataramanaswamy Temple, Tanthoni
7. Sri Ranganathar Temple, Srirangam
8. Sri Thayumanaswamy Temple, Tiruchirapalli
9. Sri Muttuvar Kulalammai Temple, Tiruchirapalli
10. Sri Saptharishiswarar Temple, Lalgudi
11. Sri Madura Kaliyamman Temple, Siruvachur
12. Sri Jambukeswarar Temple, Thiruvanaikoil
13. Sri Akilandeswari Amman Temple, Thiruvanaikoil

South Arcot District

Out of 874 temples under the control of the Hindu Religious and Charitable Endowments Board in South Arcot district, reports were received on 688 temples. My staff collected information on the remaining 186 temples. In addition, schedules were received from 78 temples not under the control of the Board. Such temples also have been included in the compendium. Thus the Directory for South Arcot will cover 952 temples. The narrative report covers 56 temples while details of 896 temples are given in the tabular statements. The questionnaire has been filled up by the following persons.

Details	Temples under the Board	Temples outside the Board	Total
1. By the Trustees of the temples	87	1	88
2. By the Executive Officers of temples	4	...	4
3. By Revenue Inspectors	114	2	116
4. By Village Officers	480	73	553
5. By Manager or Priest	3	...	3
6. By Office Staff			
a) Particulars collected from the Trustees	179	2	181
b) Particulars collected from the Executive Officers	5	...	5
c) Particulars collected from Village Officers	2	...	2
Total	874	78	952

Details of income from immovable properties, and the value of jewellery have been given for all temples except 75 under the former and 43 under the latter. It can be presumed that these temples do not have any immovable property or jewellery.

The age of the temple will depend on the view held by the persons who filled the schedule and cannot always be supported by evidence of inscriptions or other records.

Revenue Officials as well as the officials of the Hindu Religious and Charitable Endowments Board and Trustees of temples have been of great help to us in collecting the particulars relating to temples.

Sketches and plans of the following temples (not according to scale) are included in this compendium :—

1. Sri Vridhagiriswarar Temple, Vriddhachalam
2. Sri Subramaniaswamy Temple, Mailam
3. Sri Pataliswarar Temple, Thirupadripuliyur (Cuddalore)
4. Sri Arthanariswarar Temple, Rishivandiyam
5. Sri Tiruvikramaswamy Temple, Thirukoilur
6. Sri Bhuvarahaswamy Temple, Sri Mushnam
7. Sri Abhirameswarar Temple, Thiruvamathur

In addition to these temples, there are innumerable shrines for village Gods and Goddesses with and without structures. Where there are structures, they are very small; in other cases, the deities are installed under trees and represented by an idol or a symbol like three bricks or a stone. These shrines are outside the scope of our survey; but I have indicated in the first Volume relating to Madras City and Chingleput District, the important role played by them in the religious life of a section of the people in the State.

I am grateful to Sri A. Mitra, Registrar General, India for the encouragement he has given me in this study of Temples in Madras State.

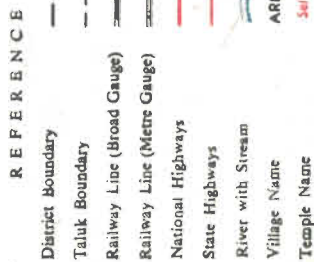
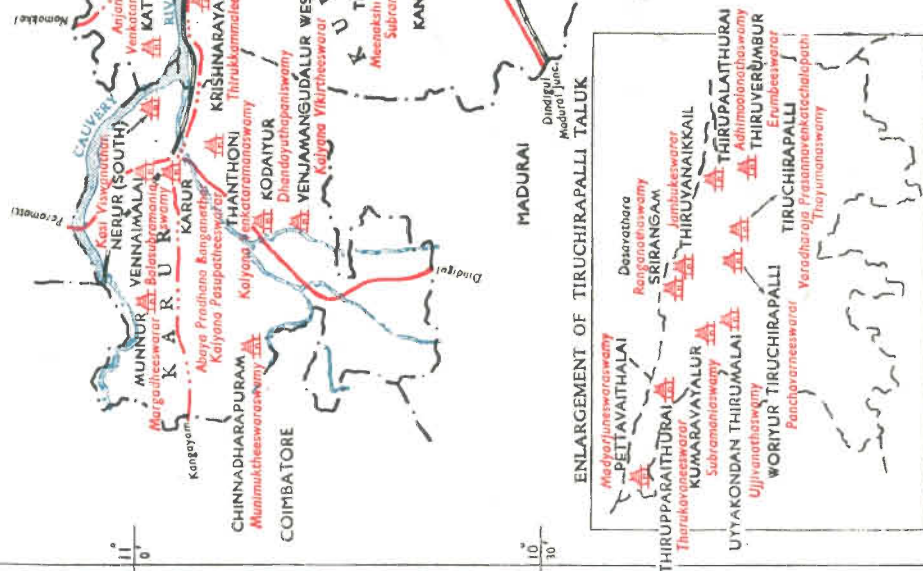
P. K. NAMBIAR

I wish to place on record my appreciation of the able assistance given by the following members of my staff in the preparation and presentation of this Volume.

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P. K. NAMBIAR.

TIRUCHIRAPALLI DISTRICT



TIRUCHIRAPALLI DISTRICT

INTRODUCTION

Next to Thanjavur, Tiruchirapalli district has the largest number of temples. The Rock Fort temple at Tiruchirapalli, the Sri Ranganatha shrine at Srirangam and the Sri Jambukeswarar temple at Tiruvanaikoil are among the most famous temples in Madras State. The Sri Brahadeeswara temple at Gangaikonda Cholapuram built by the Great Rajendra Chola I with its vimanam of 170' in height, containing beautiful plaster figures is an imposing structure which is visible at a distance of 7 or 8 miles. The Gunaseelam temple for Sri Prasanna Venkatachalapathy has acquired a reputation for giving relief to women devotees who are 'possessed' by evil spirits. Nerur (near Karur) has become holy as it contains the Samadhi of Sri Sadasiva Brahmendral, an

Avadhuta (nude) Sanyasi who belongs to the 19th century. The hill temple for Sri Subramania at Virali-malai is one to which devotees flock all the year round. In Sri Thirugokarneswarar temple (Pudukottai) where the *sanctum* is a cave, the Moolavar is part of the rock. This is one of the rock-cut shrines of Mahendra Varma Pallava. Sri Mariamman, the presiding deity, of the temple at Samayapuram (Lalgudi Taluk) is considered very powerful and devotees gather in large numbers on Tuesdays and Sundays. The feud between two clans was amicably settled by the construction of the cave temple at Malayakoil (Thirumayam taluk). Everyone of the 69 temples included in the descriptive part of the Directory has some interesting features.

The talukwise break-up of temples is as follows :—

<i>Name of Taluk</i>	<i>Temples</i>		<i>Total</i>
	<i>Under the Board</i>	<i>Outside the Board</i>	
1. Perambalur	179	4	183
2. Udayarpalayam	174	6	180
3. Lalgudi	224	14	238
4. Musiri	189	3	192
5. Karur	92	6	98
6. Kulittalai	89	8	97
7. Tiruchirapalli	156	8	164
8. Kulathur	35	2	37
9. Alangudi	19	2	21
10. Thirumayam	50	...	50
Total	1,207	53	1,260

The distribution of the temples according to the presiding deity is as follows :—

<i>Presiding Deities</i>	<i>Temples</i>		<i>Total</i>
	<i>Under the Board</i>	<i>Outside the Board</i>	
Siva & His Consort	420	13	433
Vishnu & His Consort	280	8	288
Murugar	41	1	42
Goddesses (Village Deities)	273	19	292
Vinayagar	78	5	83
Other Deities	115	7	122
Total	1,207	53	1,260

The number of Saivite temples is 558 while the Vaishnavite temples are 288.

Of the 1,260 temples, 351 cover an area of less than 5 cents, 777 an area of 5 cents to less than an acre and only four temples occupy an area of 10 acres and above. The area covered by the temples is given in the following statement.

<i>Extent</i>	<i>Temples</i>		<i>Total</i>
	<i>Under the Board</i>	<i>Outside the Board</i>	
Below 5 cents	336	15	351
5 cents & above but below 20 cents	349	15	364
20 cents,, 1 acre	392	21	413
1 acre ,, 2 acres	65	1	66

<i>Extent</i>	<i>Temples</i>		<i>Total</i>
	<i>Under the Board</i>	<i>Outside the Board</i>	
2 acres ,, 5 acres	19	...	19
5 acres ,, 10 acres	9	1	10
10 acres & above	4	...	4
Area not stated	33	...	33
Total	1,207	53	1,260

Out of 420 Siva temples, the Moolavar Lingam is a Swayambu in 78 temples. Excluding 10 temples where there are no idols, the position of the presiding deities in other than Siva temples is as follows :—

Standing posture	380
Sitting „	435
Lying „	4
Pictures	2
Others	9
Total	830

Poojas are performed in all except 34 temples where there are no priests. While in the majority of temples the priests belong to the Brahmin community, there are a good number of shrines where priests of other communities offer poojas. In 411 out of 1226 temples, persons other than Brahmins offer poojas. The distribution of deities is given in the statement below :—

<i>Name of Deities</i>	<i>Temples under the Board</i>			<i>Temples outside the Board</i>			<i>Total</i>		
	<i>where poojas are performed</i>	<i>where the priest is</i>		<i>where poojas are performed</i>	<i>where the priest is</i>		<i>where poojas are performed</i>	<i>where the priest is</i>	
		<i>Brahmin</i>	<i>Others</i>		<i>Brahmin</i>	<i>Others</i>		<i>Brahmin</i>	<i>Others</i>
Siva	408	396	12	12	12	...	420	408	12
Vishnu	273	253	20	8	7	1	281	260	21
Murugar	40	29	11	1	1	...	41	30	11
Vinayagar	75	31	44	5	2	3	80	33	47
Goddesses (Village deities)	265	53	212	19	4	15	284	57	227
Other deities	113	27	86	7	...	7	120	27	93
Total	1,174	789	385	52	26	26	1,226	815	411

There are no ornaments in 742 temples. Excluding 45 temples which have not furnished particulars under this head, the classification of the remaining temples having ornaments is as follows :-

Value of Jewellery	Temples		Total
	Under the Board	Outside the Board	
Rs.			
500 & below	310	9	319
501 — 1,000	37	...	37
1,001 — 5,000	69	1	70
5,001 — 10,000	14	1	15
10,001 — 50,000	20	...	20
50,001 — 1,00,000	7	...	7
1,00,001 — 5,00,000	4	...	4
5,00,001 — 10,00,000	...	...	...
Above Rs. ten lakhs	1	...	1
Total	462	11	473

The following are the five temples having ornaments worth more than Rs. 1 lakh :

1. Sri Jambukeswarar temple, Thiruvanaikoil
2. Sri Ranganatha temple, Srirangam
3. Sri Subramaniam temple, Viralimalai
4. Sri Gokarneswarar temple, Pudukottai
5. Sri Meenakshi Sundareswarar temple, Arimalam

The value of Jewellery in the Sri Ranganatha temple at Srirangam is Rs. 30 lakhs.

Except 56 temples, the remaining shrines have immovable properties. Details of income accruing to the temples from these properties are given below:

Annual Income	Temples		Total
	Under the Board	Outside the Board	
Rs.			
500 and below	492	26	518
501 — 1,000	248	5	253
1,001 — 5,000	281	7	288
5,001 — 10,000	39	1	40
10,001 — 50,000	28	...	28
50,001 — 1,00,000	2	...	2
Above Rs. 1 Lakh	1	...	1
Income not stated	64	10	74
Total	1,155	49	1,204

The names of temples which get an income of above Rs. 50,000/- are :-

1. Sri Saptarishyeswarar temple, Lalgudi
2. Sri Madhyarjuneswaraswamy temple, Pettavathalai (Tiruchirapalli Tk.)
3. Sri Ranganatha temple, Srirangam.

Only seven temples are running public institutions like schools, libraries and choultries.

838 temples have cars and/or vahanas. Annual festivals are celebrated in 638 out of 1,260 temples. The classification of temples on the basis of the number of festivals observed is as follows :—

Number of Festivals in a year	Temples		Total
	Under the Board	Outside the Board	
One Festival	304	12	316
Two Festivals	106	6	111
Three „	72	2	74
Four „	39	1	40
5 to 10 „	79	1	80
11 to 20 „	15	...	15
Above 20 „	1	...	1
Total	616	22	638

The size of the crowd in the festivals exceeds 500 in 244 temples.

Out of 1,207 temples under the Hindu Religious and Charitable Endowments Board, paid Executive Officers have been appointed in 91 temples.

There are no trustees in 59 temples. There is single trustee in 616 temples. A Board consisting of more than one trustee is in charge of 578 temples. Details have not been furnished by 7 temples.

With reference to the details given in the schedules, the classification of temples according to the age is as follows :-

Before Christ	25
Prior to 7th century	8
7th century to 1750	353
After 1750	691
Details not given	183
Total	1,260

As Appar and/or Thirugnana Sambandar have sung about the following deities, these temples definitely belong to the 7th century even though the present structure may be of a later date.

<i>Name of the Temple</i>	<i>Name of Place</i>	<i>Taluk</i>
1. Sri Vaidhyadhaswamy temple	Thirumazhapadi (Thirumalavadi)	Udayarpalayam
2. „ Brahmapuriswarar temple	Thirupathur	Lalgudi
3. „ Madurai Valeeswarar temple	Thiruvasal	„
4. „ Saptharisheswarar temple	Lalgudi	„
5. „ -do-	Thiruthalaiyur	Musiri
6. „ Maragadeswarar temple	Thiruvengimalai	„
7. „ Pasupatheeswarar temple	Karur	Karur
8. „ Kadambavaneswarar temple	Kadambarkoil	Kulittalai
9. „ Dharukavaneswarar temple	Thirupparaithurai	Tiruchirapalli
10. „ Adhimoolanathaswamy temple	Thirupalaithurai	„
11. „ Panchavarneswarar temple	Woriyur	„
12. „ Ujjivanathaswamy temple	Uyyakondanthirumalai	„
13. „ Erumbeeswarar temple	Thiruverumbur	„
14. „ Gokarneswarar temple	Pudukottai	Alangudi

The Sri Jambukeswarar temple at Thiruvanaikoil has been sung by Appar, Sambandar, Sundarar and Manickavasagar ; but it belongs to 2nd century B.C. and is believed to have been constructed by the Chola ruler Kosenkannar of earlier Cholas.

The following temples belong to the 8th century as they have been sung by Sri Sundaramurthy Nayanar and Thirumangai Mannan.

1. Sri Uthamar koil, Bikshandar koil	Lalgudi
2. Sri Kalyanavikirtheswarar Venjamangudalur	Karur
3. Sri Ratnagireeswarar and Siva Puriswarar temples Sivayam	Kulittalai

The Sri Ranganatha temple of Srirangam is believed to belong to the epic age though there is no authentic information about the temple before the 10th century.

Definite information is available about the age of the following temples

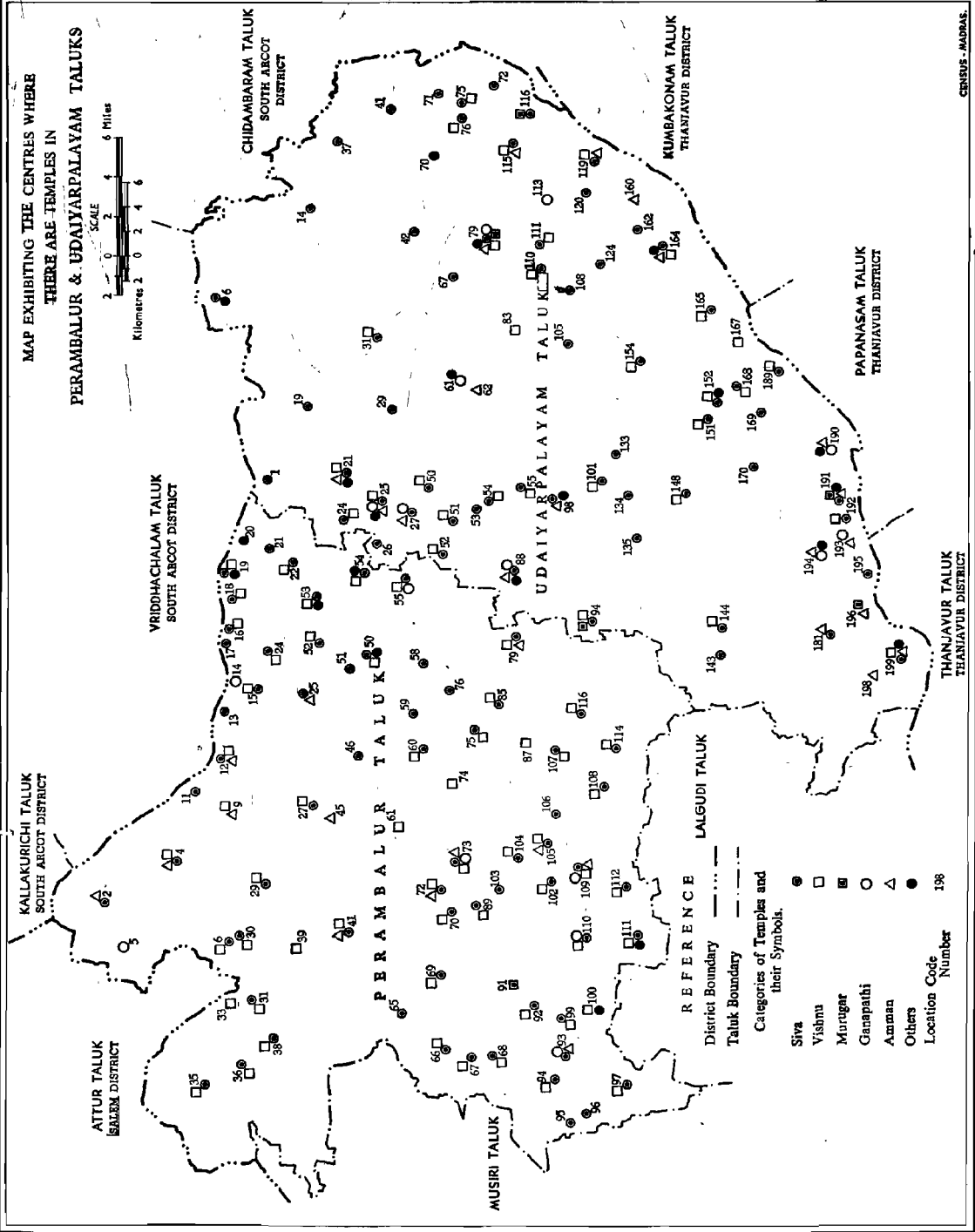
1. Sri Brahadeeswarar temple Gangaikonda Cholapuram (built by Rajendra Chola I)	1012-1044
2. Sri Gangadhareswarar temple Govinda Puthur constructed by (Raja Raja I)	985-1012
3. Sri Vriddhachaleeswarar temple Venganur	460 yrs.
Perambalur taluk	

4. Sri Kazhumalainadhaswamy Jayamkonda Cholapuram Udayarpalayam taluk	11th century
5. Sri Madhyarjuneswaraswamy Pettavaithalai Tiruchirapalli taluk	12th century
6. Sri Varadaraja Prasanna Venkatachalapathy temple Tiruchirapalli	1714
7. Sri Sanjivirayar temple Pidampatti, Kulathur	300 yrs.
8. Sri Thiruvartukaleeswarar temple Malayakoil, Thirumayam	12th century
9. Sri Mariamman temple Samayapuram, Lalgudi	18th century
10. Sri Kaliyuga Varadaraja Perumal temple Kallankurichi, Udayarpalayam	180 yrs.

Though the Rock Fort Temple at Tiruchirapalli was built in the 10th to 12th centuries, as Appar and Sambandar have composed songs about the deity, a temple should have existed even in the 7th century. Though the existing temple for Sri Madurakali-
amman at Siruvachur is about 300 years old, as Sri Lokasankarar has worshipped the deity, it belongs to 9th century or earlier.

The Archaeological Department (Temple Survey Section) has not been able to furnish any information regarding the age of the temples in the district. I have given only a few hints on temple architecture based on the particulars I could collect. Those who desire to have fuller details on the subject may refer to Epigraphical and other records.

MAP EXHIBITING THE CENTRES WHERE
THERE ARE TEMPLES IN
PERAMBALUR & UDAIYARPALAYAM TALUKS



PERAMBALUR TALUK

33 VENGANUR

Sri Vriddhachalaceswarar temple

The temple was built by a Reddiar about 460 years ago. Being a Saivite devotee, he used to visit Vriddhachalam on every "Pradosham day" to worship Sri Vriddhagireeswarar. He had a dream one night that a Lingam and an idol of Ambal lay buried at a particular spot in the village which could be installed and worshipped. The idols were duly found and the gentleman designed a temple with the help of sthaphathis who had come to the village from the north on account of drought conditions in their native villages. The work which he commenced was completed by his son. The kalyanamandapam and the Azathu Pillaiyar temple were built in 1919. The deities in the temple have the same names as those in Vriddhachalam. The pillars in the several mandapams have fine carvings. As the Lingam was found from under the earth, it is a Swayambu. Its name is Sri Pazhamalainathar. There are separate sanctums for Virudhambal and Balammal. Sri Sivaprakasaswamigal has composed Tiruvengai kalambagam, Thiruvengai ula, Thiruvengai mahatmyam, Thiruvengai kovai and Thiruvengai andhadi. His image has been carved in the pillars of the temple. It covers an area of one acre. The temple is 13 miles from Perambalur and can be reached by buses. The nearest railway station, Talaivasal is 15 miles off.

Poojas are performed thrice a day by a hereditary Gurukkal who is paid a monthly salary. The temple has 300 acres of dry lands and 10 acres of wet lands. The former are under the enjoyment of private individuals who remit Rs. 600/- per annum to the Devasathanam. The wet lands fetch 160 kalams of paddy. The total annual income is about Rs. 4,000/-. The hundi collections and the income under fees collected for weddings performed in the temple fetch an income of Rs. 400/- per annum. There are several wooden vahanas in the shrine. A few monthly festivals are observed.

The affairs of the temple are managed by a hereditary trustee and two other trustees.

45 VAALIKANDAPURAM

Sri Vaaleeswaraswamy temple

The temple is a protected monument as it contains ancient and beautiful carvings. According to legend

the deity was worshipped by Brahma and Vaali, the monkey ruler. There is no information regarding the age of the temple. There is a separate sanctum for the consort here. There is a massive gopuram, a kalyanamandapam and a high wall enclosure. These would indicate that the temple should have been built during Pandya period (1250-1350) or Vijayanagar period (1350-1565). There are 255 pillars with carvings of exquisite beauty. The temple is 8 miles from Perambalur on the Grand Southern Trunk Road and accessible by buses. The nearest railway station is Ariyalur which is at a distance of 26 miles. The temple covers an area of 75 cents. The presiding deity is Sri Vaaleeswarar; the consort is Sri Valambigai.

Poojas are performed twice a day by a hereditary Gurukkal who is paid a monthly salary. The value of jewels is insignificant. The immovable properties comprise 7.65 acres of dry and 6.61 acres of wet lands from which an income of Rs. 1,500/- per annum accrues. There is a Rishaba vahanam made of wood. No festivals are celebrated.

Three trustees manage the temple.

The idols of the Lord Sri Venkatachalapathy temple which has fallen into ruins, are kept in the Siva temple.

100 CHETTIKULAM

Sri Ekambareswar and Sri Dhandayudhapani Swamy

Chettikulam is 12 miles from Perambalur and connected by bus service with Tiruchirapalli, Turaiyur and Perambalur. In olden days the area was a forest known as "Kadambavanam". A merchant who could not cross the forest before nightfall had to spend the night there; he climbed over a tree and settled down on a branch. He could not sleep. At about midnight at the spot where the Moolavar is now installed, he saw a pillar of fire to which four persons were offering poojas. This divine vision disappeared after half an hour. Next morning he reached Thanjavur and related his experience to the king who deputed his minister to find out the Lingam. He could not locate it even though he made a thorough search. Just then a Siddhar (who was none other than Muruga) appeared before him, pointed out a particular spot without uttering a single word and suddenly disappeared. The

minister found the Lingam at the place pointed out by the Siddar, which he worshipped. The ruler to whom the minister made a report on the matter built the temple for Sri Ekambareswarar. The deity was then known as Sri Amarendra Eswarudaya Mahadevan as evidenced by the stone inscriptions. There is no information when His name was changed to Sri Ekambareswarar. It is stated that the present Lingam is an installed one, and it is not known what happened to the old Swayambu Lingam. The existing structure of Sri Ekambareswarar belongs to the later Chola period. The temple of Sri Kamakshi, the consort, was built by the Pandyas. The local chieftain of Thottiam and the Zamindar of Thuraiyur have built the Mahamandapam and the two gopurams. The main gopuram has seven tiers. After effecting renovations, a kumbabhishekam was performed towards the close of the last century.

On the hillock close to the above temple, there is a shrine of Sri Bala Dhandayudhapaniswamy where the Moolavar is a beautiful youth with a spear in his right hand. Its age is much later than that of Sri Ekambareswarar. The Siva temple covers an area of 7.22 acres while the extent of the other temple is 50 cents.

Poojas are performed four times a day by Gurukals. The priest of the Siva temple is in the enjoyment of inam lands while the other priest is paid a monthly salary. The jewels in the temples are worth Rs. 12,000/-. The annual income from the immovable properties comprising 30 acres of wet and dry lands is 160 kalams of paddy and Rs. 900/- in cash. The income from lands and archana charges is Rs. 6,314/-. Of the several vahanas the Peacock is silver-plated; the others are made of wood. The main festivals are :

1. Navarathiri in Purattasi
2. Thai Poosam
3. Panguni Uthiram

About 30,000 people witness the Panguni Uthiram while a few thousands attend the other festivals.

Three trustees and an Executive Officer appointed by the Hindu Religious and Charitable Endowments Board manage the temples.

If any one happens to fall asleep in the Amman temple he will have a disturbed sleep and in the

morning he will wake up a demented man ; it will take a few days for him to become normal.

103 SIRUVACHUR

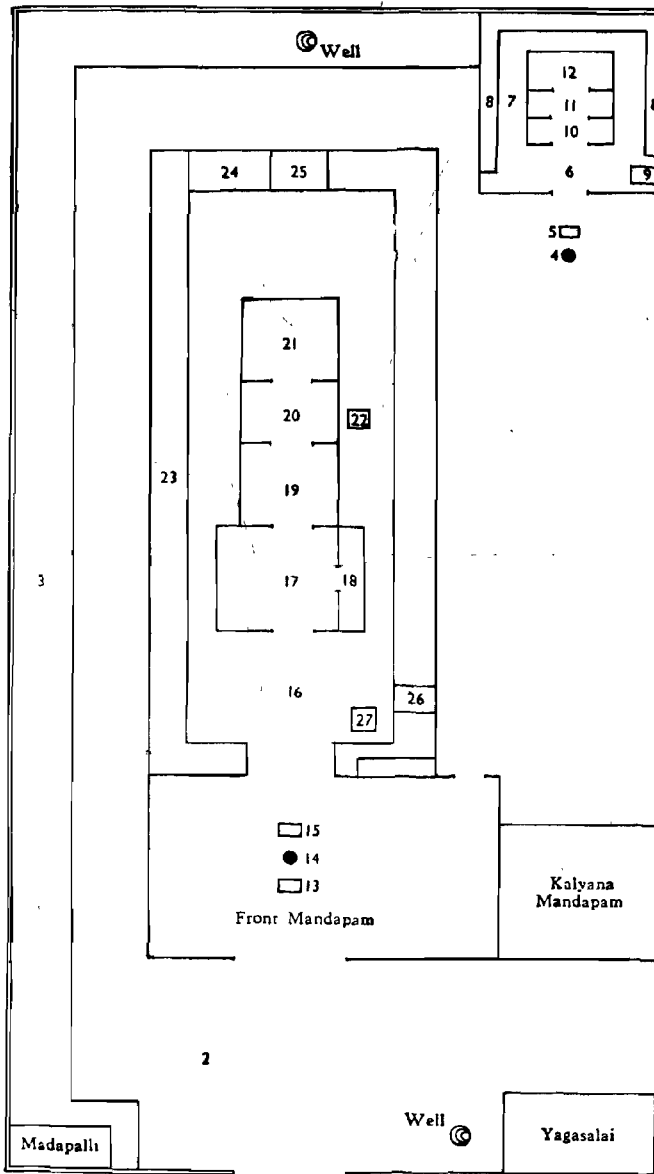
Sri Madurakaliamman Temple

As Sri Lokasankarar has worshipped the Goddess, the temple is an ancient one. The front outer wall, and the Mahamandapam were constructed within the last 300 years. The village is 5 miles from Perambalur on the Southern Trunk Road between Perambalur and Tiruchirapalli. According to legend Sri Meenakshi Amman of Madurai came to this place as Kali after Madurai was burnt to ashes by Kannaki of Silappathikaram fame. When She found that an young maiden was crying, She took the form of a Shanta devata and performed a sacrifice for the welfare of mankind. The Sapta Kannigas and Rishis for whom there are separate temples were present for the sacrifice. The Devi settled down in a sitting posture doing penance for the good of the world and she came to be known as "Madura" (sweet) Kaliamman. Her height is 2'. The present *sanctum* and Arthamandapam were built in 1945 by utilising the materials which were found buried under the ground. These facts show that the old temple should have fallen into ruins and the present structure came into existence within the last 300 years. It covers an area of one acre. The main tower is 30' high.

Abhishegams and archanas are performed to the principal and other deities of the temple every Monday and Friday, between 11 a.m. and 1 p.m. The priests belong to the Malaimannar community and their office is hereditary and honorary. They have agricultural lands of their own and can take the presents made by the devotees who visit the temple on Mondays and Fridays. The jewels in the temple worth Rs. 43,300/- include two gold crowns for the Moolavar and Uthsavar. The immovable properties comprise 60.03 acres of dry lands which fetch an annual income of Rs. 150/-. The income from hundies, deeparadanai, tonsure ceremonies etc., is Rs. 5,600/- per annum. There are 2 cars, 2 chariots, and 8 vahanas in the temple which include a silver plated horse. This was made in 1930; the other vahanas which are made of wood are about 100 years old. The car festival in Vaikasi and Sivarathiri in Masi are the main annual festivals. During the latter festival one of the priests will get "possessed". Weapons like a sword and spear are given to him and he goes through the process of inflicting wounds on his body with them. This is symbolical of the Devi imposing on herself the above punishment to

SRI EKAMBARESWARAR TEMPLE CHETTIKULAM

(Not to Scale)



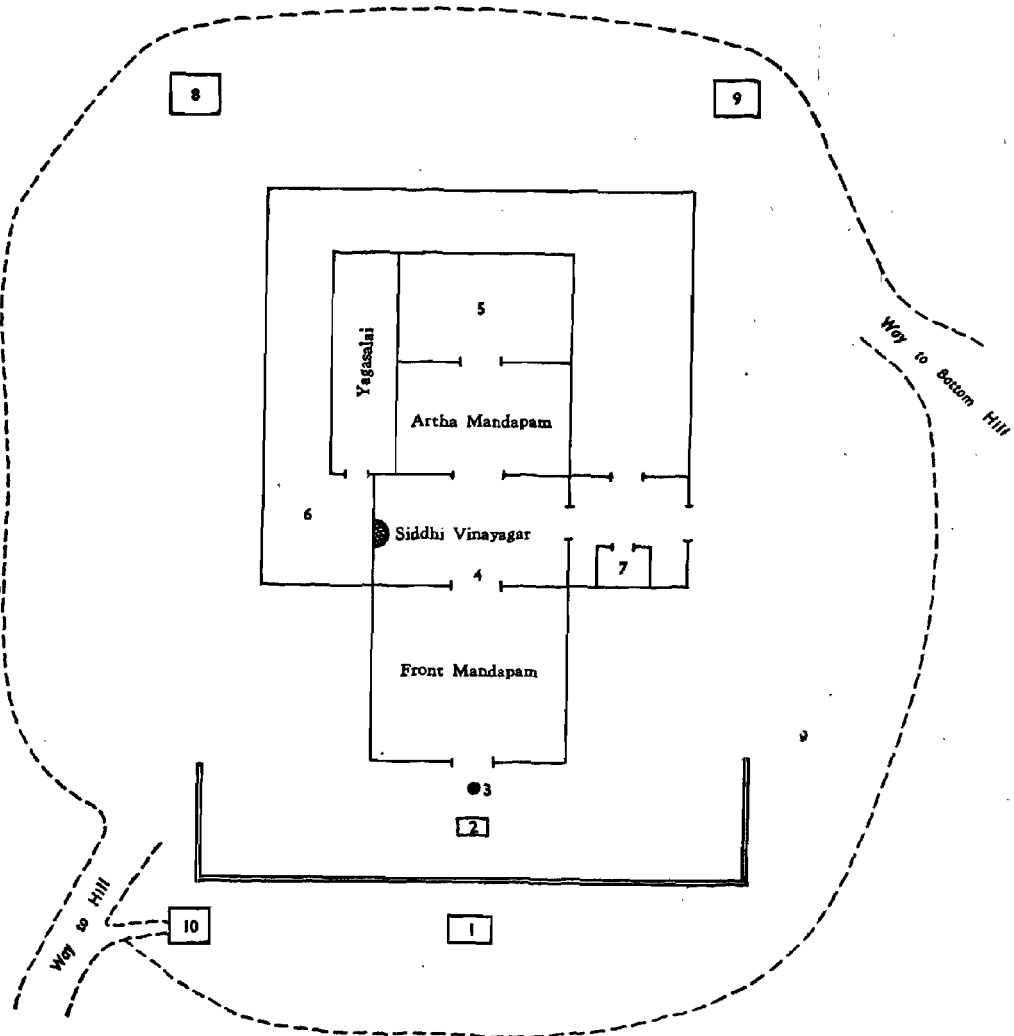
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SRI SUBRAMANIASWAMY HILL TEMPLE

CHETTIKULAM

(Not to Scale)



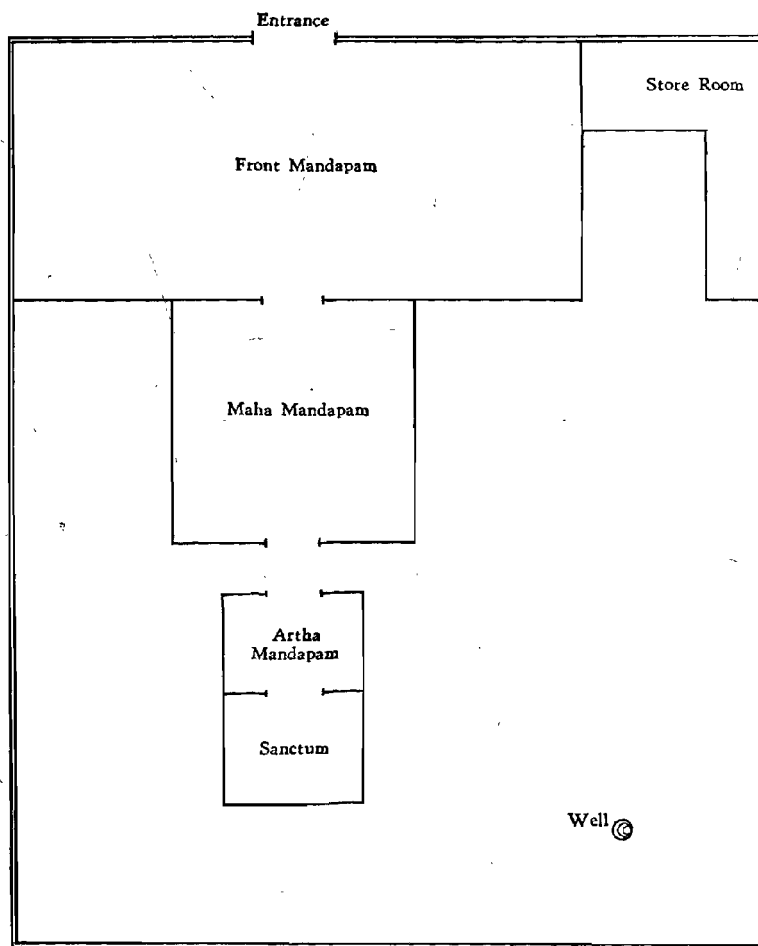
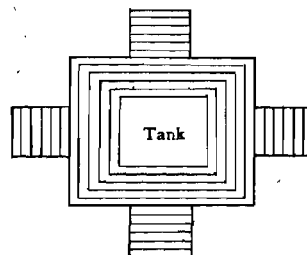
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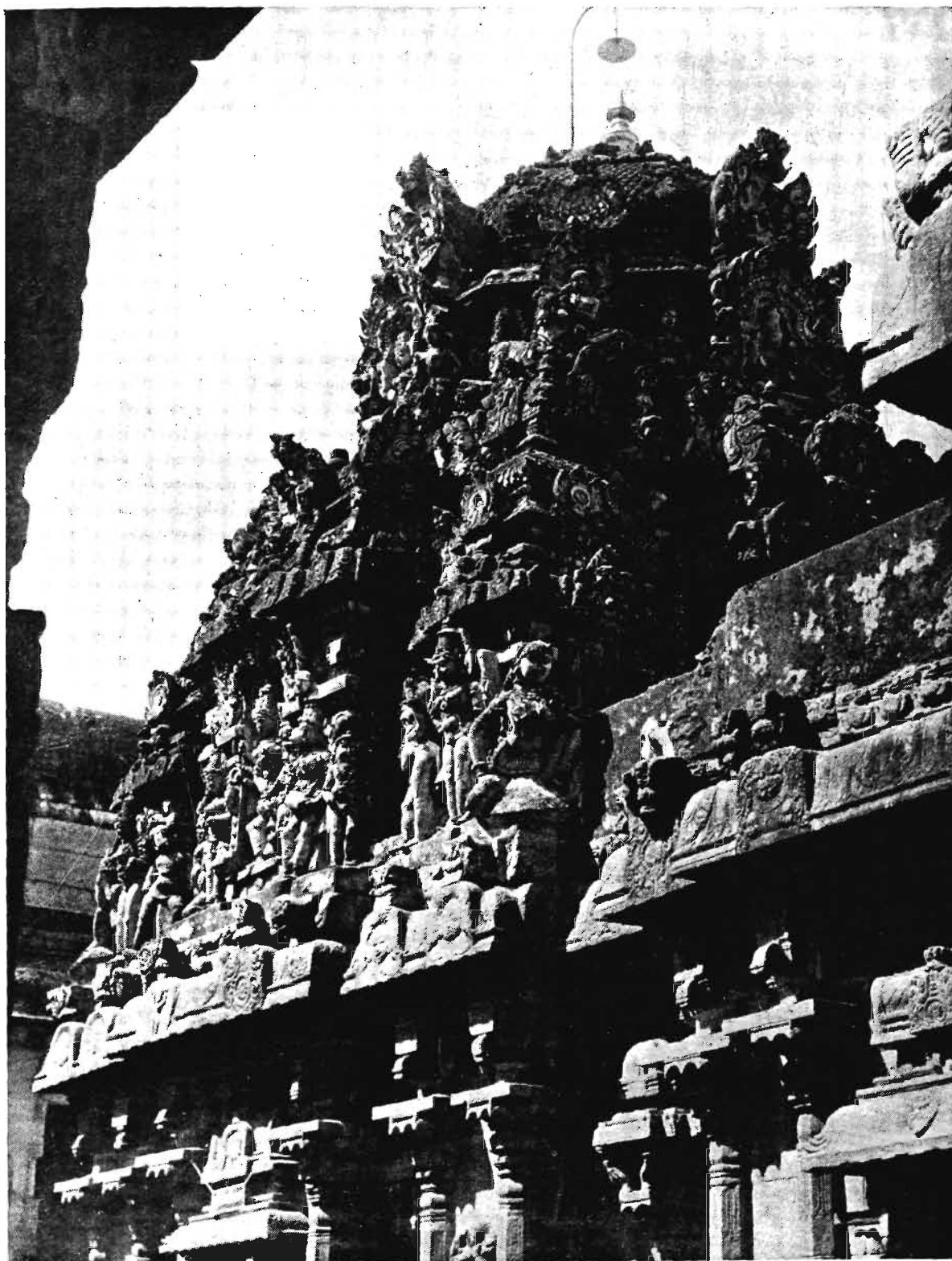
- | | |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------|
| 1 Cock | 6 Prakara Mandapam |
| 2 Dwajasthambam | 7 Veerabadhrar |
| 3 Peacock | 8 Vinayagar |
| 4 Maha Mandapam | 9 Madapalli |
| 5 Subramanar (Bala Dhandayuthapani) | 10 Idumban |

SRI MATHURAKALIAMMAN TEMPLE

SIRUVACHUR

(Not to Scale)

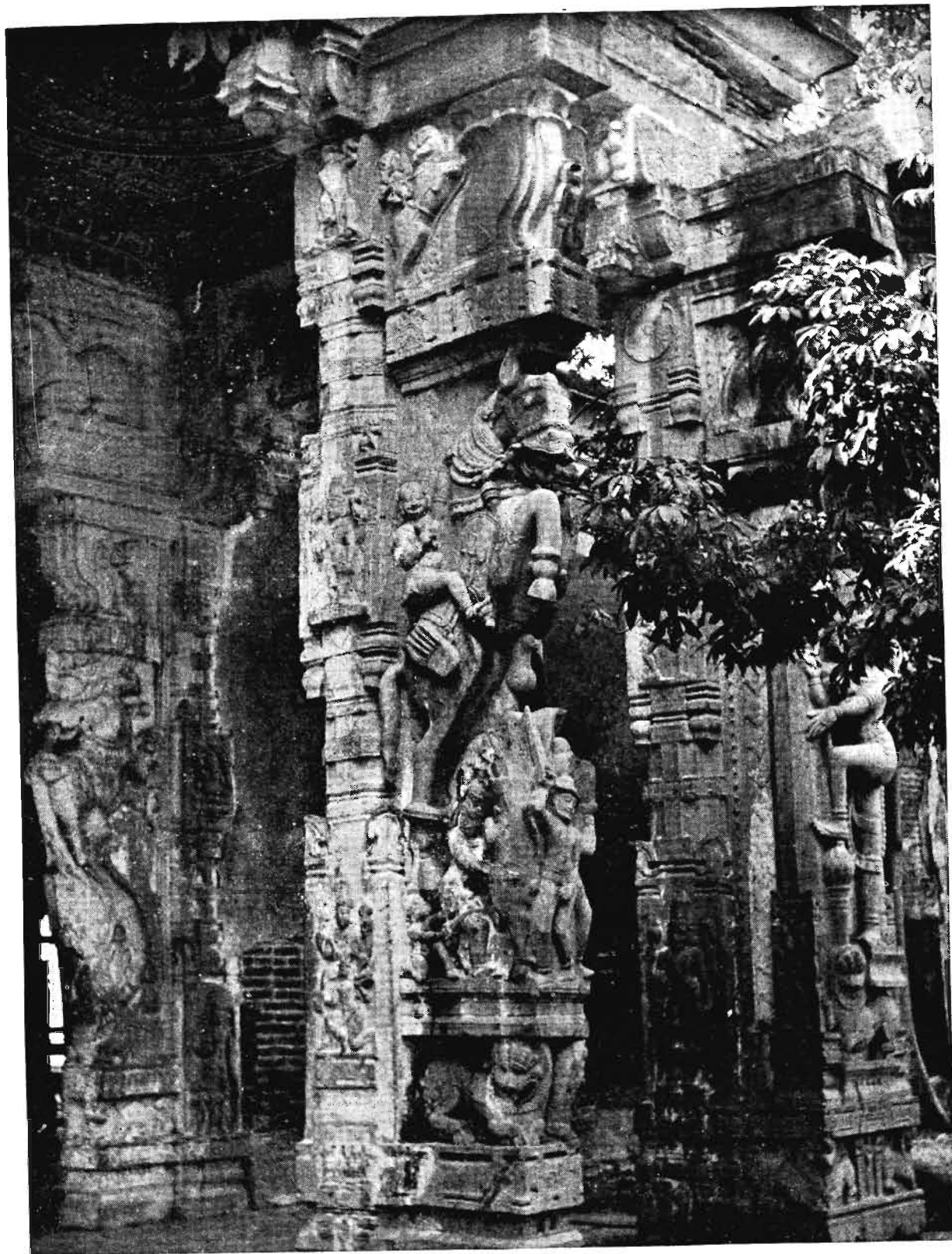




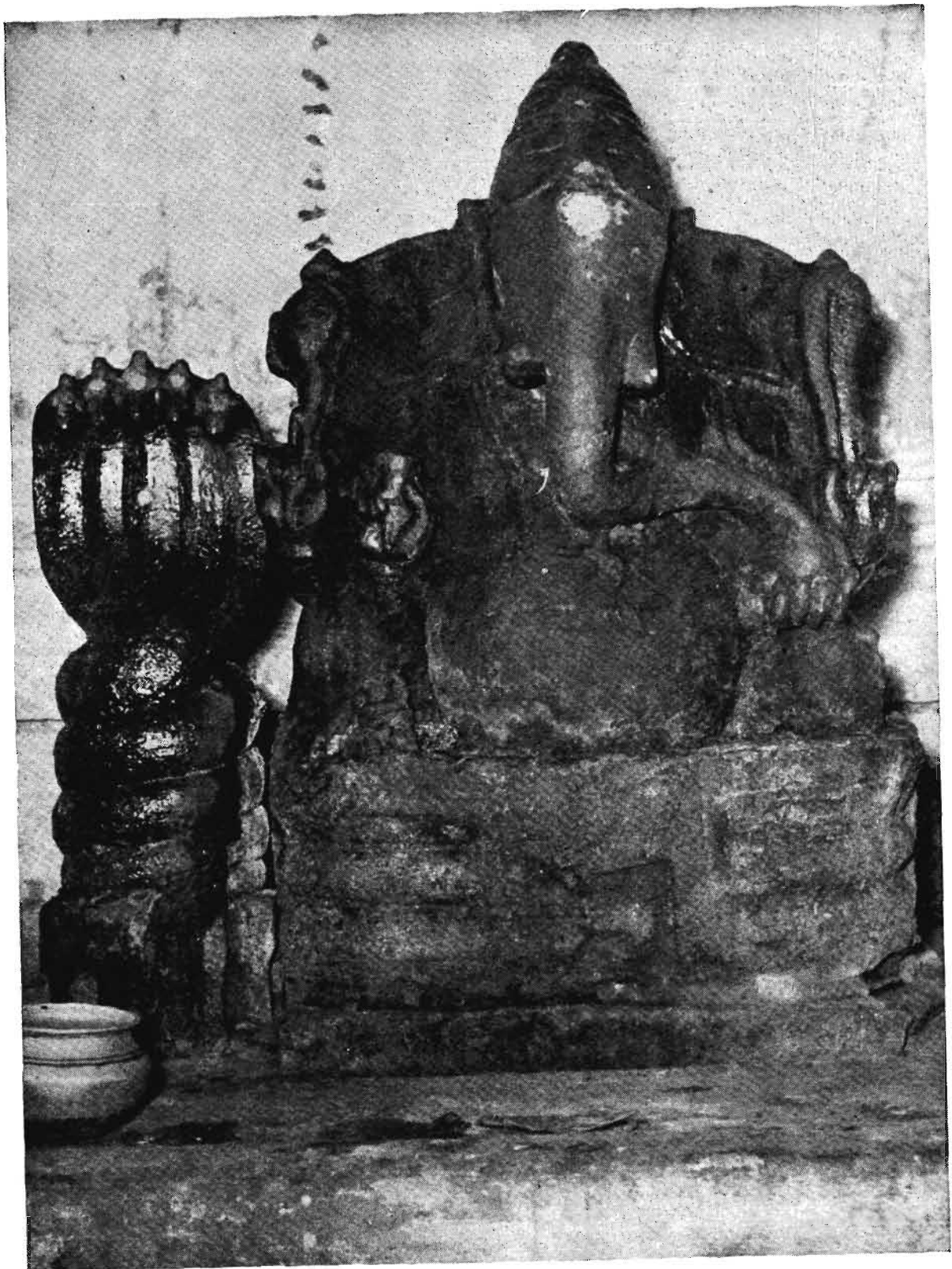
Sri Ekambareswar and Sri Dhandayudhapani Swamy Temple, Chettikulam : View of the Vimanam



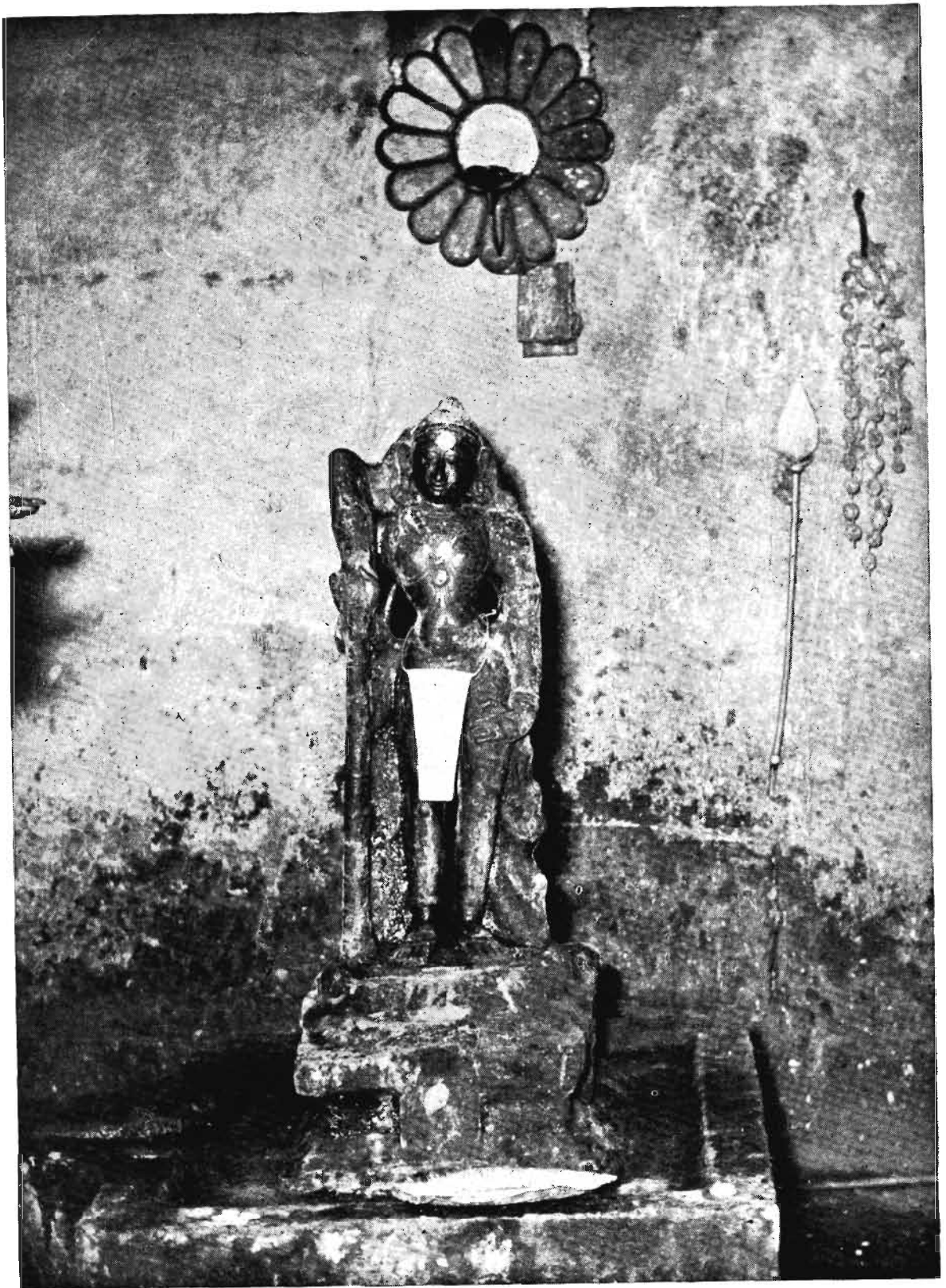
Sri Kamakshi Amman in Sri Ekambareswar and Sri Dhandayudhapani Swamy Temple, Chettikulam



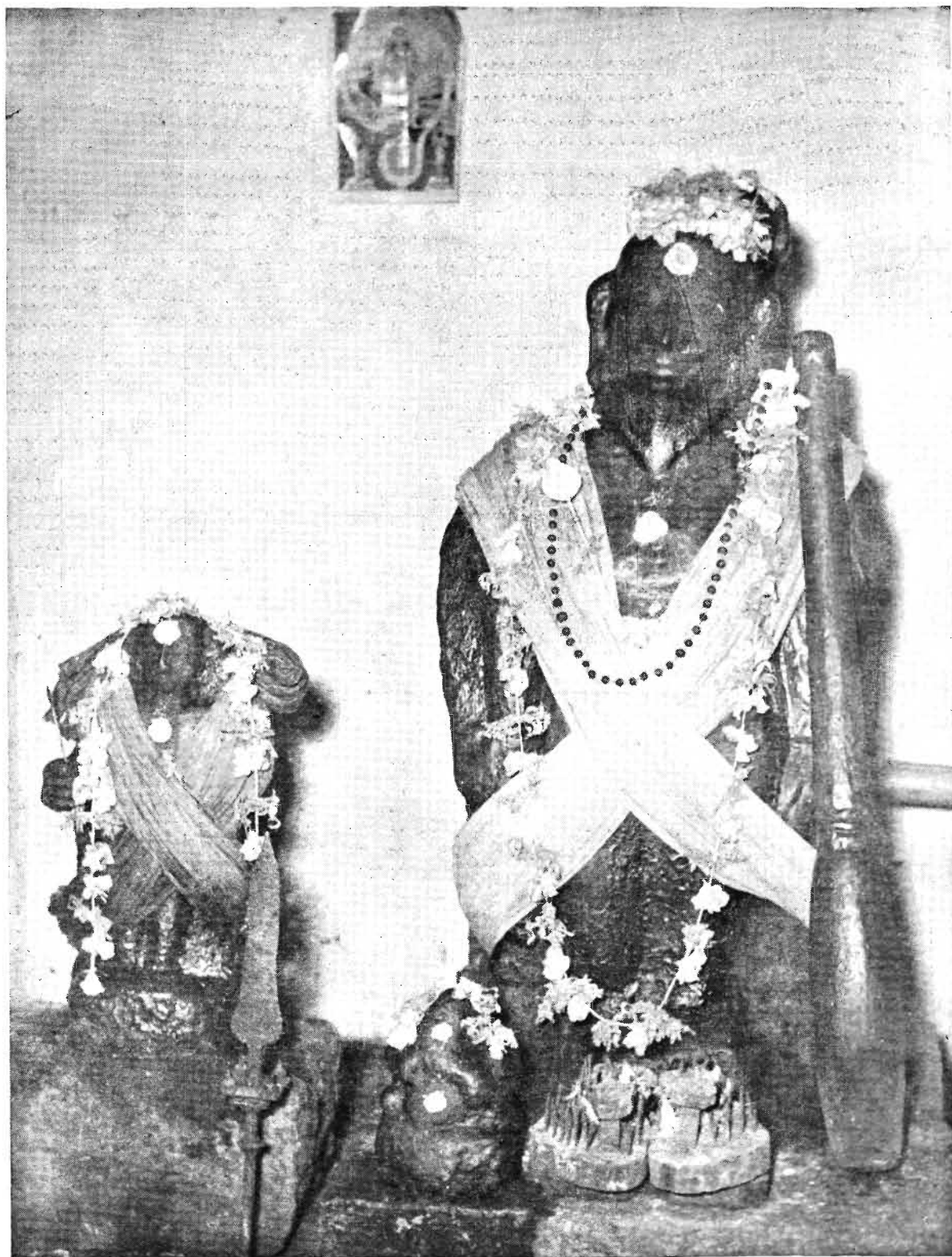
Artistically carved pillars in Sri Ekambareswar and Sri Dhandayudhapani Swamy Temple, Chettikulam



Sri Vinayagar in Sri Ekambareswar and Dhandayudhapani Swamy Temple, Chettikulam



Sri Dhandayudhapani Swamy in Sri Ekambareswar and Sri Dhandayudhapani Swamy Temple, Chettikulam



The Seval Kodiyan in Sri Ekambareswar and Sri Dhandayudhapani Swamy Temple

get a dharsan of the Lord. About 10,000 devotees from far and near attend the car festival; only local devotees numbering about 500 take part in the Sivara-thiri festival.

An Executive Officer and five trustees manage the temple.

Legend

The village deity Selliamman lost her divine power due to the witchcraft practised on her by a magician.

When Sri Meenakshi came to the village the former complained to Her about the magician. She advised Selliamman to instal herself in the main *sanctum* and lock the door inside. She did so. When the magician asked her to open the door, She declined. He, however, got the door opened by his psychic power; immediately Goddess Meenakshi pounced on him and killed him. Before his death he prayed that he should also be offered poojas and it was granted. Poojas are performed to the Balipectam in front of the deity where the magician was slain.

Witchcraft has no effect within the village limits.

PERAMBALUR

Serial No.	L. C. No.	Name of the village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
1	2	Kaikalathur	Sivan temple (S)	200	0.48	Sri Chokkanathaswamy	...
2	"	do	Sri Kailasanathar temple (S)	500	0.16	Sri Kailasanathar	...
3	"	do	Sri Selliamman temple (F)	"		Sri Selliamman	...
4	4	Pasumbalur	Sri Adavalleeswarar temple (S)	250	0.15	Sri Adavalleeswarar Sri Unnamalai	Navagrahas
5	"	do	Sri Varadaraja-perumal temple (V)	"	0.12	Sri Varadarajaperumal Sridevi, Bhudevi	...
6	"	do	Sri Pidari Elangali- amman temple (F)	"	0.03	Sri Pidari Elangali- amman	...
7	"	do	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	"	0.30	Sri Mariamman	...
8	5	Noothapur	Sri Selvavinayagar temple (G)	"	Below 1 cent	Sri Selvavinayagar	...
9	6	Periavadagarai	Sri Vaitheeswarar temple (S)	500	0.20	Sri Vaitheeswarar	...
10	"	do	Sri Varadaraja- perumal temple (V)	"	0.02	Sri Varadarajaperumal	...
11	9	Kalathur V.	Sri Lakshminarayana- perumal temple (V)	150	0.03	Sri Lakshminarayanaperumal	...
12	"	do	Sri Pidari Selli- amman temple (F)	"	Below 1 cent	Sri Pidari Selliamman	...
13	11	Tiruvallanthurai	Sri Tholeeswaraswamy temple (S)	200	A.N.S.	Sri Tholeeswaraswamy	Sri Varadaraja- perumal
14	12	Peraiyur	Sri Nachiyaramman temple (F)	2000	0.27	Sri Nachiyaramman	Chagathirperiya swamy

(S) Saivite (V) Vaishnavite (M) Murugar (G) Ganesar (F) Amman (O) Others (A. N. S.) Area Not Stated.

TALUK

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road (9)	Property (Immovable)				Annual income from the immovable property Rs. (14)	Movable property Jewels (Value of the Gold and Silver jewels) Rs. (15)		Vahanas (16)	Arrangements for daily poojas (17)	Festivals (18)
	Wet A.C. (10)	Dry A.C. (11)	Wet and dry A.C. (12)	Other immovable property (13)						
and Charitable Endowments Board										
Chinna Salem Railway station 11 miles	A.N.S.	...	180	No	No	No	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No
Chinna Salem Railway station 10 miles	A.N.S.	...	18 bags of paddy	No	No	No	Once in a day by a Gurukkal with hereditary rights	No
do	...	...	A.N.S.	...		No	No	do	No
Pennadam Railway station 20 miles	...	...	...	...	513	No	Rishabams-2 Horses-2 Lion, Swan, Mooshigan Vimanam	Once in a day by a Gurukkal with hereditary rights	Ramanavami
do	...	42.75	...	...	...	60	Garuda	do	Ekadasi
do	...		...	...	...	...	No	do	No
do	...		...	...	...	60	Car-1	do	No
Chinna Salem Railway station 18 miles	...	34.78	...	...	1,500	No	No	Once in a day by a Nayanar	Annabishegam Mahasivarathiri
Athur Railway station 25 miles	4.00	7.62	...	...	60 bags of paddy	160	Rishabam Bandicoot	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
do							Garuda	Once in a day by a hereditary Archagar	No	
Pennadam Railway station 26 miles	0.53	8.42	...	...	1,000	No	Swan Horse	Once in a day by an Archagar	No
do	0.49	6.56	...	...	1,000	No	Car Ratham Horse	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No
Pennadam Railway station 20 miles	1.49	80.49	...	...	Income not stated	500	Car Ratham Vahanams 6	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal with hereditary rights	Masimagam, Margazhi Uthsavam, Thiruvathirai
Ariyalur Railway station 32 miles	0.40	3.30	...	...	Paddy 4 kalams and Corn 6 kalams	300	No	Weekly twice by a hereditary Poosari	No

PERAMBALUR

Serial No.	L. C. No.	Name of the village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religions							
15	12	Peraiyur	Sri Thirumakkatteeswarar temple (S)	2000	0.49	Sri Thirumakkatteeswarar	Dhakschinamoorthy
16	„	do	Sri Perumal temple (V)	„	Below 1 cent	Sri Varadarajaperumal Sri Perundevi Thayar	...
17	13	Thirumanthurai	Sri Jotheeswarar temple (S)	300	0.60	Sri Jotheeswarar	...
18	14	Labbaikudikadu	Sri Vinayagar temple (G)	50	Below 1 cent	Sri Vinayagar	...
19	15	Pennakonam	Sri Marudanandeeswarar temple (S)	200	0.50	Sri Marudanandeeswarar	...
20	„	do	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	„	0.25	Sri Varadarajaperumal	...
21	16	Ogalur	Sri Amirthakadeeswarar temple (S)	„	0.45	Sri Amirthakadeeswarar	...
22	„	do	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	150	0.37	Sri Varadarajaperumal	...
23	17	Aduthurai	Sri Abaratharakshagar temple (S)	800	1.25	Sri Abaratharakshagar	...
24	18	Athiyur	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	200	0.18	Sri Varadarajaperumal Sridevi, Bhudevi	...
25	„	do	Sri Vadamaleeswarar temple (S)	145	0.85	Sri Vadamaleeswarar	...
26	19	Vayalur H/o Agaram Sigoor	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	100	0.15	Sri Varadarajaperumal	...
27	„	do	Sri Tholeeswareswarar temple (S)	„	0.15	Sri Tholeeswareswarar Amman	...

TALUK (Contd.)

TALUK (Contd.)									
Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road (9)	Property (Immovable)				Annual income from the immovable property Rs. (14)	Movable property Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs. (15)	Vahanas (16)	Arrangements for daily poojas (17)	Festivals (18)
	Wet A.C. (10)	Dry A.C. (11)	Wet and dry A.C. (12)	Other immovable property (13)					
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Ariyalur Railway Station 32 miles	1.07	9.69	...	...	500	No	No	Weekly twice by a hereditary Poosari	No
do	1.05	16.51	...	...	500	No	No	Daily pooja by an Archagar	No
Pennadam Railway station 16 miles	9.76	87.90	...	...	2,000	500	Horse Elephant Ratham Peacock Bandicoot	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal with hereditary rights	Karthigai Deepam, Vijayadesami, Thiruvathirai, Annabishegam
do	...	...	...	...	...	No	No	...	No
Pennadam Railway station 15 miles	9.20	41.41	...	...	3,000	150	No	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal with hereditary rights	No
do	0.96	22.88	...	...		150	Garuda	Twice in a day by a hereditary Archagar	No
Pennadam Railway station 12 miles	...	18.13	...	...	700	200	Manjams-3	Twice in a day by a hereditary Archagar	Thiruvathirai Tamil New year's day
do	...	...	23.08	...	1,000	200	Car Ratham Palanquin	Twice in a day by an Archagar	Vaikunta Ekadasi
Pennadam Railway station 15 miles	80.00	270.00	...	Houses-3	9,000	700	Car Palanquin	Four times a day by a Gurukkal	Masi Magam
Pennadam Railway station 12 miles	5.32	14.19	...	...	710	25	Garuda Hanuman	Twice in a day by a Bhattachariar with hereditary rights	Thiruvonam, Ekadasi Krishna Jayanthi
do	9.85	42.85	...	...	1,645	7	Rishabams-3 Peacock Bandicoot	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal with hereditary rights	Vinayaga Chathurthi, Karthigai, Chithirapournami, Panguni Uthiram Thiruvathirai, Annabishegam
Pennadam Railway station 11 miles	1.33	24.17	...	...	300	100	Ratham	Once in a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar	Ekadasi, Krishna Jayanthi
do	2.00	25.06	...	...	300	100	Ratham	Once in a day by a Gurukkal with hereditary rights	Thiruvathirai, Tamil New Year's day

PERAMBALUR

Sl. No.	L. C. No.	Name of the village	Name of the Temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religions							
28	19	Agaram Sigoor	Sri Ayyanar temple (O)	150	0.50	Sri Ayyanar	Palaniandi Karuppan
29	20	Kalingarayanallur H/o. Vasishtapuram	Sri Mannathiswamy temple (O)	„	0.15	Sri Mannathiswamy	...
30	21	Valvimangalam H/o. Kilaperambalur	Sri Kailasanathar temple (S)	60	0.25	Sri Kailasanathar	...
31	22	Vayalapadi	Sri Kailasanathar temple (S)	500	0.70	Sri Kailasanathar, Sri Kamakshiamman	...
32	„	do	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	„	0.30	Sri Varadarajaperumal, Sridevi, Bhudevi	...
33	24	Agraharam H/o Vadakkalur	Sri Lakshminarayana perumal temple (V)	155	0.19	Sri Lakshminarayana- perumal	Ramar, Krishnar Lakshmi
34	„	do	Sri Chokkanathaswamy temple (S)	„	0.24	Sri Chokkanathaswamy	...
35	„	Vadakkalur	Sri Arunachaleswarar temple (S)	64	0.30	Sri Arunachaleswarar, Sri Unnamalai Ambigai	...
36	25	Perumathur	Sri Selliamman temple (F)	400	0.64	Sri Selliamman	...
37	„	do	Sri Thirusanguntha swamy temple (S)	„	0.75	Sri Thirusanguntha- swamy	...
38	27	Mangalam H/o. Thevaiyur	Sri Sundareswarar temple (S)	70	0.50	Sri Sundareswarar Ambal	Chandikeswarar
39	„	do	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	„	0.10	Sri Varadarajaperumal Sridevi, Bhudevi	...
40	29	Neikuppam	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	100	0.20	Sri Varadarajaperumal Sridevi, Bhudevi	...
41	„	do	Sri Brahmapureeswarar temple (S)	„	0.39	Sri Brahmapureeswar Sri Periyanyagi	...
42	30	Vombavur	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	200	0.60	Sri Varadarajaperumal Sri Neelabhudevi	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway Station or the Trunk Road (9)	Property (Immovable)				Annual income from the immovable property Rs. (14)	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas (17)	Festivals (18)
	Wet	Dry	Wet and dry	Other im- movable property		Jewels (Value of the Gold and Silver jewels)	Vahanas		
	A.C. (10)	A.C. (11)	A.C. (12)	(13)		(15)	(16)		
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Pennadam Railway station 13 miles	0.80	14.24	...	...	300	100		Once in a day by a hereditary Pandaram	Chithirai festival
Pennadam Railway station 8 miles	...	8.00	...	...	400	500	Horse-1	Once in a day by a hereditary Poosari	No
Mathur Railway station 3½ miles	...	6.00	...	Hous-1	300	500	Car-1	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	Karthigai Deepam
Senthurai Railway station 8 miles	...	14.00	...	...	300	No	No	Once in a day by a Gurukkal with hereditary rights	No
do	...	10.00	...	...	200	No	Garuda-1	Once in a day by a hereditary Archagar	No
Ottankoil Railway station 16 miles	3.34	6.35	...	...	500	50	Garuda-1	do	Vaikunta Ekadasi
do	1.16	6.61	...	...	200	No	No	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
do	7.50	36.74	...	...	1,000	100	Rishabam-2 Peacock-1 Bandicoot-1 Swan-1	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
Not Stated	8.78	39.03	...	...	350	No	Car-1	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
do	...	7.63	...	...	150	No	Rishabam-1	do	No
Ariyalur Railway station 16 miles	5.50	30.00	...	Vacant plot	850	No	No	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	Thiruvathirai
do						No	Garuda-1	Once in a day by a Bhattachariar	Vaikunta Ekadasi Sri Jayanthi
Ariyalur Railway station 31 miles	2.84	12.51	...	...	300	50	Garuda-1 Hanuman-1 Nagam-1	Twice in a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar	Krishna Jayanthi, Garuda Servai
do	3.45	13.87	...	...	500	Value not stated	Rishabam-1 Peacock-1	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Arudhra, Annakodi in Chithirai month
Athur Railway station 24 miles	4.53	27.53	...	...	1,000	Value not stated	Palanquin-1 Garuda-1 Anjaneyar-1	Twice in a day by an Archagar	No

PERAMBALUR

Sl.No.	L. C. No.	Name of the village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
43	30	Vembavur	Sri Sornapureeswarar temple (S)	200	0.75	Sri Sornapureeswarar, Sri Sornambigai	...
44	31	Venalam	Sri Tharapureeswarar temple (S)	300	0.50	Sri Tharapureeswarar	...
45	„	do	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	„	0.30	Sri Varadarajaperumal	...
46	33	Periyammalayam H/O Venganur	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	30	0.11	Sri Varadarajaperumal Sridevi, Bhudevi	...
47	35	Poolambadi	Sri Soundareswarar temple (S)	100	0.29	Sri Soundareswarar Sri Amman	Sri Kailasanathar Sooriyar Agasthiyar
48	„	do	Sri Srinivasaperumal temple (V)	53	0.10	Sri Srinivasaperumal Sri Alamelumangai	Sri Desigar Sri Ramar Sri Kannan
49	36	Mettur H/O Arumbavur	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	95	0.13	Sri Varadarajaperumal	...
50	„	Arumbavur	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	200	0.29	Sri Varadarajaperumal Sri Neeladevi Sri Bhudevi	...
51	„	do	Sri Kailasanathar temple (S)	2000	0.32	Sri Kailasanathar Sri Kamalakshiamman	...
52	38	Thondamanthurai	Sri Kasiviswanathar temple (S)	2500	0.34	Sri Kasiviswanathar Sri Visalakshiamman	...
53	„	do	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	„	0.23	Sri Varadarajaperumal	...
54	39	Veppanthattai	Sri Vedanarayana-perumal temple (V)	200	0.18	Sri Vedanarayana-perumal Sri Vedavalli Thayar	Sri Nachiyar Sri Alwars Sri Garudar
55	39	Arasalur H/O Veppanthattai	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	„	0.10	Sri Varadarajaperumal	...
56	41	Esani	Sri Venugopalaswamy temple (V)	250	0.10	Sri Venugopalaswamy Sri Sengamala Thayar	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway Station or the Trunk Road (9)	Property (Immovable)				Annual income from the immovable property Rs. (14)	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas (17)	Festivals (18)
	Wet A.C. (10)	Dry A.C. (11)	Wet and dry A.C. (12)	Other im- movable property (13)		Jewels (Value of the Gold and Silver jewels) Rs. (15)	Vahanas (16)		
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Athur Railway station 24 miles	A.N.S.	A.N.S.	...	...	1,750	Not Stated	Rishabam Peacock Simham Car-1,Horse-7	Twice in a day by an Archagar	No
Athur Railway station 23 miles	...	...	...	...	1,300	No	Peacock-1 Rishabam-1	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
do						No	Elephant-1	Twice in a day by a hereditary Archagar	No
Athur Railway station 18 miles	1.50	1.50	...	...	45 kalamas of paddy	100	Ratham Garuda Horse Vimanam	Twice in a day by an Archagar	Sri Jayanthi
do	...	...	...	Not Stated	1,750	No	No	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Navarathiri, Sivarathiri
do	...	...	A.N.S.	...	3,000	500	Garuda Horse Palanquin	Twice in a day by a Bhattachariar	Krishana Jayanthi, Vaikunta Ekadasi Navarathiri
Athur Railway station 28 miles	...	3.49	...	...	30 kalamas of paddy	No	No	Twice in a day by an Archagar	Ekadasi
Athur Railway station 27 miles	...	...	A.N.S.	...	1,070	No	No	Twice in a day by a hereditary Archagar	No
Athur Railway station 26 miles	...	...	do	...	1,700	No	Rishabam-1 Peacock Bandicoot	do	No
Athur Railway station 25 miles	...	...	do	...	70 kalamas of paddy	No	Rishabam Peacock	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Thiruvathirai Annabishegam
do	...	...	do	...	do	50	Car-1 Garuda-1 Horse-1	Twice in a day by a hereditary Archagar	Ekadasi, Sri Jayanthi, Garuda Servai
Ariyalur Railway station 26 miles	...	...	do	...	700	No	Garuda Horse	Once in a day by a Bhattachariar	Krishna Jayanthi, Ekadasi
do	...	...	do	...	400	No	Garuda Ratham	Once in a day by a Dasari	No
Ariyalur Railway station 24 miles	7.18	14.90	...	...	4,000	7,000	Car	Four times in a day by an Archagar	Vaikunta Ekadasi Car festival

A. N. S. — Area Not Stated

PERAMBALUR

Sl. No.	L. C. No.	Name of the village	Name of the Temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
57	41	Esani	Sri Mathayanaiamman temple (F)	Age not stated	0.05	Sri Mathayanaiamman	Seramandai
58	„	do	Sri Kalatheeswarar temple (S)	100	0.10	Sri Kalatheeswarar Sri Gnanambigai	...
59	45	Valikanda-puram	Sri Angalamman temple (F)	200	0.22	Sri Angalamman	Sri Thandavarayar Sri Pavadayar Sri Marudaiyar
60	46	Sirukudal H/o Kilapuliyur	Sri Kailasanathar temple (S)	„	0.20	Sri Kailasanathar Sri Kamakshiamman	...
61	50	Paravoi	Sri Vannipureeswarar temple (S)	300	1.00	Sri Vannipureeswarar	...
62	„	do	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	„		Sri Varadarajaperumal	...
63	„	do	Sri Pesum Perumal Ayyanar temple (O)	A.N.S.	0.55	Sri Pesum Perumal	Sri Ayyanar
64	51	Kurumbur	Sri Vaidyanatheeswarar temple (S)	200	1.34	Sri Vaidyanatheeswarar	...
65	52	Nannai	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	400	0.50	Sri Varadarajaperumal	...
66	„	Kiluyur H/O. Nannai	Sri Thirumeninathaswamy temple (S)	500	0.80	Sri Thirumeninathaswamy	...
67	„	do	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	„	0.60	Sri Varadarajaperumal	...
68	„	do	Sri Kalatheeswarar temple (S)	400	0.20	Sri Kalatheeswarar	...
69	53	Kallai H/O Olaipadi	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	150	0.60	Sri Varadarajaperumal	...

TALUK (Contd.)

ALEK (Contd.)										
Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road (9)	Property (Immovable)		Wet and dry A.C. (12)	Other immovable property (13)	Annual income from the immovable property Rs. (14)	Movable property Jewels (Value of the Gold and Silver jewels) Rs. (15)		Vahanas (16)	Arrangements for daily poojas (17)	Festivals (18)
	Wet A.C. (10)	Dry A.C. (11)								
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)										
Ariyalur Railway station 24 miles	1.49	7.19	...	...	300	250	Car-1 Horse-1	Twice in a week by a Gounder	Mathayanaiamman Car Festival
do	4.44	16.18	...	...	800	3,000	Rishabams-3 Peacock-1 Swan-1 Horse-1 Bandicoot-1	Four times in a day by a hereditary Archagar	Thiruvathirai
Ariyalur Railway station 25 miles	...	4.00	...	...	150	No	Swan-1	Weekly one pooja by a hereditary Poosari	"Mayanakollai" in Masi month
Ariyalur Railway station 16 miles	...	A.N.S.	...	...	413	No	No	...	No
Ariyalur Railway station 11 miles	}	...	...	...	550	60	No	Once in a day by an Archagar	Chithrapournami
do		...	86.54	Garuda	do	Ekadasi
do	...	58.65	...	...	60	No	No	do	No
Ariyalur Railway station 13 miles	1.43	90.83	8.26	Horses-4	1,390	400	Elephant-1 Swan-1 Cars-3 Rishabams-2 Bandicoot-1 Bootham-1 Manjam-1 Peacock-1 Horse-1	Four times in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Masimagam, Thaipoo-sam, Adi 18th, Thirumanjanam, Chithrapournami, New Year's day, Vinayaga Chathurthi, Panguni Uthiram, Navarathiri, Vijaya dasami, Annabishegam, Thiruvathirai, Pongal, Sivarathiri	
Ottankoil Railway station	0.48	6.24	...	...	200	No	No	Pooja by a Gurukkal	Sri Rama Navami, Sri Jayanthi, New Year's day
Ottankoil Railway station	...	10.83	...	...	350	No	Yali-1 Horse-1	Pooja by an Archagar	New year's day, Sri Rama Navami Sri Jayanthi
do	...	12.18	...	...		No	Garuda-1 Swan-1	do	
Ariyalur Railway station 5 Miles	0.56	9.55	...	...	400	No	No	Pooja by a Gurukkal	Thiruvathirai
Ariyalur Railway station 15 miles	...	...	11.98	...	100	No	Garuda	Once in a day by a hereditary Archagar	New years day Sri Rama Navami, Sri Jayanthi

A.N.S. — Area Not Stated

PERAMBALUR

Sl. No.	L. C. No.	Name of the village	Name of the Temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
70	53	Kyllali H/O Olaippadi	Sri Chokkanathaswamy temple (S)	150	0.60	Sri Chokkanathaswamy	...
71	„	Karaipadi H/O Olaippadi	Sri Sommalai Apparkoil (O)	150	0.50	Sri Sommalaiappar	...
72	53	Olaippadi	Sri Kailasanathaswamy temple (S)	150	0.60	Sri Kailasanathaswamy	...
73	„	do	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	150	0.80	Sri Varadarajaperumal	...
74	54	Sirumaradai H/O Thungapuram	Sri Ayyanar temple (O)	200	0.35	Sri Ayyanar Sri Pooraniyayee, Porkalai	...
75	„	do	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	70	0.20	Sri Varadarajaperumal Sri Andal	...
76	„	do	Sri Thonneswarar temple (S)	2000	1.00	Sri Thonneswarar Sri Periyanyaki Amman	Sri Sandeeswarar Sri Dhakshinamoorthy
77	54	Sirumarudai H/O Thungapuram	Sri Karuppannaswamy temple (O)	200	0.02	Sri Karuppannaswamy	...
78	„	do	Sri Sorganathaswamy temple (S)	80	0.40	Sri Sorganathaswamy Sri Meenakshi Amman	Sri Kodivinayagar Sri Dhakshinamoorthi Sri Chandikeswarar
79	55	Nallarikai H/O Kadur	Sri Vadivazhaga- perumal temple (V)	200	1.00	Sri Vadivazhagaperumal	...
80	„	do	Sri Tholeeswaraswamy temple (S)	200	1.00	Sri Tholeeswaraswamy	...
81	55	Kadur	Sri Sundareswarar temple (S)	200	0.60	Sri Sundareswarar	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)				Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.	Other immovable property		Jewels (Value of the Gold and Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Ariyalur Railway station 15 miles	15.21	...	100	No	No	Once in a day by a hereditary Archagar	No
Mathoor Railway station 5 miles	...	4.13	...	...	100	No	No	Once in a day by a hereditary Padayachi	No
Ariyalur Railway station 15 miles	17.07	...	250	No	No	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Sivarathiri, Thiruvathirai
Ariyalur Railway station 15 miles	15.88	...	250	No	Palanquin-1 Garuda-1	Once in a day by a hereditary Archagar	Visagam, Sri Ramanavami
Senthurai Railway station 5 miles	3.00	...	250	65	Car-1 Horse-1 Swan-1	Once in a day by a hereditary Padayachi	Car festival, Saraswathi pooja
do	47.00	...	495	No	Garuda	Twice in a day by an Archagar	Garudaservai, Ekadasi
do	140.00	...	895	120	Rishabam-1 Peacock-1 Swan-1	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Adi Pooram, Vinayaga Chathurthi, Navarathiri, Masi Magam, Annabishegam, Karthigai Deepam Thiruvathirai
do	3.00	...	250	No	Car-1 Horse-1 Swan-1	Once in a day by a hereditary Padayachi	Saraswathi pooja
do	52.00	...	495	No	Ratham-1 Rishabam-1	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Thiruvathirai, Surasamharam
Ottankoil Railway station 3 miles	5.00	15.00	...	...	1,000	150	Ratham-1	Daily pooja by an Archagar	Sri Ramanavami
do	10.00	20.00	...	...	1,500	No	Car-1 Palanquin-1	Once in a day by an Archagar	Sapthasthanam festival
Ariyalur Railway station 11 miles	...	60.00	...	...	600	No	Rishabam-1 Peacock-1 Bandicoot-1 Soorasamharam-1 Manjam-1	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	No

PERAMBALUR

Serial No.	L. C. No.	Name of the village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
82	55	Kadur	Sri Varadarajar temple (V)	200	0.60	Sri Varadarajar	...
83	„	Nallarikai H/o. Kadur	Sri Vinayagar temple (G)	100	0.03	Sri Vinayagar	...
84	58	Varagur	Sri Siva Loganathar temple (S)	200	1.00	Sri Siva Loganathar Sri Sivagamisundari	...
85	59	Asur	Sri Chokkanathar temple (S)	800	1.00	Sri Chokkanathar Sri Meenakshi	...
86	60	Sithali	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	200	0.40	Sri Varadarajaperumal Sri Rukmani Sri Sathyabama	Sri Garudalwar Sri Anjaneyar
87	„	do	Sri Veerappaswamy Eswarar temple (S)	200	0.60	Sri Veerappaswamy Eswarar	...
88	61	Sengunam	Sri Varadarajar temple (V)	500	0.19	Sri Varadarajar Sridevi Bhoodevi	Sri Thirupura Eswarar
89	65	Melapuliur	Sri Arunachaleswarar temple (S)	200	0.03	Sri Arunachaleswarar	...
90	66	Ladapuram	Sri Panchanatheswarar temple (S)	100	0.05	Sri Panchanatheswarar	...
91	„	do	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	150	0.02	Sri Varadarajaperumal	...
92	67	Ammapalayam	Sri Arunachaleswarar temple (S)	500	0.25	Sri Arunachaleswarar Sri Unnamalai	...
93	„	do	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	500	0.25	Sri Varadarajaperumal	...
94	68	Kalarampatty	Sri Kailasanathar temple (S)	1000	0.30	Sri Kailasanathar Sri Karunakadakshar	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road (9)	Property (Immovable)				Annual income from the immovable property Rs. (14)	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas (17)	Festivals (18)
	Wet	Dry	Wet and dry	Other immovable property (13)		Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs. (15)	Vahanas (16)		
	A.C. (10)	A. C. (11)	A.C. (12)						
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Ariyalur Railway station 11 miles	No	Garuda-1	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	No
Ottankoil Railway station 3 miles	No	No	No	Daily pooja by a Gurukkal	No
Ariyalur Railway station 9 miles	...	60.00	...	...	400	No	Rishabam Elephant Peacock Swan	No poojas at present	Sivarathiri
Ariyalur Railway station 10 miles	...	83.70	...	...	480	No	Car-1 Ratham-1 Rishabam-3 Horse Elephant	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No
Ariyalur Railway station 11 miles	A.N.S.	}	495	No	Garudalwar	Twice in a day by a hereditary Archagar	Ekadasi
do	A.N.S.			No	Palanquin Bandicoot Rishabam Peacock Swan Elephant Horse	do	Chithrapournami, Visagam, Thiruvathirai, Sivarathiri, Annabishegam, Thirumanjanam Adi 18th, Vinayagachathurthi, Sarswathi Pooja
Ariyalur Railway station 24 miles	4.81	43.33	...	...	15 kalams of paddy	35	Garuda	Once in a day by an Archagar	No
Ariyalur Railway station 28½ miles	...	2.12	...	...	750	No	No	Twice in a day by an Archagar	No
Ariyalur Railway station 27½ miles	4.00	11.00	...	...	1,000	No	No	do	Thaipooosam
do	...	1.62	...	...	150	No	No	do	Chithrapournami
Ariyalur Railway station 28 miles	15.00	...	1,000	No	Rishabam-1 Simham-1 Horse-1	Twice in a day by an Archagar	Arudhra
do	15.00	...	1,000	No	No	do	Ekadasi
Ariyalur Railway station 29 miles	30.00	...	2,400	Value not stated	Simham-1 Peacock-1	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Arudhra

PERAMBALUR

Sl. No.	L. C. No.	Name of the village	Name of the Temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
95		Kalarampatty	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	1,000	0.30	Sri Varadarajaperumal	...
96	69	Kurumbalur	Sri Panchanatheeswarar temple (S)	Age not stated	0.43	Sri Panchanatheeswarar	...
97	"	"	Sri Lakshminarayana temple (V)	"	0.35	Sri Lakshminarayanar	...
98	70	Sencheri	Sri Venkatachalapathi temple (V)	200	0.03	Sri Venkatachalapathi	...
99	"	"	Sri Chokkanatheeswarar temple (S)	200	0.04	Sri Chokkanatheeswarar Sri Meenakshiamman	...
100	72	Perambalur	Sri Brahmatheeswarar temple (S)	300	0.60	Sri Brahmatheeswarar	...
101	72	"	Sri Madanagopala-swamy temple (V)	5000	2.00	Sri Madanagopalaswamy	...
102	"	"	Sri Selliamman temple (F)	300	0.02	Sri Selliamman	...
103	73	Thoramangalam	Sri Chokkanatheeswarar temple (S)	Age not stated	0.24	Sri Chokkanatheeswarar	...
104	"	"	Sri Varadarajar temple (V)	"	0.05	Sri Varadarajar	...
105	"	"	Sri Pillayar temple (G)	"	0.20	Sri Pillayar	...
106	"	"	Sri Alanthuraiamman temple (F)	"	Area not stated	Sri Alanthuraiamman	...
107	74	Maruvathur H/O Perali	Sri Azhageswarar temple (S)	300	0.50	Sri Azhageswarar	...
108	74	"	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	300	1.00	Sri Varadarajaperumal Sri Mahalakshmi	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway Station or the Trunk Road (9)	Property (Immovable)		Wet and dry A.C. (12)	Other immovable property (13)	Annual income from the immovable property Rs. (14)	Movable property Jewels (Value of the Gold and Silver jewels) Rs. (15)	Vahanas (16)	Arrangements for daily poojas (17)	Festivals (18)	
	Wet A.C. (10)	Dry A.C. (11)								
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)										
Ariyalur Railway station 29 miles	...	...	20.00	...	1,600	No	Cars-2 Horse	Thrice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Ekadasi
Ariyalur Railway station 22 miles	}	...	132.50	...	4,000	30,000	Car	Four times in a day by an Archagar	No	
do							Palanquin Car	do	No	
Ariyalur Railway station 20½ miles	1.10	15.94	...	...	350	No	No	Once in a day by an Archagar	No
do	1.34	13.52	...	...	300	No	No	do	No
Ariyalur Railway station 19 miles	...	10.89	...	...	100	No	Rishabam Peacock	Twice in a day by an Archagar	Masimagam, Thiruvathirai
do	22.70	201.55	...	15 buildings and house plots	11,000	8,000	Car Palanquin Garuda	Four times in a day by an Archagar	Panguni Uthiram Ekadasi	
do	...	4.00	...	...	200	500	Car	Every Friday by a Poosari	Once in five years in the tamil month of Vaikasi
Ariyalur Railway station 16 miles	9.15	2.37	500	}	No	No	Once in a day by a Gurukkal with hereditary rights	No
do	0.65	1.58					Every Saturday by a hereditary Dasari	No
do	0.25	1.48	150				Once in a day by a hereditary Archagar	No
do	1.30	2.54	...	...	300	500	Rishabam Horse-2 Lion Elephant Swan	Tuesdays and Fridays by a hereditary poosari	No
Ariyalur Railway station 14 miles		25.00	...	...	150	No	No	No	No
do	...	25.00	...	Eluppai thoppu 1½ acres	150	No	No	No	No	

PERAMBALUR

Sl. No.	L. C. No.	Name of the village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
109	75	Odiyam	Sri Nandanapureeswarar temple (S)	Age not stated	0.11	Sri Nandanapureeswarar Sri Narumalarpoon-kothai	...
110	„	do	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	„	0.11	Sri Varadarajaperumal Sridevi, Bhudevi	...
111	76	Kunnam	Sri Adi Kumbeswarar temple (S)	300	0.60	Sri Adi Kumbeswarar Sri Agilandeswari	Sri Mangalanayagi
112	79	Keezhamathur	Sri Perumal temple (V)	200	0.01	Sri Perumal	...
113	„	do	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	200	0.01	Sri Mariamman	...
114	„	do	Sri Sivaloganathar temple (S)	200	0.01	Sri Sivaloganathar	...
115	„	do	Sri Lakshminarayana perumal temple (V)	200	0.40	Sri Lakshminarayana-perumal	Sri Ranganathaswamy
116	„	do	Sri Jambulingeswarar temple (S)	200	0.64	Sri Jambulingeswarar	...
117	85	Moongilpadi	Sri Kalatheeswarar temple (S)	500	0.03	Sri Kalatheeswarar	...
118	„	do	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	500	A. N. S.	Sri Varadarajaperumal	...
119	87	Kottarai	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	150	0.12	Sri Varadarajaperumal	...
120	89	Nochiyam	Sri Lakshmi Narayana-perumal temple (V)	200	0.32	Sri Lakshminarayana-perumal	...
121	„	do	Sri Brahmapureeswarar temple (S)	200	0.16	Sri Brahmapureeswarar	...
122	91	Velur	Sri Subramaniaswamy temple (M)	400	0.50	Sri Subramaniaswami Sri Valli, Deivayanai	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway Station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)				Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property Jewels (Value of the Gold and Silver jewels)	Vahanas	Arrangements for daily poojas	Festival;
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.	Other immovable property					
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Ariyalur Railway station 10 miles	...	39.90	...	...	240	200	No	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No
do	...								
Ariyalur Railway station 7 miles	87.00	...	425	No	Car Rishabam Horse Peacock Bandicoot	No	Masi Magam. Margazhi Tiruvizha
Ariyalur Railway station 4 miles	...	1.52	...	...	50	...	No	No	No
do	...							No	No
do	...							Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No
Pennadam Railway station 10 miles	2.50	11.12	...	...	600	No	No	Once in a day by an Archagar	Two festivals in Panguni and Chithirai
do	1.87	15.58	...	...	800	No	No	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	do
Ariyalur Railway station 7 miles	...	12.30	...	...	45	No	No	No	No
do	...								
Ariyalur Railway station 7 miles	...	31.90	...	...	700	No	Garuda	Once in a day by an Archagar	No
Ariyalur Railway station 21 miles	...	74.90	...	...	1,500	50	Garuda	Pooja by an Archagar	Vaikunta Ekadasi, Sri Jayanthi, Saraswathi pooja
do	...	59.00	...			No	No	do	Annabishegam
Ariyalur Railway station 25 miles	...	13.00	...	...	20 Kalams of Paddy	No	Car Peacock Swan Horse	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	Panguni Uthiram, Car festival

PERAMBALUR

Sl. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the village	Name of the Temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
123	92	Chetramanai	Sri Margasahayeeswarar temple (S)	500	0.22	Sri Margasahayeeswarar Sri Maragadavalli	...
124	„	do	Sri Venugopalaswamy temple (V)	500	0.22	Sri Venugopalaswamy Sri Rukmani, Sri Sathyabama	...
125	93	Siruvayalur	Sri Ekambareswarar temple (S)	250	0.70	Sri Ekambareswarar Sri Meenakshiamman	...
126	„	do	Sri Vinayagar Temple (G)	250	A.N.S.	Sri Vinayagar	...
127	„	do	Sri Pidari temple (F)	250	0.45	Sri Selliamman	...
128	93	Kurur H/O Siruvayalur	Sri Sellandiamman temple (F)	200	0.14	Sri Sellandiamman	Sri Mariamman
129	94	Nakkaselam	Sri Dwarakapureeswarar temple (S)	150	0.17	Sri Dwarakapureeswarar	Sri Chandradari
130	„	do	Sri Venkatachalapathy temple (V)	150	0.17	Sri Venkatachalapathy Sri Alamelu	...
131	95	Elanthalapatti	Sri Panchanatheeswarar temple (S)	150	0.34	Sri Panchanatheeswarar	...
132	96	T. Kalathur	Sri Viswanathaswamy temple (S)	100	0.43	Sri Viswanathaswamy Sri Visalakshi	...
133	97	Thenur H/O Kannapadi	Sri Nandhikeswaraswamy temple (S)	200	0.19	Sri Nandhikeswarar Sri Sampath Gowri	...
134	„	Kannapadi	Sri Prasannavcnkatachala- pathy temple (V)	150	Below 0.01	Sri Prasanna Venkata- chalapathy Sri Alamelumangai	...
135	„	do	Sri Viswanathaswamy temple (S)	150	0.01	Sri Viswanathaswamy Sri Visalakshi	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road (9)	Property (Immovable)				Annual income from the immovable property Rs. (14)	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas (17)	Festivals (18)	
	Wet A.C. (10)	Dry A.C. (11)	Wet and dry A.C. (12)	Other immovable property (13)		Jewels (Value of the Gold and Silver jewels) Rs. (15)	Vahanas (16)			
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)										
Ariyalur Railway station 26 miles	15.00	House-1	550	No	No	Twice in a day by an Archagar	No	
do	...	15.00	...	...	550	No	No	do	No
Ariyalur Railway station 32 miles	}	...	19.48	80 kalams of paddy	No	No	do	No
do		...	12.73	50 kalams of paddy	No	Car Horse Rishabam Bandicoot	Twice in a day by a Poosari	Pidari festival in Chithirai
Ariyalur Railway station 31 miles	...	17.99	...	...	1,000	No	Horse Kamadhenu Simham Car	Once in a day by a Poosari	Pidari festival
Bikshandarkoil Railway station 30 miles	}	50.00	...	900	No	Rishabam	Twice in a day by an Archagar	No
..		Horses-2 Kedayams-2	do	No				
Bikshandarkoil Railway station 32 miles	...	50.00	...	...	500	No	Car Horse Rishabam Swan	do	No
Uthamarkoil Railway station 20 miles	A.N.S.	...	Not stated	No	Rishabam Peacock Horse Bandicoot Ratham	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Vijayadasami	
Bikshandarkoil Railway station 12 miles	8.44	162.34	...	...	2,400	575	Rathams-2	Four times in a day by a Gurukkal	Arudhra
do	4.18	...	400	No	No	Once in a day by an Archagar	No	
do	5.06	...	400	No	No	do	No	

PERAMBALUR

Sl. No.	L. C. No.	Name of the village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
136	99	Bommanapadi	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	300	0.20	Sri Varadarajaperumal	...
137	„	do	Sri Viswanathar temple (S)	300	0.20	Sri Viswanathar	...
138	100	Chettikulam	Sri Sanjeevarayar temple (O)	200	1.00	Sri Sanjeevarayar	...
139	„	do	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	200		Sri Varadarajaperumal	...
140	102	Naranaman-galam	Sri Nandhikeswarar temple (S)	600	0.05	Sri Nandhikeswarar	Sri Natarajar
141	„	do	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	600	0.04	Sri Varadarajar	...
142	102	Naranaman-galam H/o Vijaya-gopalapuram	Sri Vijayagopalaswamy temple (V)	200	0.10	Sri Vijayagopalaswamy	...
143	103	Siruvachur	Sri Kailasanathaswamy temple (S)	400	0.20	Sri Kailasanathaswamy Amman	...
144	104	Ayilur	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	31	0.28	Sri Varadarajaperumal	...
145	„	do	Sri Arunachaleswarar temple (S)	120	0.46	Sri Arunachaleswarar	...
146	105	Varagupadi	Sri Kailasanathar temple (S)	500	0.20	Sri Kailasanathar Sri Nithyakalyani	...
147	„	do	Mariamman temple (F)	500	0.30	Sri Mariamman	Sri Kathavarayar
148	„	do	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	500	0.13	Sri Varadarajaperumal Sri Lakshmi	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway Station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)				Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property Jewels (Value of the Gold and Silver jewels)	Vahanas	Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.	Other immovable property					
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Ariyalur Railway station 27 miles	3.00	...	...	...	20 kalams of Paddy	No	No	Once in a day by an Archagar	No
do								do	No
Bikshandarkoil Railway station 26 miles	...	...	20.00	...	1,000	No	No	do	No
do						No	Garuda	do	Sri Jayanthi Ekadasi
Bikshandarkoil Railway station 22 miles	2.56	18.11	...	...	25 bags of paddy	No	No	Twice in a day by an Archagar	No
do	...	15.00	...	...	10 bags of paddy	No	No	do	No
Bikshandarkoil Railway station 23 miles	9.88	7.57	...	...	30 bags of paddy	No	No	Once in a day by an Archagar	No
Bikshandarkoil Railway station 24 miles	...	20.00	...	...	500	No	No	Daily pooja by an Archagar	Pongal
Ariyalur Railway station 22 miles	3.17	0.35	...	...	30 kalams of paddy	No	Kedayams-2 Vahanas Name not stated	Twice in a day by an Archagar	Ekadasi Krishna Jayanthi
do	5.39	3.77	...	...	50 kalams paddy	No	Ratham Vahanas Name not stated	do	Thaipooasam Thiruvathirai
Ariyalur Railway station 12 miles	...	5.52	...	...	8 bags of paddy	No	No	Once in a day by a hereditary Archagar	No
do	...	4.59	...	...	25	Value not stated	Car Horse	Once in a day by a hereditary Pandaram	No
do	0.84	8.34	...	...	20 bags of paddy and Rs. 150	No	No	Twice in a day by a hereditary Archagar	No

PERAMBALUR

Sl. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the Temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religions							
149	106	Therku Madevi H/o Sirugambur	Sri Arunachaleswarar temple (S)	200	0.14	Sri Arunachaleswarar	...
150	107	Sathanur	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	300	0.75	Sri Varadarajaperumal	...
151	„	do	Sri Viswanathar temple (S)	350	0.80	Sri Viswanathar Sri Visalaskhi amman	Sri Panchamoorthys Sri Chandikeswarar
152	108	Kolakkaranatham	Sri Sivan temple (S)	200	1.50	Sri Adiswaraswamy	...
153	„	do	Sri Perumal temple (V)	200	1.00	Sri Venugopalaperumal	...
154	109	Karai	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	250	0.03	Sri Mariamman	...
155	„	do	Sri Varadarajar temple (V)	500	0.15	Sri Varadarajar	...
156	„	Pudukurichi H/O Karai	Sri Swedapureswarar temple (S)	Not Stated	0.08	Sri Swedapureswarar Sri Agilandeswari	...
157	„	do	Sri Venkatachalapathy temple (V)	do	0.05	Sri Venkatachalapathy Sridevi, Bhudevi	...
158	„	do	Sri Vinayagar temple (G)	do	Below 0.01	Sri Vinayagar	...
159	110	Irur	Sri Sundareswarar temple (S)	200	0.07	Sri Sundareswarar	...
160	„	do	Sri Varadarajar temple (V)	200	0.01	Sri Varadarajar	...
161	„	Alathur H/O Irur	Sri Lakshminarayana perumal temple (V)	150	Below 0.01	Sri Lakshminarayanan	...
162	„	do	Sri Amirthaganewarar temple (G)	150	0.03	Sri Amirthaganewarar	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)				Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet	Dry	Wet and dry	Other immovable property		Jewels (Value of the Gold and Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
	A.C.	A.C.	A.C.	(13)		(14)	(15)			(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Ariyalur Railway station 12 miles	...	25.63	...	...	700	No	No	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No
Ariyalur Railway station 8 miles	...	...	8.56	...	400	No	Garuda	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
do	...	...	16.64	...	800	No	Rishabam Bandicoot Simham Car	Twice in a day by an Archagar	Thiruvathirai
Methal Railway station 7 miles	...	100.00	...	...	3,000	5,000	Ratham	Four times in a day by a Gurukkal	Thiruvathirai Masimagam Karthigai Deepam
do	...	55.00	...	...	1,000	Value not stated	No	Three times in a day by an Archagar	Ekadasi Krishna Jayanthi
Bikshandarkoil Railway station 22 miles	...	...	...	...	No	Value not stated	Car	Every Friday by a hereditary Pandaram	No
do	0.40	2.00	...	...	Not stated	50	No	Once in a day by a hereditary Archagar	No
Ariyalur Railway station 17 miles	}	...	...	...	Paddy 40 kalams	No	Rishabam	Once in a day by an Archagar	No
do							Garuda	do	No
do							No	do	No
Bikshandarkoil Railway station	1.00	9.31	...	...	10 bags of paddy	No	No	Twice in a day by an Archagar	No
do	2.00	7.40	...	...	do	No	No	do	No
Bikshandarkoil Railway station 21 miles	...	10.10	...	...	500	No	No	Once in a day by an Archagar	No
do	...	11.71	...	...	500	No	No	do	No

PERAMBALUR

Sl. No.	L. C. No.	Name of the village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
163	111	Thiruvallakurichi H/O Padalur	Sri Chokkalingeswarar temple (S)	Not stated	0.50	Sri Chokkalingeswarar Sri Meenakshiamman	...
164	„	do	Sri Kambaperumal temple (V)	do	1.00	Sri Kambaperumal	Sri Vinayagar Sri Mariamman
165	„	do	Sri Pazhamalai Ayyanar temple (O)	do	0.60	Sri Pazhamalai Ayyanar	Sri Muthaiyar Sri Sengamalatthayar
166	„	Padalur	Sri Sanjeevarayar temple (O)	200	1.50	Sri Sanjeevarayar	...
167	112	Thirani	Sri Venkatachalaperumal temple (V)	500	0.23	Sri Venkatachalaperumal Sri Alamclumangai	Sri Ubayanachiar Sri Thayar Sri Andal Sri Anjaneyar
168	„	do	Sri Naganatheswarar temple (S)	500	0.17	Sri Naganatheswarar Sri Meenakshi	Sri Vishnu Sri Chandikeswarar Sri Dhakshinamoorthi
169	114	Kolathur	Sri Soundareswarar temple (S)	300	2.00	Sri Soundareswarar	...
170	„	do	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	300	0.10	Sri Varadarajaperumal	...
171	116	Gudalore	Sri Thirunageswarar temple (S)	45	0.08	Sri Thirunageswarar	...
172	„	do	Sri Varadarajar temple (V)	70	0.09	Sri Varadarajar	...
173	116	Iluppaikudi H/o Gudalore	Sri Viswanathaswamy temple (S)	180	0.08	Sri Viswanathaswamy	...
174	„	do	Sri Kaliyaperumal temple (V)	150	0.03	Sri Kaliyaperumal	...

Temples outside the Hindu Religious

1	109	Karai	Sri Viswanathaswamy temple (S)	500	0.40	Sri Viswanathar Sri Visalakshi	......
2	111	Padalur	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	300	0.40	Sri Varadarajaperumal Sridevi, Bhudevi	...
3	„	do	Sri Kailasanathar temple (S)	300	0.50	Sri Kailasanathar	...
4	„	do	Sri Ayyanar temple (O)	300	0.50	Sri Ayyanar	Sri Mariamman Sri Selliamman Sri Ellaiamman Sri Perindavar

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold and Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Bikshandarkoil Railway Station	3.00	22.00	...	...	Rs. 130 and paddy 11 kalams	No	Horse Bandicoot	Once in a day by an Archagar	No
do								do	No
do								Only on important days by a Pandaram	No
Bikshandarkoil Railway station 18 miles	...	...	21.00	...	20 bags of paddy	75	Ratham	Only on Saturdays by an Archagar	Only on the 3rd Saturday of Purattasi
Bikshandarkoil Railway station 21 miles	3.26	80.11	...	...	50 bags of paddy and Rs. 400	Value not stated	No	Twice in a day by a hereditary Archagar	No
do	3.26	80.15	...	...	do	Value not stated	Ratham	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
Sillakudi Railway station 4 miles	...	83.37	...	...	300	No	No	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No
do	...	34.46	...	...	300	No	No	do	No
Sillakudi Railway station 6 miles	...	15.26	...	...	Income not stated	No	No	No	No
do	...	12.95	...	...	Income not stated	No	No	No	No
Ariyalur Railway station 7 miles	...	8.56	...	...	50	No	No	No	No
do	...	2.40	...	...	Income not stated	No	No	Once in a day by a hereditary Dasari	No

and Charitable Endowments Board

Bikshandarkoil Railway station 22 miles	7.00	5.00	...	...	35 kalams of paddy and Rs. 400	100	No	Twice in a day by an Archagar	Karthigai Annabishegam Masimagam Skantha Sashti
Bikshandarkoil Railway station 18 miles	...	30.00	...	...	40 kalams of paddy	100	Garuda	Once in a day by an Archagar	No
do								do	No
do								Only on important days by a Poosari	No
do	...	1.10	...	...	4 kalams of paddy	50	Elephant Horse Marudayam		No

UDAYARPALAYAM TALUK

48. PONPARAPPI

Sri Swarnapureeswaraswamy Temple

The temple for Sri Swarnapureeswarar in Ponparappi village is an ancient one, dating back to the 10th century A. D. It covers an area of 13½ cents. The mandapam for Navagrahas was built recently. Black and white granite and bricks have been used for the walls. The vimanam over the *sanctum* are of brick and lime.

Sri Swarnapureeswarar and His consort Sri Brahanayagi Ambal are the presiding deities of the temple. The 2' 8" high Lingam is an installed one. The idol of the Ambal is 2' 10" in height. The festival idol is Sri Somaskandar. The special features of the temple are an underground passage below the "sannidhi" of Surya and Kabalar and the three beautifully carved fish in the Natarajar mandapam of which one resembles the trunk of an elephant. There is also a tank by name "Neerazhi" which is of archaeological interest as bricks and white stones are found under the ground around the tank. This indicates the existence of a fort, a mandapam and a temple in the bygone days.

Poojas are performed twice a day by a hereditary Gurukkal who is paid a monthly salary from the temple revenues. The immovable properties comprise 63.79 acres of lands which fetch an annual income of Rs. 931/-. The temple owns a car, two Indravimanams and several other vahanas, all made of wood. No festivals are celebrated at present. Abhishegams and archanas are done on festival days. The car festival which was formerly celebrated on the Vaikasi visagam day and which attracted 50,000 devotees is not observed for the past 20 years. A single trustee manages the temple.

GANGAIKONDACHOLAPURAM

(Hamlet of 74 Guruvalaparkoil)

Sri Brahadeeswarar Temple

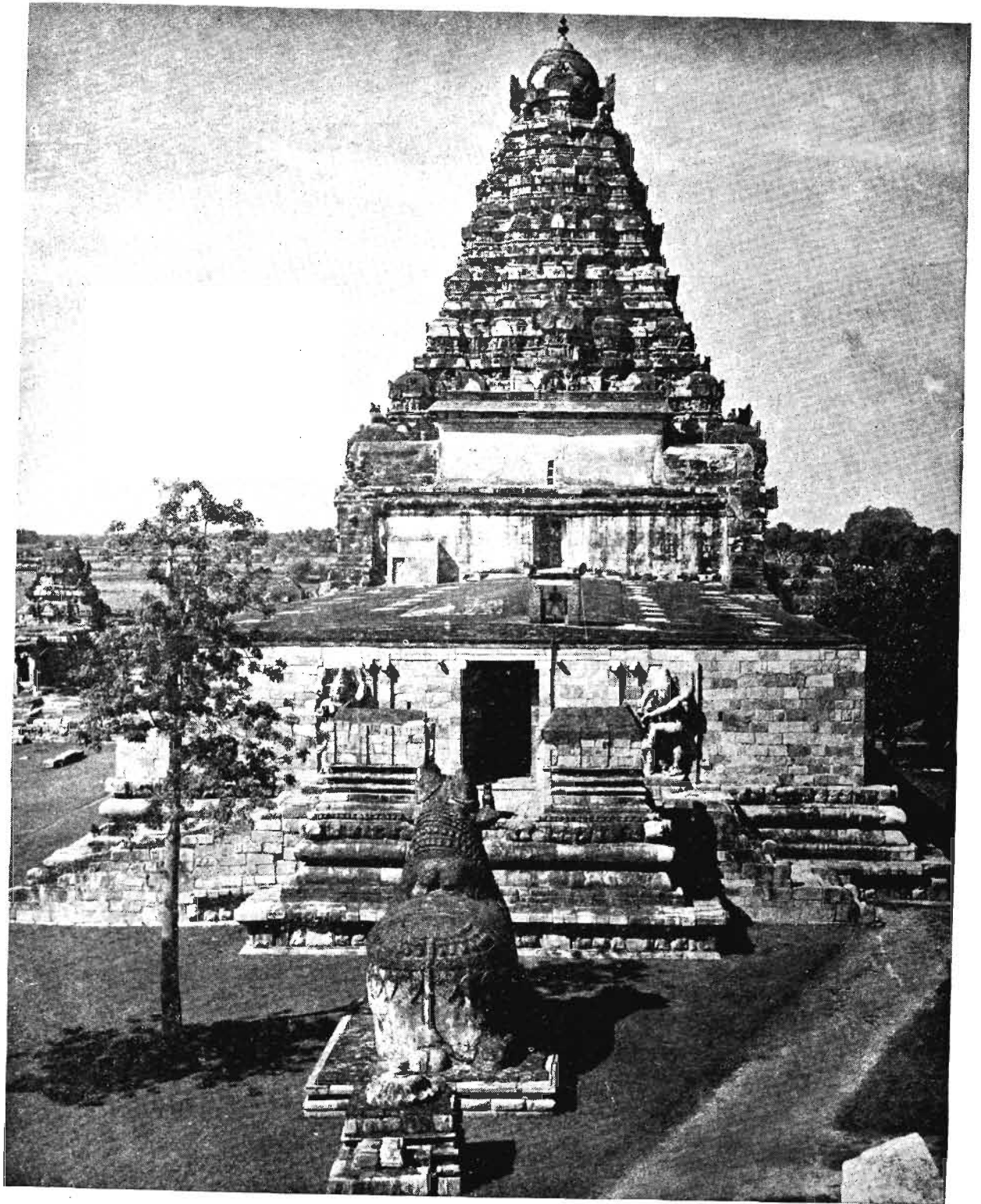
While Raja Raja Chola I built the big temple for Sri Brahadeeswarar at Thanjavur, his illustrious son Rajendra Chola I (1012-1044) raised a similar shrine at Gangaikondacholapuram in the 11th century. The striking feature of both the temples is their vimanam. While in the case of the Thanjavur temple it rises perpendicularly from a 96 feet square base to a height of 50' and then

tapers off to a total height of 216', the Gangaikondacholapuram temple has a 100' square base and the total height is 170' of which 20' is perpendicular. Raja Rajendra's desire was to raise a vimanam of 300' in height, but he could not achieve it. On the square formed by the topmost tier is a single block of stone. There are beautiful plaster figures on the vimanam. The entire structure is an imposing one and the vimanam is visible even at a distance of 7 or 8 miles. Rajendra Chola desired to perform the kumbabhishegam of the temple constructed by him with holy water brought from the Ganges. He sent his Commander-in-chief with a large army to fetch water from the Ganges. After subduing all the rulers en-route, he brought the holy water from the Ganges on pots which the defeated kings carried on their heads. Rajendra Chola received his Commander-in-chief on the banks of Godhavary. On account of this achievement, he came to be known as Gangai Konda Cholan. The place was called Gangaikondacholapuram and the temple was named as Gangaikondacholeswaram while the shrine built by his father at Thanjavur is Raja Rajeswaram.

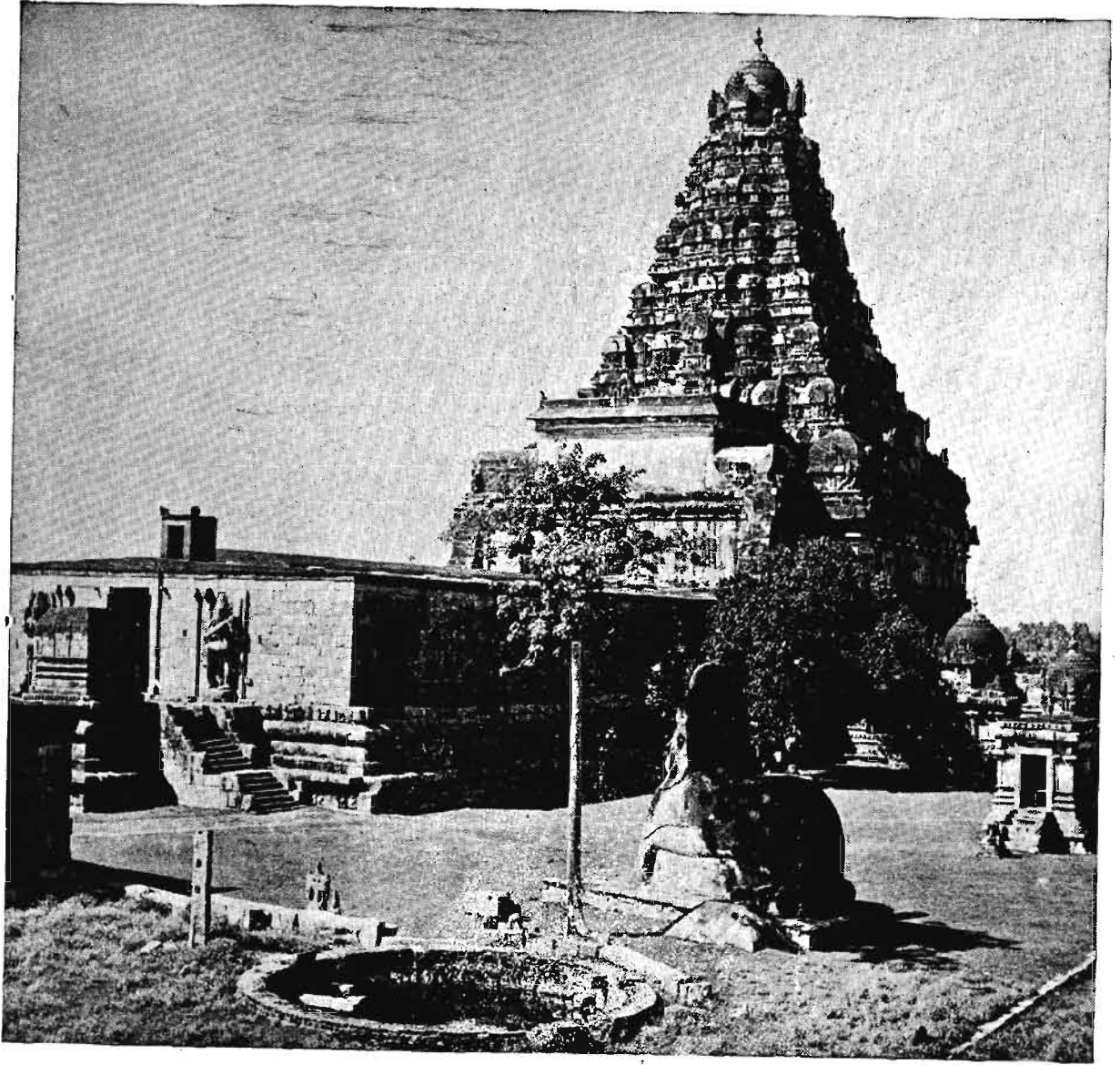
There is, however, a legend that there was a ruler by name Banasuran in this area who could not go to Benaras to bathe in the Ganga and that as prayed for by him, the Lord brought the holy Ganga into the well in the temple and the place came to be known as Gangaikondacholapuram and that the Lingam was installed by this king. There is no authority for this story.

The special features of interest in the temple are:—

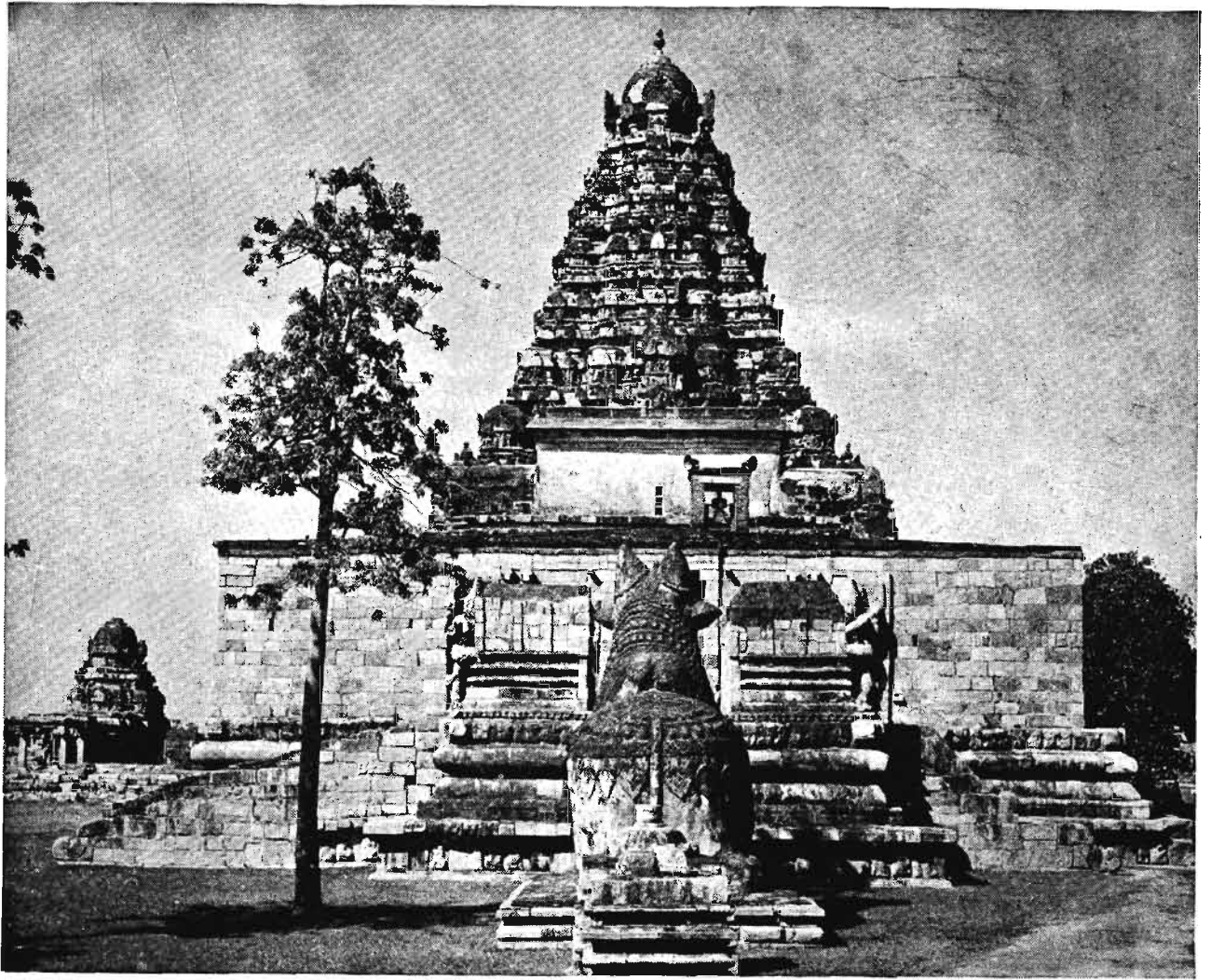
1. All the Navagrahas are made of a single block of granite.
2. The idol of Mahishasuramardhini has twenty arms.
3. Though located in a dry area where droughts are frequent, the well in the temple never gets dry.
4. The Dwarapalas who are 12' high are made of a single block of stone.
5. Near the north entrance is the idol of Sandisa Anugrahamurthy where the Lord and Dhevi are seated on the same pectam.



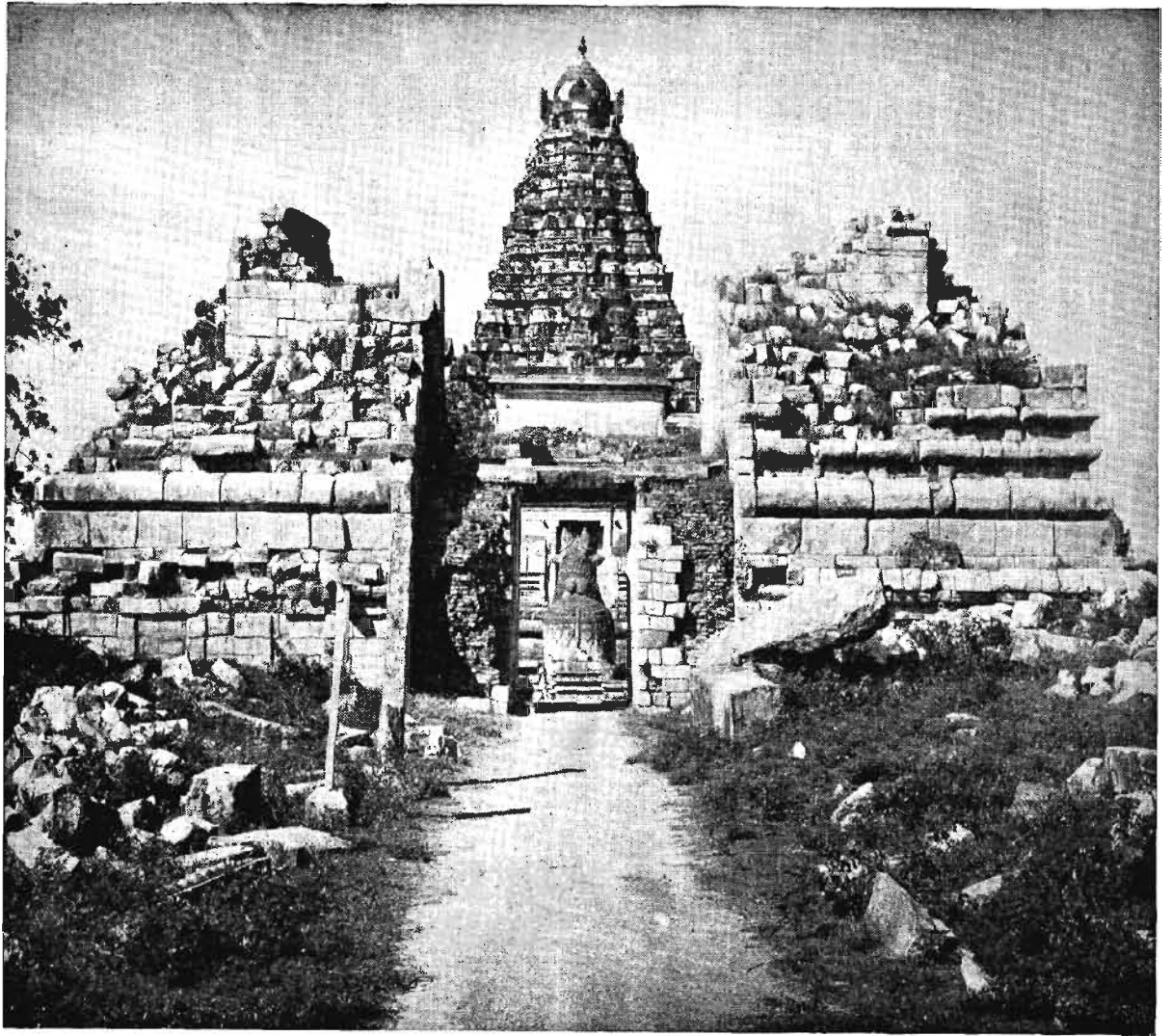
View of the temple with Nandhi: Sri Brahadeeswarar Temple, Gangaikondacholapuram



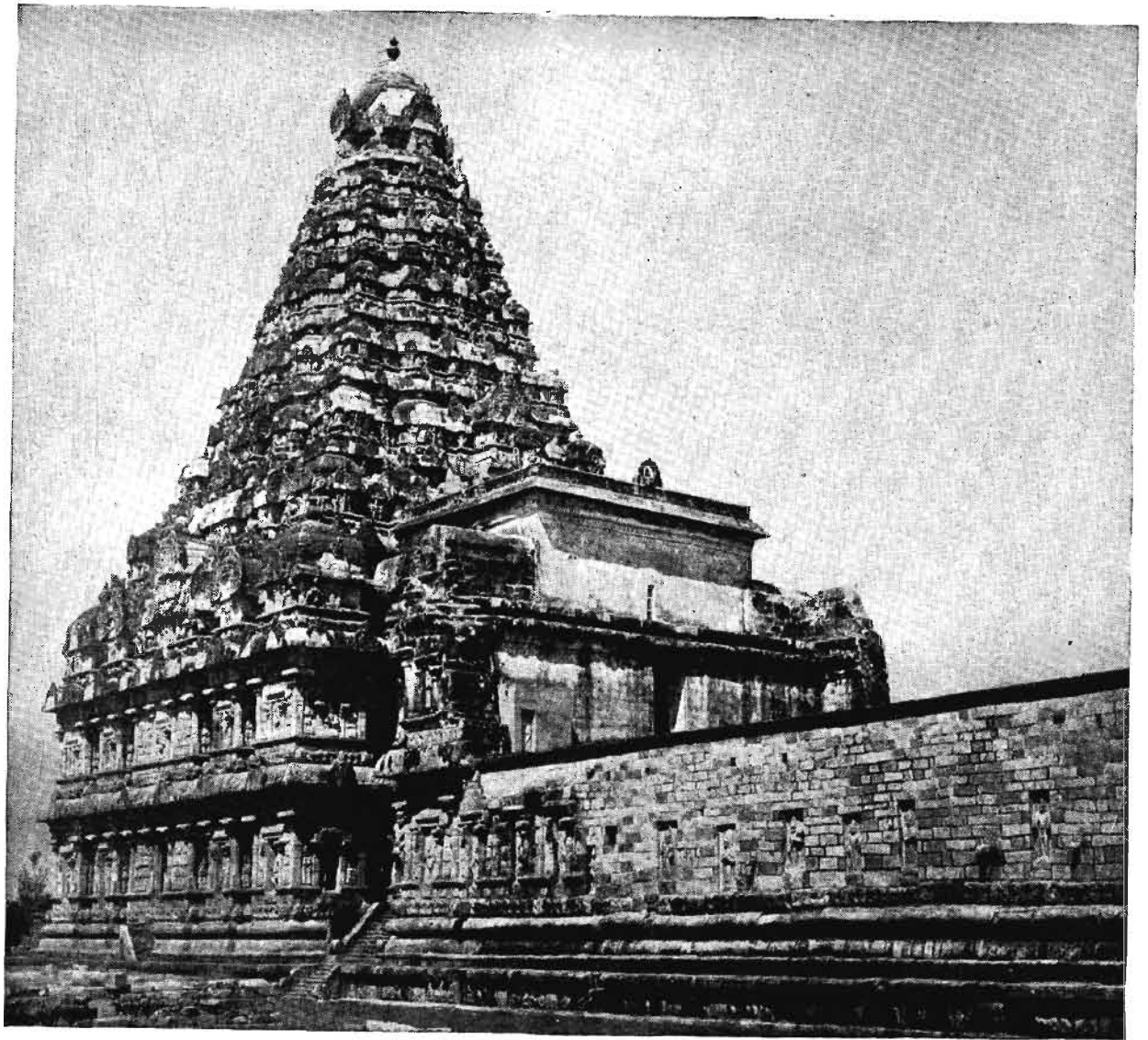
Sri Brahadeeswarar Temple, Gangaikondacholapuram (another view)



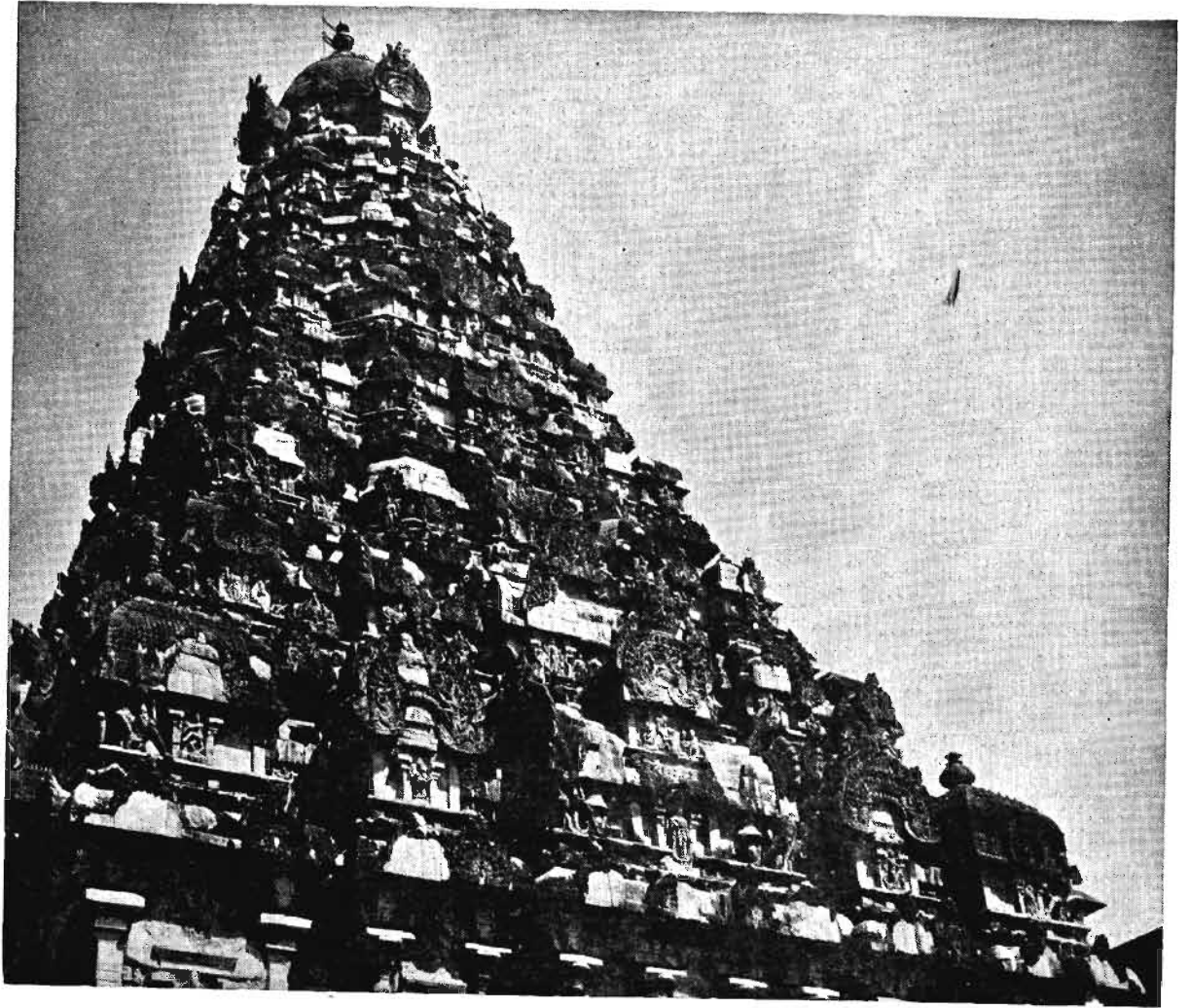
Another view of the Temple, Sri Brahadeeswarar Temple, Gangaikondacholapuram



Sri Brahadeeswarar Temple, Gangaikondacholapuram (another view)



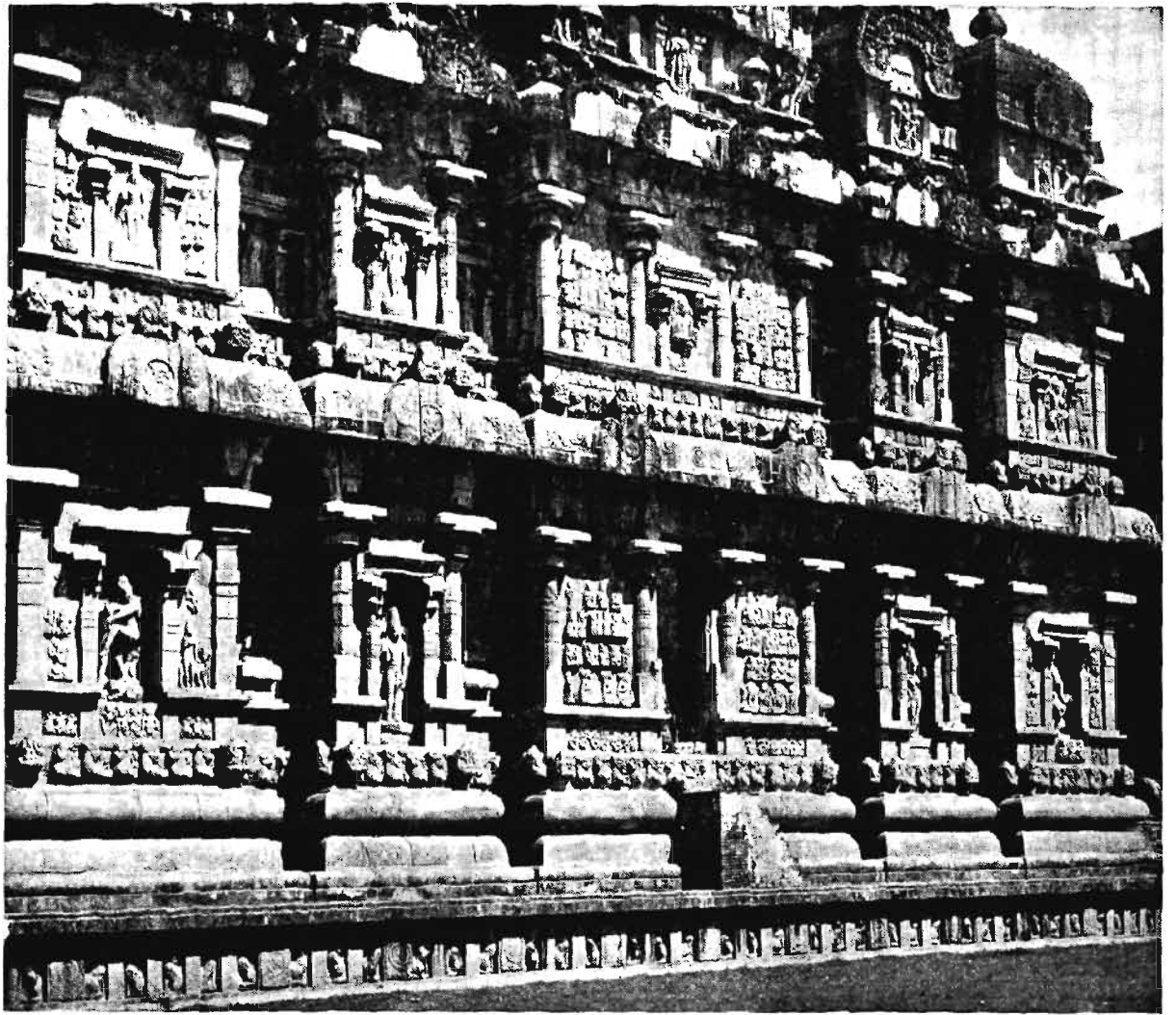
Sri Brabadeeswarar Temple, Gangaikondacholapuram (another view)



A closer view of the Pagoda in Sri Brahadeeswarar Temple, Gangaikondacholapuram



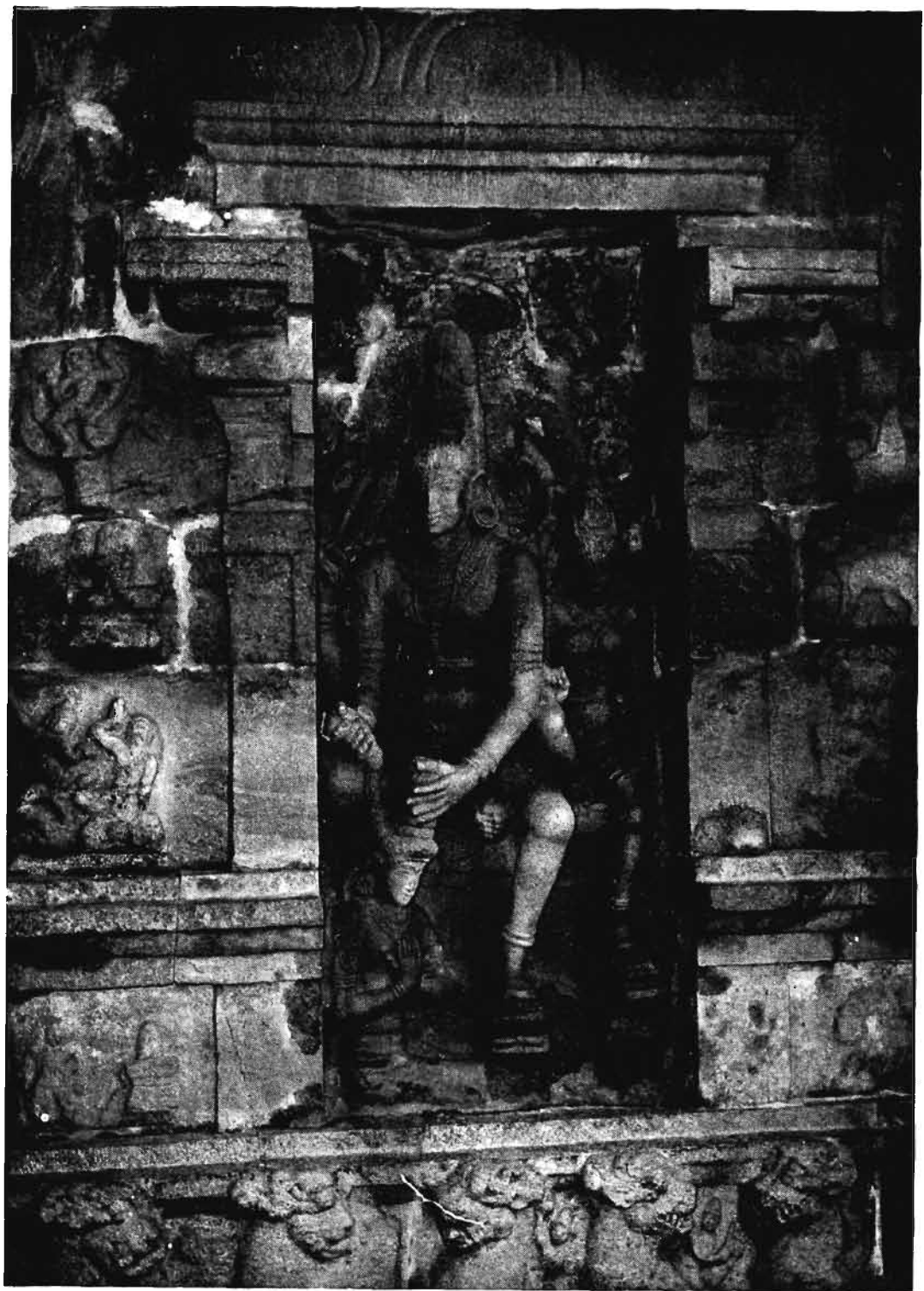
A view of the exterior wall with sculptures : Sri Brahadeeswarar Temple, Gangaikondacholapuram



Closer view of the sculptures in Sri Brahadeeswarar Temple, Gangaikondacholapuram



Sri Narthana Vinayagar on the rear wall of the Sanctum : Sri Brahadeeswarar Temple, Gangaikondacholapuram



Lord Siva and Uma in Brahadeeswarar Temple, Gangaikondacholapuram



Sri Gnanasaraswathi in Brahadeeswarar Temple, Gangaikondacholapuram



Sri Gajalakshmi in Sri Brahadeeswarar Temple, Gangaikondacholapuram

The village which is 24 miles from Kumbakonam and 5 miles from Lower Anicut can be reached by bus from Jayamkondacholapuram, Chidambaram, Kumbakonam etc. The temple covers an area of five acres.

Sri Brahadeeswarar, the presiding deity is represented by a 13' high installed Lingam and its circumference is 16½'. It is made out of a single block of stone. His consort Sri Brihannayaki is in a standing posture. The other idols are Vinayagar, Subramaniam and Chandikeswarar. There are festival idols for Somaskandar, Chandrasekarar, Subramaniam, Natarajar and Sivakamasundari.

It is learnt from the 9th Thirumurai that this shrine has been visited by Sri Karuvur Thevar who has composed 11 verses in praise of the deity.

Poojas are performed 4 times a day by a non-hereditary Gurukkal who is paid a monthly salary of Rs. 25/- from the temple revenues. The temple owns modern jewellery in gold and silver worth about Rs. 500/- donated by devotees. The immovable properties comprise 500 acres of wet and dry lands from which an income of Rs. 5,000/- per annum accrues and it is spent towards the daily poojas of the temple and for its maintenance. The annual collections from the hundi and the fees collected under archanas, abishegams and weddings celebrated in the temple amount to Rs. 1,000/-. There are ten wooden vahanas made some 100 years ago.

Of the several festivals celebrated, Navarathri, Sivarathri, Arudhra and Sanipeyarchi are the main ones. During Navarathri and Arudhra, there are street processions of the Lord and Devi. They are attended by about 1,000 to 2,000 devotees.

Two trustees and an Executive Officer manage the affairs of the temple.

74. GURUVALAPPARKOIL

Sri Viranarayanaperumal Temple

The village which is 16 miles from Aduthurai railway station and 5 miles from Udayarpalayam can be reached by buses. The above temple was constructed by Alavandar (an Acharyar of Vaishnavite). Naik rulers have made additions and renovations. The legend regarding the construction of this temple is as follows. Saint Nadhamuni at the time of his death had communicated to his disciple Gurukaivalappar certain secrets to be conveyed to Alavandar, his grandson. When the latter approached him to impart the secrets, Gurukaivalappar informed him that he would do so just before his death. But it so happened that

he passed away before Alavandar could meet him. He, however, inscribed those secrets on the floor for the benefit of Alavandar. The temple was erected on the spot where the secret message was written by Gurukaivalappar.

The temple covers an area of 1 acre and it has two towers which are 40' and 60' high respectively. The temple is facing east. The Andal Sannidhi and the Ramar temple are located in the northern praharam while the Thayar sannidhi is found in the southern praharam.

The Moolavar Sri Viranarayana Perumal is in a standing posture and is 6' high. Sri Devi and Bhudevi are 4½' high. The other idols are Andal, Thayar, Garudalwar, Desigar, Saint Nadhamuni and Gurukaivalappar. There are a number of festival idols, all made of panchalogam. The place is considered holy since Saint Nadhamuni, the grandfather of Alavandar and the first of Vaishnavite acharyars resided here and attained salvation.

A non-hereditary Bhattachari who is paid a monthly salary of Rs. 17/- and 3 kalams of paddy from the temple revenues offer two poojas daily. The temple owns jewellery worth about Rs. 50/-. The immovable properties comprise 297.75 acres of wet and dry lands from which an income of Rs. 2,000/- per annum accrues. The same is spent towards the poojas of the temple and for its maintenance. The temple owns 3 palanquins and several other vahanas made of wood, some 100 years ago.

Adi Fridays, Navarathri and Garudasevai during Purattasi, Masimagam and Vaikasi Visagam are the annual festivals celebrated by the temple of which the Theerthavary Uthsavam during Masimagam is the main one which attracts about 2,000 devotees from far and near.

A Board of three trustees and an Executive Officer manage the affairs of the temple.

PALLIKONDAPERUMALKOIL (alias NELLITHOPE)

(Hamlet of 75. Muthuservanadam)

Sri Ranganadhaswamy Temple

Pallikondaperumalkoil, otherwise called Nellithope is 8 miles from Udayarpalayam and connected by bus service with Chidambaram, Jayamkondacholapuram, Kumbakonam and Vriddhachalam. The nearest railway station is Aduthurai which is at a distance of 15 miles. The presiding deity of the temple is Sri Ranganadhaswamy. The temple belongs to the later Chola period

and has been sung by Sri Nadha Munigal. The stone inscriptions are not clear. The temple covers an area of 32 cents and is in a dilapidated condition. It has a 30' high tower and a praharam. The Moolavar is in a lying posture.

A non-hereditary Bhattachari offers a single pooja daily. He is paid a monthly salary of Rs. 20/- from the temple revenues. The temple owns 4 crowns of which two are made of silver and the other two are silver gilded. The immovable properties comprise 68.57 acres of dry lands inclusive of 4 acres of 'Iluppai thope' from which an income of Rs. 700/- per annum accrues. The temple owns a palanquin, a horse and a garuda vahanam, all made of wood. There are no festivals at present.

A Board of three trustees manages the temple. This is an ancient Vishnu temple which on account of neglect lies in ruins.

79. JAYAMKONDA CHOLAPURAM

Sri Kazhumalainadhaswamy Temple

Sri Kazhumalainadhaswamy temple at Jayamkondacholapuram was built by king Rajathi Raja Cholan alias Jayamkonda Cholan, the grandson of Raja Raja the Great. It belongs to the 11th century. It is 27 miles from Kumbakonam and connected by bus service. It can be reached by bus from Tiruchirapalli and Chidambaram. The Moolavar Sri Kazhumalainadhar alias Virudhagireeswarar is an installed Lingam with 16 facets. His consort is Sri Periya Nayaki. Renovations were effected by one Sri Yuvarangar. The temple covers an area of 80 cents and has a 80' high gopuram. There are 6 sannidhis dedicated to the Moolavar, Amman, Natarajar, Erattai Pillaiar, Lord Muruga and Navagrahas. The Amman sannidhi is facing south. It is learnt that there is a dark room near the sanctum of Lord Nataraja which has not been opened for a very long time and believed to contain antique metallic idols of archaeological interest. There is also a small temple behind the main sanctum in which the Moola Vighrams of Sri Pazhamalainathar and His consort Sri Vruthambigai are installed. The Murugan sannidhi is located between the two temples.

The Moolavar Lingam is 4' high. Poojas are performed daily twice by a non-hereditary Gurukkal who is paid a monthly salary from the temple revenues. The temple owns antique jewellery in gold and silver worth about Rs. 500/-. The landed properties comprise 12.61 acres of wet and 34.45 acres of dry lands which fetch an annual income of Rs. 2,500/-. The temple derives an additional income of Rs. 100/- every

year through archana charges collected at the rate of 12 nP. per ashtodhram and 62 nP. per sahasranamam. The temple owns the following vahanas: Horse, Peacock, Rishabams 2 (big and small) and 2 Kedayams which are made of wood. They are 100 years old. The temple celebrates a number of festivals almost throughout the year of which the Anithirumanjanam in the month of Ani is the main one which attracts about 1000 local devotees.

Two trustees and an Executive Officer manage the affairs of the temple.

Legend

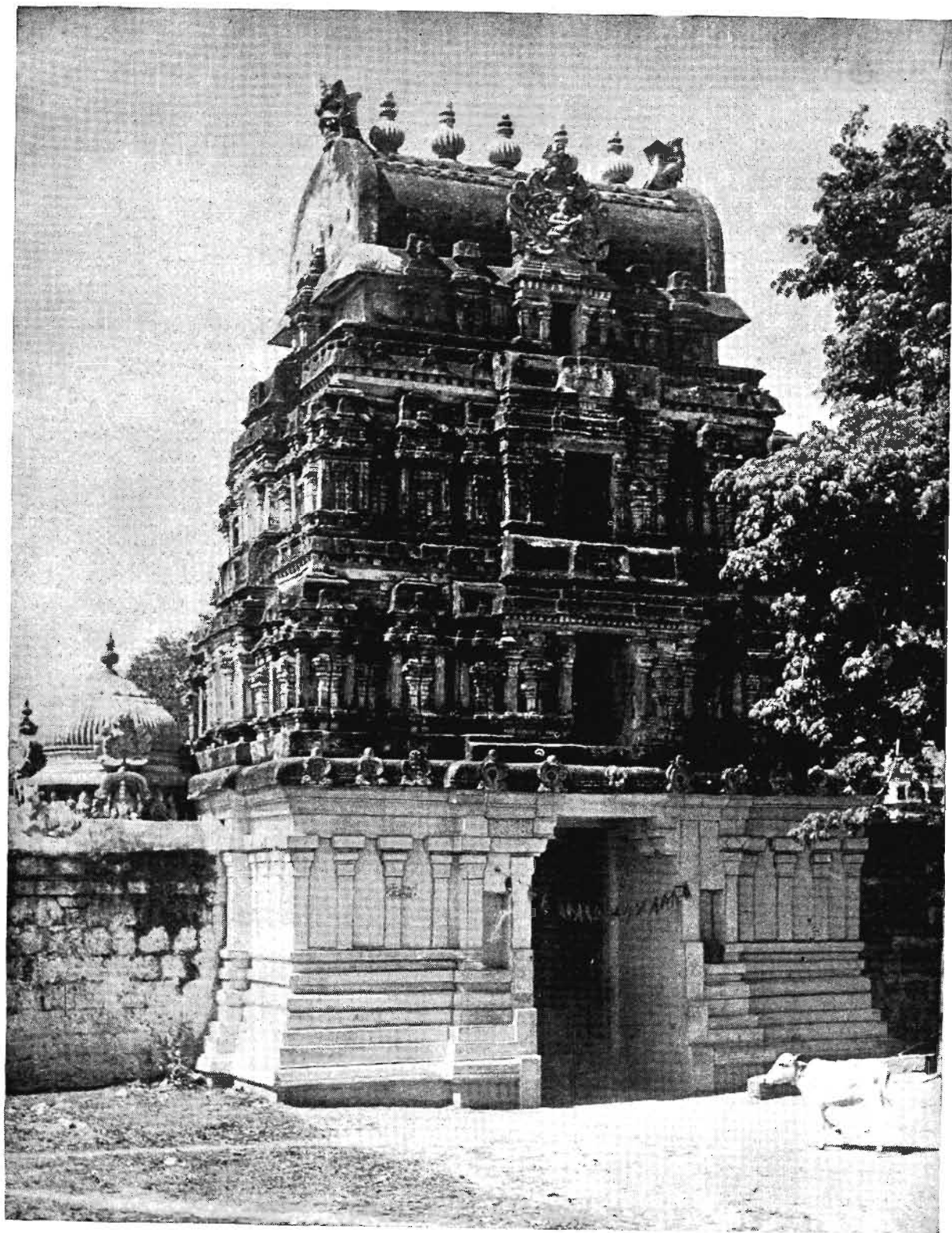
A pepper merchant was passing through the village to Vriddhachalam. At the toll gate he declared that the stocks were pulses to escape the payment of heavy duty. When he reached Vriddhachalam, and opened the bags he found only pulses and not pepper. He visited the temple of Sri Pazhamalainathar at Vriddhachalam and repented for having made a false statement at the toll gate. A divine voice told him to go and pray at the place where he committed the sin. He came to Jayamkondacholapuram and worshipped the Lord. His merchandise became pepper once again by the grace of the Lord.

83. UDAYARPALAYAM

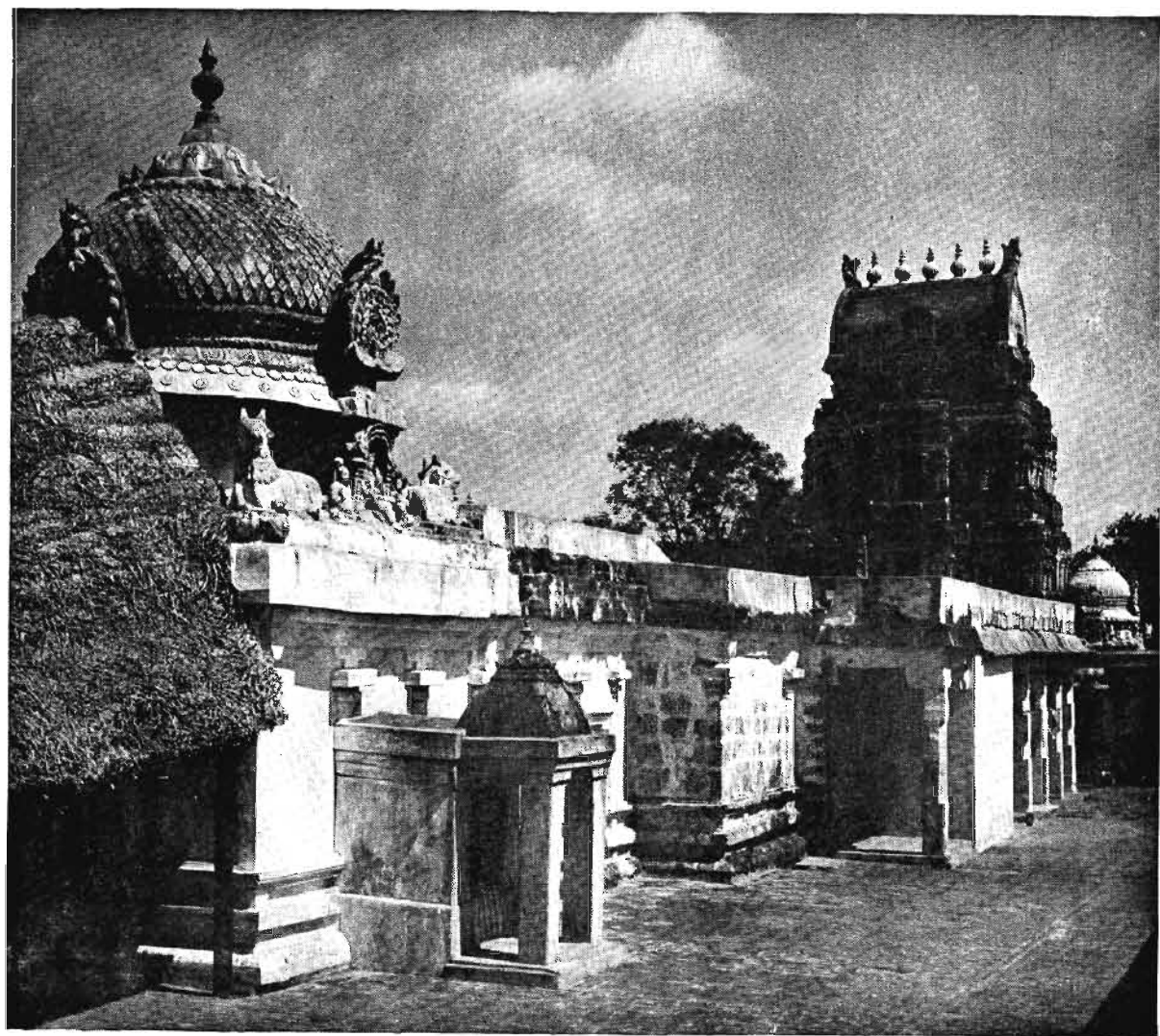
Sri Payaraneeswaraswamy temple

The temple was built by the Zamindars of Udayarpalayam some 300 years ago. It is 5 miles from Jayamkondacholapuram on the bus route connecting it with Ariyalur. It can be reached by bus from Tiruchirapalli, the district headquarters which is at a distance of 52 miles. During Hyder's period, the idol of Sri Kamakshiamman of Kanchipuram was brought here and installed in a special mandapam built by the then Zamindar. After the overthrow of Thippu Sultan when order was restored in Thondamandalam, the idol was taken back to Kanchipuram. The presiding deity is Sri Payaraneeswarar and His consort is Sri Gukamakundharaibambal. The temple covers an area of 13.33 acres and built according to the Agamas. It has a sanctum sanctorum, an artha mandapam, a Kamakshi mandapam, a bharathamani mandapam and a tank known as Kandeelatheertham. The Lingam is not a Swayambu. There are clay idols for sub-deities.

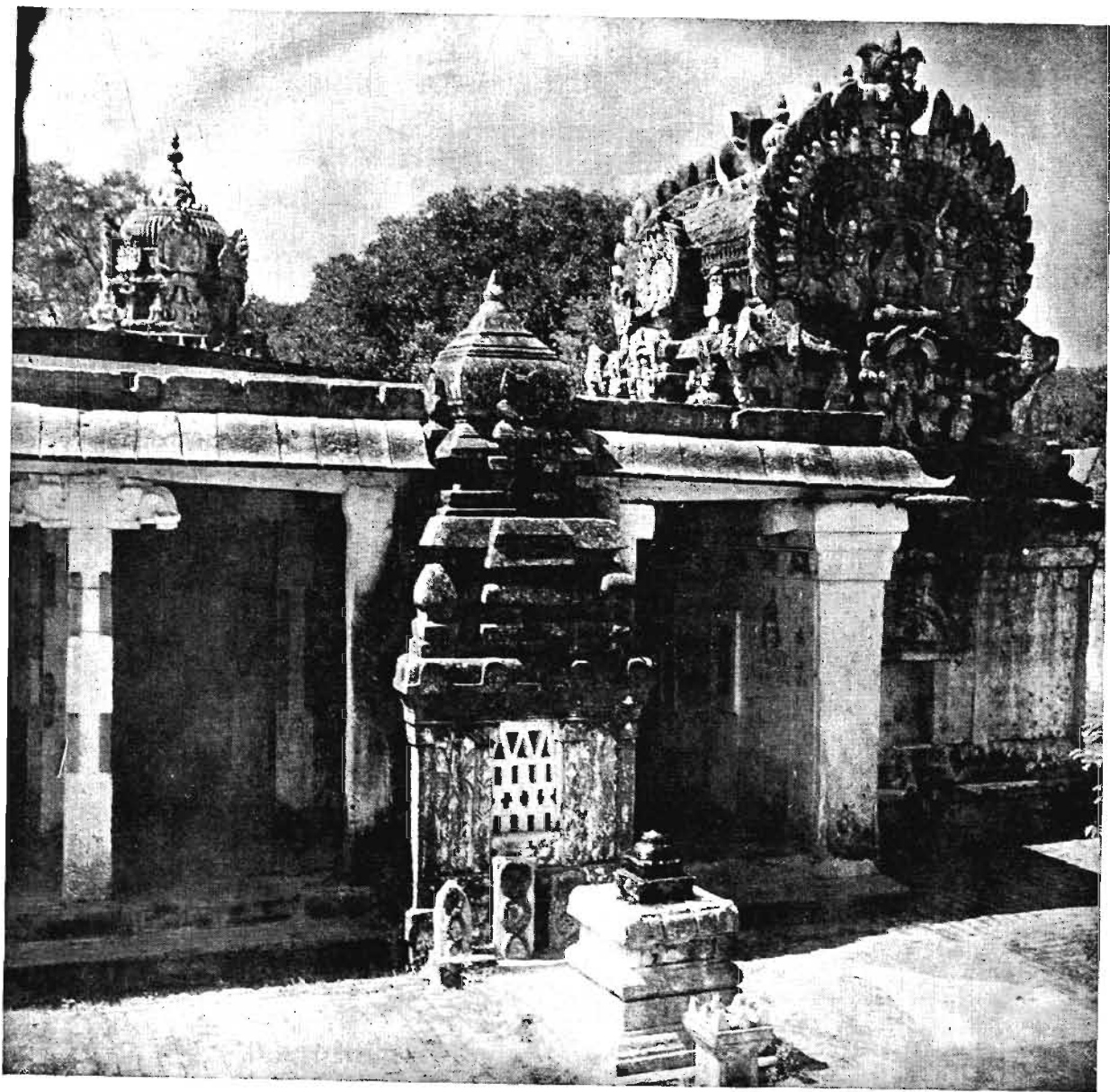
Poojas are performed thrice a day by a non-hereditary Gurukkal who is paid a monthly salary. The temple owns antique jewellery in gold and silver worth about Rs. 3000/- donated by the Zamindar's family. The landed properties comprise 154.58 acres of dry lands from which an annual income of Rs. 600/-



Sri Kazhumalainadhaswamy Temple, Jayamkonda Cholapuram



Sri Kazhumalainadhaswamy Temple, Jayamkonda Cholapuram. (Another view)



The Perumal Temple, Jayamkonda Cholapuram



A view of the Gopuram: Sri Mariamman Temple, Samayapuram

is derived. This is spent towards the salary of the temple servants and for its maintenance.

The hundi collections on the 18th day of Adi month and the income under fees collected for weddings performed in the temple fetch an income of Rs. 125/- per annum. There are wooden palanquins in which the Panchamurthys are taken round the streets in procession during festive occasions.

Karthigai and Arudhra are the main annual festivals celebrated by the temple which attract about 10,000 devotees from far and near.

A single hereditary trustee is in charge of the temple.

97. KALLANKURICHI

Sri Kaliyuga Varadharajaperumal temple

Kallankurichi is 20 miles from Udayarpalayam, the taluk headquarters and connected by bus service. The nearest railway station is Ariyalur which is at a distance of 5 miles. The presiding deity of the temple is Sri Kaliyuga Varadharajaperumal. It was built some 180 years ago by Sri Mangan Padayachi as revealed by the stone inscriptions. Additions and renovations were effected later on by members of the Padayachi community. The temple covers an area of 2 acres and has a tank. There are two praharams and a mandapam known as Dhasavathara mandapam with 12 beautiful stone pillars in which all the ten incarnations of Sri Mahavishnu are artistically carved. The Moolavar Kaliyugaperumal is in the form of a 11'4" high pillar. There are festival idols for Perumal, Sridevi, Bhudevi and Hanuman, all made of panchalogram.

Poojas are offered five times a day by priests of Padayachi community to the Moolavar and Bhattacharis for Uthsavamoorthys. The priests are paid a monthly salary. The temple owns modern jewellery in gold and silver worth about Rs. 56,343/- made out of the temple funds as well as donated by the devotees. The landed properties of the temple comprise 153.01 acres of wet and dry lands from which an annual income of about Rs. 2,700/- is derived. This is spent towards the poojas and festivals of the temple and for its maintenance. The temple runs a Girls' high school and a choultry. The annual collections from the hundi amount to about Rs. 1,34,000/-. The hundi is opened by the hereditary trustees on a specific day every year. The temple derives an additional annual income of Rs. 4,236/- by way of archana charges at the rate of 12 nP. per archana. The temple owns 3 cars, 2 chariots, 4 vimanams and 3 palanquins made of wood, iron, silver

and glass respectively. The cars are 75 years old while the others were made about 45 years back.

The temple celebrates a number of festivals almost throughout the year of which the Sri Ramanavami during the Panguni Brahmothsavam for a period of 10 days is the main one which attracts about 50,000 devotees from far and near.

A hereditary trustee and an Executive Officer manage the affairs of the temple.

166. GOVINDAPUTTUR

Sri Gangaleeswarar temple

The Siva temple in Govindaputtur dedicated to Lord Gangaleeswara was built some 900 years ago by Sri Raja Raja Chola which is testified by the carving of his image in the walls of the temple praharam. Sambandar who lived in the 7th century has sung about the deity. As the Coleroon was in full floods he could not reach the village, but composed his song from the southern bank of the Coleroon. A temple should have been in existence even in the 7th century and the Cholas apparently made additions. The village is 20 miles from Jayamkondacholapuram. Devotees can reach T. Palur or Muttuvanchery by bus. From there a short distance has to be covered by foot or cart.

The temple covers an area of 1.02 acres and the Lingam is a Swayambu. On the walls of the mahamandapam, the figures of Krishnan, Parvathi and Parmeswaran, Brahma, Vishnu, Natarajar, Sivagami, Subramaniam with Valli and Deivanai, Vinayagar, Dhakshinamurthy, Appar, Sundarar, and Manickavasagar are beautifully drawn. These are all oil paintings. In the sanctum of Sri Natarajar there is an underground passage. The sannidhi of Pillayar in the southern part of the temple faces south indicating that He is protecting the village from the Coleroon floods. He is, therefore, known as Pralayamkatha Vinayagar.

Poojas are performed daily twice by a hereditary Gurukkal who is in the enjoyment of service inam lands. The immovable properties comprise 36 acres of lands, which fetch an annual income of Rs. 300/- and it is spent towards the poojas of the temple. There are also some service inam lands and these services are performed well. There are 7 vahanas, all made of wood.

Chithra Pournami, Adipooram, Navarathiri, Karthigai deepam, Margazhi Thiruvathirai, Thaipooam, Masimagam and Vinayaga Chaturthi are the regular annual festivals observed of which the Chithra Pournami for 10 days and the Margazhi Thiruvathirai are

the main ones which are attended by about 5,000 devotees.

The temple is managed by a Board of five trustees.

ERAKKUDI

(Hamlet of 175. Iyan Suthamalli)

Sri Adhi Mathiya Arjuneswarar temple

According to tradition when blocks of granite were conveyed in bullock carts from the Sriuvachur hill in Perambalur taluk for the construction of the Siva temple at Thanjavur, the axles of the carts invariably broke down at this place. When the Chola ruler was apprised of the fact, he considered that the God desired to have a temple here and he completed the shrine. The age of the temple is about 1000 years. As the stones had to be taken out of the carts and placed on the ground when the axles gave way, the place came to be known as Erakkudi (செல் இறக்கிய இடம்). The village is 4 miles from Kallagam railway station and 33 miles from Tiruchirapalli. Bus facilities are available to reach the place.

The temple covers an area of 5 cents and has a sanctum sanctorum, an arthamandapam, a mottai-mandapam with a 1½' high Nandhi and a mahamandapam. There is a 10' high vimanam over the main sanctum and another small vimanam over the Amman sannidhi. The temple was renovated in 1961.

The presiding deity Sri Adhi Madya Arjuneswara is represented by a 2' high installed Lingam. The idol of His consort Sri Ahilandeswari is about 4' in height. The other idols are Vishnu, Brahma, Pillaiyar, Lakshmi, Bhuvaramurthy and Iyanar.

There are no festival idols.

A non-hereditary Brahmin Gurukkal who is paid a monthly salary of Rs. 30/- from the temple revenues offers a single pooja daily. The landed properties of the temple comprise 20.66 acres of dry lands from which an annual income of Rs. 500/- accrues and this is spent towards the maintenance of the temple. It is managed by a single trustee.

186. KAMARASAVALLI

Sri Sundareswarar temple

According to tradition, Karkodagan, the serpent prince did penance here and got himself cured of his deadly disease when King Parcekshat cursed him to become a leper on his being bitten by him. The Lord is also known as Sri Karkoteswarar. The village

acquired a sanctity and there is a belief that snake bites are harmless here. There is an ant-hill in the inner praharam of the temple before the Gomugam and it is believed that a serpent comes and offers pooja to Lord Sundareswara, the presiding deity. The design of the temple is similar to the big temple at Thanjavur.

The village is 6 miles south of Ambalavarkattalai which is on the Ariyalur-Vikramangalam bus route. This distance can be covered by cart. It is 24 miles from the taluk headquarters and the nearest railway station is Ariyalur at a distance of 19 miles. It is learnt that the temple was built by Raja Raja Chola. There are a number of stone inscriptions relating to the Chola period. The temple covers an area of 58,400 sq. ft. It has a sanctum sanctorum and two praharams. There are also four stone mandapams where the pillars have fine carvings. Sri Sundareswarar and His consort Balambigai are the presiding deities of the temple. The Lingam is an installed one.

Saint Appar is seen as a drummer as he performed the "Saakkai Koothu" dance here. There is a granite idol on the left side of the main sanctum in the pose of two serpents with their hoods spread out which represents the pooja offered by Karkodagan here. There is also a dilapidated statue of Kamaradhi Valli which indicates that Radhi got back her husband's life, after worshipping the Lord. It is stated that the village was originally known as Kamaradhi Valli which became corrupted into Kamarasavalli.

A non-hereditary Gurukkal who is paid a monthly salary from the temple revenues offers two poojas daily. The temple owns about 180 acres of wet and dry lands which fetch an annual income of Rs. 900/-. The temple owns a 5½' high wooden Rishaba vahanam made 200 years ago which is in a state of disrepair. No festivals are celebrated at present.

A Board of five trustees manages the temple.

NARIYANUR

(Hamlet of 190 Alagia Manavalan)

Sri Kasi Viswanathaswamy Temple

According to tradition, Radhidevi, the consort of Manmadha performed a penance in the Sri Sundareswarar temple at Kamarasavalli praying for the restoration of her husband's life. When the Lord directed her to bathe in the Ganges, she enquired "How can I reach Kasi which is so far away". The Lord replied that it would be enough if she took a bath in the river flowing to the South of the village. Accordingly she bathed in the Coleroon and prayed to Lord Kasi Viswanatha and

Visalakshi when they gave her dharshan and granted her prayer. There is another legend according to which when king Pareekshit was bitten by Karkodagan, the serpent prince, the king cursed it to become a leper. To get rid of the deadly disease, Karkodagan did penance at Kamarasavalli for which he took water from this village (Nadiyanur) and so the place came to be known as Nadiyanur which became corrupted as Nariyanur.

The age of the temple is about 1000 years. The village is 5 miles from Ayyampettai railway station and 25 miles from Tiruchirapalli. Bus facilities are available to reach the place. The temple covers an area of 14 cents. The presiding deity Sri Kasi Viswanathaswamy is represented by a 2½' high installed Lingam. His consort is Sri Visalakshi. There are no Uthsavamurthis here.

A non-hereditary Gurukkal offers a single pooja daily. He is paid a monthly salary from the temple revenue. The immovable properties of the temple comprise of 19.14 acres from which an income of Rs. 500/- per annum accrues and the same is spent for the upkeep and maintenance of the temple. The 18th day of Adi is the only important annual festival celebrated by the temple which attracts about 100 devotees from the neighbouring villages.

The temple is managed by a Board of three trustees of whom one is the managing trustee.

203. THIRUMAZHAPADI or THIRUMALAVADI

Sri Vaidyanadhaswamy Temple

The temple for Sri Vaidyanadhaswamy in Thirumazhapadi village is an ancient one as Appar, Sambandar and Sundarar have sung about the deity. The village is 12 miles from Pullambadi railway station and 40 miles from Tiruchirapalli. Bus facilities are available to reach the village. The temple was built by a Chola king by name Cholan Mahadevi. The stone inscriptions on the walls of the praharam are not clear. The presiding deity is Sri Vaidyanadhaswamy. The Devi's name is Sri Sundarambal. According to tradition, the Lingam in the temple is a gift made by Lord Brahma to Purusha Maharishi for his worship. The temple is artistically built on the banks of the river Coleroon by the side of the road connecting Thirumazhapadi with Ariyalur. It covers an area of about 7 acres and has three praharams, a sacred tank, 382 stone pillars including those in the 100 pillar mandapam and 2 sanctums. There are 2 gopurams, one 80' high and the other about 65' in height with a base of 54' x 42' and 42' x 24' respectively.

The Lingam is a Swayambu and its circumference is 2'. A noteworthy feature of this temple is the idol of Somaskandha, made of a single block of granite.

Poojas are performed 4 times a day by a non-hereditary Gurukkal who is paid a monthly salary from the temple revenues. The temple owns antique jewellery in gold and silver worth about Rs. 9,000/- donated by devotees. The landed properties of the temple comprise of 1.49 acres of wet and 73.14 acres of dry lands from which an annual income of Rs. 18,000/- is derived. This is spent towards the poojas and festivals, for the salaries of the temple servants and for its maintenance. There are also some kattalai (endowments) lands. The hundi collections and the income under fees collected for archanas, abishegam, tonsure ceremonies and marriages performed in the temple fetch an income of Rs. 600/- per annum. The temple owns a car and a palanquin. They are made of wood and glass respectively.

Masi Mahotsavam and Panguni Nandhikeswarar Thirukalyanam are the two regular annual festivals observed by the temple. Of these, the Thirukalyanam of Nandhikeswarar is the main one. This festival is not generally observed in other temples. Sri Iyarappan (Panchanadheeswarar) of Thiruvayar crosses the Coleroon, reaches Thirumalaipadi and performs the wedding of Adhikaranandi with Suyahambikai in the August presence of Sri Vaidyanadhaswamy. About 5000 people are present. The devotees believe that those who bathe in the river Coleroon and then in the Lakshmi theertham in front of the Amman sannidhi will get relief from all kinds of skin diseases.

Three trustees and an Executive Officer appointed by the Hindu Religious and Charitable Endowments Board manage the affairs of the temple.

Legends

1. Sri Vedavyasa got rid of his disease by worshipping the Lord here.
2. When a bird of the kite species was about to take the food placed on the balipeetam, it was killed by a hunter with an arrow. The God took pity on the bird and it attained salvation by His grace. It is said that a descendant of the above bird is still residing on the temple tower.
3. Chandran (Moon God) was specially attached to Rohini among his 27 wives. Dhakshan, his father-in-law cursed that he would lose his lustre for this partiality. He worshipped the Lord here and got back his original form.

UDAYARPALAYAM

Sl. No.	L. C. No.	Name of the village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
1	1	Anganur (H/o Sannasi Nallur)	Sri Azhakeswaraswamy temple (S)	100	0.35	Sri Azhakeswarar, Sri Azhakeswari	...
2	6	Olaiyur	Sri Chokkanathar temple (S)	200	Below 0.01	Sri Chokkanathar	...
3	„	do	Sri Ayyanar temple (O)	300	Below 0.01	Sri Ayyanar	...
4	14	Vilandai	Sri Agastheeswarar temple (S)	500	0.22	Sri Agastheeswarar, Sri Amman j	...
5	19	Thamaraipoondi (H/o Manakudayan)	Sri Dharmalingaswamy temple (S)	1000	0.65	Sri Dharmalingaswamy, Sri Dharmambikai	...
6	21	Manapathur	Sri Muppureswarar temple (S)	500	0.19	Sri Muppureswarar, Sri Muthalamman	...
7	„	do	Sri Karuppanar temple (O)	Age not Stated	0.17	Sri Karuppanar, Sri Kathayi	...
8	„	do	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	600	0.02	Sri Mariamman	...
9	„	do	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	500	0.07	Sri Varadarajaperumal, Sri Radha, Sri Rukmani	...
10	„	do	Sri Ayyanar temple (O)	Age not stated	Below 0.01	Sri Ayyanar, Sri Pooranathammal, Sri Porkodiyal	...
11	24	Kulumur	Sri Jayapureswarar temple (S)	do	1.00	Sri Jayapureswarar, Sri Ambal	...
12	„	do	Sri Kaliavaradaraja Perumal temple (V)	do	1.00	Sri Kaliavaradaraja Perumal, Sri Sridevi, Sri Bhudevi	...

TALUK

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)				Annual income from the immovable property	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.	Other immovable property		Jewels (Value of the Gold and Silver jewels)	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)

and Charitable Endowments Board

Mathur Railway station 8 miles	...	8.00	...	Thoppu 4.00	Rs. 120 and 30 bags of Ragi	Value not stated	Peacock	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	Panguni Uthiram
Pennadam Railway station 8 miles	...	19.27	..	...	500	...	...	Once in a day by an Archagar	No
do	...	18.88	...	...	1000	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Poosari	Urani Thiruvizha in Purattasi
Vridhachalam Railway station 15 miles	...	...	43.94	...	300	...	...	No	Soorasamhara Uthsavam in Ippasi
Mathur Railway station 3 miles	3.31	11.35	...	...	300	290	...	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	No
Mathur Railway station 2 miles	0.91	3.90	...	...	300	...	Horse Yali	Once in a day by a Poosari	No
do	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	do	No
do	0.07	4.55	...	...	250	...	...	do	No
do	...	3.14	...	...	100	...	Garuda	Only lighting lamp by an Archagar	No
do	1.10	4.82	...	...	500	...	...	Once in a day by a Poosari	No
Mathur Railway station 4 miles	60.00	40.00	...	...	1000	...	Rishabam Peacock Swan Bandicoot	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Thiruvathirai Panguni Uthiram Navarathri
do	...	...	...	...	...	...	Naga Garuda	Twice in a day by a Bhattachariar	Vaikunta Ekadasi Navarathri Karthigai Deepam

UDAYARPALAYAM

Sl. No.	L. C. No.	Name of the village	Name of the Temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
13	25	Peramudi	Sri Varadaraja-	Not stated	0.05	Sri Varadarajaperumal	...
14	"	H/o Vanjinapuram-	perumal temple (V)			Sri Pillaiyar	...
15	"	do	Sri Pillaiyar temple (G)			Sri Ayyanar	Sri Mariamman
16	"	do	Sri Ayyanar temple (O)			Sri Perandal	...
17	"	do	Sri Perandal temple (F)			Sri Ellaipidari	...
			Sri Ellaipidari Amman temple (F)				
18	"	Vanjipuram	Sri Tholeeswarar temple (S)	500	0.14	Sri Tholeeswarar Sri Parvathi Amman	..
19	26	Chokkanathapuram	Sri Chokkanathar temple (S)	600	0.22	Sri Chokkanathar Sri Meenakshiamman	...
20	"	Palamalainathapuram	Sri Palamalainathar temple (S)	600	0.27	Sri Palamalainathar Sri Periya Nayaki	...
21	27	Nakkambadi	Sri Kailasanathar temple (S)	500	0.61	Sri Kailasanathar Sri Kundalambikai	...
22	"	do	Sri Vinayagar temple (G)	Not stated	0.05	Sri Vinayagar	...
23	"	do	Sri Mariamman temple (F)		0.02	Sri Mariamman	...
24	"	do	Sri Selliamman temple (F)		0.02	Sri Selliamman	...
25	29	Sirukalathur	Sri Kotteeswaraswamy temple (S)	1000	0.08	Sri Kotteeswaraswamy Sri Prasanna Nayaki Amman	...
26	31	Kuvagam	Sri Tholeeswaraswamy temple (S)		0.43	Sri Tholeeswaraswamy	...
27	"	do	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)		0.23	Sri Varadarajaperumal	...
28	37	Thirukkalappur	Sri Thirukotivana-	500	0.62	Sri Thirukotivana-	Sri Vishnu, Sri Arumugar
			deeswarar temple(S)			warar Sri Kamakshi Amman	Sri Saraswathi Sri Manickavasagar Sri Sundarar

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A. C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Sendurai Railway station 2½ miles	...	13.36	...	...	300	...	...	Once in a day by a Bhattachariar	Visaga Uthsavam in Vaikasi
do									
do									
do									
Sendurai Railway station 3 miles	2.37	2.37	...	...	1,500	...	...	Once in a day by an Archagar	Thiruvathirai Annabishegam
Chokkanathapuram Railway station 4 miles	...	20.60	...	...	126	...	...	do	No
Chokkanathapuram Railway station 6 miles	...	20.95	...	...	96	...	...	No	No
Sendurai Railway station 1 mile	5.01	12.63	...	...	150	50	Rishabam	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	Sivarathri, Karthigai Deepam
do	...	0.88	...	...	150	...	...	do	Karthigai Deepam
do	0.61	3.85	...	...	350	...	...	Once in a day by a Poosari	Annabishegam Karthigai Deepam
do	0.24	...	...	...	50	...	...	No	Annabishegam Karthigai Deepam
Sendurai Railway station 6½ miles	...	11.80	...	...	500	...	Peacock	No	No
Mathur Railway station 8 miles	...	...	56.52	...	300	5	Rishabam Palanquin Peacock	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Skandha Sashti, Thirivathirai, Sivarathri, Annabishegam Karthigai Deepam
do	...	...	28.36	...	300	...	...	Once in a day by an Archagar	Vaikunta Ekadasi Sri Rama Navami
Vridhachalam Railway station 20 miles	16.17	93.04	...	Iluppai and Tamarind Trees	250 and paddy 100 kalams	...	Ratham Swan Peacock Rishabam Bandicoot	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Panguni Uthiram Thirivathirai Thaipoosam

UDAYARPALAYAM

Sl. No.	L. C. No.	Name of the village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
29	41	Vangudi	Sri Vaidyanathaswamy temple (S)	67	0.10	Sri Vaidyanathaswamy Sri Thaiyanayaki Amman	Sri Saneeswarar Sri Dhandapani
30	42	Thandalai H/o Thandalai Eruvangudi	Sri Thirumeneeswarar temple (S)	300	0.28	Sri Thirumeneeswarar Sri Amman	Sri Vishnu Sri Saneeswarar Sri Chandikeswarar Sri Dhakshinamurthy
31	„	Ervangudi H/o Thandalai Eruvangudi	Sri Ekambareswarar temple (S)	150	0.88	Sri Ekambareswarar Sri Kamakshi Amman	...
32	50	Sendurai	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	60	0.02	Sri Varadarajaperumal Sri Amman	Sri Vinayagar Sri Mamunivar Sri Thayaramman
33	„	do	Sri Sivathandeswara-swamy temple (S)	200	0.34	Sri Sivathandeswara-swamy Sri Perianayaki Amman	Sri Dhakshinamurthy Sri Chiraimetta-Ayyanar Sri Kali
34	51	Vellur H/o Pottaveli	Sri Vaidyanathaswamy temple (S)	500	0.22	Sri Vaidyanathaswamy Sri Thaiyal Nayaki	...
35	„	do	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	200	0.15	Sri Varadarajaperumal Sri Alamelumangai	...
36	52	Poyyadanallur H/o Iluppaiyur	Sri Kailasanathaswamy temple (S)	200	0.33	Sri Kailasanathaswamy Sri Kamakshiamman	...
37	„	Iluppaiyur	Sri Margapureeswarar temple (S)	150	0.22	Sri Margapureeswarar Sri Maragadhambal	...
38	„	do	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	100	0.16	Sri Varadarajaperumal Sri Alamelumangai	...
39	53	Rayamburam	Sri Rajagambeera Eswarar temple (S)	150	0.37	Sri Rajagambeera Eswarar Sri Parvadhambal	...
40	54	Sennivanam	Sri Deergapureeswara-swamy temple (S)	300	1.32	Sri Deergapureeswarar Sri Swarnambikai	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)		Annual income from the immovable property		Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals	
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.	Other immovable property	Jewels (Value of the Gold and Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas			
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Aduthurai Railway station 22 miles	...	36.00	...	...	700	200	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No
Mathur Railway station 18 miles	...	11.73	...	Thoppu 1.77	500	...	...	do	No
Vridhachalam Railway station 24 miles	...	10.56	...	...	350	...	...	Daily Pooja by a Gurukkal	Sivarathri
Sendurai Railway station	8.00	30.00	...	House 1	Rs. 700/- and Paddy 120 Kalams	500	Car Ratham Palanquin	Twice in a day by a Bhattachariar	Car Festival (Vaikasi) Krishna Jayanthi Vaikunta Ekadasi Navarathri Karthigai Deepam
do	40.00	75.00	...	Tastic allowance Rs. 26.61 and Houses-4	Rs. 3000/- and Paddy 200 Kalams	200	Cars-2 Rathams-2 Palanquin Horse Lion Garuda Bandicoot	Four times in a day by a Gurukkal	Chithra Pournami Sivarathri Thiruvathirai Navarathri Adi pooram Karthigai Deepam Vinayaga Chathurthi
Sendurai Railway station 6 miles	10.16	39.36	...	Iluppai trees-5, Tamarind trees-11	700	350	Ratham Rishabam Peacock	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Panguni Uthiram
do	1.44	8.04	...	...	200	...	Garuda	Once in a day by an Archagar	No
Sedurai Railway station 7 miles	7.94	59.19	...	...	1000	70	Rishabams-5	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	No
Sendurai Railway station 10 miles	6.61	13.29	...	...	50	...	Rishabams-2	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
do	1.19	11.14	...	...	Income not stated	...	Garudas-2	Once in a day by a Bhattachariar	No
Sendurai Railway station 3½ miles	9.34	27.96	...	...	1000	...	Rishabams-2	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	No
Sendurai Railway station 4½ miles	28.42	73.55	...	Iluppai, Tamarind trees and Thoppu	1500	1500	Rishabams-2 Peacock	do	Thiruvathirai Anl Thirumanjanam

UDAYARPALAYAM

Sl. No.	L. C. No.	Name of the village	Name of the Temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
41	54	Sennivanam	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	150	0.22	Sri Varadarajaperumal, Sri Lakshmi	...
42	55	Anandavadi	Sri Amirdhakadeswarar temple (S)	150	0.38	Sri Amirdhakadeswarar, Sri Amirdhambal	Sri Dhakshinamurthy Sri Brahma Sri Durgai Sri Chandikeswarar
43	„	Kilroyapuram H/O Anandavadi	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	300	0.15	Sri Varadarajaperumal	...
44	61	Veerakkan	Sri Vinayagar temple (G)	50	0.01	Sri Vinayagar	...
45	„	do	Sri Ayyanar temple (O)	500	A. N. S.	Sri Ayyanar	...
46	62	Pilakurichy	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	100	0.05	Sri Mariamman	...
47	70	Vettiarvettu	Sri Duraimelazhakar temple (O)	200	2.00	Sri Duraimelazhakar	Sri Veerabadran Sri Badrakaliannan Sri Maduraiveeran Sri Selliamman
48	71	Meenchurutti H/o Kuntaveli	Sri Chokkalingeswara-swamy temple (S)	150	0.04	Sri Chokkalingeswara-swamy, Sri Meenakshi Amman	...
49	72	Kollapuram H/o Kattagaram	Sri Aparadharakshakar temple (S)	100	0.49	Sri Aparadharakshakar, Sri Abiramiamman	...
50	75	Muthuservamadam	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	500	0.10	Sri Varadarajaperumal, Sridevi, Bhudevi	Sri Alwar, Sri Hanumar Sri Perundevi Thayar
51	„	Gangavadangannallur H/o Muthuservamadam	Sri Chokkanathar temple (S)	100	Below 0.01	Sri Chokkanathar, Sri Meenakshiamman	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway Station or the Trunk Road (9)	Property (Immovable)				Annual income from the immovable property Rs. (14)	Movable property Jewels (Value of the Gold and Silver jewels) Rs. (15)	Vahanas (16)	Arrangements for daily poojas (17)	Festivals (18)
	Wet	Dry	Wet and dry	Other im-					
	A.C. (10)	A. C. (11)	A.C. (12)	movable property (13)					
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Sendurai Railway station 4½ miles	8.60	28.28	...	...	700	...	Garuda	Twice in a day by a Bhattachariar	No
Sendurai Railway station 4 miles	3.00	19.00	...	...	200	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
Sendurai Railway station 3 miles	...	...	4.92	...	250	...	Horse Garuda	Once in a day by a Bhattachariar	Saraswathi Pooja
Sendurai Railway station 7 miles	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Daily lighting and poojas on Mondays and Fridays by a hereditary Poosari	Vinayaga Chathurthi
do	...	...	0.62	...	50	50	Rishabams-2 Peacock	Once in a day by a hereditary Padayachi	Mahasivarathri Chithra Pournami
Sendurai Railway station 8 miles	...	...	...	...	...	15	Rishabam	Lighting only by a hereditary Padayachi	Kappu Kattu Thiruvizha, Chithra Pournami
Aduthurai Railway station 17 miles	...	19.24	...	...	1,000	...	...	Once in a day by a Padayachi	No
Aduthurai Railway station 16 miles	...	106.93	...	Shandy	10,000	2,000	Rishabam Horse Bandicoot	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No
Aduthurai Railway station 17 miles	...	37.19	...	...	1,200	...	Peacock Palanquin Bandicoot Rishabam Swan, Horse Sooran	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Thiruvathirai, Thirumanjanam
Aduthurai Railway station 18 miles	...	53.89	...	...	500	50	Garuda Palanquin	Once in a day by a Bhattachariar	...
do	0.91	18.12	...	...	1,000	...	...	Three times in a day by a Gurukkal	No

UDAYARPALAYAM

Sl.No.	L. C. No.	Name of the village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religions							
52	75	Pallikonda Perumal Kovil H/o Muthuservamadam	Sri Nathamuni Ranganathaswamy temple (V)	1000	0.32	Sri Nathamuni Ranganathaswamy	...
53	76	Ilayaperumal Nallur	Sri Kailasanathaswamy temple (S)	150	0.17	Sri Kailasanathaswamy Sri Anandavalli	Sri Dhandeswarar
54	„	do	Sri Narasinga Perumal temple (V)	21	0.15	Sri Narasinga Perumal	Sri Viswanathar Sri Visalakshi
55	79	Jayankonda Chalapuram	Sri Kattu Subramania-swamy temple (M)	60	Below 0.01	Sri Dhandayudhapani Sri Valli, Sri Deivayanai	...
56	„	do	Sri Apathukatha Vinayagar temple (G)	100	0.05	Sri Apathukatha Vinayagar	...
57	„	do	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	200	0.50	Sri Varadarajaperumal Sri Perundevi Thayar	...
58	„	do	Sri Choleeswarar temple (S)	80	Below 0.01	Sri Choleeswarar Sri Sundaranayaki Amman	Sri Dhakshinamurthy
59	„	do	Sri Chenneeswarar temple (S)	500	1.00	Sri Chenneeswarar Sri Sivaloga Nayaki	...
60	„	do	Sri Selliamman temple (F)	200	0.30	Sri Selliamman	...
61	„	do	Sri Manickanachiar temple (F)	200	0.15	Sri Manickanachiar	...
62	„	do	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	200	0.30	Sri Mariamman	...
63	„	do	Sri Ayyanar temple (O)	150	0.05	Sri Ayyanar	...
64	83	Udayarpalayam	Sri Prasanna Venkatesa Perumal temple (V)	300	6.16	Sri Prasanna Venkatesa Perumal Sri Upanachiar	...
65	88	Ottakovil	Sri Swarna Pureeswarar temple (S)	300	0.25	Sri Swarna Pureeswarar Sri Perianayaki Amman	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)		Wet and dry A.C.	Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.				Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver Rs.)	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Aduthurai Railway station 15 miles	...	82.96	...	Iuppai Thoppu 4.00	312	Value not stated	Palanquin Horse Garuda	Once in a day by a Bhattachariar	No
Aduthurai Railway station 16 miles	...	...	14.00	...	500	50	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No
do	...	10.85	...	...	500	...	Horse Rishabam Garuda Sesha Bandicoot	Once in a day by a hereditary Bhattachari	No
Mathur Railway station 15 miles	...	18.07	...	...	500	232	Peacock	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	No
do	...	1.70	...	...	200	Value not stated	Bandicoot Kedayam	do	No
do	13.48	28.19	...	...	2,000	200	Garudas-2 Sesha Kedayam	Twice in a day by a Bhattachari	Vaikunta Ekadasi
do	...	8.03	...	...	250	5	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	Karthigai Deepam
do	1.55	34.46	...	...	2,000	...	...	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	No
do	}							No	No
do		12.00	...	...	500	...	Kedayams-2	Once in a day by a hereditary Poosari	Veedhi Uthsavam in Adi and Thai Fridays
do								do	do
do	1.33	1.41	...	...	200	...	...	Once in a day by a Poosari	No
Ariyalur Railway station 18 miles	...	147.38	...	...	500	250	...	Once in a day by a Bhattachari	No
Ariyalur Railway station 5 miles	...	26.57	...	Iuppai trees-7 Tamarind trees-4	600	...	Rishabam	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No

UDAYARPALAYAM

Sl. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the village	Name of the Temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
66	88	Kallamedu H/o Ottakovil	Sri Kumarappaswamy temple (S)	100	0.20	Sri Kumarappaswamy	..
67	..	do	Sri Ayyanar temple (O)	100	0.04	Sri Ayyanar	...
68	..	do	Sri Vinayagar temple (G)	100	0.04	Sri Vinayagar	...
69	..	do	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	100	0.04	Sri Mariamman	...
70	94	Ariyalur	Sri Balasubramania-swamy temple (M)	200	0.10	Sri Balasubramaniaswamy Sri Valli, Sri Deivayanai	...
71	..	do	Sri Alandurayar temple (S)	750	0.56	Sri Vadamooleswarar	..
72	..	do	Sri Kodhandarama-swamy temple (V)	750	0.69	Sri Srinivasa Perumal	...
73	..	do	Sri Kailasanathar temple (S)	200	0.15	Sri Kailasanathar Sri Kamakshiamman	...
74	..	do	Sri Viswanathaswamy temple (S)	400	0.25	Sri Viswanathaswamy	...
75	..	do	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)			Sri Varadarajaperumal	...
76	98	Mannakudi	Sri Selliamman temple (F)	200	Below 0.01	Sri Selliamman	...
77	101	Telur	Sri Somandeeswarar temple (S)	60	0.16	Sri Somandeeswarar, Sri Soundaryanayaki	...
78	..	do	Sri Kamba Perumal temple (V)	60	0.02	Sri Kamba Perumal	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway Station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)				Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.	Other immovable property		Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels)	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Ottakovil Railway station	...	8.96	...	...	90	...	Rishabams-2	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Festival is celebrated once in 4 years
do	...	1.69	...	...	20	...	...	do	do
do	...	1.29	...	...	15	...	...	do	do
do	...	1.99	...	...	20	...	...	do	do
Ariyalur Railway station	...	6.93	...	...	75	330	Peacock (Silver) Elephant Horse Sheep Bhootham	Twice in a day by a hereditary Poosari	Soora Samharam in Ippasi
do	24.86	4.95	250.0	...	6,000	120	Car	Four times in a day by a Gurukkal	Thiruvathirai Annabishegam Karthigai Deepam
do						...	Palanquin	Four times in a day by a Bhat-tachari	Vaikunta Ekadasi, Sri Rama Navami, Karthigai Deepam
do	10.00	...	100	...	...	Daily pooja by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
do	25.00	Shops & House	580	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Poosari	No
do									
Ariyalur Railway station 4½ miles	8.31	...	100	500	Car Lion	Once in a day by a Poosari	No
Ariyalur Railway station 9 miles	5.45	12.68	...	...	500	75	Rishabam	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Vaikasi Visagam
do	...	7.00	...	...	26	...	Garuda	Once in a day by a hereditary Poosari	Vaikunta Ekadasi

UDAYARPALAYAM

Sl. No.	L. C. No.	Name of the village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religions							
79	105	Zamin Thathanoor	Sri Choleeswaraswamy temple (S)	200	0.24	Sri Choleeswaraswamy	...
80	108	Pillichikuli	Sri Kailasanathar temple (S)	300	Below 0.01	Sri Kailasanathar, Sri Kamakshiamman	Sri Sagundeswarar
81	110	Vanathirayan Pattanam	Sri Chenneswarar temple (S)	900	0.23	Sri Chenneswarar Sri Perianayaki	Sri Natarajar Sri Chandeeswarar
82	„	do	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	400	0.01	Sri Venkateswaraperumal, Sridevi, Bhudevi	Sri Hunumar
83	111	Uthrakudi H/o Angarayanallur	Sri Lakshminarayana Perumal temple (V)	200	0.30	Sri Lakshminarayana-swamy, Sri Lakshmi	...
84	„	do	Sri Viswanathaswamy temple (S)	200		Sri Viswanathaswamy Sri Visalakshi	...
85	113	Devamangalam	Sri Vinayagar temple (G)	150	0.19	Sri Vinayagar	...
86	115	Ulkottai	Sri Aparadharakshakar temple (S)	800	0.20	Sri Aparadharakshakar Sri Abiramiamman	Sri Dhakshinamurthy Sri Durgai Sri Lakshmi
87	„	do	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	50	Below 0.01	Sri Varadarajaperumal Sridevi, Bhudevi	...
88	„	do	Sri Selliamman temple (F)	100	0.02	Sri Selliamman	Sri Vinayagar Sri Nachiamma
89	116	Vanavanallur H/o Thaluthalaimedu	Sri Kailasanathar temple (S)	60	0.30	Sri Kailasanathar Sri Kamakshiamman	...
90	„	Veeracholapuram H/o Thaluthalaimedu	Sri Subramaniam temple (M)	80	0.01	Sri Subramaniam Sri Valli, Sri Deivayanai	Sri Vinayagar
91	119	Ayipalayam H/o Karuppurkodali	Sri Arunachaleswarar temple (S)	300	0.13	Sri Arunachaleswarar, Sri Abidhokujambikai	Sri Bhairavar

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway Station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)				Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.	Other immovable property		Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels)	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Sendurai Railway station 10 miles	...	22.72	...	...	Not stated	...	...	No	No
Ariyalur Railway station 23 miles	...	16.00	...	...	400	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
do	...	...	35.00	...	600	...	Swan Peacock Rishaham Horse Manjams-2	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No
do	...	...	10.00	...	500	200	Garuda	Once in a day by a hereditary Bhattachari	No
Kumbakonam Railway station 12½ miles	}	...	...	...	1000	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Bhattachari	Annual Festival in Chithirai
do		30.00	...	...	...	250	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	do
Aduthurai Railway station 15 miles	...	1.25	...	...	200	...	...	No	No
do	4.47	30.39	...	...	600	...	Rishabam Peacock Bandicoot	Daily pooja by a Gurukkal	No
do	...	9.72	...	...	500	...	Garuda	Once in a day by a Bhattachari	No
do	...	8.16	...	...	300	...	Ratham Swan	Daily Pooja by a Gurukkal	Festival for 15 days in Panguni
Aduthurai Railway station 12 miles	0.90	21.73	...	...	2,000	...	Peacock Palanquin Rishabams-2 Bandicoot	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	No
do	0.97	3.97	...	...	400	...	Peacock Bandicoot	Once in a day by an Archagar	Panguni Uthiram
Kumbakonam Railway station 20 miles	10.00	20.62	...	...	1,000	350	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Poosari	Skandha Sashti Annabishegam Sivarathri

UDAYARPALAYAM

Sl. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the Temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religions							
92	119	Karuppurkodali	Sri Chokkanathar temple (S)	300	0.31	Sri Chokkanathar	...
93	„	do	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	300	Below 0.01	Sri Mariamman	...
94	„	do	Sri Ramanarayana Perumal temple (V)	300	0.24	Sri Ramanarayana Perumal, Sri Sita Lakshmi	Sri Anjaneyar
95	120	Ambikapuram H/O Cholamadevi	Sri Chokkanathar temple (S)	100	Below 0.01	Sri Chokkanathar	...
96	124	Nayakanaipiriyal	Sri Margasahaya Eswaraswamy temple (S)	900	0.54	Sri Margasahaya Eswaraswamy, Sri Maragadhavalli	...
97	133	Vilangudi	Sri Swarnapureeswaraswamy temple (S)	500	0.34	Sri Swarnapureeswarar, Sri Soundaryanayaki Amman	...
98	134	Puthur H/O Reddipalayam	Sri Jotheeswarar temple (S)	100	0.16	Sri Jotheeswarar, Sri Sundaranayaki Amman	Sri Chandikeswarar
99	135	Velipirigam H/O Pudupalayam	Sri Viswanathaswamy temple (S)	150	Below 0.01	Sri Viswanathaswamy, Sri Visalakshi	...
100	143	Keelaiyur	Sri Agastheeswarar temple (S)	1500	0.30	Sri Agastheeswarar	...
101	144	Melapalur H/O Kilappalur	Sri Meenakshi Sundareswarar temple (S)	1500	0.32	Sri Meenakshi Sundareswarar	...
102	„	Kilappalur	Sri Alanduraiyar temple (S)	1500	0.56	Sri Alanduraiyar, Sri Arundavanayaki	...
103	„	do	Sri Srinivasa Perumal temple (V)		0.02	Sri Srinivasa Perumal	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)				Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.	Other immovable property		Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Aduthurai Railway station 9 miles	27.20	46.63	...	...	Rs. 410-and paddy 492 Kalams	208	Rishabam	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	No
do	...	1.73	...	...	200	...	...	Once in Tuesdays & Fridays only by a hereditary Poosari	No
do	40.00	60.00	...	...	7,500	1,000	Palanquin Garuda Anjaneyar Suryaprabhai Chandraprabhai Sesha	Three times in a day by a Bhattachariar	Sri Rama Navami Karthigai Deepam Navarathri, Panguni Uthiram
Aduthurai Railway station 10 miles	...	13.82	...	...	300	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
Kumbakonam Railway station 15 miles	Extent not stated			Thoppu	700	3	...	Twice in a day by a hereditary archagar	Adi Pooram, Vinayaga Chathurthy Karthigai Deepam Masi Magam, Panguni Uthiram
Ariyalur Railway station 9 miles	7.52	52.38	...	Iluppai Trees-30	1,000	200	Rishabams-2 Peacock Horse	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Vaikasi Visagam, Thiruvathirai, Vijaya Dhasami
Ariyalur Railway station 8 miles	...	15.00	...	...	300	...	Rishabam	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Chithra Pournami
Ariyalur Railway station 11 miles	...	7.48	...	...	500	...	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No
Kallagam Railway station 5 miles	3.89	42.39	...	...	Not stated	...	...	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	No
Kallagam Railway station 4 miles	..	10.00	...	Iluppai trees-300	1,247	100	...	Four times in a day by a Gurukkal	Karthigai Deepam Thiruvathirai
Kallagam Railway station 5 miles	11.00	265.07	...	...	4,000	990	Car Palanquin	do	Panguni Uthiram, Adi Pooram, Karthigai Deepam, Thiruvathirai
do								Once in a day by a Bhattachariar	Vaikunta Ekadasai

UDAYARPALAYAM

Sl. No.	L. C. No.	Name of the village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)

Temples under the Hindu Religious

104	148	Periathirukonam	Sri Adi Madhyarjunar temple (S)	500	0.23	Sri Adi Madhyarjunar Sri Brahadjambal	...
105	„	do	Sri Soundrarajaperumal temple (V)	450	0.08	Sri Soundrarajaperumal Sri Alamelumangai	...
106	„	Chetty Thirukonam H/o Peria-thirukonam	Sri Hiraneeswarar temple (S)	300	0.24	Sri Hiraneeswarar Sri Dharmasamvardhani	...
107	151	Vikramangalam H/o Ambapur	Sri Choleeswaraswamy temple (S)	Not stated	1.08	Sri Choleeswarar Sri Poorna Chandrikalambal	...
108	„	do	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	800	0.25	Sri Varadarajaperumal Sri Lakshmi	...
109	152	Kizhanatham	Sri Lakshminarayana perumal temple (V)	100	Below 0.01	Sri Lakshminarayana perumal	...
110	„	do	Sri Ayyanar temple (O)	150	0.92	Sri Ayyanar	...
111	„	do	Sri Chokkanathar temple (S)	200	0.11	Sri Chokkanathar	...
112	154	Zamin Suthamalli	Sri Sundareswaraswamy temple (S)	1000	6.00	Sri Sundareswaraswamy Sri Kondala Ambikai	...
113	„	do	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	100	0.15	Sri Varadarajaperumal	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)				Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.	Other immovable property (13)		Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas (16)		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Ariyalur Railway station 14 miles	1.33	14.75	...	...	700	25	Rishabam	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
do	1.54	16.50	...	Iluppai trees-23, Tamarind trees-31	450	...	Garuda	No	No
Ariyalur Railway station 12 miles	1.84	21.52	...	...	355	...	...	No	No
Ariyalur Railway station 15 miles	39.73	144.23	...	...	2,500	...	Rishabam Peacock Bandicoot Swan Horse	Three times in a day by a Gurukkal	Tamil New Year's Day Adi Pooram, Karthigai Deepam, Arudhra Dharisanam
do	12.00	50.41	...	...	3,000	...	Garuda	Twice in a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar	Thiruvonam Karthigai Deepam
Ariyalur Railway station 16 miles	...	3.23	...	...	600	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar	No
do	...	3.62	...	...	250	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Poosari	No
do	0.68	15.14	...	...	1,000	...	Rishabam	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Mahasivarathri
Ariyalur Railway station 19 miles	...	...	99.75	...	Not stated	...	Car	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
do	...	60.00	...	...	Not stated	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar	No

UDAYARPALAYAM

Sl. No.	L. C. No.	Name of the village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
114	160	Annakarampettai H/o Idangauni	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	200	0.01	Sri Mariamman	...
115	"	Idangauni	Sri Drowpathiamman temple (F)	150	0.04	Sri Drowpathiamman	...
116	162	T. Palur	Sri Viswanathar temple (S)	300	0.28	Sri Viswanathar	...
117	164	Karaikurichy	Sri Pasupatheeswarar temple (S)	200	0.55	Sri Pasupatheeswarar, Sri Avandara Nayaki	Sri Dhakshinamurthy Sri Lakshminarayanan
118	"	Madanathur H/o Karaikurichy	Sri Ramalingeswarar temple (S)	100	0.05	Sri Ramalingeswarar	...
119	"	do	Sri Varadaraja Perumal temple (V)		Not stated	Sri Varadaraja-perumal	...
120	"	do	Sri Mariamman temple (F)		Not stated	Sri Mariamman	...
121	"	do	Sri Ayyanar temple (O)		0.05	Sri Ayyanar	...
122	"	do	Sri Karuppan temple (O)		0.05	Sri Karuppan	...
123	165	Sripurandan	Sri Pradhekaneeswaraswamy temple (S)	200	0.86	Sri Pradhekaneeswaraswamy, Sri Parakanu Pakambikai	...
124	"	do	Sri Vedanarayana-perumal temple (V)	150	0.69	Sri Vedanarayana-perumal	...
125	167	Sathambadi	Sri Venkatachala-perumal temple (V)	200	0.02	Sri Venkatachala-perumal	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)				Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.			Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.	Other immovable property				Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)		(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)										
Kumbakonam Railway station 12 miles	13.77	...	...	...	1,000	...	...	...	Once in a day by a Poosari	No
Kumbakonam Railway station 11 miles	6.55	3.00	...	...	600	...	...	...	do	Thee (Fire) mithi Thiruvizha, Navarathri Karthigai Deepam
do	18.49	21.06	...	Thoppu 10.35	3,000	250	...	...	Three times in a day by a Gurukkal	Navarathri, Skandha Sashti, Karthigai Deepam, Thiruvathirai
Kumbakonam Railway station 8 miles	...	...	25.80	...	350	Value not stated	Rishabam	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No
Kumbakonam Railway station 5 miles	3.00	3.00	...	...	Paddy 40 Kalams	...	...	...	No	No
do									No	No
do									Weekly twice on Tuesdays and Fridays only by a Padayachi.	No
do									do	No
do									do	No
Kumbakonam Railway station 7 miles	3.21	54.48	...	...	700	...	Car	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	Adi Pooram Thiruvathirai Karthigai Deepam
do	2.82	41.87	...	...	800	50	...	...	Once in a day by a Bhattachariar	Garuda Sevai Vaikunta Ekadasi Karthigai Deepam
Ariyalur Railway station 19 miles	...	19.72	...	...	600	...	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No

UDAYARPALAYAM

Sl. No.	L. C. No.	Name of the village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
126	167	Sathambadi	Sri Viswanathaswamy temple (S)	200	0.05	Sri Viswanathaswamy	...
127	168	Gunamangalam	Sri Srinivasa Perumal temple (V)	200	0.25	Sri Srinivasa Perumal	...
128	..	do	Sri Sundareswarar temple (S)	200	0.17	Sri Sundareswarar	...
129	169	Kadambur	Sri Kailasanathar temple (S)	150	0.28	Sri Kailasanathar	...
130	170	Asanur H/O Pungangali	Sri Kailasanathar temple (S)	400	0.02	Sri Kailasanathar	...
131	181	Senapathy H/O Kilakavattan- kurichy	Sri Viswanathar temple (S)	100	0.03	Sri Viswanathar Sri Visalakshi	...
132	..	Kilakavattan- kurichy	Sri Ellaiamman temple (F)	100	0.05	Sri Ellaiamman	Sri Varadaraja- perumal
133	..	do	Sri Mariamman temple (F)		0.05	Sri Mariamman	...
134	189	Thuttoor	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	100	0.31	Sri Varadarajaperumal	...
135	..	do	Sri Varahamoortheswarar temple (S)	100	0.37	Sri Varahamoortheswarar	...
136	190	Alagiamana- valan	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	500	0.10	Sri Mariamman	...
137	..	do	Sri Marudaveeran temple (O)	500	0.02	Sri Marudaveeran	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)		Wet and dry property		Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festival
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet A.C.	Other immovable property		Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Ariyalur Railway station 19 miles	...	18.78	...	...	600	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
Ariyalur Railway station 17 miles	1.16	11.41	...	...	600	...	Garuda Sesha	Once in a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar	No
do	...	8.46	...	...	450	...	Rishabam Peacock	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
Ariyalur Railway station 18 miles	...	8.40	...	...	400	...	...	do	No
do	...	20.00	...	House-1	1,300	130	Ratham Rishabam	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	Thiruvathirai Tamil New Year's Day
Ariyalur Railway station 14 miles	...	24.00	...	...	495	...	...	do	No
Kallagam Railway station 7 miles	4.60	0.79	...	...	1,500	350	Cars-2 Ratham Lion Rishabam Garuda	Twice in a day by a Pandaram	No
do									
Papanasam Railway station 5 miles	...	25.00	...	...	Not stated	...	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No
do	...	50.00	...	...	do	...	...	do	No
Ayyampettai Railway station 23 miles	...	8.16	...	...	300	Value not stated	Car	Once in a day by a Poosari	No
do	...	2.08	...	...	200	do	...	Pooja on important days only by a Poosari	No

UDAYARPALAYAM

Sl. No.	L. C. No.	Name of the village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)

Temples under the Hindu Religions

138	190	Alagiamanavalan	Sri Pidari temple (F)	300	Not stated	Sri Pidari	...
139	..	do	Sri Vinayagar temple (G)	500	Below 0.01	Sri Vinayagar	...
140	191	Elakurichy	Sri Ayyanar temple (O)	500	0.01	Sri Ayyanar	...
141	..	do	Sri Mandakakaruppu temple (O)	500	Below 0.01	Sri Mandakakaruppu	...
142	..	do	Sri Kailasanathar temple (S)	1000	0.01	Sri Kailasanathar	...
143	..	do	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	800	0.07	Sri Mariamman	...
144	..	do	Sri Subramaniaswamy temple (M)	800	0.03	Sri Subramaniaswamy	...
145	192	Periamarai H/o Sullangudi	Sri Srinivasaperumal temple (V)	1000	0.25	Sri Srinivasaperumal	...
146	..	do	Sri Swedapureswarar temple (S)	1000	0.24	Sri Swedapureswarar	...
147	193	Villupanankurichy	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	30	0.02	Sri Mariamman	...
148	..	do	Sri Vinayagar temple (G)	100	0.03	Sri Brattai Vinayagar	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Ayyampettai Railway station 23 miles	...	0.90	...	...	100	...	Car Swan Horse	Pooja on important days only by a Poosari	Pongal (Adi)
do	...	1.03	...	...	200	...	...	Once in a day by a Pillai	No
Ayyampettai Railway station 7 miles	...	2.02	...	...	100	...	Horse Elephant	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	Annual Festival during Mariamman Thiruvizha
do	Only on important days by a Poosari	No
do	...	4.80	...	...	200	...	Elephant Horse Rishabam	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No
do	...	1.73	...	...	200	...	Car Swan	do	Tamil New Year's day
do	...	9.45	...	...	300	...	Rishabam Peacock	do	No
do	...	16.48	...	...	800	...	Car Horse Serpent Elephant Anjaneyar Garuda	Once in a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar	No
do	...	16.48	...	...	200	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
Kallagam Railway station 15 miles	...	1.00	...	...	100	7,500	...	Once in a day by a Poosari	Annual Festival in Adi Navami
do	2.17	9.00	...	...	350	75	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	Tamil New Year's Day

UDAYARPALAYAM

Sl.No.	L. C. No.	Name of the village	Name of the Temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
149	194	Thiruvandanur H/o Vaduga- palayam	Sri Vinayagar temple (G)	100	0.01	Sri Vinayagar	...
150	„	do	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	100	0.15	Sri Mariamman	...
151	„	do	Sri Ayyanar temple (O)	100	0.30	Sri Ayyanar	...
152	„	do	Sri Karupannaswamy temple (O)	100	Not stated	Sri Karupannaswamy	...
153	„	do	Sri Andavar temple (O)	100	0.25	Sri Andavar	...
154	195	Thirumanur	Sri Kailasanathar temple (S)	1000	1.93	Sri Kailasanathar Sri Amman	...
155	196	Karaipakkam H/o Manjamedu	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	100	0.05	Sri Mariamman	Sri Vinayagar
156	„	do	Sri Subramaniam temple (M)	100	0.05	Sri Subramaniam	...
157	198	Elandaikudam	Sri Ponniamman temple (F)	100	0.02	Sri Ponniamman	Sri Saptakannikas
158	199	Kandirathinam	Sri Pidari temple (F)	300	0.03	Sri Pidari	...
159	„	do	Sri Ayyanar temple (O)	300	0.02	Sri Ayyanar	...
160	„	do	Sri Vilvathamman temple (F)	300	0.04	Sri Vilvathamman	...
161	„	do	Sri Chokkanathar temple (S)	2000	0.05	Sri Chokkanathar	...
162	„	do	Sri Lakshminarayana perumal temple (V)	2000	0.04	Sri Lakshminarayana perumal	...

UDAYARPALAYAM

Sl. No.	L. C. No.	Name of the village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples outside the Hindu Religious							
1	42	Kadapuram H/o Thandalaravangudi	Sri Raghaveswaraswamy temple (S)	150	0.38	Sri Raghaveswaraswamy Sri Perianayaki Amman	Sri Dhakshinamoorthy
2	67	Pudukkudi	Sri Pasupatheeswaraswamy temple (S)	200	1.68	Sri Pasupatheeswaraswamy Sri Parameswari	...
3	98	Mannakudi	Sri Ayyanar temple (O)	200	0.05	Sri Ayyanar	...
4	„	do	Sri Chokkanathar temple (S)	200	0.01	Sri Chokkanathar Sri Meenakshiamman	...
5	„	do	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	200	0.05	Sri Mariamman	...
6	162	Dadampettai H/o T. Palur	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	150	0.10	Sri Varadarajaperumal	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)				Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.	Other immovable property		Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board									
Vridhachalam Railway station 24 miles	...	18.33	...	...	350	...	...	Daily Pooja by a Gurukkal	No
Sendurai Railway station 14 miles	...	9.99	...	...	Not stated	...	...	No	No
Ariyalur Railway station 4½ miles	...	2.66	...	...	Not stated	100	Elephant	Once in a day by a Poosari	No
do	...	9.31	..	...	50	Value not stated	Horse	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No
do	0.48	...	...	...	45	50	Lion Swan	Once in a day by a Poosati	No
Kumbakonam Railway station 11 miles	2.29	38.36	...	...	2,000	...	...	Twice in a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar	Vaikunta Eka-dasi, Karthigai Deepam

LALGUDI TALUK

6. THIRUPPATHUR

(Thiruppidavur or Thiruppadaiyur)

Sri Brahmapureeswarar Temple

The temple belongs to the 7th century as Appar has sung about the deity. In the Ayyanar temple which is one of the sub-temples, there are stone inscriptions relating to the Chola period. The village is two miles north-west of Siruganur which is 16 miles from Tiruchirapalli on the Perambalur Road. It is 15 miles from the taluk head quarters. Buses plying between Lalgudi and Puttanampatti pass through the village. In the olden days it was known as Thiruppidavur which Appar has mentioned in his song. The presiding deity is known as Sri Brahmapureeswarar which is a Swayambu Lingam. His consort is Sri Brahmanayaki or Sri Brahmasampath Gouri. Brahma one of the Hindu triad, installed 12 Lingams and worshipped them. These are to the west of the sanctum of Sri Kailasanathar which is a structure in the shape of a car and which is close to the Amman temple. The Lingam in this temple has 16 facets. There are separate shrines for Sri Brahmapureeswarar and Sri Brahmanayaki both of whom are facing east. In front of the Sri Kailasanathar temple, there is a huge idol of Nandhi made of a single block of granite. To the south of the *sanctum* of the Lord in the first praharam there is an idol of Brahma, in a separate *sanctum*. The idol is 5' high and is of great beauty. It is claimed that it was in this village that Lord Muruga received the Vel (spear) from His Divine Mother with which he destroyed Surapadman the asura ruler. Therefore the place is also known as Thirupadaiyur. Sages Patanjali and Vyagrapadar were relieved of the affliction by Saturn in this Holy place. The *sanctum* of the Lord is so designed that the sun's rays fall on the Lingam between the 18th and 21st Panguni (April) and the belief is that the Sun God worships the deity on these days. There are several small shrines close to that of Sri Kailasanathar said to have been built by Brahma. The four temples for Sri Vigneswarar at the 4 corners in the four main streets are a special feature in this village.

The temple covers an area of 5 acres. The Moolavar is 4' high. Four poojas are performed daily by a Gurukkal who is paid a monthly salary. The jewels in this temple worth Rs. 3,000/-. The inam lands belonging to the temple have been taken over by

the Government and it gets a grant of Rs. 300/- per annum. The annual income under fees levied for performing marriages is Rs. 75/-. The temple owns two cars, one palanquin and several vahanas made of wood. The main festivals are Navarathri, Skandhasasti, Kiruthigai and Thai poosam which the local devotees attend.

Three trustees and an Executive Officer appointed by the Hindu Religious and Charitable Endowments Board manage the affairs of the temple.

Legend

Sundaramurthy nayanar and Seraman were great friends. One day after Sundarar had completed his daily worship, a white elephant sent by Lord Siva appeared before him. He mounted on it and started for Kailas. He then thought of his friend Seraman who followed him on his horse. When they reached Kailas, Seraman composed his "Gnanavula" which he recited before the Lord and secured His approval. Maasaattar or Ayyanar who was then in Kailas wrote the verses on palmyrah leaves which were brought to Thiruppidavur and made known to this world. These palmyrah leaves are seen in the hands of the idol of Ayyanar.

57. THIRUPPANGILI

Sri Neelivaneswaraswamy Temple

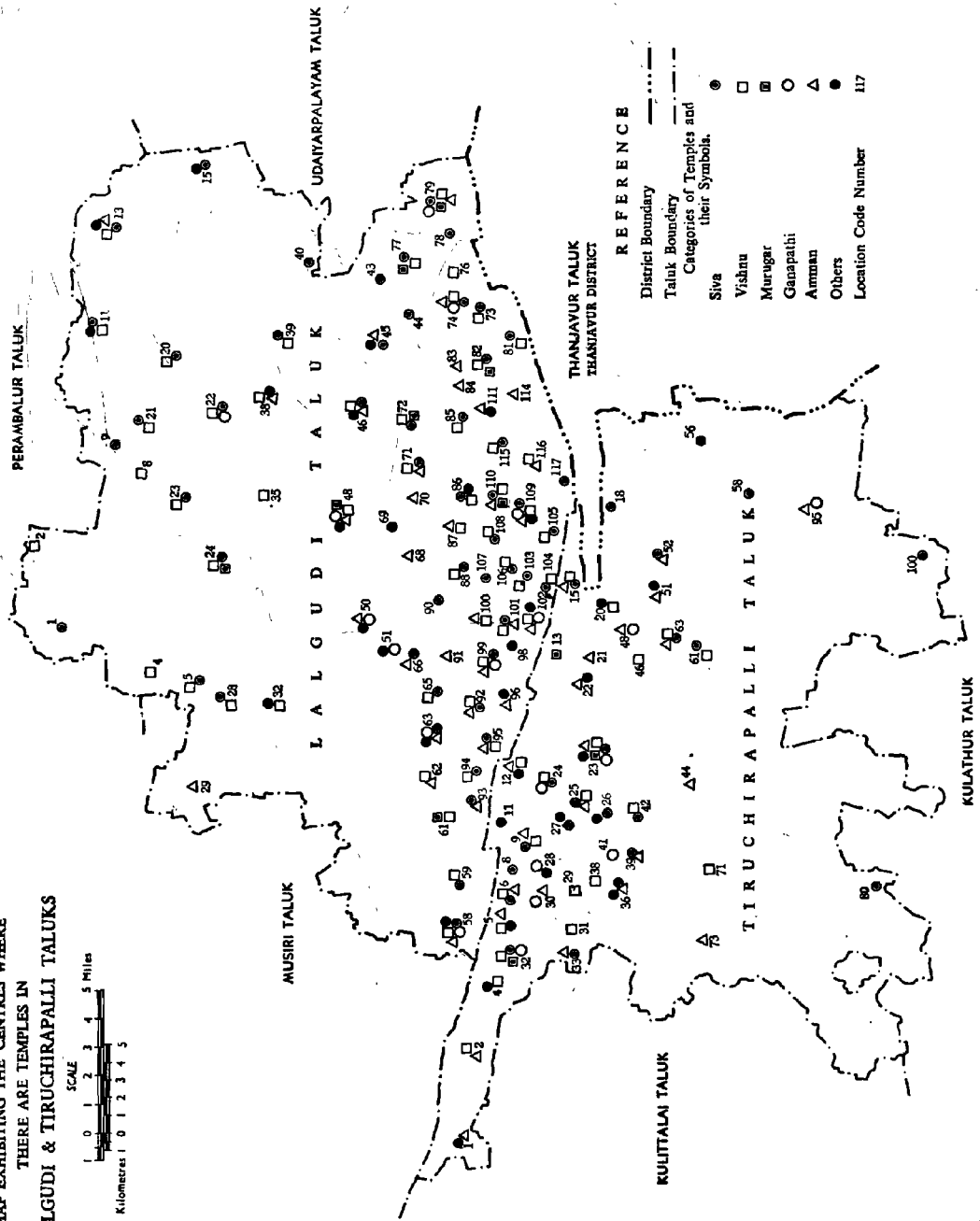
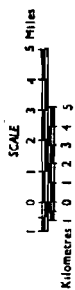
The village is six miles from Uthamarkoil railway station and 15 miles from Lalgudi. Town buses are plying between Tiruchirapalli and this village. The temple is said to be of great antiquity and it is claimed that it was built by Musukunda Chakravarthy. The present structure belongs to the Pandya period. Yama (Lord of death) was invested with powers, in this place, to take away human and other beings to his world after their span of life is over. It was here that the Lord, in the form of a brahman, gave food to Appar who was hungry. The place has been sung by the three nayanmars namely Appar, Sambandar and Sundarar. The plantain tree in the temple is said to have been in existence from time immemorial.

The temple covers an area of 12 acres. The main tower is 37' high with a 33' x 22½' base. The presiding deity Sri Neelivaneswarar is a Swayambu Lingam. His consort is Sri Visalakshi Ambal. Poojas are

MAP EXHIBITING THE CENTRES WHERE

THERE ARE TEMPLES IN

LALGUDI & TIRUCHIRAPALLI TALUKS





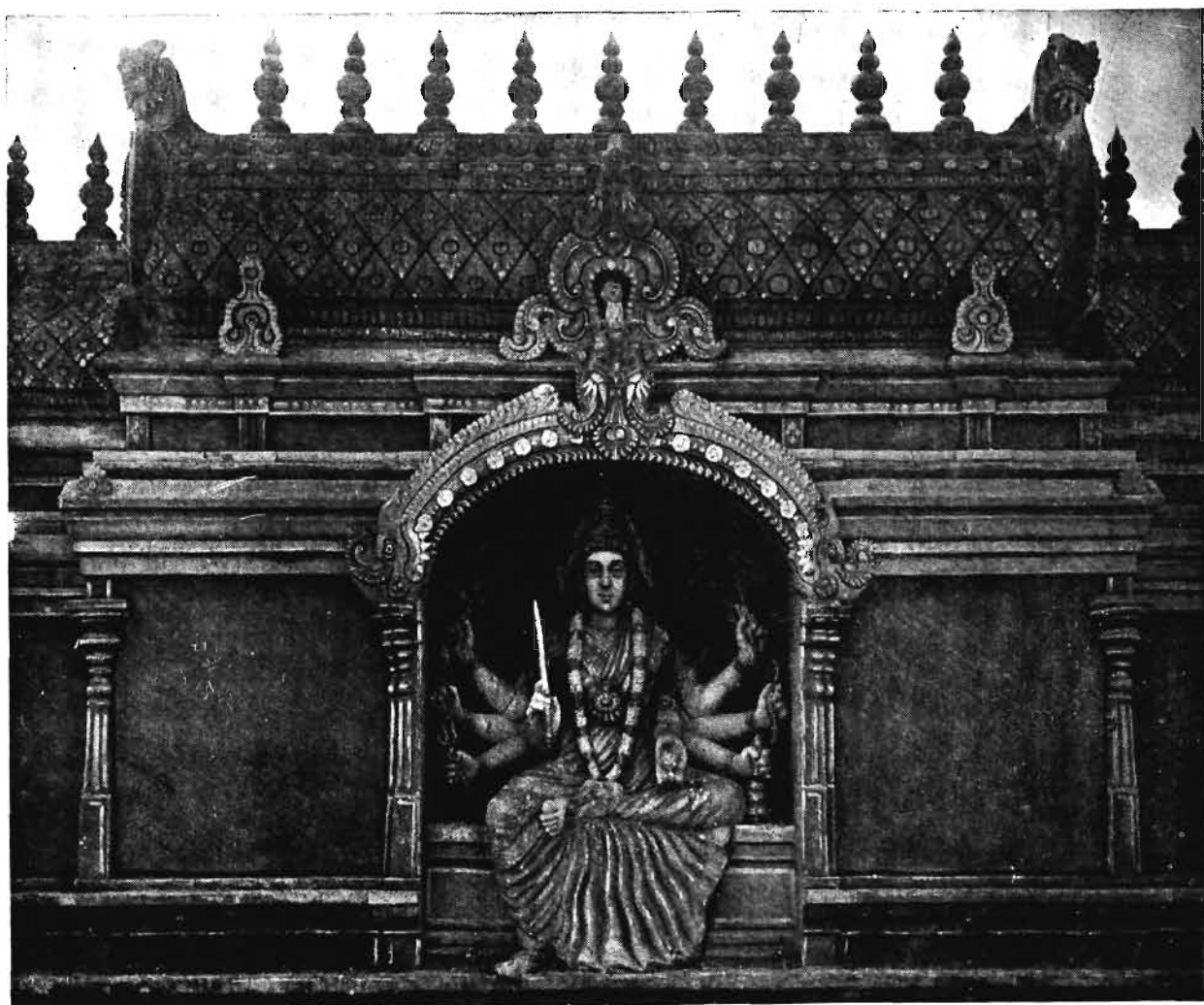
Gopuram and Vimanam: Sri Mariamman Temple, Samayapuram



Sri Mariamman (Uthsavar): Sri Mariamman Temple, Samayapuram



Sri Karuppannaswamy: Sri Mariamman Temple, Samayapuram



Sri Mariamman in Gopuram : Sri Mariamman Temple, Samayapuram

performed four times a day by a hereditary gurukkal, who is in the enjoyment of service inam lands. The jewellery in the temple is worth about Rs. 5,000/-. The immovable properties comprise 175 acres of dry lands which fetch an annual income of Rs. 3,000/-. The income under archana and other charges is Rs. 200/- per annum. The temple has 1 car, 1 chariot and 3 palanquins which are made of wood. The main festivals are Brahmotsavam in Chithirai and Appar festival. About 2,000 devotees attend them.

An Executive Officer and three trustees appointed by the Hindu Religious and Charitable Endowments Board manage the temple.

51. SAMAYAPURAM

Sri Mariamman Temple

Samayapuram is referred to as Kannanur in the Revenue records. It was the residing capital of a Hoysala Ruler-Vira Someswara in the 13th century. It was then known as Vikramapuram. There is a bund about a mile long in the village with traces of a ditch and these are said to be the remains of an old fort and even to-day villagers find in their patta lands foundations of walls and buildings from which they remove the stones for use in their houses. There is no information regarding the age of the temple. According to legend Dasaratha has offered worship here. It is believed that the festival idol was in the family of the Vijayanagar kings and when this dynasty began to decline it was taken south in a palanquin made of ivory. The bearers set down the palanquin here to take their meals. When they returned after taking their food, they were unable to lift the palanquin and the idol was installed in a small house and worshipped. Later a temple was constructed for it by the famous Naick King Vijayaranga Chokkanathar (1706-1732) whose life size ivory statue stands in the inner corridor of the Srirangam temple. These facts would indicate that the present structure of the Sri Mariamman temple at Samayapuram belongs to the 18th century. There are no stone inscriptions in the temple. The small gopuram at the entrance of the temple was constructed in 1931. The presiding deity of the temple is known as Sri Mariamman, Sri Seethala Gowri and Sri Mahamayi. She is one of the forms of Kali. Lord Siva created a female out of the stagnant poison in His neck to kill Darukasura. She came out through His third eye. As She took the form from the poison known as "Kalakoodam", She came to be known as Kali. The temple is one of the most popular shrines in Tamil Nad and the deity is a very powerful one

capable of fulfilling the prayers of devotees. Those whose wishes are fulfilled offer salt, jaggery, pulses, sheep, poultry, gold and silver jewels. There is no animal sacrifice in the temple. The shrine facing east covers an area of one acre. The Moolavar and festival idols are installed in separate sanctums. Vigneswarar and Karuppanaswamy are the other deities in the temple.

Poojas are performed four times a day by brahmin Gurukkals. There is no abishegam for the Moolavar. The temple owns 3 acres of wet lands. The annual income from hundi collections, archanas etc., is Rs. 5 lakhs at present. For the Theerthavari festival on the Thaipoosam day, presents in the shape of cloth, garlands and eatables are received from the Srirangam temple. The poochchorial (பூச்சு சொறியல்) festival is celebrated on the last Sunday of Masi. From this day onwards, for a period of 4 weeks the deity is offered only diluted buttermilk and jaggery water. The main annual festival commences on the last Sunday in Panguni. The car festival is observed on the first Tuesday in Chithirai and the floating festival on the following Friday.

The temple is a sub temple of the Srirangam Devasthanam.

Miracle

The abishega theertham (Ablution water) has the reputation of curing all diseases. A Vaisya gentleman of Madurai having a daughter who was born blind, came to this place and stayed here for 48 days. Every day the abishega theertham was sprinkled over the eyes of the blind child. At the end of 48 days the child's vision was restored to the immense joy of the parents. Since then this gentleman is visiting the place every year for worship. This miracle happened about 12 years ago.

66. S. KANNANUR

Sri Ujjaini Om Kaliamman Temple

Since the presiding deity was worshipped by king Vikramadityan who had his capital at Ujjaini, She is known as Sri Ujjaini Om Kaliamman. In the temple are installed the idols of Bhatti, the minister and of Vedalam the spirit, who served the king. The temple belongs to the later chola Period. Renovations were made and a Kumbabishegam was performed in 1934. The temple is 8 miles from Tiruchirapalli. Town buses are plying between the two places. It is three miles from the Bikshandarkoil railway station and jutkas are

available to cover this distance. The area occupied by the shrine is about 80 cents. There is no gopuram at the entrance. The vimanam is circular. The Moolavar is a granite idol while the utsavar is made of panchalagam.

A Gurukkal and a Pandaram are both offering poojas eight times daily. Their office is hereditary and they are paid a monthly salary. The ornaments in the temple worth one lakh of rupees and they were presented by the Rajas of Thanjavur. The temple owns 10.61 acres of wet lands and 0.58 acres of dry lands which fetch an annual income of Rs. 5,000/-. There are three vahanas made of wood and painted with colours. Navarathri is the only annual festival which is attended by about 2,000 devotees.

The temple is managed by a single trustee.

86. POOVALUR

Sri Thirumoolanathaswamy Temple

Poovalur which is 2 miles from Lalgudi has several other names. It was originally known as Poovaiyur. Poovai denotes Manmatha, the God of love who was restored to life, after worshipping the Lord here. This became corrupted as Poovalur. As the wedding of Manmatha with Rati was celebrated here it is called Kalyanapuram. As the seventy sons of Saptarishis performed sacrifices and attained "Gnanam" (wisdom) through the Lord who gave them dharsan, it got the name of Gnanakshetram. The name Gayapuri was given to it since saint Irayikkavan (இரயிக்கவன்) performed ceremonies for the salvation of the souls of his ancestors in the river Parguni and the results were equal to those performed at Gaya. The temple is an ancient one, as there is a separate shrine for the Ambal. Presumably it belongs to the middle chola period or a little later. Some of the mandapas are of recent origin. The temple covers an area of one acre. Both the Lord Sri Thirumoolanathar and His consort Sri Kunkumambigai are facing east. The Lord has the following names also:- Sri Vilvavanathar, Sri Kalyananathar, Sri Gnana Thaneswarar, Sri Pushpadhaneswarar and Sri Siddhanathar. The other deities in the temple are Vigneswara, Subramania, Durgai, Mahalingam and Dhakshinamurthy. There are several festival idols. The main tower with three tiers is not an imposing one. Arunagirinathar has sung about the deity.

Poojas are offered four times a day by a Gurukkal who is paid a monthly salary. The jewels in the temple worth about Rs. 15,000/-, of which those used for specified Kattalais (endowments) worth about Rs. 10,000/-. The temple owns 97 acres of wet

and 62 acres of dry lands which fetch an annual income of Rs. 10,000/-. The income from endowment lands, the extent of which is 80 acres wet and 10 acres dry, is Rs. 10,000/-. Under archana charges the annual income is Rs. 200/-. The car was destroyed in a fire accident in 1959. There are several vahanas made of wood and painted with colour, two big size Rishabams made of silver, a small pradosha silver Rishabam and a silver Bandicoot. Of the several festivals, the Brahmotsavam in Vaikasi and Adi pooram are the main ones. About 5,000 devotees attend the former and 500, the latter.

The temple is managed by three trustees.

87. THIRUMANGALAM

Sri Samavedeeswarar Temple

The place is sanctified by the birth of Aanaaya nayanar, one of the 63 nayanmars, who attained salvation by his divine music played on a flute. He was a shepherd by birth and used to take out cows for grazing. He played on his flute daily. The sweetness of his music was such that animals and birds which were mutual enemies forgot their enmity, gathered together and enjoyed the songs. In the month of Karthigai on the day of Hastam asterism, he produced "panchaksharam" on his flute under a "Konrai" tree. The sweetness was such that Lord Siva and Sri Uma who were enchanted by the music gave him dharsan. By the Lord's blessings he attained salvation. On the north western corner of the temple, are installed the idols of Aanaaya nayanar, a Lingam and Amman to commemorate the above miracle. Since Sri Mahalakshmi worshipped the Lord here, the place came to be known as Thirumangalam. The village is a mile from the Lalgudi taluk office. Of the 13 stone inscriptions, 12 relate to the chola period and the thirteenth to the Naik rulers of Madurai. The temple was built by the cholas. Some additions have been made in the recent past. The principal deity is Sri Samavedeeswarar. The Devi is Sri Loganayaki. As Parasuramar expiated his sin for having killed his mother, by worshipping the Lord, and got his axe, the place is known as Parasurameswaram. In the stone inscriptions, the village is referred to as Thiruvirundhamangalam and Parasurameswaram. There is an idol of Parasuramar in the temple. The Lord is facing east while the Devi is facing south. In the vimanam over the Lord's *sanctum* there are beautiful plaster figures. In the inner of the two praharas are installed Somaskandhar, Vigneswarar, Subramaniam and Sri Maha Lakshmi. The other idols are those of Appar, Sambandar, Saneeswarar, Suryan and Chandran. There are several festival idols. In the *sanctum* of Sri Subramania

Sri Valli is seated on a peacock which is a special feature. The area covered by the temple is a little less than an acre.

Poojas are performed four times a day by a hereditary Gurukkal who is paid a monthly salary of Rs. 20/- and a daily allowance of $1\frac{1}{2}$ Madras measures of rice. The jewels in the shrine worth Rs. 3,000/-. The immovable properties comprise 203.09 acres of wet and 341.44 acres of dry lands which fetch an annual income of Rs. 40,000/-. The amount is utilized for poojas, festivals and for maintenance of the temple. The temple has a car, a palanquin, kedayams and several vahanas. They are in good condition though they are 100 years old. Of the several festivals observed, the main ones are Brahmotsavam in Chithirai for ten days, Arudhara in Margazhi and Aanaaya nayanar festival on the Hastam asterism day in Karthigai when the deities are taken round the streets in procession. During Brahmotsavam the wedding of Lord and Devi, and the car festival are celebrated on the 7th and 8th days. A large number of devotees from adjacent villages attend the festivals.

Three trustees and an Executive Officer manage the affairs of the temple.

93. THIRUVASAL

Sri Mathuraivaneswarar Temple

The temple is more than 1000 years old as it has been sung by the three Nayanmars. The local ruler's daughter was possessed by 'Muyalakan' the Asura and was cured by Sambandar. He built the temple to express his gratitude to the Lord, for having restored his daughter to normal health. Sundaramurthy Nayanar obtained gold from the Lord by his songs. Instead of the wriggling Muyalakan (Apasmara purusha, the evil personified), there is a serpent under the right foot of Sri Nataraja in this temple. The presiding deity, Sri Samec-vaneswarar is a Swayambu Lingam. His consort is Sri Balasundari. According to tradition, the Lingam was worshipped by Parvathi, Brahma, Lakshmi and Agasthiyar. The main tower is 60' high and there are three praharas. In one of the pillars in the front mandapam, there is a stone ball which cannot be taken out of the pillar. The area covered by the temple is 1.50 acres. The village is three miles from Uthamar-koil railway station and 11 miles from Lalgudi. Bus facilities are available to reach it.

Poojas are performed four times a day by a Gurukkal who is paid a monthly salary. The jewels in

the temple worth Rs. 2,000/-. The immovable properties comprising 22.22 acres of wet and 16.16 acres of dry lands fetch an annual income of Rs. 12,000/-. This is utilised for the maintenance of the temple. It owns a car, a chariot, a palanquin and a few vahanas which are made of wood and painted with colour. No festivals are celebrated for the past 10 years.

The temple is managed by an Executive Officer and a single trustee.

95. BIKSHANDARKOIL

Sri Uthamar Temple

The fact that the deity has been sung by Thirumangai Alwar indicates that the temple was in existence in the middle of the 8th century. This is one of the 108 sacred centres of the Vaishnavites and is referred to as Thirukkarambanur. The general belief is that Thirumangai Alwar stayed here supervising the renovation of the Sri Ranganathar temple at Srirangam. Stone inscriptions relating to the Chola and Pandya periods are found in the north wall of the temple. The unique feature of the shrine is that the idols of Brahma, Vishnu and Siva, the Hindu triad, have been installed and the place is known as "Thirumoorthisthalam". The Gods gave dharsan to Kadhamba Maharishi who did penance here. The place is also known as Kadhambavanam. The other names of the village are:-Neepakshetram and Adimapuram. The place is 4 miles north of Tiruchirapalli on the north bank of Coleroon, one mile from Srirangam and half a furlong from the Uthamarkoil railway station on the Tiruchirapalli-Villupuram Chord line. The Devasthanam has published a sthalapuram where the legends relating to the temple have been mentioned. The shrine faces east.

Lord Purushothaman (Vishnu) is in lying posture in the centre of the temple. His head is orientated towards south. The vimanam over His sanctum is known as Uddiyoga vimanam. His consort is Sri Poornavalli Thayar who is installed in a separate sanctum. To the south of Sri Purushothaman is the sanctum of Sri Bikshadanar who is facing west. The Dasaratha Lingam is to the north of Sri Purushothamar and the Devi is Sri Soundara parvathi. Brahma and Saraswathi are installed in the north-east corner. The other principal idols in the temple are-Sri Andal, Sri Varadarajaperumal, Sri Venugopalan, Sri Ramar, Sri Ramanujar, Sri Natarajar, Sri Subramaniam, Sri Mahaganapathy, Sri Saneeswaran and Sri Anjaneya. There is no main tower for the temple. It covers an area of 75 cents. The entire structure is enclosed by stone walls on all the four sides. Renovations were made in 1948.

Poojas are performed four times daily in both the Vishnu and Siva temples by a Bhattachariar and Gurukkal respectively. They are paid 3 kalams of paddy and Rs. 13/-per mensem. Each is also entitled to seven balls of rice prepared out of 7/8 of a Madras measure of rice. The jewels worth Rs. 7,000/-. The immovable properties fetch Rs. 45,400/-per annum. The annual income from hundis and archana charges is Rs. 175/-. Numerous weddings are celebrated within the temple premises and a fee of Rs. 10.16 is charged for each wedding. Well-to-do people desiring to perform marriages in good style have facilities to do so as the Rest House attached to the temple, where there is water and electric supply, is available for the purpose. A fee of Rs. 55/-is charged for 2 days. Vessels are supplied by the temple. The income under this head is Rs.10,000/-per annum. There are 15 vahanas, 2 palanquins and one car, all made of wood. They were constructed within the last 15 years. Of the several festivals, the Brahmotsavam in Chithirai in the Perumal temple and in Vaikasi in the Siva temple, are the main ones. About a thousand devotees attend them.

The temple is managed by an Executive Officer and three trustees. The Hanumar temple at Mukkombu (முக்கம்பு) is attached to this shrine.

100. LALGUDI

Sri Saptharisheswarar Temple

The village was originally known as Thiruthavathurai. When the Muslims first set foot in Tamil nad, they named it as Lalgudi since the main tower was reddish in colour. The fact that the earliest of the stone inscriptions on the walls of the temple relates to 811 A.D. and since Appar and Sambandar have sung about the deity, there was a temple here even in the 7th century. The present structure was built during the period of Parantaka cholan, the great-grand-father of Raja Raja the great. The seven Rishis (Atri, Brigu, Pulastiyar, Vasishta, Gouthamar, Angirasar and Marichi) worshipped the Lord here and obtained salvation. The deity, therefore, came to be known as Saptharisheswarar. His other names as seen in the stone inscriptions are Pattarayar, Udayar and Mahadevar. The Devi's name is Srimathi or Sri Perunthiruvattiyar. She is installed in a separate shrine. The sthalapuranam gives details of legends relating to the temple. Sekkizhar, Arunagirinathar and Meenakshisundaram Pillai have composed verses praising the deity.

The village is 12 miles from Tiruchirapalli on the Villupuram-Tiruchirapalli chord line. From the stone inscriptions it is seen that the temple was renovated in

the 10th century. In the recent past, a Kumbabhishegam was performed in 1952 after making renovations. The car which was made about 1922 at a cost of Rs. 50,000/- is not in use at present. The temple has a five tier gopuram and covers an area of about 2 acres. The presiding deity and Devi are facing west and east respectively. According to tradition, the seven rishis became one with God when the top of the Lingam was split into two and a column of fire emanated from it. Even now the cut is visible on the lingam. He is, therefore, known as Thejo Vidangar.

Poojas are performed six times a day by a Gurukkal who is paid a monthly salary. The jewels in the temple are worth about Rs. 53,000/-. They are all comparatively new. The immovable properties comprise 110 acres of wet and 19 acres of dry lands which fetch an annual income of Rs. 60,000/- The amount is spent for poojas, festivals and for the maintenance of the temple. The income under hundi collections is about Rs. 200/-per annum. The temple owns 4 cars, 3 palanquins and several vahanas of which 3 are silver plated and one gold gilded. Of the several festivals, the main ones are Arudhra in Margazhi for 10 days and Brahmotsavam in Panguni for 12 days. There are street processions during these festivals. On the Arudhra day a drama is enacted as if there is a discussion between the Lord and Devi. On the last day of Brahmotsavam, the Lord visits eight villages.

The temple is managed by an Executive Officer and three trustees.

Legends and special features

The area was originally a forest. The Mazhava Ruler who was suffering from leprosy came here accidentally and bathed in the Tank, now known as Siva Ganga Theeratham. His disease disappeared. Attributing his cure to divine power, he cleared the forest, found the Lingam and built the temple. The small scar on the lingam is the result of the axe hitting it while the forest was cleared.

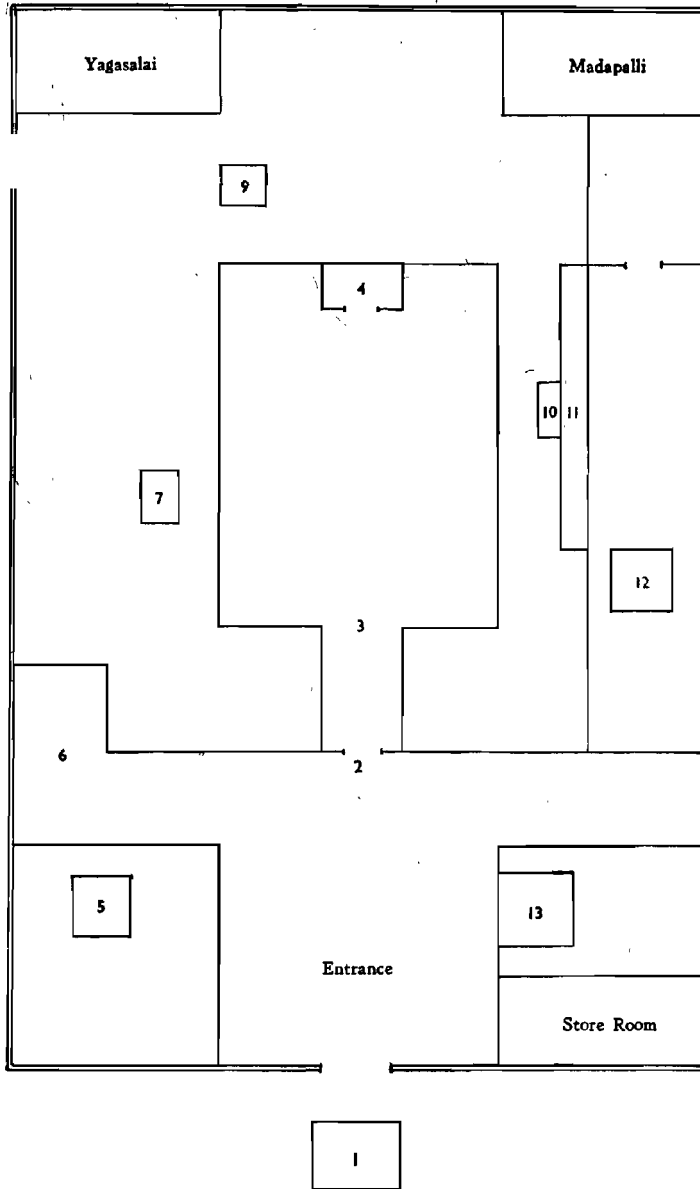
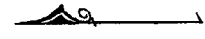
The well in the first praharam is known as Chakratheertham and its water is used for abishegam. According to tradition, it was brought into existence by Vishnu by his discus. (சக்கரம்).

Sri Mahalakshmi did penance here and got united with Sri Vishnu with the blessings of Sri Saptharisheswarar. Both the Lingam and Sri Vishnu are facing west while Srimathi and Sri Mahalakshmi are facing east.

The other special features are:

SRI SAPTHARISHISWARAR TEMPLE

LALGUDI
(Not to Scale)



INDEX TO NUMBERS

- 1 Front Mandapam
- 2 Second Entrance
- 3 Way to Sivan Sannithi
- 4 Saptharishiswarar
- 5 Vasantha Mandapam
- 6 Nataraja Mandapam & Devasthanam Office
- 7 Natarajar Sannithi
- 8 Prakaram
- 9 Chandeswarar Sannithi
- 10 Chakratheertam
- 11 Nalvar
- 12 Ambal Sannithi
- 13 Sivagangai Sannithi

i) There are four pillars in the sanctum of the Lord which are not generally found elsewhere. The pillars represent the following.

Aram	(அறம்)	Porul	(பொருள்)
Inbam	(இன்பம்)	and Vee du	(வீடு)
or			

Dharmam, Artham, Gnanam and Vairagyam

ii) The following deities have been installed on the walls round the sanctum of the Lord.

North:-Sri Bhikshandeswarar

East:-Sri Ardhanareeswarar

South:-Sri Veena Dhakshinamurthy

iii) Sri Ganesa, the Lord and Ambal are so situated that if one goes round them it will amount to a *Pranaya* (Ohm) *Pradhakshanam*.

iv) The Sthalaviruksham is a Pippala tree. It was in the south east of the Swami Sannidhi. A stone pillar has been fixed to mark the place where the tree originally stood.

LALGUDI

Sl. No.	L. C. No.	Name of the village	Name of the Temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
1	1	Perahambi	Sri Sarvaloganathar temple (S)	Not stated	0.10	Sri Sarvaloganathar	...
2	2	Seedevimangalam	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	do	0.05	Sri Varadarajaperumal	...
3	4	Edumalai	Sri Varadarajar temple (V)	do	0.10	Sri Varadarajaperumal	Sri Krishnaswamy
4	5	Palaiyur	Sri Kasiviswanathar temple (S)	do	0.30	Sri Kasiviswanathaswamy	...
5	„	do	Sri Prasanna Venkatachalapathy temple (V)	do		Sri Prasanna Venkatachalapathy	...
6	8	Neikulam	Sri Balavinadhaswamy temple (S)	50	0.16	Sri Balavinadhaswamy Sri Balambigai	Sri Dhakshina-moorthy Sri Chandikeswarar
7	„	do	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	150	0.11	Sri Varadarajaperumal Sridevi, Bhudevi	Sri Anjaneyar
8	9	Uttathur	Sri Suddharathneswarar temple (S)	1000	5.00	Sri Suddharathneswarar Sri Agilandeswari Ambal	...
9	11	Garudamangalam	Sri Kalastheeswarar temple (S)	50	Not stated	Sri Kalastheeswarar	...
10	„	do	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)			Sri Varadarajaperumal	...

TALUK

Distance from the nearest Railway Station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board									
Bikshandarkoil Railway station 19 miles	3.44	19.46	...	...	1,500	...	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No
Bikshandarkoil Railway station 20 miles	...	40.00	...	...	500	...	...	Once in a day by a Bhattachariar	No
Uthamarkoil Railway station 13 miles	7.00	14.00	...	...	2,500	300	Car, Palanqu Names not stated-3	do	Car festival, Garuda Sevai, Krishna Jayanthi, Vaikunta Ekadasi, Navarathri
Uthamarkoil Railway station 12 miles	4.87	25.65	...	...	1,500	...	...	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Car festival in Chithirai
do						...	...	Twice in a day by a Bhattachariar	do
Lalgudi Railway station 15 miles	...	...	16.09	One building	800	5	Rishabam Bandicoot Kedayam	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Chithra Pournami Thiruvathirai
do	...	19.48	...	do	1,000	50	Garuda Sesha, Horse Kedayam	Twice in a day by a Bhattachariar	Krishna Jayanthi Vijaya Dhasami Vaikunta Ekadasi Sri Rama Navami
Bikshandarkoil Railway station 18 miles	...	...	...	...	2,000 from Government	2,000	Car Palanquin Names not stated-2	Four times a day by a Gurukkal	No
Pullampadi Railway station 10 miles	...	...	27.83	...	2,000	...	Names not stated-3	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Chithirai festival
do						...	Names not stated-2	Twice in a day by a Bhattachariar	No

LALGUDI

Sl. No.	L. C. No.	Name of the village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)

Temples under the Hindu Religions

11	11	Alundalaipur H/o Garuda- mangalam	Sri Arunachaleswarar temple (S)	Not stated	0.50	Sri Arunachaleswarar Sri Ambal	...
12	„	do	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	do	0.35	Sri Varadarajaperumal	...
13	„	do	Sri Ayyanar temple (O)	do	0.10	Sri Ayyanar	...
14	„	do	Sri Pidariamman temple (F)	do	0.30	Sri Pidari	...
15	„	do	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	do	0.25	Sri Mariamman	...
16	15	Kallagam	Sri Ayyanar temple (O)	} 100	0.16	Sri Ayyanar	...
17	„	do	Sri Kailasanathar temple (S)			Sri Kailasanathar	...
18	20	Sirugalappur	Sri Kalasthiriswamy temple (S)	Not stated	0.12	Sri Kalasthiriswamy	Sri Ayyanar Sri Pidari Sri Muthaiyan
19	„	do	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	do	0.05	Sri Varadarajaperumal	...
20	21	Nambakkurichi	Sri Chokkanatheswarar temple (S)	do	Not stated	Sri Chokkanathe- swarar	Sri Mariamman
21	„	do	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	do	do	Sri Varadaraja- perumal	Sri Pillaiyar
22	22	Peruvalapur	Sri Venkatachalapathy temple (V)	do	0.05	Sri Venkatachalapathy	...
23	„	do	Sri Vinayagar temple (G)	do	0.01	Sri Vinayagar	Sri Mariamman Sri Selliamman

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)				Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.	Other immovable property		Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Pullambadi Railway station 8 miles	}	...	42.23	...	1 acre Thoppu	2,000	50	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Thiruvathirai Chithrapournami Navarathri
do							...	Twice in a day by a hereditary archagar	Sri Jayantbi Vaikunta Ekadasi Navarathri
do							Rishabam Garuda Palanquin Lion Elephant Horse Cars-2 Kedayam Peacock Bandicoot	Tuesdays and Fridays by a hereditary Pandaram	No
do							...	do	No
do							...	Once in a day by a hereditary Pandaram	No
Kallagam Railway station 2 miles	}	29.83	...	350	25	No	No
do							25	Car	No
Pullambadi Railway station 8 miles	}	Extent not stated	...	400	100	Ratham	No
do							...	Palanquin	No
Pullambadi Railway station 10 miles	}	Extent not stated	...	20 bags of pady	...	Once in a day by an Archagar	No
do							...	Once in a day by a Pandaram	No
Pullambadi Railway station 8 miles	...	17.21	...	...	...	192.50	...	Once in a day by a Bhattachariar	No
do	...	15.15	...	...	...	200	1,420	Poojas performed by a Pandaram	No

LALGUDI

Sl.No.	L.C. No.	Name of the village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religions							
24	22	Peruvalapur	Sri Viswanathaswamy temple (S)	Not stated	0.10	Sri Viswanathaswamy	...
25	23	Periakurukkai	Sri Lakshminarayana-perumal temple (V)	do	0.10	Sri Lakshminarayana-perumal	Sri Vinayagar
26	„	do	Sri Sundareswarar temple (S)	do	0.10	Sri Sundareswarar	...
27	24	Siruganoor	Sri Prasanna Venkata-chalapathy temple (V)	100	0.10	Sri Prasanna Venkata-chalapathy	...
28	„	do	Sri Sivaloganathar temple (S)			Sri Sivaloganathar	..
29	„	do	Sri Subramaniyar temple (M)			Sri Subramaniyar	...
30	28	Valaiyur	Sri Udayavar temple (S)	200	0.10	Sri Siva	.
31	„	do	Sri Kambaperumal temple (V)	200	0.04	Sri Anjaneyar	...
32	29	Omandur	Sri Kamakshiamman temple (S)	Not stated	3.00	Sri Kamakshiamman	Sri Periaswamy
33	32	Thathamangalam	Sri Ayyanar temple (O)	do	0.09	Sri Ayyanar	Sri Pambalamman
34	„	do	Sri Marudai temple (O)	do		Sri Marudai	...
35	„	do	Sri Perumal temple (V)	do		Sri Perumal	...
36	35	Reddimangudi	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	100	0.21	Sri Varadarajaperumal	Sri Kallasanathar Sri Vinayagar
37	38	Kanakilianallur	Sri Sarvaloganathar temple (S)	150	0.50	Sri Sarvaloganathar Sri Anandavallhamman	Sri Chandikeswarar

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway Station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas	Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals	
	Wet	Dry	Wet and dry							
	A.C.	A.C.	A.C.							
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)										
Pullambadi Railway station 8 miles	...	22.25	...	...	275	...	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No
Bikshandarkoil Railway station 13 miles	}	58.69	...	1,075	96.50	...	Twice in a day by a Bhattachariar	Vinayaga Chaturthi Thiruvathirai Annabishegam
do		...	...	...	...	...	...	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Karthigai Deepam Sri Jayanthi Magaranonbu
Bikshandarkoil Railway station 12 miles		Value not stated	Ratham Names not stated-3	Navarathri Sri Rama Navami Vaikunta Ekdasi, Sri Jayanthi
do	}	6.00	40.00	1,700	do	Names not stated-2	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Navarathri
do		do	Names not stated	Twice in a day by an Archagar	do
Bikshandarkoil Railway station 18 miles		...	7.00	850	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No
do	...	4.00	...	...	250	...	...	Once in a day by a Bhattachariar	No
Uthamarkoil Railway station 12 miles	...	...	Extent not stated	...	Not stated	...	Car	On Mondays and Fridays only by a Poosari	Eighteenth day of Adi, Sivarathri
Bikshandarkoil Railway station 7 miles	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Once in a week by a hereditary Pillai	Pambalamman Festival
do	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	do	No
do	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	do	No
Lalgudi Railway station 12 miles	...	...	56.70	...	Not stated	...	...	Twice in a day by a Bhattachariar	No
Pullambadi Railway station 4 miles	0.69	19.68	...	...	1,300	400	...	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Thiruvathirai

LALGUDI

Sl. No.	L. C. No.	Name of the village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
38	38	Kanakilianallur	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	Not stated	0.20	Sri Varadarajaperumal Sridevi, Bhudevi	Sri Garudalwar
39	39	Thoppai	Sri Chidambareswarar temple (S)	200	0.03	Sri Chidambareswarar Sri Sivakamiambal	Sri Dhakshina-moorthy
40	„	do	Sri Venugopalaswamy temple (V)	200	0.60	Sri Venugopalaswamy	...
41	40	Kallakudi	Sri Pasupatheeswarar temple (S)	200	0.30	Sri Pasupatheeswarar Sri Nithyakalyani	...
42	43	Kovandakurichi	Sri Maruthandeswarar temple (S)	200	0.10	Sri Maruthandeswarar	...
43	44	Venkatachala-puram	Sri Siva temple (S)	100	1.00	Sri Ekambareswarar Sri Kamakshiamman	...
44	45	Pullambadi	Sri Chidambareswarar temple (S)	300	0.60	Sri Chidambareswarar Sri Sivakamiambal	Sri Natarajar
45	„	do	Sri Kulunthalamman temple (F)	500	0.01	Sri Kulunthalamman	...
46	46	P. Sengenthi	Sri Karuppannaswamy temple (O)	Not stated	0.75	Sri Karuppannaswamy	Sri Periaswamy Sri Maduraiveeran Sri Chappani
47	„	do	Sri Ayyanar temple (O)	do	5.00	Sri Ayyanar	Sri Mathuraiveeran Sri Duraikaruppannaswamy
48	„	do	Sri Pidariyar temple (F)	do	0.50	Sri Pidari	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)				Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property			Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.	Other immovable property		Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas			
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)										
Pullambadi Railway station 4 miles	...	2.41	...	...	150	...	Garuda	Twice in a day by a Bhattachariar	Vaikunta Ekadasi
Pullambadi Railway station 3 miles	...	14.13	...	...	353	...	...	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Thiruvathirai Annabishegam Ani Thirumanjanam
do	...	17.78	...	...	425	...	Garuda	Twice in a day by a Bhattachariar	Krishna Jayanthi Vaikunta Ekadasi
Kallakudi Railway station 1 mile	2.65	7.00	...	...	38 kalams of paddy & Rs. 570/-	...	...	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
Pullambadi Railway station	12.00	23.00	...	...	48 kalams of paddy & Rs. 1,900/-	292.50	Car, Swan Horse Rishabam	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Thiruvathirai, Ani Thirumanjanam
Pullambadi Railway station 5/8 mile	3.50	...	...	...	700	...	...	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Panguni Uthiram Navarathri, Annabishegam, Sivarathri Karthigai Deepam
Pullambadi Railway station	3.00	29.00	...	...	2,000	150	Ratham	do	Ani Thirumanjanam Adi Pooram, Avani Moolam, Sura Samharam, Thiruvathirai
Pullambadi Railway station 1/4 mile	7.00	7.00	...	...	130 kalams of paddy	1,500	Car, Swan Peacock, Lion Kamadhenu Rishabam, Elephant, Horse Palanquin Manjam	do	Chithirai Festival
Pullambadi Railway station 3 miles	1.30	...	...	...	15 bags of paddy	50	Horse	On Mondays and Fridays only by a Poosari	do
do	1.40	...	...	...	14 bags of paddy	150	Car Peacock, Elephant, Horse Kedayam Palanquin	Four times a day by a Gurukkal	Brahmothsavam Vijaya Dhasami Arudhra Dharisanam Thaipoosam Panguni Uthiram
do	...	...	...	...		...	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	Chithirai Uthsavam

LALGUDI

Sl. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
49	46	P. Sengenthi	Sri Kailasanathar temple (S)	950	0.20	Sri Kailasanathar	...
50	„	do	Sri Venkatachalapathy temple (V)	400	0.10	Sri Venkatachalapathy Sridevi, Bhudevi	...
51	50	Irungalur	Sri Vinayagar temple (G)	150	0.50	Sri Vinayagar	...
52	„	do	Sri Kambaperumal temple (V)			Sri Kambaperumal	...
53	„	do	Sri Karuppanar temple (O)			Sri Karuppanar	...
54	„	do	Sri Santhiveerappan temple (O)			Sri Santhiveerappan	...
55	„	do	Sri Ayyanar temple (O)			Sri Ayyanar	...
56	„	do	Sri Pongalaiyee Amman temple (F)			Sri Pongalaiyee Amman	...
57	51	Samayapuram	Sri Anjaneyaperumal temple (V)	Not stated	0.04	Sri Anjaneyaperumal	...
58	„	do	Sri Maha Ganapathy temple (G)	do	0.01	Sri Maha Ganapathy	Sri Nagar
59	58	Sennakkarai H/o No. 2 Kariamanickam	Sri Ayyanar temple (O)	do	Below 0.01	Sri Ayyanar	...
60	„	do	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	do	do	Sri Varadarajaperumal Sridevi, Bhudevi	...
61	„	do	Sri Rukkumaniammal temple (V)	do	0.01	Sri Rukkumaniammal	...
62	„	Sirukampur H/o No. 2 Kariamanickam	Sri Vinayagar temple (G)	100	0.02	Sri Vinayagar	...
63	„	do	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	100	0.04	Sri Mariamman	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)				Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.	Other immovable property		Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Kattur Railway station 3½ miles	Extent not stated	...	3,900	600	...	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	No
Kattur Railway station 2½ miles	do	...	5,140	500	...	Three times a day by a Bhattachariar	Gokulashtami Vaikunta Ekadasi
Bikshandarkoil Railway station 5 miles	0.53	37.87	...	...	250	...	Horse Elephant Ratham	No	No
do								Once in a day by a hereditary Alwar	No
do								No	No
do								Weekly once by a hereditary Pandaram	No
do								No	No
do								No	Pidari Festival
Bikshandarkoil Railway station 4 miles	...	6.37	...	...	220	...	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No
do	...	5.10	...	Coconut trees-40	600	...	...	do	No
Ezhumanur Railway station 1½ miles	13.00	...	600	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Velar	No
do								Once in a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar	No
do								Once in a day by a hereditary Pandaram	No
Jeeyarpuram Railway station 2 miles	Thoppu 67 Cents	430	...	...	Once in a day by a Pathar	No
do	3-Shops	300	Value not stated	...	do	No

LALGUDI

Sl. No.	L. C. No.	Name of the village	Name of the Temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
64	58	Sholanganallur H/o No. 2 Kariamackam	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	100	0.15	Sri Mariamman	...
65	„	No. 2 Kariamackam	Sri Pathaleswarar temple (S)	100	0.02	Sri Pathaleswarar	...
66	„	do	Sri Pidaripichiyamman temple (F)	100	0.30	Sri Pichiyamman	...
67	59	Thiruppanchery H/o Kilianallur	Sri Kasiviswanathaswamy temple (S)	200	0.10	Sri Kasiviswanathar Sri Ambal	Sri Dhakshinamoorthy
68	„	Kilianallur	Sri Thirubhuvaneswarar temple (S)	150	Not stated	Sri Thirubhuvaneswarar	...
69	„	do	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	150	0.50	Sri Varadarajaperumal	...
70	61	Veerandhanallur H/o Kovathakudi	Sri Karuvela Perumal temple (V)	200	0.11	Sri Karuvela Perumal Sridevi, Bhudevi	Sri Garudalwar Sri Nagar
71	„	Fachur H/o Kovathakudi	Sri Subramaniaswamy temple (M)	100	0.23	Sri Subramaniaswamy Sri Valli, Sri Deivayanai	Sri Ekambareswarar Sri Kamakshiamman
72	„	Kovathakudi	Sri Vathalai Nachiyamman temple (F)	200	0.14	Sri Vathalai Nachiyamman	Sri Sabthamatha Sri Samundi Sri Vinayagar
73	62	Alagiamanavalam	Sri Pillayalamman temple (E)	Not stated	0.76	Sri Pillayalamman	Sri Vigneswarar Sri Muthukaruppanaswamy Sri Mathuraiveeran
74	„	do	Sri Sundararajaperumal temple (V)	do	0.20	Sri Sundararajaperumal, Sri Bhudevi Sri Neladevi,	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A. C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Uthamarkoil Railway station 10 miles	...	3.40	...	...	Not stated	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Pandaram	Mavilakku Festival
Ezhumanur Railway station 3 miles	...	...	7.38	...	767	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Karthigai Deepam Annabishegam Sivarathri, Deepavali, Pongal
Jeeyarpuram Railway station	1.43	4.47	...	...	709	300	Lion Vedhalam Horse	Once in a day by a hereditary Pandaram	Pidari Festival
Uthamarkoil Railway station 6 miles	...	...	Extent not stated	...	1,000	100	...	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
Kilianallur Railway station 1½ miles	5.36	1.76	...	...	3,000	150	...	Poojas performed by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
Jeeyarpuram Railway station 1½ miles	1.85	1.84	...	...	2,000	500	Horse	Twice in a day by a Pathar	No
Uthamarkoil Railway station 3½ miles	9.94	...	...	...	3,500	...	...	Once in a day by a Bhattachariar	Karthigai Deepam Mahasivarathri New Year's Day
Uthamarkoil Railway station	2.25	3.83	...	...	2,000	300	Ratham, Peacock Vedhalam Palanquin	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Skandha Sashty Thai Festival
do	2.83	1.45	...	...	1,000	200	...	Three times a day by a Pandaram	New Year's Day Chithra Pournami Adi Festival, Vinayaga Chathurthi Navarathri, Deepavali, Karthigai Deepam, Thiruvathirai, Panguni Uthiram, Pongal
Uthamarkoil Railway station 5 miles	...	...	2.93	...	800	391.12	Car Horse Swan	Once in a day by a hereditary Pandaram	No
Uthamarkoil Railway station 6 miles	...	...	4.01	...	988	503	...	Twice in a day by a Bhattachariar	Navarathri Deepavali, Pongal

LALGUDI

Sl.No.	L. C. No.	Name of the village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)

Temples under the Hindu Religious

75	62	Thiruvarangampatti H/o Alagiamanavalam	Sri Vanathaiamman temple (F)	Not stated	1.18	Sri Vanathaiamman	Sri Periaswamy Sri Nagar
76	63	Manachanallur	Sri Angalamman temple (F)	do	0.10	Sri Angalamman	...
77	"	do	Sri Bhuminatha-swamy temple (S)	do	0.40	Sri Bhuminatha-swamy	...
78	"	do	Sri Brahmanatha-swamy temple (S)	do	0.25	Sri Brahmanatha-swamy	...
79	"	do	Sri Pillaiyar temple (G)	100	0.01	Sri Seppaditheru Pillaiyar	...
80	"	do	Sri Kasukadai Pillaiyar temple (G)	Not stated	Not stated	Sri Pillaiyar	...
81	"	do	Sri Pichayi Amman temple (F)	do	0.15	Sri Pichayi Amman	...
82	"	do	Sri Rajathiamman temple (F)	do	0.04	Sri Rajathiamman	...
83	"	do	Sri Sanjeeviraya-perumal temple (V)	do	0.05	Sri Sanjeeviraya-perumal	...
84	65	Vengankudi	Sri Lakshminarayana-perumal temple (V)	do	0.04	Sri Lakshminarayana-perumal	...
85	"	do	Sri Siva temple (S)	do	1.00	Sri Agneeswarar	Sri Ayyalamman
86	66	S. Kannanur	Sri Bojeswaraswamy temple (S)	200	1.00	Sri Bojeswarar	...
87	"	do	Sri Muktheswarar temple (S)	500	0.29	Sri Muktheswarar Sri Kanakambigai	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)				Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.	Other immovable property		Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Uthamarkoil Railway station 5 miles	...	3.10	...	...	50	...	Horse	Twice in a day by a hereditary Trustee	No
Uthamarkoil Railway station 3 miles	2.17	...	...	...	1,300	1,500	...	do	No
do	2.69	0.24	...	...	1,200	10	Car, Ratham Rishabam, Horse Suryaprabhai Chandraprabhai Vedhalam Lion, Mooshigam Peacock	Four times a day by a Gurukkal	Panguni Uthiram Thai Poosam Thiruvathirai Karthigai Deepam Navarathri Deepavali
do	2.37	...	0.14	...	1,400	135	Ratham Rishabam Elephant Horse, Peacock Kedayam	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Thiruvathirai Vinayaga Chathurthi Adi Festival Deepavali Karthigai Deepam
do	0.70	0.35	...	...	400	...	...	Once in a day by a Pandaram	Vinayaga Chathurthi Karthigai Deepam
do	...	...	...	Shops	720	...	...	Twice in a day by a Poosari	Vinayaga Chathurthi
do	2.77	0.12	...	5-Shops	3,100	750	...	Once in a day by a Poosari	Mahasivarathri Adi Festival
do	2.00	...	...	...	1,200	1,200	...	Poojas performed by Village People	No
do	1.00	...	...	...	500	...	...	Once in a day by an Archagar	Hanumantha Jayanthi, Thiruvonam
Bikshandarkoil Railway station 2½ miles	1.58	...	...	...	1,595	...	Car Horse Elephant Swan Lion Rishabam Vedhalam	Once in a day by a Bhattachariar	No
do	1.69	...	...	...		...	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No
Bikshandarkoil Railway station 3 miles	6.37	2.50	...	...	1,500	...	...	Twice in a day by an Archagar	No
do	9.62	0.65	...	Thoppu 1.66 acres	5,000	1,000	...	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	No

LALGUDI

Sl. No.	L. C. No.	Name of the village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
88	66	S. Kannanur	Sri Pallathalamman temple (F)	200	0.19	Sri Pallathalamman	...
89	„	do	Sri Visalakshiamman temple (S)	150	0.23	Sri Visalakshiamman	...
90	68	Neikuppai	Sri Pidaritharumanthiriamman temple (F)	100	0.12	Sri Pidaritharumanthiriamman	Sri Mariyayi Sri Subramaniyar Sri Kamakshi Sri Srinivasaperumal Sri Vempadiyan
91	69	Pudur Uthamanur	Sri Ayyanar temple (O)	100	0.95	Sri Ayyanar	Sri Duraiswamy Sri Pachiyamman Sri Subramaniyar Sri Karuppar Sri Vinayagar Sri Mariamman Sri Muniappan
92	70	Pallavaram	Sri Banthalamman temple (F)	100	0.75	Sri Banthalamman	...
93	71	Peruvalanallur	Sri Pulikunthiamman temple (F)	Not stated	0.22	Sri Pulikunthiamman	Sri Karuppannaswamy Sri Madurajveeran
94	„	do	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	100	0.11	Sri Varadarajaperumal Sridevi, Bhudevi	Sri Perundhevithayar
95	„	do	Sri Brahadheeswarar temple (S)	150	0.34	Sri Brahadheeswarar Sri Brahanayagi- amman	...
96	72	Edangimangalam Vellanur	Sri Kailasanathaswamy temple (S)	20	1.44	Sri Kailasanathar	...
97	„	Vellanur H/o Edangimangalam Vellanur	Sri Kailasanathar temple (V)	70	1.25	Sri Kailasanathar	...
98	„	do	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	20	0.30	Sri Varadarajaperumal	...
99	„	do	Sri Subramaniaswamy temple (M)	100	0 10	Sri Subramaniaswamy	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway Station or the Trunk Road (9)	Property (Immovable)				Annual income from the immovable property Rs. (14)	Movable property Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs. (15)	Vahanas (16)	Arrangements for daily poojas (17)	Festivals (18)
	Wet A.C. (10)	Dry A. C. (11)	Wet and dry A.C. (12)	Other immovable property (13)					
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Bikshandarkoil Railway station 3 miles	1.83	6.77	1,000	Twice in a day by a hereditary Poosari	Kappukattum Festival
do	3.68	0.73	1,200	do	do
Manthurai Railway station 4½ miles	Extent not stated	...	3,500	4,000	Car, Ratham	do	Pidari Car Festival
Lalgudi Railway station 6 miles	11.24	4.92	3,000	1,000	Car	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Ratham Festival Mariamman Festival
Kattur Railway station 2½ miles	3.62	5.32	1,600	200	Car	do	No
Kattur Railway station 1½ miles	28.55	39.92	...	3-Houses	6,200	Value not stated	Car, Elephant Tiger	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
do						...	Garuda Horse	Three times a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar	Chithrapournami Sri Jayanthi, Navarathi, Thiruvonam Karthigai Deepam, Panguni Uthiram
do						300	Rishabam	Three times a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
do						Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Navarathri
Kattur Railway station 2 miles	28.00	7,250	Value not stated	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No
do								Twice in a day by a hereditary Archagar	No
do								6.00	...

LALGUDI

Sl.No.	L.C. No.	Name of the village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
100	72	Ramanathapuram H/o Edangimangalam Vellanur	Sri Subramaniaswamy temple (M)	30	0.02	Sri Subramaniaswamy	...
101	73	T. Kalligudi	Sri Kailasanathaswamy temple (S)	150	3.51	Sri Kailasanathaswamy	...
102	„	Mullal H/o T. Kalligudi	Sri Sivaloganathaswamy temple (S)	300	0.50	Sri Sivaloganathaswamy Sri Sivakamasundari	...
103	„	do	Sri Srinivasaperumal temple (V)	300	0.50	Sri Srinivasaperumal Sridevi, Bhudevi	...
104	74	Kalathinampettai H/o Alangudi Mahajanam	Sri Pidari Arasu temple (F)	Not stated	0.01	Sri Pidari Arasu Kathamman	Sri Pillaiyar
105	„	do	Sri Siva temple (S)	do	0.11	Sri Swayam Prakasanathaswamy Sri Visalakshiamman	Sri Dhakshinamoorthy Sri Dhandapani
106	„	do	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	do	0.01	Sri Varadarajaperumal Sridevi, Bhudevi	Sri Krishnan Sri Hanuman
107	„	do	Sri Vigneswarar temple (G)	do	Below 0.01	Sri Vinayagar	...
108	„	do	Sri Pidari Arasukathamman temple (F)	do	0.18	Sri Pidari Arasukathamman	Sri Sabthakannigai Sri Veerabadhran Sri Bhutham Sri Pillaiyar
109	76	Natham	Sri Adhimooolaperumal temple (V)	do	0.86	Sri Adhimooolaperumal Sri Adhilakshmiammal	...
110	77	Alampakkam	Sri Kailasanathar temple (S)	1500	0.50	Sri Kailasanathar	Sri Chandrasekarar Sri Arunthathiamman
111	„	do	Sri Subramaniaswamy temple (M)	100	0.05	Sri Subramaniaswamy Sri Valli Sri Deivayanai	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway Station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Valuanas	Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.						
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Kattur Railway station	1.74	1.15	...	...	320	...	...	Twice in a day by a Pandaram	Sura Samharam Panguni Uthiram
Pullambadi Railway station 3½ miles	2.38	3.51	...	...	600	...	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No
Pullambadi Railway station 4 miles	6.25	9.72	...	...	2,100	...	...	do	No
do	4.22	9.58	...	...	1,300	...	...	Once in a day by a Bhattachariar	No
do	2.65	1.20	...	Trees-5 Vacant Plot-1	500	...	...	Once in a day by a Pandaram	Karthigai Deepam
Pullambadi Railway station 3¼ miles	}	}	26.90	}	3,300	32	...	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Karthigai Deepam Navarathri
do						...	...	Twice in a day by an Archagar	do
do						3.50	...	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	do
do						...	...	Twice in a day by a Pandaram	do
Pullambadi Railway station 3 miles	...	...	90.00	1-House 1-School	4,000	60	Car Horse Kedayam Sagadai Palanquin	Twice in a day by a Bhattachariar	Sri Jayanthi Navarathri Masi Magam Sri Rama Navami Chithra Pournami Karthigai Deepam
Pullambadi Railway station 2½ miles	2.00	35.00	...	...	4,000	...	...	No	No
do	6.00	...	...	...	1,000	...	Peacock Vedhalam	No	No

LALGUDI

Sl.No.	L. C. No.	Name of the village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
112	77	Alampakkam	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	1,500	0.40	Sri Varadarajaperumal	...
113	78	Thinnakulam	Sri Nerkunranathar temple (S)	1,000	0.34	Sri Nerkunranathar Sri Kunthalambigai	...
114	79	Virahalur	Sri Valmeeganathaswamy temple (S)	Not stated	1.00	Sri Valmeeganathar Sri Ambal	...
115	„	do	Sri Lakshminarayana-perumal temple (V)	do	0.10	Sri Lakshminarayana-perumal Sridevi, Bhudevi	Sri Vinayagar
116	„	do	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	do	0.32	Sri Mariamman	Sri Karuppannaswamy
117	„	do	Sri Pidari temple (F)	do	0.15	Sri Pidari	...
118	„	do	Sri Subramaniyar temple (M)	50	0.21	Sri Subramaniyar	...
119	„	do	Sri Vinayagar temple (G)	Not stated	0.31	Sri Vinayagar	...
120	81	Ariyur	Sri Easwarar temple (S)	do	0.48	Sri Thiruveswaram Udayar Sri Thillainayagi	Sri Dhakshinamurthy Sri Chandikeswarar
121	„	do	Sri Venkatachalapathy Perumal temple (V)	do	0.15	Sri Venkatachalapathy Perumal Sridevi, Bhudevi	...
122	82	Thinniam	Sri Santhanagopala-perumal temple (V)	100	0.10	Sri Santhanagopala-perumal	...
123	„	do	Sri Subramaniaswamy temple (M)	120	0.25	Sri Subramaniaswamy	Sri Kotteeswarar Sri Patteeswarar Sri Brahanayagi Sri Athalambigai Sri Shanmughanathar
124	„	do	Sri Sundareswara-swamy temple (S)	100	0.20	Sri Sundareswara-swamy Sri Meenakshiamman	...
125	83	Sembarai	Sri Sellandiamman temple (F)	100	0.05	Sri Sellandiamman	Sri Lakshminarayana-perumal Sri Vinayagar Sri Ayyanar

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)				Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property			Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.	Other immovable property		Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas			
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)		(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)										
Pullambadi Railway station 2½ miles	...	15.00	...	...	1,000	...	...		No	No
Pullambadi Railway station 6 miles	...	10.00	...	...	3,000	400	Rathams-2 Rishabams-2 Mooshigam Horses-2	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Navarathri, Anna-bishegam, Deepavali, Karthigai Deepam, Thiruvathirai, Sivarathri, Pongal	
Pullambadi Railway station 5 miles	1.25	15.00	...	...	1,000	...	...	Once in a day by a Pandaram	No	
do						...	...	do	No	
do						300	Horse	do	Chithirai Festival	
do						...	...	do	No	
do						...	...	do	No	
do						...	...	do	No	
Lalgudi Railway station 7 miles	17.06	...	2,980	530	...	Four times a day by a Gurukkal	No	
do	14.14	...	1,900	267.50	...	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	No	
Lalgudi Railway station 8 miles	3.47	...	1,400	500	Garuda	Twice in a day by a Bhattachariar	No	
do	7.71	...	3,000	8,100	Vimanam Peacock Horse Rishabam	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Karthigai Deepam Panguni Uthiram	
do	5.34	...	1,960	300	...	do	No	
Lalgudi Railway station 7½ miles	10.00	...	2,400	300	Ratham Swan Horse	Once in a day by a Pandaram	No	

LALGUDI

Sl. No.	L. C. No.	Name of the village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
126	84	Komakudi	Sri Sellandiamman temple (F)	40	0.02	Sri Sellandiamman	Sri Vinayagar
127	85	Sirumayankudi	Sri Kasiviswanathaswamy temple (S)	500	0.42	Sri Kasiviswanathar Sri Kasivisalakshiamman	Sri Pillaiyar Sri Valliamman
128	"	do	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	100	0.05	Sri Varadarajaperumal Sridevi, Bhudevi	Sri Anjaneyar Sri Garudalwar
129	"	Kattur H/o Sirumayankudi	Sri Kailasanathar temple (S)	45	0.50	Sri Kailasanathar Sri Parvatha Varthini	Sri Natarajar
130	86	Poovalur	Sri Hariharaputhraswamy temple (O)	Not stated	0.23	Sri Hariharaputhraswamy Sri Poornambal, Sri Pushkalambal	...
131	"	do	Sri Sundararajaperumal temple (V)	120	0.25	Sri Sundararajaperumal Sri Sundaravalliambal	...
132	"	do	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	200	0.50	Sri Varadarajaperumal Sridevi, Bhudevi	...
133	"	Pinnavasal H/o Poovalur	Sri Kailasanathaswamy temple (S)	70	0.11	Sri Kailasanathar Sri Anandavalli	...
134	"	do	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	200	0.02	Sri Varadarajaperumal Sri Bhudevi, Sri Neeladevi	...
135	87	Thirumangalam	Sri Pidari Sellandiamman temple (F)	81	0.25	Sri Pidari Sellandiamman	Sri Vinayagar Sri Brahmalehi Sri Maheswari Sri Karumariamman Sri Samundi

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)				Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.	Other immovable property		Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Kattur Railway station 3 miles	...	...	10.05	...	2,400	...	Car Horse	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
Kattur Railway station 1 mile	...	...	5.09	...	1,770	52	Kedayam	do	New year's day Skandha Sashti Navarathri, Karthigai Deepam Thai Poosam
do	3.55	...	...	...	1,200	...	...	Twice in a day by an Archagar	Sri Rama Navami
do	3.22	...	...	...	950	12	...	do	New Year's day Adi 18th day, Vinayaga Chathurthi Saraswathi Pooja Karthigai Deepam Thiruvathirai Pongal
Lalgudi Railway station 2 miles	15.00	1.05	...	3-vacant plots	1,428	3,000	Car Horse Elephant Swan Peacock	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Manjalncer Uth-savam in Vaikasi
Lalgudi Railway station 2½ miles	12.54	3.60	...	...	4,460	277	Rishabams-2	do	Vijaya Dhasami Karthigai Deepam Pongal
Lalgudi Railway station 2 miles	1.29	...	...	...	439	...	...	Once in a day by an Archagar	No
Lalgudi Railway station 1½ miles	3.06	...	...	...	680	61	Kedayams-2 Garuda	Twice in a day by an Archagar	Navarathri, Vaikunta Ekadasi, Karthigai Deepam
Lalgudi Railway station 2½ miles	4.79	2.25	...	...	900	...	Horse Manjam	do	Vijaya Dhasami Karthigai Deepam Vaikunta Ekadasi
Lalgudi Railway station 2 miles	1.62	...	...	...	300	...	Horses-2	Four times a day by a hereditary Pandaram	Vinayaga Chathurthi Vijaya Dhasami Deepavali, Pongal New Year's day

LALGUDI

Sl. No.	L. C. No.	Name of the village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religions							
136	87	Agalanganallur H/o Thirumangalam	Sri Sellandiamman temple (F)	300	0.06	Sri Sellandiamman	Sri Vinayagar Sri Karuppu Sri Maduraiveeran Sri Valliamman Sri Bhumiarnman
137	„	Thirumangalam	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	50	0.07	Sri Varadarajaperumal Sri Bhumidevi Sri Neeladevi	„
138	88	Nagar	Sri Abaratheeswarar temple (S)	300	5.00	Sri Abaratheeswarar Sri Athulasundari- amman	Sri Dhakshina- moorthy
139	„	do	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	180	0.60	Sri Varadarajaperumal Sri Bhumidevi Sri Neeladevi	Sri Venugopalan Sri Lakshmi- narayanan
140	90	Marudhur	Sri Kailasanathar temple (S)	500	2.29	Sri Kailasanathar Sri Kanakambigai	...
141	91	V. Thuraiyur H/o Madagudi	Sri Madurakaliamman temple (F)	500	0.15	Sri Madurakaliamman	...
142	„	Pallivada H/o Madagudi	Sri Pattundalamman temple (F)	Not stated	0.50	Sri Pattundalamman	Sri Periaswamy Sri Maruthaiveeran Sri Rajaiyan Sri Paniyadikaruppu
143	92	Palur H/o Koothur	Sri Earieswaraswamy temple (S)	60	0.15	Sri Earieswaraswamy	...
144	„	Panamangalam H/o Koothur	Sri Kamakshiamman temple (S)	150	0.25	Sri Kamakshiamman	Sri Kannimar
145	„	do	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	100	0.05	Sri Varadarajaperumal	...
146	„	do	Sri Varanapureeswaraswamy temple (S)	200	0.25	Sri Varanapureeswaraswamy Sri Vadivudalamman	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)				Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet	Dry	Wet and dry	Other im- movable property		Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels)	Vahanas		
	A.C.	A.C.	A.C.			Rs.			
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Lalgudi Railway station 2½ miles	11.10	6.03	...	Vacant plots-2	2,500	150	Horses-3 Lion	Three times a day by a Pandaram	No
Lalgudi Railway station 2 miles	3.00	...	...	Vacant plots-2 Apple trees-5 Tamarind trees-2	1,200	...	Manjam Garuda	Once in a day by a hereditary Archagar	New Year's day Sri Jayanthi Sri Rama Navami
Manthurai Railway station 1½ miles	36.67	...	...	Houses-2	7,676	1,837	Rishabams-3 Mooshigam Peacock Vedhalam Kedayams-7 Horse	Four times a day by a Gurukkal	Thiruvathirai, Pongal, Panguni Uthiram
do	...	...	32.50	...	700 kalams of Paddy	2,000	Ratham Palanquin Garuda Lion Hanuman Manjam	Three times a day by a Bhattachariar	Gokulashtami, Navarathri, Karthigai Deepam, Ekadasi Sri Rama Navami Visagam
Valadi Railway station 3 miles	41.83	...	...	...	750 kalams of Paddy	1,000	...	Three times a day by a Gurukkal	No
Valadi Railway station 2 miles	6.50	...	...	...	1,800	1,188	Palanquin Vedhalam Lion Horse Elephant, Swan	Once in a day by a hereditary Pandaram	No
Bikshandarkoil Railway station 3 miles	4.00	1.00	...	...	1,500	Value not stated	Kedayam	Twice in a day by a hereditary Pandaram	Navarathri, Panguni Uthiram
Bikshandarkoil Railway station 1 mile	1.50	...	...	Cocoanut trees	Not stated	...	...	Poojas performed by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
Bikshandarkoil Railway station 1½ miles	4.75	...	...	...	do	...	...	Weekly once by a hereditary Vellalar	No
do	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Poojas performed by a Bhattachariar	No
do	2.08	...	...	...	Not stated	...	...	Poojas performed by a Gurukkal	No

LALGUDI

Sl. No.	L. C. No.	Name of the village	Name of the Temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religions							
147	93	Thodaiyur H/o Thiruvasi	Sri Kadhambavanaswamy temple (S)	1,000	0.90	Sri Kadhambavanaswamy	...
148	„	do	Sri Mangaleswaraswamy temple (S)			Sri Mangaleswaraswamy	...
149	„	do	Sri Kalingamudaiyalamman temple (F)			Sri Kalingamudaiyalamman	...
150	94	Nochiam H/o Madhavaperumalkoil	Sri Somasundareswarar temple (V)	200	0.05	Sri Somasundareswarar Sri Balambigai	Sri Vishnu Sri Brahma Sri Dhakshinamoorthy Sri Chandikeswarar
151	„	Madhavaperumalkoil	Sri Koodapalli Kasiviswanathar temple (S)	65	0.20	Sri Koodapalli Kasiviswanathar	...
152	„	do	Sri Madhavaperumal temple (V)			Sri Visalakshiamman Sri Madhavaperumal	Sri Vinayagar Sri Murugar
153	95	Bikshandarkoil	Sri Chokkanathar temple (S)	150	0.10	Sri Chokkanathar Sri Meenakshi	...
154	„	do	Sri Pidariamman temple (F)	159	0.10	Sri Pidari	Sri Easampalathiamman
155	„	do	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	150	0.10	Sri Varadarajaperumal Sridevi, Bhudevi	...
156	96	Thalakkudi	Sri Ayyanar temple (O)	100	0.25	Sri Ayyanar	...
157	„	do	Sri Adaikalamkathamman temple (F)	100	0.41	Sri Thiruvazhathamman	Sri Konamman Sri Karuppu Sri Manickanachiyar
158	99	Sempalani H/o Pudukudi	Sri Pidari temple (F)	100	0.10	Sri Pidari	...
159	„	do	Sri Elamandichiamman temple (F)			Sri Elamandichiamman	Sri Siva Sri Kamakshiamman
160	„	do	Sri Pillaiyar temple (G)			Sri Pillaiyar	...
161	„	Pudukudi	Sri Kothandaramaperumal temple (V)	100	0.05	Sri Kothandaramaperumal	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway Station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)				Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.	Other immovable property		Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Uthamarkoil Railway station 4 miles	3.69	1.09	...	...	1,200	2,000	Palanquins-2	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Thai Poosam Pidari Festival
do	1.33	...	...	...		
do									
Uthamarkoil Railway station $\frac{1}{2}$ mile	1.50	...	...	Cocoanut thoppu 70 cents	33 kalams of Paddy & Rs.360	...	...	do	...
Uthamarkoil Railway station 2 miles	25.58	6.93	...	...	6,000	1,000	Rishabam	Four times a day by a Gurukkal	Navarathri
do								Four times a day by a Bhattachariar	Thai Poosam
Uthamarkoil Railway station $\frac{1}{2}$ mile	1.00	...	...	...	360	50	...	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Navarathri Maha Sivarathri
do	2.00	...	...	...	1,200	1,000	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Poosari	Panguni Uthiram Kappukattudhal
do	0.80	...	...	Cocoanut thoppu	900	100	Garuda	Twice in a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar	Navarathri Thai Festival
Bikshandarkoil Railway station 3 miles	8.27	5.60	...	...	3,500	1,108	Horse Lion Vedhalam	Once in a day by a hereditary Pandaram	Karthigai Deepam Kappukattudhal
do									
Valadi Railway station $\frac{1}{2}$ mile	1.02	...	...	Cocoanut thoppu	1,000	10	Lion	Twice in a day by a Pandaram	New year Festival
do									
Valadi Railway station 1 mile	...	...	2.50	...	605	...	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No

LALGUDI

Sl. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religions							
162	99	Pudukudi	Sri Viswanathar temple (S)	100	0.06	Sri Viswanathar	...
163	100	Sirumarudur	Sri Venkatachalapathy perumal temple (V)	100	0.16	Sri Venkatachalapathy perumal	...
164	101	Valadi	Sri Kailasanathar temple (S)	300	0.31	Sri Kailasanathar	...
165	"	do	Sri Viswanathar temple (S)	300	0.22	Sri Viswanathar	...
166	"	do	Sri Lakshminarayana-perumal temple (V)	300	0.38	Sri Lakshminarayana-perumal	...
167	"	do	Sri Ulaganayagiamman temple (F)	250	0.08	Sri Pidari	...
168	102	Thandankorai H/o T. Valavanoor	Sri Malaivalanthamman temple (F)	300	0.28	Sri Malaivalanthamman	Sri Sapthakannimar Sri Andavar Sri Pakkandavar Sri Maduraiveeran Sri Pattavar
169	"	do	Sri Sithivinayagar temple (G)	300	0.05	Sri Sithivinayagar	...
170	"	do	Sri Ayyanar temple (O)	300	Less than 0.01	Sri Ayyanar	...
171	"	T. Valavanoor	Sri Perumal temple (V)	200	0.03	Sri Lakshminarayanaperumal	...
172	103	Thirumanamedu	Sri Lakshminarayana-perumal temple (V)	300	0.10	Sri Lakshminarayana-perumal Sri Alamelumangai	...
173	"	do	Sri Panchanatheswarar temple (S)	300	0.10	Sri Panchanatheswarar Sri Dharmasamavarthini	...
174	"	Pachampettai H/o Thirumanamedu	Sri Lakshminarayana-perumal temple (V)	200	0.04	Sri Lakshminarayana-perumal	...
175	"	do	Sri Ramalingaswamy temple (S)	200	0.40	Sri Ramalingaswamy Sri Amman	Sri Navagraham
176	104	Jawanthinathapuram	Sri Lakshminarayana-perumal temple (V)	150	0.61	Sri Lakshminarayana-perumal Sri Lakshmidēvi	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Valadi Railway station 1 mile	...	...	2.50	...	600	..	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No
Valadi Railway station $\frac{1}{2}$ mile	5.38	...	...	...	1,200	...	...	Twice in a day by a Bhattachariar	No
Valadi Railway station	21.49	1.90	...	...	4,500	2,500	Car Rishabam Kedayam	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
do									
do									
do	0.68	0.67	...	Cocoanut thoppu 37 cents	300	2,000	Garuda Horse Kedayam	Three times a day by a hereditary Archagar	No
do	0.68	0.67	...	Cocoanut thoppu 37 cents	300	2,000	Horses-4 Lion Palanquin Car Kedayam	Twice in a day by a hereditary Pandaram	Panguni Uthiram
Valadi Railway station 1 mile	3.00	...	...	...	1,600	300	Swan Ratham Horse Car	do	Chithirai Festival
do	...	...	...	...				Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	
do	3.43	...	...	...				do	
Valadi Railway station $\frac{1}{2}$ mile	3.43	0.33	...	...	900	...	...	Once in a day by a Bhattachariar	No
Valadi Railway station 2 miles	8.00	...	...	...	2,000	...	...	Three times a day by an Archagar	No
do	6.00	...	...	...	1,200	...	...	Three times a day by a Gurukkal	No
Valadi Railway station 4 miles	4.64	...	...	...	1,500	...	...	Twice in a day by a hereditary Archagar	No
Not stated	7.00	...	...	...	3,000	Value not stated	...	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
Lalgudi Railway station 3 miles	3.10	0.05	...	...	1,344	80.50	...	Twice in a day by a Bhattachariar	Gokulashtami Navarathri

LALGUDI

Sl. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
177	104	Jawanthinathapuram	Sri Mayuranathaswamy temple (S)	70	1.50	Sri Mayuranathaswamy Sri Mangalambigai	...
178	105	Edayathumangalam	Sri Lakshminarayana-perumal temple (V)	500	0.25	Sri Lakshminarayana-perumal Sridevi	...
179	"	do	Sri Mangaleswarar temple (S)	1100	0.04	Sri Mangaleswarar Sri Mangalambigai	...
180	106	Pambaramsuthi	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	50	0.02	Sri Varadarajaperumal	...
181	"	do	Sri Viswanathaswamy temple (S)	100	0.07	Sri Viswanathaswamy	...
182	107	Nerunjalakudi	Sri Ambalavaneswaraswamy temple (S)	200	0.75	Sri Ambalavaneswarar Sri Valambal	Sri Manthurai Karuppu
183	108	Angarai	Sri Ananthakrishna-perumal temple (V)	300	Not stated	Sri Ananthakrishna-perumal Sri Ubayanachiyar	...
184	"	do	Sri Maruthanatheswarar temple (S)	300	0.15	Sri Maruthanatheswarar Sri Sundarakanchiniamma	...
185	109	L. Abishekapuram H/o Lalgudi	Sri Ayyanar temple (O)	Not stated	1.00	Sri Ayyanar	Sri Vinayagr Sri Karuppannar Sri Maduraiveeran Sri Nagappan
186	"	do	Sri Mahamariamman temple (F)	100	0.03	Sri Mahamariamman	...
187	"	do	Sri Dhrowpathiamman temple (F)	200	0.18	Sri Dhrowpathiamman	...
188	"	do	Sri Sithivinayagar temple (G)	Not stated	Below 0.01	Sri Sithivinayagar	...
189	"	Sirudaiyur H/o Lalgudi	Sri Kailasanathar temple (S)	50	Not stated	Sri Kailasanathar Sri Sivakamiamman	...
190	"	Nannimangalam H/o Lalgudi	Sri Meenakshisundareswarar temple (S)	500	1.00	Sri Meenakshi Sri Sundareswarar	...
191	"	do	Sri Lakshminarayana-perumal temple (V)			Sri Lakshminarayana-perumal	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)				Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A. C.	Wet and dry A.C.	Other immovable property		Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Lalgudi Railway station 3 miles	7.67	...	...	...	3,000	5,021	Rishabams-3 Peacock Mooshigam Horse	Three times a day by a Gurukkal	Navarathri Arudhra Dharisanam, Ani Thirumanjanam, Adi Pooram, Pongal
Lalgudi Railway station 3½ miles	6.10	...	...	...	2,000	...	...	Twice in a day by a Bhattachariar	Sri Rama Navami
do	11.00	...	...	...	4,000	6,500	...	Five times a day by a Gurukkal	Arudhra Dharisanam, Karthigai Deepam, Vijaya Dhasami, Thiruvathirai Pongal, Masi Magam, Sivarathri
Manthurai Railway station	3.12	...	...	...	1,400	...	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No
do	3.93	0.38	...	...	1,760	...	...	do	No
do	13.45	7.48	...	...	5,000	2,000	Rishabam	Four times a day by a Gurukkal	No
Lalgudi Railway station 1 mile	3.06	...	...	...	750	632	Garuda	Twice in a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar	No
do	12.45	4.80	...	One House	3,810	1,767	Rishabam Peacock Mooshigam	Three times a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Vinayaga Chathurthi, Sura Samharam Arudhra Dharisanam
Lalgudi Railway station	...	0.71	...	Cocoanut trees 40 5-Shops	860	600	...	Twice in a day by a hereditary Vellalar	No
do	0.91	...	...	...	500	...	Horse Elephant Rishabam	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Masi Magam
do	0.70	...	...	3-Shops	514	17	Horse Hanumar Garuda, Car	Once in a day by a Pandaram	Fire Walking Festival
do	2.00	...	...	...	600	2,000	...	Twice in a day by an Archagar	Vinayaga Chathurthi
do	3.99	0.80	...	...	1,500	Value not stated	...	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
Lalgudi Railway station 5 furlongs	21.28	7.60	...	...	11,600	32	...	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Sapthasthanam in Panguni
do						2	...	Twice in a day by an Archagar	do

LALGUDI

Sl. No.	L. C. No.	Name of the village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
192	110	Manakkal	Sri Kailasanathar temple (S)	100	0.15	Sri Kailasanathar Sri Sivakamasundari	...
193	„	do	Sri Nangaiyaramman temple (F)	100	0.25	Sri Nangaiyaramman	...
194	„	do	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	100	0.15	Sri Varadarajaperumal	...
195	„	do	Sri Subramaniaswamy temple (M)	68	0.05	Sri Subramaniaswami Sri Valli, Sri Deivayanai	Sri Shanmugam Sri Vinayagar Sri Visweswaralingam
196	111	Mettupatti	Sri Pidari temple (F)	100	0.40	Sri Chelliamman	
197	114	Jangamarajapuram	Sri Gramavalliamman temple (F)	100	0.26	Sri Gramavalliamman	
198	115	Athikudi	Sri Anguneeswaraswamy temple (S)	300	0.55	Sri Anguneeswaraswamy Sri Premambigai	...
199	„	do	Sri Lakshminarayana-perumal temple (V)	100	0.02	Sri Lakshminarayana-perumal	...
200	116	Sathamangalam	Sri Srinivasavaradaraja-perumal temple (V)	200	Below 0.01	Sri Srinivasavaradaraja-perumal Sri Ubayanachiyar	Sri Anjaneyar
201	117	Koohur	Sri Kuganeswaraswamy temple (S)	300	1.00	Sri Kuganeswaraswamy Sri Kalyanasundariamman	...
202	„	do	Sri Sundarapandiamman temple (F)	400	1.00	Sri Sundarapandiamman	Sri Sappani-karuppu Sri Nagappan Sri Marudaveeran Sri Mamundiyar

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)				Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.	Other immovable property		Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Lalgudi Railway station 1 mile	34.43	0.40	...	2-Houses	8,000	Value not stated	Rishabam	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Pongal Thai Poosam
do						do	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
do						do	Garuda Horse	Three times a day by a hereditary Archagar	Sri Jayanthi, Vijaya Dhasami, Masi Magam
do						5,510	Peacock Vedhalam Mooshigam	Three times a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Skanda Sashty Panguni Uthiram
Kattur Railway station 1½ miles	5.00	...	...	...	2,000	...	Ratham Swan Horse	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	Tamil New Year's day, Adi 18th day Karthigai Deepam Navarathri
Lalgudi Railway station 5 miles	1.00	22.09	...	...	1,500	...	...	Twice in a day by a hereditary Pandaram	No
Lalgudi Railway station 3 miles	...	...	14.15	Thoppu	4,500	2,750	Sesha Garuda Horse Kedayams-2	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Navarathri Annabishegam
do	4.77	...	..	...	1,500	...	Sesha Garuda	Twice in a day by a hereditary Archagar	No
Lalgudi Railway station 2 miles	8.95	1.25	...	...	2,300	255	Garudas-2 Hanumar Palanquin Kedayam	do	New Year's day Navarathri
Lalgudi Railway station 3 miles	8.88	2.22	...	One House	2,700	254	Rishabams-2 Vedhalam Horse Peacock Mooshigam	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	No
do	1.81	0.53	...	Cocoanut thoppu	605	...	Elephant Horse Swan, Lion	Twice in a day by a hereditary Pandaram	No

LALGUDI

Sl.No.	L. C. No.	Name of the village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)

Temples under the Hindu Religious

203	48	Thatchankurichi	Sri Udayavar temple (O)	150	0.60	Sri Udayavar	...
204	„	do	Sri Vinayagar temple (G)		0.02	Sri Vinayagar	...
205	„	do	Sri Mariamman temple (F)		0.05	Sri Mariamman	...
206	„	do	Sri Pidari temple (F)		1.60	Sri Pidari	...
207	„	do	Sri Ayyanar temple (O)		Not stated	Sri Ayyanar	...
208	„	do	Sri Perumal temple (V)		0.05	Sri Perumal	...
209	„	do	Sri Jangamamunivar temple (O)		0.48	Sri Jangamamunivar	...
210	„	do	Sri Veeran temple (O)		0.15	Sri Veeran	...
211	„	do	Sri Subramaniyar temple (M)		Not stated	Sri Subramaniyar	...
212	„	do	Sri Kunthalamman temple (F)		do	Sri Kunthalamman	...

Temples outside the Hindu Religious

1	13	M.Kannanur	Sri Kailasanathar temple (S)	Not stated	0.20	Sri Kailasanathar	...
2	„	do	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	do	0.20	Sri Varadarajaperumal	...
3	„	do	Sri Ayyanar temple (O)	do	0.60	Sri Ayyanar	...
4	„	do	Sri Selliamman temple (F)	do	1.37	Sri Selliamman	...
5	„	do	Sri Sengamunivar temple (O)	do	1.10	Sri Sengamunivar	...
6	„	do	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	do	0.02	Sri Mariamman	...

LALGUDI

Sl. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples outside the Hindu Religious							
7	38	Kanakilianallur	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	do	0.02	Sri Mariamman	...
8	„	do	Sri Selliamman temple (F)	do	0.03	Sri Selliamman	...
9	45	Pullambadi	Sri Madurai Veeraswamy temple (O)	8	0.21	Sri Madurai Veeran	...
10	58	Sirukambur H/o No. 2 Karia manickam	Sri Vinayagar temple (G)	100	0.02	Sri Vinayagar	...
11	„	do	Sri Kailasanathar temple (S)	100	0.08	Sri Kailasanathar	...
12	98	Easanakkorai	Sri Ayyanar temple (O)	100	0.05	Sri Ayyanar	Sri Paniyadikaruppu Sri Kathavarayaswamy Sri Maruthaiveccan
13	100	Siramarudhur	Sri Vanoiamman temple (F)	100	0.14	Sri Vanniamman	...
14	111	Mettupatti	Sri Ayyanar temple (O)	100	0.11	Sri Ayyanar	

TALUK (Concl'd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)				Annual in- come from the immova- ble property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A. C.	Wet and dry A.C.	Other im- movable property		Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Concl'd.)									
Pullambadi Railway sta- tion 5 miles	...	...	Extent not stated	...	...	800	Car	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	Mariamman Festival
do								do	Selliamman Festival
Pullambadi Rail- way station 2 furlongs	2.30	...	...	...	500	...	Horse	No	No
Jeeyapuram Railway sta- tion 2 miles								Once in a day by a Pat har	No
do	1.33	...	...	Cinema Theatre Thoppu	30 kalams of paddy Rs. 700	...	...	Once in day by a Gurukkal	No
Valadi Railway station 1 mile	1.00	...	...	...	600	...	...	Twice in a day by a hereditary Pandaram	No
Valadi Railway station $\frac{1}{2}$ mile	0.71	0.70	...	...	260	...	Chapparam Horse	Once in a day by a Pandaram	No
Kattur Railway station 1 mile	0.61	0.11	...	...	150	...	...	Twice in a Week by a Gurukkal	No

MUSIRI TALUK

82. THIRUTHALAIYUR

Sri Saptharishceswarar Temple

The temple belongs to the 7th century as Appar has sung about the deity. According to legend it was built by Purooruva chakravarthy of pre-historic period. There are stone inscriptions relating to the Chola period. The village is 12 miles from the Kulithalai railway station and buses, plying between Musiri and Thuraiyur, pass through this village. The district and the taluk Head quarters are 27 and 10 miles away respectively. The presiding deity is Sri Saptharishceswarar, which is a Swayambu Lingam. His consort is Sri Kungumavalli Amman.

The temple covers an area of 1 acre and 15 cents. It has a 30' high gopuram and three praharams. There are several festival idols viz., Chandrasekarar, Vinayagar, Sabapathy and Amman, Dhandayauthapani, Ruthra Pasupathy Nayanar, Thiruthalayur Pidariar and Sandhana Pettu Pidariyar.

Poojas are performed four times a day by a hereditary Gurukkal who is paid a monthly salary. The temple owns antique jewellery worth about a lakh of rupees presented by the ruling princes from time to time. The immovable properties comprise about 47.93 acres of wet and dry lands which fetch an annual income of Rs. 4,000/- and it is spent towards the salary of the temple servants, for the payment of taxes and for the conduct of poojas and festivals of the temple. The income under archana and other charges is Rs. 500/-. The temple owns a 6' high wooden Rishaba vahanam made some 50 years back donated by the local residents. Navarathri during Purattasi, Karthigai, Thiruvathirai during Margazhi, Thai poosam and Masi Magam are the annual festivals celebrated of which the Masi Magam is the main one which attracts about 5,000 devotees from the adjacent villages.

The temple is managed by a single trustee.

109. KATTUPUTHUR

Sri Venkataramanaswamy Temple

According to legend during the reign of Musukunda chakravarthy this region was a dense forest. The king planned to clear off this forest and make the area fit for cultivation. When the bushes and trees

were cut down, an ant-hill was discovered. While it was being pulled down, the axe produced a metallic sound. The earth was carefully removed, when an idol of Lord Perumal was found. The axe had however accidentally hit the nose of the idol and disfigured it. The king felt sorry and intended to throw it away in the river Cauvery. On the same night the Lord appeared in his dream and directed him not to do so and informed him that a sculptor would soon meet him and that the idol should be set right by him and installed in a temple for worship. Accordingly the king built a temple and installed the idol after the defect was rectified by the sculptor. This is testified by the fact that while ordinarily the conch and discus of the Lord will be at a lower level than the face of the idol, they are above the level of the head in this temple.

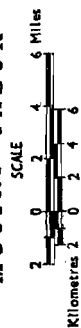
The village is 4 miles from Mayanur railway station and 18 miles from Musiri. The existing temple was built some 200 years ago. Apparently the old temple referred to in the above legend fell into ruins. In 1924 the Zamindar of Kattuputhur constructed the outer mandapam and raised the outer walls. The temple covers an area of 10,064 sq. ft. and has some stone inscriptions which are not clear. The gopuram is 22' high and contains plaster figures of Lord Srinivasa, Narasimha, Krishna, Vaikunta Narayana and Garudalwar. The presiding deity is Lord Venkataramanaswamy with His consorts Sri Bhumi devi and Sri Neela devi. The uthsavamurthi also is fashioned in a similar style.

Poojas are performed twice a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar who is paid a monthly salary from the temple revenues. The temple owns gold and silver ornaments worth about Rs. 2,250/- donated by devotees. The landed properties comprise 3.55 acres of wet and 10.61 acres of dry lands which fetch an annual income of Rs. 475/- in cash and 105 kalams of paddy. This is spent towards the salary of the temple servants and for its maintenance. There are five vahanas, made of wood which include Garuda, Hanumar, Adi Seshan, Elephant and Horse.

Vaikunta Ekadasi for a period of 12 days, Navarathri, Vijaya Dhasami, and Thirukarthigai are the festivals observed every year of which the Garudasevai on the Vaikunta Ekadasi day and the procession on a

MAP EXHIBITING THE CENTRES WHERE

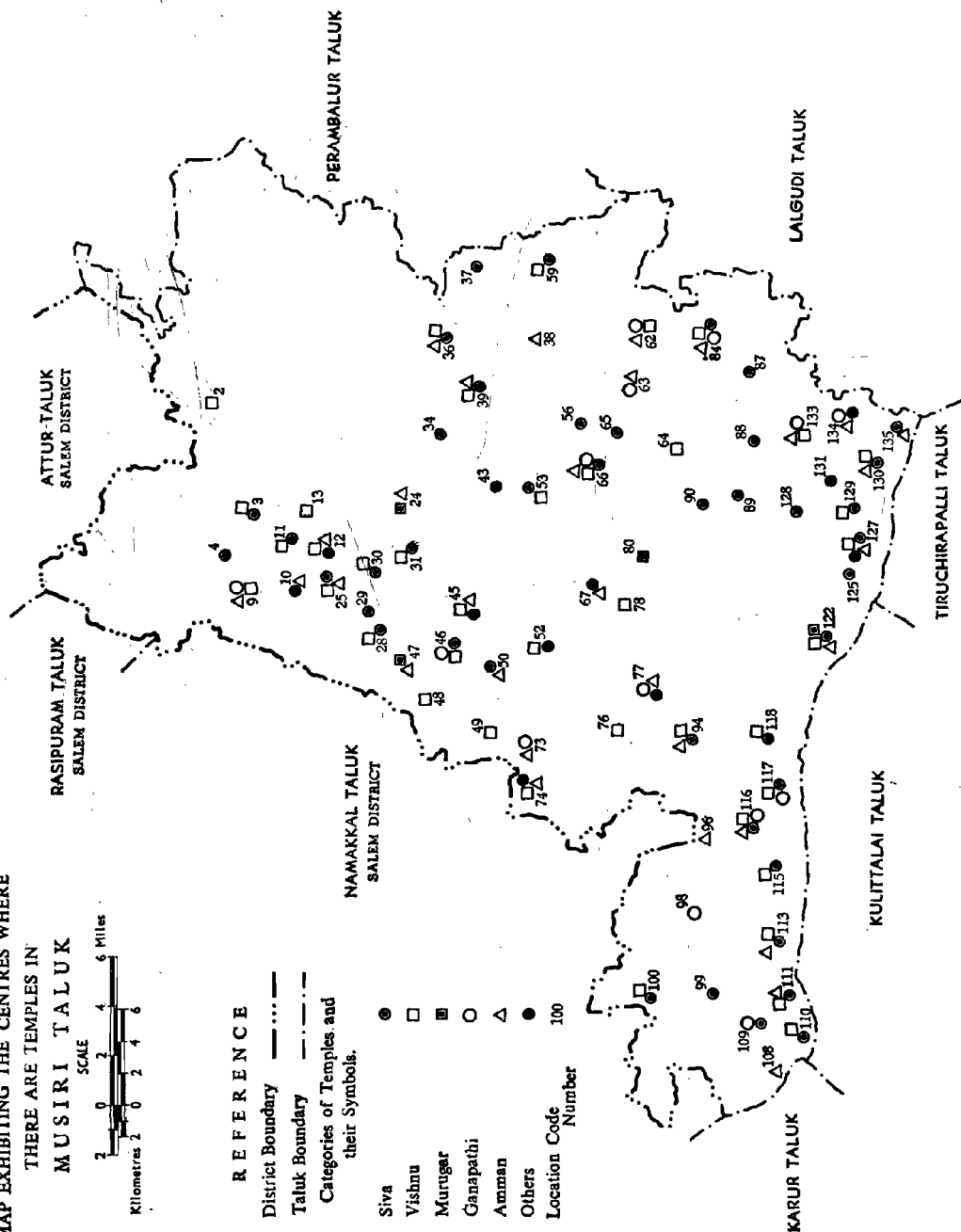
THERE ARE TEMPLES IN MUSIRI TALUK

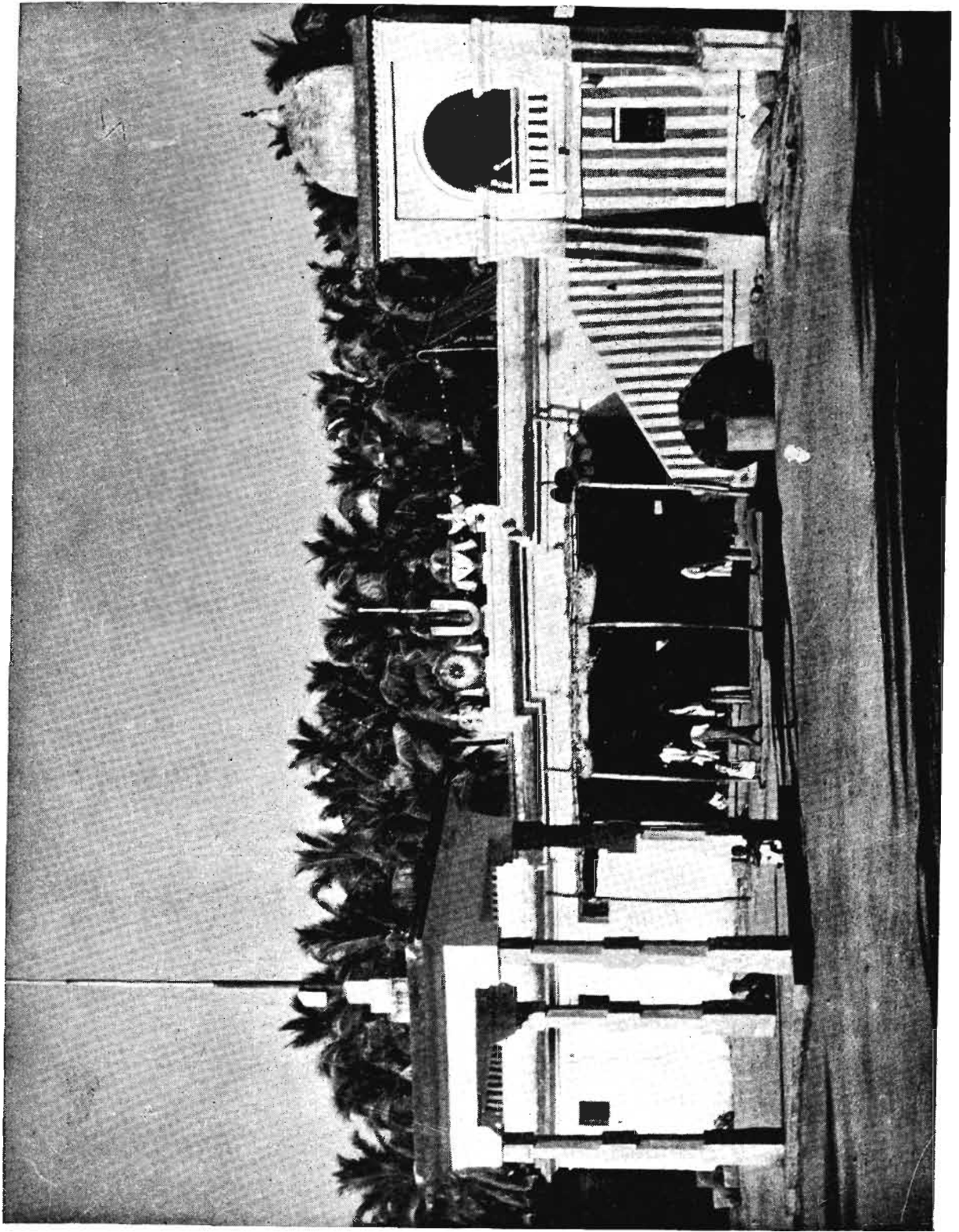


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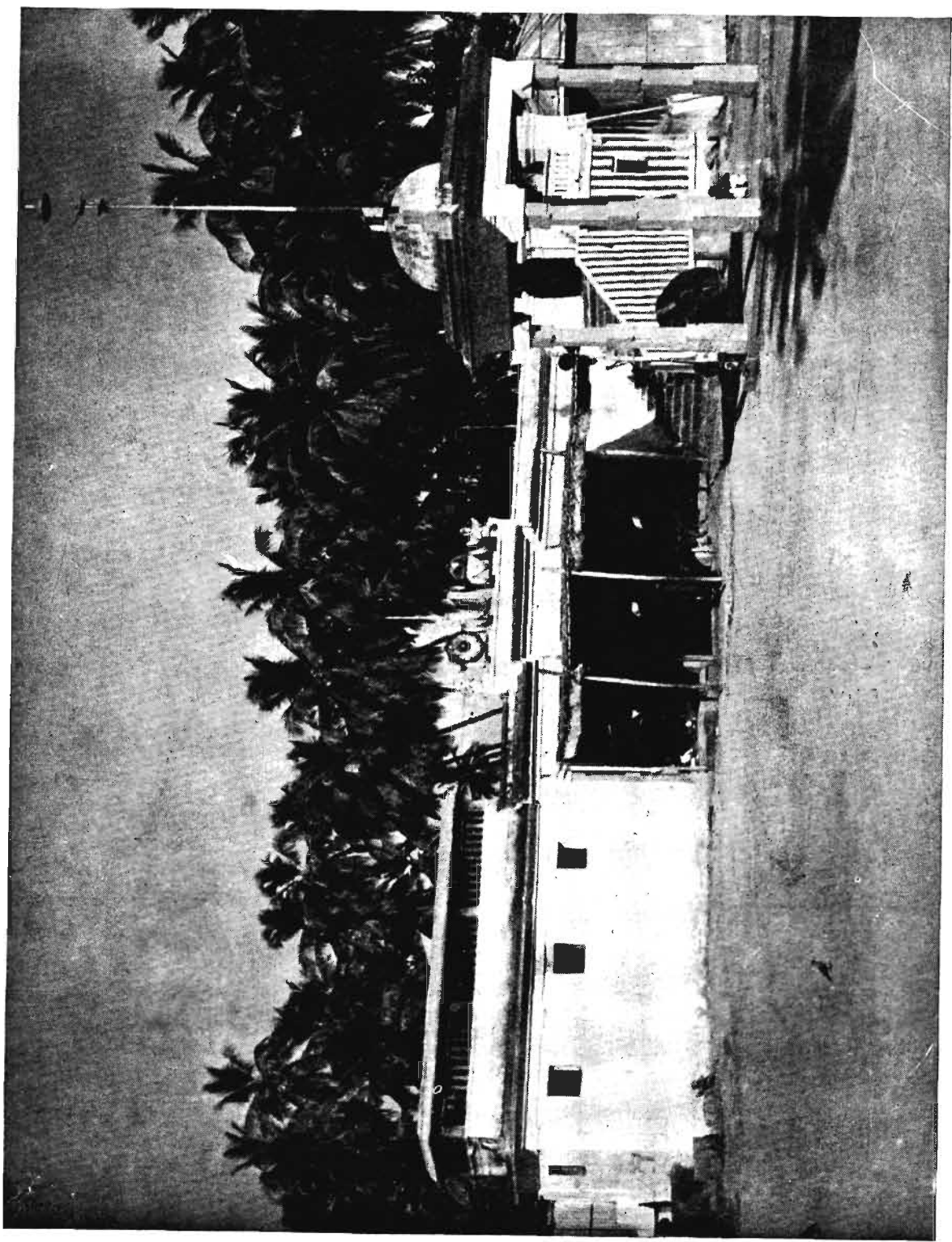
District Boundary ———
Taluk Boundary - - - - -
Categories of Temples and
their Symbols.

● Siva
□ Vishnu
■ Murugar
○ Ganapathi
△ Amman
● Others
Location Code
Number





Sri Prasanna Venkatachalapathy Temple, Gunaseelam



Sri Prasanna Venkatachalapathy Temple, Gunaseelam (another view)

Horse vahanam by the Lord on the Vijaya Dhasami day attract local devotees.

A single hereditary trustee is in charge of the temple.

Sri Anjaneyaswamy Temple

The temple was built by the Zamindhars of the Madhva community, some 100 years ago. It covers an area of 0.35 acres. There are four stone pillars in the sanctum having beautiful carvings of the *Dhasavatharams* of Lord Mahavishnu. The beautiful idol of the presiding deity Sri Anjaneyaswamy is about 1½' in height, in a standing pose, with both hands lifted together in prayer.

Poojas are performed twice a day by a non-hereditary priest of the Madhva brahmin sect who is paid a monthly salary from the temple revenues. The silver Kavacham valued of Rs. 700/- was presented by a lady devotee, who had a dream in which Sri Anjaneya appeared and informed her that as He was suffering from cold, He should have a Kavacham. The landed properties comprise 2.53 acres of wet lands which fetch an annual income of Rs. 1000/- and the amount is spent towards the salary of the priest, electrical charges, annual repairs and for the conduct of the annual festivals of the temple.

Hanumantha Jayanthi, Navarathri, Madhva Navami and Deepavali are the annual festivals celebrated of which the Hanumantha Jayanthi in Margazhi month is the main one attended by the local devotees.

THIRUVENGIMALAI (Hamlet of 118 Alagarai)

Sri Maragadheeswarar Temple

The origin of the temple goes back to the pre-historic days. Sage Agastya and other Nayanmars have sung about the deity. It is built of black stone, on a small hillock and can be reached by a flight of 500 steps. The village is 3 miles from Kulithalai railway station and 25 miles from Tiruchirapalli. Bus facilities are available to reach the village. Sri Maragadheeswarar and His consort Sri Maragadhambigai are the presiding deities of the temple.

The temple covers an area of 25 acres and has stone inscriptions. The Maragadhalingam here is an installed one. On the Sivarathri day in Masi, the sun's rays fall directly on the Lingam which emits different colours.

Poojas are performed twice a day by a hereditary Gurukkal, who is in the enjoyment of service inam lands. The ornaments in the temple worth about Rs. 3,000/-. The immovable properties comprise 12½ acres of wet and 200 acres of dry lands which fetch an

annual income of Rs. 3,320/-. This amount is spent towards the poojas and festivals of the temple. It owns a Rishabam and a Swan vahanam made of wood and painted with colours. Thai Poosam, Kumara Karthigai, Thiruvathirai, 18th day of Adi and Dhanur pooja are the usual annual festivals celebrated in the temple. The hill is illuminated and decorated on the Kiruthigai day. During Thai poosam, the Lord goes to Kadambathurai after crossing the Cauvery and gives dharsan along with the deities of eight other villages. About 30,000 devotees attend on these days.

A Board of three trustees and an Executive Officer manage the affairs of the temple.

135. GUNASEELAM

Sri Prasanna Venkatachalapathy Temple

The village is 2 miles from Elamanur railway station and 10 miles from Musiri. Town buses are plying frequently between Tiruchirapalli and this village. The temple is about 200 years old. It was renovated in 1945. It covers an area of 1.45 acres. All the towers in the temple are built of granite. The presiding deity Sri Prasanna Venkatachalapathy is represented by a 5½' high stone idol, in a standing pose. His consort is Sri Alamelumangai Thayar. The festival idols are Sri Srinivasamurthy and Sri Padmavathi.

Poojas are performed five times a day by hereditary Bhattachariars, who are in the enjoyment of the temple lands. The antique jewellery of the temple worth about one lakh of Rupees. The landed properties comprise 22.93 acres of wet and 0.48 acres of dry lands which yield 330 kalams of paddy. The hundi collections and the income under archana and other charges are Rs. 2,200/- per annum. The temple has 1 car, 1 palanquin and 7 vahanas which are made of wood and 50 years old. The annual festival of this shrine is celebrated for a period of 11 days during the month of Purattasi in commemoration of the Lord's dharsan given to Sage Gunaseelamaharishi who was unable to visit Thirupathi. This is attended by about 1,500 devotees from the neighbouring villages.

The deity is as powerful as the one at Tirupathi. Devotees who are unable to visit Tirupathi to fulfil a vow may go to Gunaseelam for the purpose and derive the same benefit as if they have visited Tirupathi. Women who are possessed by evil spirits get cured if they stay in the village and visit the shrine for a 'mandalam' (48 days). Many get relief after a few days' stay. Several "possessed" women may be seen within the temple precincts throughout the year. The number of such women will be the highest during Navarathri.

The temple is managed by four trustees.

MUSIRI

Sl. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
1	2	Sengattupatti H/o Thenbaranadu	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	47	0.13	Sri Varadarajaperumal	...
2	3	Sobanapuram	Sri Venugopalaswamy temple (V)	200	0.14	Sri Venugopalaswamy Sri Sathyabama Sri Rukmani	...
3	„	do	Sri Kasiviswanathar temple (S)	60	0.28	Sri Kasiviswanathar Sri Visalakshiamman	Sri Chandikeswarar Sri Bhairavar
4	4	Inam Koppama- puri H/o Koppam- patty	Sri Saptharisheswarar temple (S)	300	0.31	Sri Saptharisheswarar Sri Kungumavalli- amman	...
5	9	Vyrichettipalayam	Sri Karpaga Vinayagar temple (G)	100	0.08	Sri Karpaga Vinayagar	...
6	„	do	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	100	0.17	Sri Varadarajaperumal Sridevi, Bhudevi	Sri Perundhevithayar
7	„	do	Sri Kamakshiamman temple (F)	300	0.50	Sri Kamakshiamman	Sri Periaswamy Sri Karuppanna- swamy Sri Kathavarayar Sri Maruthaveera- swamy
8	10	Kottapalayam	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	300	0.49	Sri Mariamman	Sri Vinayagar
9	„	do	Sri Marudhaveeraswamy temple (O)			Sri Marudhaveeraswamy	...

TALUK

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Annual income from the immovable property	Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels)	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Vahanas			
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board									
Uthamarkoil Railway station 29 miles	...	8.00	...	...	1,000	...	Garuda Horse	Twice in a day by a Bhattachariar	Gokulashtami, Vijaya Dhasami, Vaikunta Ekadasi, Sri Rama Navami
Uthamarkoil Railway station 32 miles	...	...	18.94	...	2,000	1,114	Garuda	Daily Poojas by an Archagar	No
do	1.93	4.35	...	...	1,000	100	Rishabam	do	No
Uthamarkoil Railway station 34 miles	...	...	33.71	...	6,000	668	...	Daily Poojas by a hereditary Gurukkal	Adi 18th day, Adi Pooram, Vinayaga Chathurthi, Gokulashtami, Navarathri, Skandha Sashty Thiruvathirai, Thai Poosam, Radhasapthami, Pongal, Sivarathri, Masi Magam, Panguni Uthiram, Chithrapournami
Uthamarkoil Railway station 34½ miles	4.66	6.15	...	...	1,000	4	...	Daily Poojas by an Archagar	No
do	...	...	15.90	...	1,000	200	Palanquin Horse Anjaneya Garuda	Once in a day by a Bhattachariar	No
do	2.87	21.52	...	...	1,000	1,277	Palanquin Car, Rishabam, Swan Bhutham	Daily Poojas by a hereditary Vellalar	Sivarathri, Navarathri Thai Poosam, Panguni Uthiram, Thiruvathirai
Uthamarkoil Railway station 37 miles	}	}	8.56	...	1,700	Value not stated	Car, Ratham Swan, Horse Tiger	Daily Poojas by a Pandaram	Chithirai Car festival Purattasi Ambu Poduthal
do									

MUSIRI

Sl. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
10	10	Valayapatti H/o Kottapalayam	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	25	0.06	Sri Mariamman	Sri Madurai Veeran Sri Vembadiyan
11	11	Uppilipuram	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	300	0.38	Sri Varadaraja- perumal Sri Ubayanachiyar	Sri Vinayagar Sri Garudan Sri Hanumar
12	„	do	Sri Pasupatheeswarar temple (S)	300	0.35	Sri Pasupatheeswarar Sri Nithyakalyani	...
13	12	Maradi	Sri Vedantha Desikar temple (O)	43	0.01	Sri Vedantha Desikar	Sri Kannan
14	„	do	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	300	0.42	Sri Varadaraja- perumal Sri Perundhevinayagi	...
15	„	do	Sri Kamakshiamman temple (S)	115	0.17	Sri Kamakshiamman	...
16	13	Pudulathi H/o Venkatachala- puram	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	45	0.14	Sri Varadarajaperumal Sridevi, Bhudevi	...
17	„	Venkatachalapuram	Sri Ananthanarayana- perumal temple (V)	60	0.15	Sri Ananthanarayana- perumal Sridevi, Bhudevi	...
18	24	Baderpettai	Sri Subramaniaswamy temple (M)	40	0.02	Sri Subramaniaswamy	...
19	„	Pudupatti H/o Badarpettai	Sri Kamakshiamman temple (S)	150	0.15	Sri Kamakshiamman	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Uthamarkoil Railway station 35 miles	2.64	...	...	...	600	...	Car Swan Horse	Daily Pooja by a hereditary Poosari	Chithirai Festival Poovadai Navarathri
Uthamarkoil Railway station 32 miles	1.23	2.56	...	...	500	50	...	Daily pooja by a hereditary Archagar	No
do	3.92	1.34	...	...	900	60	...	Daily Pooja by an Archagar	No
Srirangam Railway station 33 miles	...	...	5.34	One building	500	32	Kedayam	Once in a day by an Archagar	Sivarathri
do	11.94	6.69	...	...	900	400	Car Palanquins-2 Kedayams-3 Garudas-2 Unjal Hanumar Horse Nagam Elephnat	Twice in a day by a hereditary Archagar	Sri Rama Navami Vaikasi Visagam Sivarathri Vaikunta Ekadasi Karthigai Deepam Yugadhi
do	1.35	...	...	...	100	30	Ratham Kedayam Horse Swan Rishabam Palanquin Car	Twice in a day by a hereditary Pillai	Navarathri
Uthamarkoil Railway station 29 miles	...	3.68	...	...	100	...	...	Daily Pooja by a hereditary Archagar	No
Uthamarkoil Railway station 30 miles	...	...	52.19	...	1,600	305	Horse Garuda	do	No
Tiruchirapalli Town Railway station 34 miles	1.80	8.08	...	...	1,000	...	Car Palanquin Peacock Horse Swan	Daily Pooja by a Gurukkal	Panguni Uthiram
Uthamarkoil Railway station 32 miles	1.36	3.52	...	...	400	...	...	Daily Pooja by a Vellalar	No

MUSIRI

Sl. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
20	25	Viswambalsamudram H/o Balakrishnampatti	Sri Viswanathaswamy temple (S)	50	0.12	Sri Viswanathaswamy Sri Visalakshiamman	...
21	„	do	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	800	0.11	Sri Varadarajaperumal Sri Bhudevi, Sri Neeladevi	...
22	„	Sri Balakrishnampatti	Sri Balakrishnaperumal temple (V)	200	Not stated	Sri Balakrishnaperumal	...
23	„	do	Sri Dharmeswarar temple (S)	200	0.01	Sri Dharmeswarar	...
24	„	do	Sri Pidarisellandiamman temple (F)	300	0.01	Sri Sellandiamman	...
25	„	Mettur H/o Balakrishnampatti	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	200	0.01	Sri Mariamman	...
26	28	Pachaperumalpatti	Sri Arapplieswarar temple (S)	300	0.31	Sri Arapplieswarar Sri Thaimmal	Sri Chandikeswarar
27	„	do	Sri Sundararajaperumal temple (V)	300	0.40	Sri Sundararajaperumal Sri Sundaravallithayar Sridevi, Bhudevi	...
28	29	Alathudayampatti	Sri Somanathaswamy temple (S)	500	1.00	Sri Somanathaswamy Sri Sundaravalliambal	...
29	30	Reddiapatti H/o Sirunavalur	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	100	0.69	Sri Varadarajaperumal Sridevi, Bhudevi	Sri Viswathsenar
30	„	Sirunavalur	Sri Kalastheeswarar temple (S)	100	0.05	Sri Kalastheeswarar Sri Maragathavalli	...
31	„	do	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)			Sri Varadarajaperumal	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)				Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.	Other immovable property		Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Kulitalai Railway station 20 miles	4.00	...	...	...	1,200	...	...	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
do	...	...	8.30	...	1,000	...	...	Daily Poojas by a Bhattachariar	Vijaya Dhasami
Uthamarkoil Railway station 40 miles	2.94	3.00	...	...	800	...	...	Daily Poojas by a hereditary Archagar	No
do	1.28	...	...	...		...	...	do	No
do	6.66	3.85	...	...	1,500	25	Car Horse	Daily Poojas by a hereditary Pandaram	No
do	3.80	4.01	...	...	1,500	...	...	do	No
Uthamarkoil Railway station 34 miles	...	...	79.75	...	1,700	Value not stated	Rishabam	Poojas performed by a Gurukkal	No
do	6.24	0.51	...	...	2,500	150	Kedayam Garuda	Daily Poojas by a hereditary Archagar	No
do	...	...	34.82	...	5,000	5	...	Poojas performed by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
Uthamarkoil Railway station 38 miles	...	...	Extent not stated	...	3,000	250	Kedayam Garuda	Twice in a day by an Archagar	Gokulashtami
Uthamarkoil Rail- way station 28 miles	}	...	...	do	1,000	...	...	Poojas performed by a Gurukkal	No
do		...	...	do	...	...	...	...	...

MUSIRI

Sl. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
32	31	Eragudi	Sri Chidambareswarar temple (S)	800	0.23	Sri Chidambareswarar Sri Sivakamasundari	Sri Suriar Sri Chandran Sri Sanceswarar Sri Lingam Sri Viswanathar Sri Visalakshiamman
33	„	do	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	800	0.18	Sri Varadarajaperumal Sridevi, Bhudevi	...
34	34	Murugur	Sri Chitrambalanathaswamy temple (S)	Not stated	0.21	Sri Chitrambalanathar Sri Sivakamiamman	...
35	„	do	Sri Karuppannaswamy temple (O)	75	0.50	Sri Karuppannaswamy	Sri Ponnambala- swamy Sri Periakanni- amman Sri Marudhaveera- swamy Sri Velliamman and Pommalamman
36	36	Keerambu	Sri Kasiviswanathar temple (S)	60	0.19	Sri Kasiviswanathar Sri Kasivisalakshi	...
37	„	do	Sri Sellandiamman temple (F)	200	0.06	Sri Sellandiamman	Sri Munnadikaruppu Vannisevan Sri Kannimar Sri Vannachikaruppu
38	„	do	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	60	0.25	Sri Varadarajaperumal Sridevi, Bhudevi	...
39	37	Nagalapuram	Sri Viswanathaswamy temple (S)	100	0.22	Sri Viswanathaswamy Sri Visalakshiamman	Sri Eswarar Sri Thandavarayar
40	38	Z. Sorathur H/o Muthia- palayam	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	100	0.01	Sri Mariamman	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway Station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)				Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas	Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.	Other immovable property					
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Uthamarkoil Railway station 28 miles	8.07	9.23	...	...	4,000	150	Rishabam Peacock Horse Kedayams-2	Daily Poojas by a Gurukkal	Vijaya Dhasami Annabishegam Yugadhi
do	5.54	1.03	...	...	1,200	400	Garuda Horse Kedayam	Twice in a day by an Archagar	Vaikunta Ekadasi
Uthamarkoil Railway station 25 miles	19.91	...	...	...	330 kalamas of paddy	625	Kedayam Mooshigam Peacock Horse Rishabam Kamadhenu Vedhalam Ratham	Four times a day by a Gurukkal	No
do	2.00	10.16	...	2-House sites 1-Shop 1-Choultry & 3-Houses	510	2,000	...	Twice in a week by a hereditary Poosari	Adi 18th day, Vijaya Dhasami, Sivarathri
Uthamarkoil Railway station 26 miles	8.96	0.15	...	1-House	2,000	...	Rishabam Bandicoot Peacock	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Vijaya Dhasami Arudhra Dhari-sanam
Uthamarkoil Railway station 27 miles	7.91	...	...	Garden 1.32 acres	300	500	Car Rathams-2 Swan, Lion Elephant Horse Bhutham	Twice in a week by a hereditary Poosari	Car Festival, Navarathri, Adi 18th day, Sivarathri, Thai Poosam
do	8.10	2.51	...	1-House	2,000	...	Garuda Horse	Twice in a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar	Vijaya Dhasami Gokulashtami Vaikunta Ekadasi
Kulitalai Railway station 25 miles	3.00	...	...	...	500	120	Horse Crow Bandicoot	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	Sivarathri, Thiruvathirai, Thai Poosam, Navarathri
Kulitalai Railway station 20 miles	...	...	Extent not stated	...	300	...	Horse Lion	Twice in a day by a Pandaram	Annual Festival in Chithirai or Vaikasi

MUSIRI

Sl. No.	L. C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
41	39	Z. Thuraiyur	Sri Kannikaparameswari temple (F)	500	0.10	Sri Kannikaparameswari Amman	...
42	"	do	Sri Sali Mariamman temple (F)	Not stated	0.03	Sri Mariamman	Sri Nagar Sri Vinayagar
43	"	do	Sri Nallakathayee Amman temple (F)	do	0.99	Sri Nallakathayee Amman	...
44	"	do	Sri Nandhikeswarar temple (S)	400	0.81	Sri Nandhikeswarar Sri Mahasampath Gowri	Sri Lingothbavar Sri Naga Kannigai Sri Venu Pareeswarar Sri Mahalakshmi Sri Ayyanar Sri Gosta Devathaigal Sri Brahma Sri Dhurgai Sri Ramanatheeswarar Sri Visalakshiamman
45	"	do	Sri Kasiviswanathar temple (S)	400	1.38	Sri Kasiviswanathar Sri Visalakshiamman	Sri Dhakshinamoorthy Sri Lingothbavar Sri Brahma Sri Durgai Sri Chandikeswarar Sri Gosta Devathaigal
46	"	do	Sri Prasanna Venkatachalapathy temple (V)	400	0.65	Sri Prasanna Venkatachalapathy Sri Alamelumagaithayar Sridevi, Bhudevi	Sri Karuppannaswamy Sri Andal, Sri Alwar Sri Seni Muthalwar Sri Govindarajaperumal Sri Selvar Sri Udayavar
47	"	do	Sri Venugopalaswamy temple (V)			Sri Venugopalaswamy Sri Rukmani, Sri Sathyabama	Sri Sengamalathayar Sri Sakrathalwar Sri Andal Sri Hanumar

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)				Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A. C.	Dry A. C.	Wet and dry A.C.	Other immovable property		Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Uthamarkoil Railway station 23 miles	...	...	...	4-Shops	1,140	...	Horse Parrot	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	Navarathri
do	...	...	...	6-Shops & 1-House	900	...	Elephant Horse Lion	do	Mariamman Festival once in five years
do	1.32	12.00	...	2-Shops	950	...	...	Twice in a day by a Pandaram	Amman Festival in Vaikasi
do	...	...	...	...	2,700 (Dastik Allowance)	2,600	Cars-2 Kailasam Vedhalam Swan Elephant Lion Parrot Horse Rishabams-2 Bandicoot Palanquins-2 Ratham, Kedayams-12	Four times a day by a Gurukkal	Adi Pooram, Navarathri, Karthigai Deepam, Thiruvathirai, Brahmothsavam in Masi
do	3.51	...	...	...	48 kalams of Paddy & Rs. 830/-	700	Rishabam Kedayams-2 Rathams-2	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Karthigai Deepam Thiruvathirai
do	7.73	7.14	...	...	210 kalams of Paddy & Rs. 1,907/-	24,000	Horse Garuda Kedayam Lion, Cars-4	Three times a day by a hereditary Archagar	Chithrapournami Thiruvonam Ambu Poduthal Karthigai Deepam Vaikunta Ekadasi Brahmothsavam Sri Jayanthi
do							Horse, Garuda Hanumars-2 Elephant Sesham Palanquins-2 Kedayams-3	Four times a day by a hereditary Archagar	

MUSIRI

Sl. No.	L. C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
48	43	I. Senappanallur	Sri Dharmakeswarar temple (S)	200	0.07	Sri Dharmakeswarar Sri Sumathambigai	Sri Udayavar Sri Sellandiamman
49	45	Karikali	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	200	0.06	Sri Mariamman	...
50	"	do	Sri Pidari temple (F)			Sri Pidari	...
51	"	do	Sri Karuppannar temple (O)			Sri Karuppannar	...
52	"	do	Sri Karikaliamman temple (F)			Sri Karikaliamman	...
53	"	Uthandampatti H/o Karikali	Sri Kaliaperumal temple (V)	300	0.05	Sri Kaliaperumal Sri Rukmani Sri Sathyabama	Sri Rajagopalaswamy Sri Venugopalaswamy Sri Alvars
54	46	Konangipatti H/o Mettupalayam	Sri Mandapa Vinayagar temple (G)	150	0.02	Sri Mandapa Vinayagar	...
55	"	Mettupalayam	Sri Anandhavaradaraja- perumal temple (V)	100	0.39	Sri Anandhavarada- rajaperumal Sri Alamelumangai Thayar	Sri Ramar Sri Lakshmanar Sri Seetha Sri Hanumar Sri Andal Sri Vinayagar Sri Karuppanar
56	"	do	Sri Markandeyaswamy temple (O)	250	0.02	Sri Markandeya- swamy	Sri Vinayagar
57	47	Koneripatti H/o Alagapuri	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	30	0.10	Sri Mariamman	...
58	"	do	Sri Bala Dhandayutha- pani temple (M)			Sri Bala Dhandayutha- pani	...
59	48	Pillapalayam	Sri Varadarajar temple (V)	17	0.10	Sri Varadarajar	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)

and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)

Uthamarkoil Railway station 28 miles	7.83	...	...	...	800	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
Kulitalai Railway Station 19 miles	...	7.46	...	...	600	1,000	Cars-2 Horse	Twice in a day by a hereditary Pandaram	No
do	...	2.10	...	...			
do	...	1.22	...	...			
do	...	0.95	...	...			
do	2.44	9.29	...	1-House	1,500	75	Car, Garuda Horse, Sesha Elephant Palanquins-2 Hanumar	Twice in a day by an Archagar	No
Kulitalai Railway station 18 miles	1.54	...	...	1-House	500	...	...	do	No
do	...	4.03	...	3-Buildings	1,215	450	Palanquin Garuda Horse Hanumar Sesha Elephant	Twice in a day by a hereditary Archagar	No
do	...	...	...	3-Buildings	1,000	110	Tiger	Twice in a day by a hereditary Poosari	No
Kulitalai Railway station 20 miles	}	3.84	...	...	60 kalams of Paddy	...	Car, Lion	Twice in a day by a Pandaram	Mariamman Festival in Chithirai
do									
Kulitalai Railway station	...	...	3.50	...	350	...	...	Once in a day by a Bhattachariat	No

MUSIRI

Sl. No.	L. C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
60	49	Mahadevi	Sri Krishnaswamy temple (V)	1000	0.03	Sri Krishnaswamy Sri Rukmani, Sri Sathyabama	Sri Hanumar Sri Alwars
61	50	Karugudi	Sri Ellamman temple (F)	230	0.40	Sri Ellamman	Sri Petharasuswamy
62	„	do	Sri Kailasanathar temple (S)	300	0.60	Sri Kailasanathar Sri Karunakaravalli	...
63	52	Pilladurai H/o Thathiengarpet	Sri Venugopalswamy temple (V)	200	0.10	Sri Venugopalswamy Sri Rukmani Sri Sathyabama	...
64	„	do	Sri Kasiviswanathar temple (S)	200	0.15	Sri Kasiviswanathar Sri Visalakshiamman	Sri Bhairavar
65	„	do	Sri Rajagopalswamy temple (V)	70	0.03	Sri Rajagopalswamy Sri Rukmani, Sri Sathyabama	...
66	„	Thathiengarpet	Sri Madurai Vecraswamy temple (O)	200	0.14	Sri Madurai Veeraswamy	Sri Kamakshiamman Sri Karuppan Sri Perumal
67	53	Veerachampatti	Sri Viswanathaswamy temple (S)	100	0.16	Sri Viswanathaswamy Sri Visalakshiamman	Sri Chandikeswarar Sri Dhakshinamoorthy
68	„	do	Sri Pattabiramaswamy temple (V)	100	0.12	Sri Pattabiramaswamy	Sri Raman Sri Lakshmanan Sri Seetha Sri Bharathan Sri Hanumar Sri Sathruknan
69	56	Z. Singalandapuram	Sri Amarasundareswarar temple (S)	200	0.43	Sri Amarasundareswarar Sri Agilandeswari	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway Station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)				Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.	Other immovable property		Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Kulitalai Railway station 19 miles	3.01	...	...	...	600	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar	Krishna Jayanthi Karthigai Deepam
Kulitalai Railway station 17 miles	...	4.87	...	...	350	...	Horse	Once in a day by a Pandaram	No
do	...	...	...	...	682	1,500	Palanquin Horse Mooshigam Rishabams-2	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Vinayaga Chathurthi, Navarathri Karthigai Deepam Sivarathri, Annabishegam, Thiruvathirai
Kulitalai Railway station 15 miles	...	2.90	...	...	600	25	...	Once in a day by an Archagar	Pongal, Sri Jayanthi, Vijaya Dhasami, Vaikunta Ekadasi
do	2.07	...	...	...	1,500	300	Rathams-2 Peacocks-2 Rishabams-2 Mooshigam	Thrice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Visagam, Karthigai Deepam, Ani Thirumanjanam, Vinayaga Chathurthi Navarathri Annabishegam Thiruvathirai
do	2.68	23.50	...	...	1,000	Value not stated	...	Twice in a day by an Archagar	No
do	1.04	7.20	...	...	520	...	Horses-2 Swan	Twice in a week by a hereditary Reddiar	No
Kulitalai Railway station 16 miles	13.04	...	...	...	1,400	1,00	...	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	No
do						Value not stated	Garuda Hanumar	Twice in a day by an Archagar	Vaikunta Ekadasi
Uthamarkoil Railway station 20 miles	4.50	...	...	...	900	18	...	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	No

MUSIRI

Sl. No.	L. C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
70	59	outathur	Sri Pasupatheeswarar temple (S)	Not stated	0.34	Sri Pasupatheeswarar Sri Parvathi	...
71	„	do	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	do	0.13	Sri Varadarajaperumal Sridevi, Bhudevi	...
72	62	Sathanur H/o Thinnanore	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	80	0.04	Sri Varadarajaperumal	...
73	„	Thinnanore	Sri Soundhrarajaperumal temple (V)	Not stated	0.07	Sri Soundhrarajaperumal	...
74	„	do	Sri Vinayagar temple (G)	do	Not stated	Sri Vinayagar	...
75	„	do	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	do	0.04	Sri Mariamman	...
76	„	do	Sri Pidari temple (F)	do	Not stated	Sri Pidari	...
77	63	I. Karattampatti	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	do	0.02	Sri Mariamman	...
78	„	do	Sri Vinayagar temple (G)	do	0.02	Sri Vinayagar	...
79	64	Velianur H/o T. Pudupatti	Sri Senthamaraikannan temple (V)	100	0.05	Sri Senthamaraikannan	...
80	65	Adanur	Sri Kasiviswanathaswamy temple (S)	200	0.10	Sri Kasiviswanathaswamy Sri Visalakshiamman	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway Station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)				Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas	Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A. C.	Wet and dry A.C.	Other immovable property					
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
Uthamarkoil Railway station 19 miles	2.75	30.00	...	...	3,000	100	Rishabam Horse Garuda Hanumar Bandicoot Palanquin Ratham	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Navarathri
do								Twice in a day by an Archagar	Vaikunta Ekadasi Krishna Jayanthi
Uthamarkoil Railway station	3.97	9.00	...	...	92 kalamas of Paddy	...	Garuda	Twice in a day by a Bhattachariar	Navarathri Chithrapournami
Uthamarkoil Railway station 13 miles							Garuda Car Kamadhenu Horse	Once in a day by an Archagar	Vaikunta Ekadasi
do	3.30	11.29	...	...	1,200	100	Mooshigam Ratham	Once in a day by a Pandaram	Sivarathri
do							Horse Lions-2	do	Adi 18th day
do							...	do	Pongal
Uthamarkoil Railway station 16 miles	...	4.61	...	...	...	...	Ratham	Once in a day by a hereditary Pandaram	Mariamman Festival
do	...	3.02	...	...	...	...	Ratham	do	No
Uthamarkoil Railway station	4.00	...	...	...	40 kalamas of Paddy	...	...	Once in a day by a Bhattachariar	No
Bikshandarkoil Railway station 19 miles	7.26	...	...	...	40 kalamas of Paddy	Value not stated	...	Once in a day by an Archagar	No

and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)

MUSIRI

Sl. No.	L. C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
81	66	Kannanore	Sri Angalamman temple (F)	200	0.63	Sri Angalamman	Sri Marudhaveeran Sri Pechiyayi Sri Irulappan Sri Veerabadhran Sri Pavadairayan Sri Thandavarayan
82	„	do	Sri Kailasanathar temple (S)	300	0.26	Sri Kailasanathar	Sri Veerabadhran Sri Dhakshinamoorthy Sri Chandikeswarar Sri Arunachaleswarar Sri Balabhairavar Sri Suriabagavan
83	„	do	Sri Ekambareswarar Devasthanam (S)	200	0.40	Sri Ekambareswarar Sri Karunakaramman	...
84	67	Valayeduppur	Sri Sellandiamman temple (F)	200	0.30	Sri Sellandiamman	...
85	„	do	Sri Mariamman temple (F)			Sri Mariamman	...
86	„	do	Sri Ayyanar temple (O)			Sri Ayyanar	Sri Periathambiran Sri Aladiappan
87	73	Jadamangalam H/o Jambumadai	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	30	0.09	Sri Mariamman	...
88	„	do	Sri Vinayagar temple (G)			Sri Vinayagar	...
89	74	Valasiramani	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	100	1.05	Sri Mariamman	Sri Vinayagar
90	„	do	Sri Pidari temple (F)	100	0.04	Sri Pidari	Sri Sellandiamman
91	„	do	Sri Karuppannaswamy temple (O)	100	0.01	Sri Karuppannaswamy	...
92	„	do	Sri Perumalswamy temple (V)	100	0.01	Sri Perumalswamy	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)				Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.	Other immovable property		Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Kulitalai Railway station 15 miles	...	3.00	...	...	800	Value not stated	Car Horse	Twice in a day by a hereditary Pandaram	Sivarathri, Ambu Podudhal, Adi 18th day
do	Extent not stated	...	500	...	Horse	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Navarathri Thiruvathirai
Kulitalai Railway station 14 miles	128.47	...	1,500	1,770	...	Four times a day by a Gurukkal	Navarathri, Thiruvathirai, Vaikunta Ekadasi
do	}	3.72	4.10	...	500	300	Car Elephant	Once in a day by a Pandaram	Amman Festival in Chithirai
do									Amman Festival in Karthigai
do									Ayyanar Festival in Chithirai
Kulitalai Railway station 16 miles	}	...	9.85	...	600	...	Horses-2 Cars-2	Twice in a day by a hereditary Pandaram	Amman Festival
do								do	Vinayaga Chathurthi
Kulitalai Railway station 18 miles	}	...	7.66	...	200	2,800	Cars-2	Once in a day by a hereditary Pandaram	No
do					400	3,000	Horse	do	No
do					1,000	...	Horse	Once in a day by a hereditary Thathan	No
do								do	No

MUSIRI

Sl.No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
93	76	Poolancheri	Sri Vadamalaiperumal temple (V)	100	0.03	Sri Vadamalaiperumal	...
94	77	Sergudi	Sri Sellandiamman temple (F)	Not stated	0.05	Sri Sellandiamman	...
95	„	do	Sri Sidhivinayagar temple (G)	do	0.02	Sri Sidhivinayagar	...
96	„	do	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	30	0.08	Sri Mariamman	...
97	„	do	Sri Sangilikaruppu temple (O)	Not stated	0.01	Sri Sangilikaruppu	...
98	„	do	Sri Andapuram Pillayar temple (G)	do	0.01	Sri Andapuram Pillayar	...
99	78	Mavilipatti	Sri Venkatachalapathy temple (V)	200	0.69	Sri Venkatachalapathy	Sri Ramar Sri Lakshmanar Sri Bharathar Sri Sathrukmar
100	80	Jambunathapuram H/o Thulayanatham	Sri Subramaniam temple (M)	200	0.03	Sri Subramaniam	Sri Vinayagar Sri Visalakshiamman
101	84	Pulivalam	Sri Vyagrapureeswarar temple (S)	60	0.23	Sri Vyagrapureeswarar	...
102	„	do	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	Not stated	0.16	Sri Varadarajaperumal	...
103	„	do	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	do	Not stated	Sri Mariamman	...
104	„	do	Sri Pillayar temple (G)	do	do	Sri Pillayar	...
105	„	do	Sri Ellaiaimman temple (F)	do	do	Sri Ellaiaimman	...
106	„	do	Sri Pidariamman temple (F)	do	do	Sri Pidari	...
107	87	Moovanur	Sri Thirukonrai Eswarar temple (S)	do	1.50	Sri Thirukonrai Eswarar	Sri Mariamman Sri Ellaiaimman Sri Kambaperumal

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)				Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.	Other immovable property		Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Kulitalai Railway station	2.00	7.00	...	...	500	...	...	Once in a week by a Gurukkal	No
Kulitalai Railway station 11 miles	1.64	0.72	...	...	500	20	Ratham Horse	Once in a day by a Pandaram	No
do									
do									
do									
Kulitalai Railway station 13 miles	1.29	34.39	...	...	600	200	...	Poojas performed by a Poosari	No
Kulitalai Railway station 18 miles	...	3.00	...	...	20 kalamas of Paddy	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Archagar	No
Uthamarkoil Railway station 12 miles	3.29	20.0	...	...	1,400	...	Rishabam	Thrice in a day by a Gurukkal	Chithrapournami
do							Garuda	Twice in a day by an Archagar	Sri Rama Navami
do							...	No	No
do							Bandicoot	No	No
do							...	No	No
do							...	No	No
Uthamarkoil Railway station 15 miles	...	43.00	...	...	500	194	Ratham Car Horses-2	Once in a day by an Archagar	No

MUSIRI

Sl. No.	L. C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religions							
108	88	Thiruthiamalai	Sri Eswaran temple (S)	5000	0.84	Eka Pushpa Priya-nathaswamy Sri Thayinum Nallaval	Sri Dhaksh'namoorthy Sri Chandikeswarar Sri Kasiviswanathar
109	89	T. Puthur	Sri Viswanathaswamy Udayavar temple (S)	150	0.16	Sri Viswanathaswamy Sri Visalakshiamman	Sri Meenakshi Sri Dhakshinamoorthy
110	"	Sukkampatti H/o T. Puthur	Sri Kasiviswanathaswamy temple (S)	90	0.35	Sri Kasiviswanathar Sri Kasivisalakshi	
111	90	Perur	Sri Edankandeswarar temple (S)	100	0.01	Sri Edankandeswarar Sri Amman	Sri Chandikeswarar
112	94	Kolakkudi H/o Appanallur	Sri Viswanathaswamy temple (S)	500	0.15	Sri Viswanathaswamy Sri Visalakshiamman	Sri Dhakshinamoorthy
113	"	do	Sri Pidari Eluvandiamman temple (F)	300	0.10	Sri Eluvandiamman	Sri Karuppannaswamy Sri Vinayagar
114	"	do	Sri Lakshminarayana-perumal temple (V)	Not stated	0.05	Sri Lakshminarayana-perumal	...
115	96	Kamalapuram	Sri Kamakshiamman temple (S)	80	0.50	Sri Kamakshiamman	Sri Periyaswamy Sri Maduraiveeran Sri Kathavarayan Sri Muniappan Sri Kannimar
116	98	Elurpatti	Sri Vinayagar temple (G)	100	0.50	Sri Vinayagar	...
117	99	Nagayanallur	Sri Mallikarjuneswarar temple (S)	150	0.15	Sri Mallikarjuneswarar	Sri Surianarayanan Sri Dhakshinamoorthy Sri Chandikeswarar Sri Praprathambigai
118	100	M. Kalathur	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	100	0.22	Sri Varadarajaperumal	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)				Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.	Other immovable property		Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Elamanur Railway station 10 miles	1.99	26.76	...	...	1,000	100	Palanquin Horse Kedayam Rishabam	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Navarathri Karthigai Deepam Thiruvathirai Thai Poosam
Pettaivaithalai Railway station 7 miles	...	30.00	...	...	900	35	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Archagar	No
Kulitalai Railway station 10 miles	3.83	32.11	...	...	1,500	100	Rishabam	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Chithrapournami Vinayaga Chathurthi, Navarathri, Ani Thirumanjanam
do	4.50	12.50	...	...	35 kalams of Paddy	...	...	Twice in a week by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
Thimmachipuram Railway station 5 miles	...	1.07	...	1-House	Not stated	Value not stated	...	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Thiruvathirai
do	4.82	21.62	...	...	2,200	5,663	Horse	Twice in a day by a Pandaram	No
Thimmachipuram Railway station 6 miles	2.58	10.40	..	...	1,000	...	...	Twice in a day by a hereditary Archagar	No
Lalapet Railway station	...	0.25	...	Garden 1.10 acres	210	...	Car	No	No
Chithalaivai Railway station	...	...	115.23	...	300	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Pandaram	No
Mayanur Railway station 5 miles	7.65	67.21	...	...	7,300	...	Rathams-2 Rishabam Bandicoot	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
Mayanur Railway station	...	...	10.31	...	500	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Archagar	No

MUSIRI

Sl. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
119	100	M. Kalathur	Sri Esanathar temple (S)	200	0.30	Sri Esanathar	...
120	108	Chinnapallipalayam	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	100	0.02	Sri Mariamman	...
121	109	Kattuputhur	Sri Avunipillayar temple (G)	100	0.07	Sri Vigneswarar	...
122	„	do	Sri Uthandivinayagar temple (G)	60	0.01	Sri Vigneswarar	...
123	„	do	Sri Meenakshisundareswarar temple (S)	300	0.41	Sri Sundareswarar Sri Meenakshi	...
124	110	Sriramasamudram	Sri Valeswaraswamy temple (S)	1,000	1.53	Sri Valeswaraswamy Sri Soundhranayagi- amman	Sri Natarajar Sri Vishnu Sri Brahma Sri Kasilingam Sri Viswanathar Sri Dhakshina- moorthy
125	„	do	Sri Venkataramanaperumal temple (V)	400	0.03	Sri Venkataramanaperumal	...
126	111	Seelaipillayarpudur	Sri Pidari Sellandiamman temple (F)	100	0.06	Sri Pidari Sellandiamman	Sri Karuppannaswamy
127	„	do	Sri Meenakshisundareswarar temple (S)	200	0.19	Sri Somasundareswarar Sri Meenakshi	Sri Dhakshina- moorthy Sri Natarajar Sri Chandikeswarar
128	„	do	Sri Kothandaramaswamy temple (V)	200	0.10	Sri Kothandaramaswamy Sri Seetha	Sri Lakshmanar Sri Bharathar Sri Sathruknan Sri Hanumar
129	113	Natham	Sri Chokkalingeswarar temple (S)	700	0.10	Sri Chokkalingeswarar Sri Amman	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)				Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.	Other immovable property		Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Mayanur Railway station	...	...	15.14	...	500	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
Mayanur Railway station 3 miles	1.08	...	...	...	500	...	...	Once in a day by a Pandaram	Mariamman Festival in Ani
do	1.87	...	...	...	1,000	..	...	Twice in a day by a Pandaram	Vinayaga Chathurthi
do	1.65	...	...	...	600	...	...	do	Vinayaga Chathurthi
do	6.08	32.60	...	Coconut thoppu 30 cents	Not stated	139	Rishabam Peacock Manjam Mooshigam	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Navarathri Thiruvathirai Skandha Sashty Thai Poomam Vinayaga Chathurthi, Panguni Uthiram, Ani Thirumanjanam
Mayanur Railway station 2 miles	...	...	116.19	...	15,000	...	Car	Four times a day by a Gurukkal	No
do	4.13	6.20	...	...	1,835	45	...	Once in a day by an Archagar	Vaikunta Ekadasi
Mayanur Railway station 1 mile	3.29	...	...	Thoppu 16 cents	57 kalams of Paddy & Rs. 1,200/-	Value not stated	...	Once in a day by a Pandaram	Pidari Festival in Ani
do	2.45	0.13	...	...	1,400	448	...	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	No
do	2.22	1.50	...	...	1,200	546	Pushpa Vimanam	Twice in a day by an Archagar	Vijaya Dhasami Vaikunta Ekadasi
Chithalaivai Railway station 2 miles	3.25	36.68	...	...	1,600	...	...	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No

MUSIRI

Sl. No.	L. C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
130	113	Natham	Sri Lakshminarayana-perumal temple (V)	150	0.21	Sri Lakshminarayana-perumal	...
131	„	do	Sri Veetrirunthalamman temple (F)	150	0.10	Sri Veetrirunthalamman	Sri Kaduvan Sri Maruthaveeran Sri Periaswamy
132	115	Arasalur	Sri Navaneethakrishna-swamy temple (V)	150	0.03	Sri Navaneethakrishna-swamy Sri Rukmani, Sri Sathyabama	Sri Srinivasaperumal Sri Alamelumangai Thayar
133	„	do	Sri Thayumanavarswamy temple (S)	100	0.05	Sri Thayumanavarswamy Sri Sugunthakunthala Amman	...
134	„	Varadarajapuram H/o Arasalur	Sri Analadeeswarar temple (S)	80	0.01	Sri Panchabakeswarar Sri Parvathavarthni	...
135	„	I. Thirunarayana- puram H/o Arasalur	Sri Vedanarayanaperumal temple (V)	300	4.50	Sri Vedanarayanaperumal Sri Vedanayagi Thayar	Sri Anjaneyar
136	116	Kosarampatti H/o Thottiam	Sri Pillayar temple (G)	50	0.05	Sri Pillayar	Sri Mariamman
137	„	Thottiam	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	300	0.10	Sri Varadarajaperumal	...
138	„	do	Sri Maduraikaliyamman temple (F)	400	0.50	Sri Maduraikaliyamman	Sri Maduraiveera-swamy Sri Karuppanna-swamy
139	„	do	Sri Angalamman temple (F)	200	0.54	Sri Angalamman	Sri Veerabhadra-swamy Sri Agorabathra-swamy Sri Sanyasiswamy Sri Pechiyayiswamy Sri Karuppanna-swamy Sri Maduraiveeran Sri Irulappan

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)				Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Movable property		Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A. C.	Wet and dry A.C.	Other immovable property (13)			Vahanas	Arrangements for daily poojas	
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Chithalaivai Railway station 2 miles	2.83	23.42	...	...	1,000	...	...	Thrice in a day by a hereditary Archagar	No
do	5.26	10.29	...	...	Not stated	Value not stated	...	Thrice in a day by a hereditary Pandaram	No
Lalapet Railway station 2½ miles	6.27	22.70	...	...	3,000	313	Garuda Horse	Four times a day by a hereditary Archagar	Sri Jayanthi Navarathri
do	29.96	79.01	...	2-Houses	14,000	343	Rishabams-2 Peacock Mooshigam Horse Ratham	Five times a day by a Gurukkal	Thai Poosam
Lalapet Railway station 2 miles	Extent not stated	...	...	...	1,000	2,000	...	Four times a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Navarathri, Sivara-thri, Karthigai Deepam, Annabishegam Pongal
Lalapet Railway station 4 miles	...	...	Extent not stated	...	70,000	25,000	Car Names not stated-8	Six times a day by an Archagar	Brahmothsavam Navarathri Vaikunta Ekadasi
Lalapet Railway station	...	6.10	...	...	150	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Pandaram	No
do	...	...	31.58	...	1,900	...	...	Twice in a day by a Bhattachariar	Garuda Sevai
do	...	...	123.23	1-School	20,000	1,644	Rathams-2	Twice in a day by a hereditary Pandaram	Car Festival
Lalapet Railway station 4 miles	2.50	2.08	...	...	1,200	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Pandaram	Mahasivarathri Arudhra Dhari-sanam

MUSIRI

Sl. No.	L. C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
140	116	Thottiam	Sri Analadeeswarar temple (S)	65	0.18	Sri Analadeeswarar Sri Thirupurasundari	...
141	„	do	Sri Alaganachiamman temple (F)	100	0.10	Sri Alaganachiamman	...
142	117	Mahendraman- galam H/o Srinivasanallur	Sri Venugopalaswamy temple (V)	500	0.05	Sri Venugopalaswamy Sri Rukmani Sri Sathyabama	Sri Ubaya Nachiar
143	„	Srinivasanallur	Sri Selvavinayagar temple (G)	40	0.05	Sri Selvavinayagar	...
144	„	do	Sri Ramanathaswamy temple (V)	900	0.10	Sri Ramanathaswamy Sri Parvathavarthni Amman	...
145	„	do	Sri Viswanathaswamy temple (S)	600	0.03	Sri Viswanathaswamy Sri Visalakshiamman	Sri Dhakshina- moorthy
146	118	Alagarai	Sri Somasundareswarar temple (S)	75	1.00	Sri Somasundareswarar Sri Dharmasamvarthni	...
147	„	do	Sri Venkatachalapathy temple (V)	100	0.50	Sri Venkatachalapathy	...
148	122	Musiri	Sri Lakshminarayana- perumal temple (V)	300	0.30	Sri Lakshminarayana- perumal	...
149	„	do	Sri Dhandayuthapaniswamy temple (M)	80	0.01	Sri Dhandayuthapani- swamy	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)				Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A. C.	Wet and dry A.C.	Other immovable property		Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)

and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)

Lalapet Railway station	36.00	7.50	...	3-Houses 2-Schools	21,000	Value not stated	Car Palanquin	Five times a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Chithrapourami Visagam, Ani Thirumanjanam, Navarathri, Sura Samharam, Karthigai Deepam, Arudhra Dharisanam, Thai Poosam
Lalapet Railway station 1½ miles	4.29	4.07	...	...	1,500	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Pandaram	Adi 18th day, Third Tuesday in Panguni
Thimmachipuram Railway station 1½ miles	1.93	0.20	...	...	600	...	...	Once in a day by an Archagar	Navarathri, Vaikunta Ekadasi, Sri Jayanthi
Thimmachipuram Railway station	2.20	...	...	...	800	500	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Pandaram	Vinayaga Chatburtbi
Thimmachipuram Railway station 1½ miles	5.12	1.70	...	...	2,040	40	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
do									
Thimmachipuram Railway station	7.46	15.11	...	...	1,800	Value not stated	...	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	No
do	6.87	9.72	...	...	1,300	200	Garuda Horse	Once in a day by a hereditary Archagar	Panguni Uthiram Tamil New Year's day, Chithrapourami, Adi Pooram, Sri Jayanthi, Navarathri, Karthigai Deepam Pongal
Kulitalai Railway station 2 miles	...	...	125.57	4-Houses	2,850	300	Palanquin Garuda Horse	Twice in a day by a Bhattachariar	Sri Jayanthi Navarathri Karthigai Deepam Vaikunta Ekadasi Panguni Uthiram
do	2.59	...	...	...	375	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Vellalar	No

MUSIRI

Sl. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
150	122	Musiri	Sri Chandramouleeswarar temple (S)	800	0.92	Sri Chandramouleeswarar	Sri Natarajar Sri Dhakshinamoorthy Sri Kasiviswanathar Sri Durgaiamman
151	„	do	Sri Kannimar temple (F)	400	0.20	Sri Kannimaramman	Sri Kamakshi Sri Kathavarayaswamy Sri Maduraiveeran Sri Periannaswamy
152	„	do	Sri Alaganachiamman temple (F)	200	0.25	Sri Alaganachiamman	Sri Maruthaveeran Sri Sangiliandavar Sri Karuppannaswamy
153	„	do	Sri Angalamman temple (F)	200	0.15	Sri Angalamman	Sri Maduraiveeran Sri Kathavarayan
154	„	Sundakkai H/o Musiri	Sri Viswanathaswamy temple (S)	100	0.15	Sri Viswanathaswamy Sri Visalakshiamman	Sri Dhakshinamoorthy Sri Chandikeswarar
155	„	do	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	200	0.07	Sri Varadarajaperumal Sridevi, Bhudevi	...
156	„	do	Sri Pidariamman temple (F)	300	0.10	Sri Pidariamman	Sri Aravaiyee Sri Sangiliandavar
157	125	Vellore	Sri Thirukkameswarar temple (S)	300	0.35	Sri Thirukkameswarar Sri Sivakamasundari Amman	Sri Dhakshinamoorthy Sri Chandikeswarar Sri Mahalakshmi Sri Durgaiamman Sri Navagrahas
158	127	Sendamangudi H/o Ayyam- palayam	Sri Agneeswarar temple (S)	200	0.05	Sri Agneeswarar	...
159	„	do	Sri Lakshminarayana- perumal temple (V)			Sri Lakshminarayana- perumal	...
160	„	do	Sri Ilayandiamman temple (F)	100	0.05	Sri Ilayandiamman	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	* Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Kulitalai Railway station	13.25	1.54	...	Garden 3.19 acres	6,800	500	Rishabam Peacock Horse Mooshigam	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Thai Poosam, Thiruvathirai, Masi Magam Panguni Uthiram, Karthigai Deepam, Skandha Sashti
do	1.84	7.72	...	...	600	50	Swan Horse Ratham	Twice in a day by a Poosari	Maha Sivarathri, Adi 18th day, Navarathri Pongal, Thai Poosam
do	1.50	...	...	...	600	200	Lion	Once in a day by a hereditary Pandaram	Amman Festival in Masi
do	1.63	...	...	Vacant land 1.57 acres	489	...	Horse Swan	Twice in a day by a hereditary Mudaliar	Sivarathri
Pettaivaithalai Railway station	4.35	12.21	...	...	1,700	...	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No
do	5.69	13.26	...	...	2,000	...	...	Once in a day by an Archagar	No
do	4.88	7.42	...	...	1,600	...	Horse	Once in a day by a Pandaram	No
do	8.39	31.65	...	..	3,700	100	Rishabam	Twice in a day by a hereditay Gurukkal	Thai Poosam Thiruvathirai
Pettaivaithalai Railway station 2 miles	2.28	6.63	...	...	1,500	...	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No
do	1.25	...	...	...		
do	1.53	...	...	...	400	100	...	Twice in a day by a Pandaram	No

MUSIRI

Sl. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
161	127	Peramur H/o Ayyam- palayam	Sri Bagavathiamman temple (F)	100	0.02	Sri Bagavathiamman	...
162	"	do	Sri Ayyanar temple (O)			Sri Ayyanar	...
163	"	do	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	100	0.01	Sri Mariamman	...
164	128	Thinnakonam	Sri Pasupatheeswarar temple (S)	700	0.09	Sri Pasupatheeswarar Sri Govindavalliamman	...
165	129	Evoor	Sri Pannaganathar temple (S)	100	0.02	Sri Pannaganathar Sri Parimalambigai	...
166	"	do	Sri Lakshminarayanaperumal temple (V)	100	0.02	Sri Lakshminarayana- perumal	Sri Udayavar Sri Nammalwar
167	130	Amoor	Sri Angalamman temple (F)	100	0.28	Sri Angalamman	Sri Veerabadhra- swamy Sri Maduraiveeran- swamy
168	"	do	Sri Gopalakrishnaperumal temple (V)	200	0.46	Sri Gopalakrishna- perumal Sri Ubayanachiar	Sri Venkatesaperumal Sri Udayavar Sri Garudalwar
169	"	do	Sri Nedumpulinga Amman temple (F)	200	0.04	Sri Nedumpulinga- Amman	Sri Malayala Karuppannaswamy Sri Kaman Sri Sinnan
170	"	do	Sri Ravieswaraswamy temple (S)	250	1.03	Sri Ravieswaraswamy Sri Anandhavalliamman	Sri Umamaheswarar Sri Bhairavar Sri Manickavasagar Sri Dhakshina- moorthy Sri Durgai Sri Brahma
171	131	Kodunthurai	Sri Ayyanarappanswamy temple (O)	150	0.45	Sri Ayyanarappan Sri Alaganachiamman	Sri Neelamoga Karuppu Sri Mariamman Sri Bagavathiamman Sri Vinayagar

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)				Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.	Other immovable property (13)		Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas (16)		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Pettaivaithalai Railway station	0.68	...	...	...	250	...	...	Once in a day by a Pandaram	No
do	0.03	...	...	...		
do	0.25	...	...	...				do	No
Pettaivaithalai Railway station 7 miles	6.00	350.00	...	...	2,600	200	Rishabam Horse	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Adi 18th day, Navarathri, Karthigai Deepam, Thai Poosam, Masi Magam
Pettaivaithalai Railway station 2 miles	...	...	4.20	...	68 kalams of Paddy	15	...	do	No
do	3.45	..	...	...	64 kalams of Paddy	10	Horse	Twice in a day by an Archagar	Navarathri
Perungamani Railway station 1½ miles	1.55	...	...	...	30 kalams of Paddy & Rs. 50/-	...	...	Twice in a day by a hereditary Pandaram	Sivarathri
do	10.15	0.99	...	...	270 kalams of Paddy	500	Garuda Horse	Twice in a day by a Bhattachariar	Vaikunta Ekadasi Navarathri Karthigai Deepam
do	6.41	1.04	...	...	110 kalams of Paddy and Rs. 300/-	...	Horse	Twice in a day by a Pandaram	No
do	20.81	..	...	...	400 kalams of Paddy & Rs. 2,900/-	300	Rishabam	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Navarathri Thai Poosam Karthigai Deepam
Pettaivaithalai Railway station 5 miles	..	20.00	...	...	1,520	...	Car Horse	Twice in a day by a Pandaram	No

MUSIRI

Sl. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
172	133	Komangalam	Sri Pidarikanchiamman temple (F)	Not stated	0.10	Sri Pidarikanchiamman	...
173	"	do	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	do	0.01	Sri Mariamman	...
174	"	do	Sri Vinayagar temple (G)	do	0.01	Sri Vinayagar	...
175	"	do	Sri Kambaperumal temple (V)	do	0.01	Sri Kambaperumal	...
176	"	do	Sri Bagavathiamman temple (F)	do	0.02	Sri Bagavathiamman	...
177	"	do	Sri Vinayagar temple (G)	do	0.02	Sri Vinayagar	...
178	134	Sithambur	Sri Pidariaravandiamman temple (F)	Not stated	0.50	Sri Pidariaravandiamman	...
179	"	do	Sri Mariamman temple (F)			Sri Mariamman	...
180	"	do	Sri Pillayar temple (G)			Sri Pillayar	...
181	"	do	Sri Karuppannaswamy temple (O)			Sri Karuppannaswamy	...
182	135	Gunaseelam	Sri Dharugunathaswamy temple (S)	100	0.24	Sri Dharugunathar Sri Somachiamman	Sri Dhakshinamoorthy
183	"	do	Sri Angalamman temple (F)	200	0.02	Sri Angalamman	Sri Parameswari
184	"	Manjakorai H/o Gunaseelam	Sri Arasukathamman temple (F)	Not stated	0.04	Sri Arasukathamman	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals		
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.		Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas				
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	
and Charitable Endowments Board (Concl'd.)										
Elamanur Railway station 8 miles	}									
do										
do										
do		...	44.25	600	150	Rathams-2	Once in a day by a hereditary Pandaram	No
do										
do										
do										
Elamanur Railway station 5 miles	}									
do										
do		1.82	19.14	700	80	...	do	No
do										
do										
Elamanur Railway station 2 miles	4.77	0.43	...	...	62 kalams of Paddy	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
do	0.63	0.33	...	...	12 kalams of Paddy	...	Rishabam	Once in a day by a hereditary Chettiar	Sivarathri
Elamanur Railway station 2½ miles	...	...	...	Coconut Grove 35 cents	300	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Pandaram	Amman Festival in Adi

MUSIRI

Sl. No.	L. C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)

Temples outside the Hindu Religious

1	66	Kannanore	Sri Sundaravaradarajar temple (V)	200	0.22	Sri Sundaravaradarajar	...
2	„	do	Sri Udayavarkarpura Vinayagar temple (G)	200	0.01	Sri Udayavarkarpura Vinayagar	...
3	„	do	Sri Pidarisellandiamman temple (F)	200	0.25	Sri Pidarisellandiamman	...

TALUK (Concl'd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway Station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)				Annual in- come from the immova- ble property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A. C.	Wet and dry A.C.	Other im- movable property		Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)

and Charitable Endowments Board

Kulitalai Railway station 14 miles	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	Navarathri, Thiruva- thirai, Vaikunta Ekadasi
do	do	No
do	do	No

KARUR TALUK

25. MUNNUR

Sri Maragadheeswarar Temple

The village is 6 miles from Noyyal railway station and 13 miles from Karur. It is also connected by bus. The temple was built during the period of the Chera Kings. It covers an area of 13 cents. The presiding deity Sri Maragadheeswarar is a Swayambu Lingam. His consort is Sri Maragadhambigai. Sri Subramaniam (Uththanda Velayuthaswamy) is installed in a separate sanctum. There are also festival idols here for the Swamy and Ambal. There are two Nandhis, one in front of the Lord's *sannidhi* and the other in front of Ambal's sanctum. There are two *sthalavirukshams* in this temple of which one is a neem tree and other a *Mavilangam*. The peculiarity about the margosa tree is that the leaves in some of its branches are sweet.

Poojas are performed twice a day by a non-hereditary Gurukkal who is paid a monthly salary from the temple revenues. The jewels in this temple are worth Rs. 300/-. The temple gets an annual rent of Rs. 425/- from its landed properties of 800 acres of dry lands, which is spent towards the salary of the Gurukkal and for its general maintenance. The temple owns 3 cars, 2 chariots, 2 palanquins and 9 other vahanas made of wood.

Chithrapournami, Navarathri, Skandha Sashti, Karthigai Deepam, Thiruvathirai, Thai Poosam and Masi Magam are the annual festivals celebrated by the temple of which the Karthigai Deepam and the Car festival during the Masi Magam are the main ones, which attract about 5,000 devotees from the surrounding villages.

A Board of three trustees is managing the affairs of the temple.

VENNAIMALAI (Hamlet of 34 Kadapparai)

Sri Balasubramaniaswamy Temple

Sri Balasubramaniaswamy temple of Vennaimalai was built some 100 years ago on a small hillock. Later on it was renovated by some devotees and a Kumbabishegam performed in 1950. It is 3 miles from Karur railway station and 51 miles from Tiruchirapalli. It covers an area of 3 cents and has a 10' high gopuram. The presiding deity Sri Balasubramaniaswamy is represented by a 4½' high stone idol. The festival idol of the Lord is about 2' in height and is made of panchalo-

gam. Sri Kasiviswanathaswamy, Visalakshi amman and Vinayagar are the other deities. The Lingam is not a Swayambu. Saint Arunagirinathar has visited the shrine. Devotees who visit Karur make it a point to visit this hill temple as the deity is said to be powerful and fulfills their prayers.

Poojas are performed four times a day by a hereditary Gurukkal, who is paid a monthly salary. There are two silver crowns worth Rs. 50/- donated by devotees. The temple owns about 150 acres of dry lands which are leased out for an annual rent and the amount is spent for the maintenance of the temple. The income under hundi collections is Rs. 150/- per annum. The temple derives an additional income of Rs. 1,000/- a year by way of archana charges at the rate of 25 np. per archana. It owns a 15' high car and several other vahanas, which are about 4' in height. All these are made of wood and 50 years old.

Thai Poosam, Adi Kiruthigai and Skandha Sashti during the month of Ippasi are the annual festivals celebrated which attract about 2,000 devotees from the neighbouring villages.

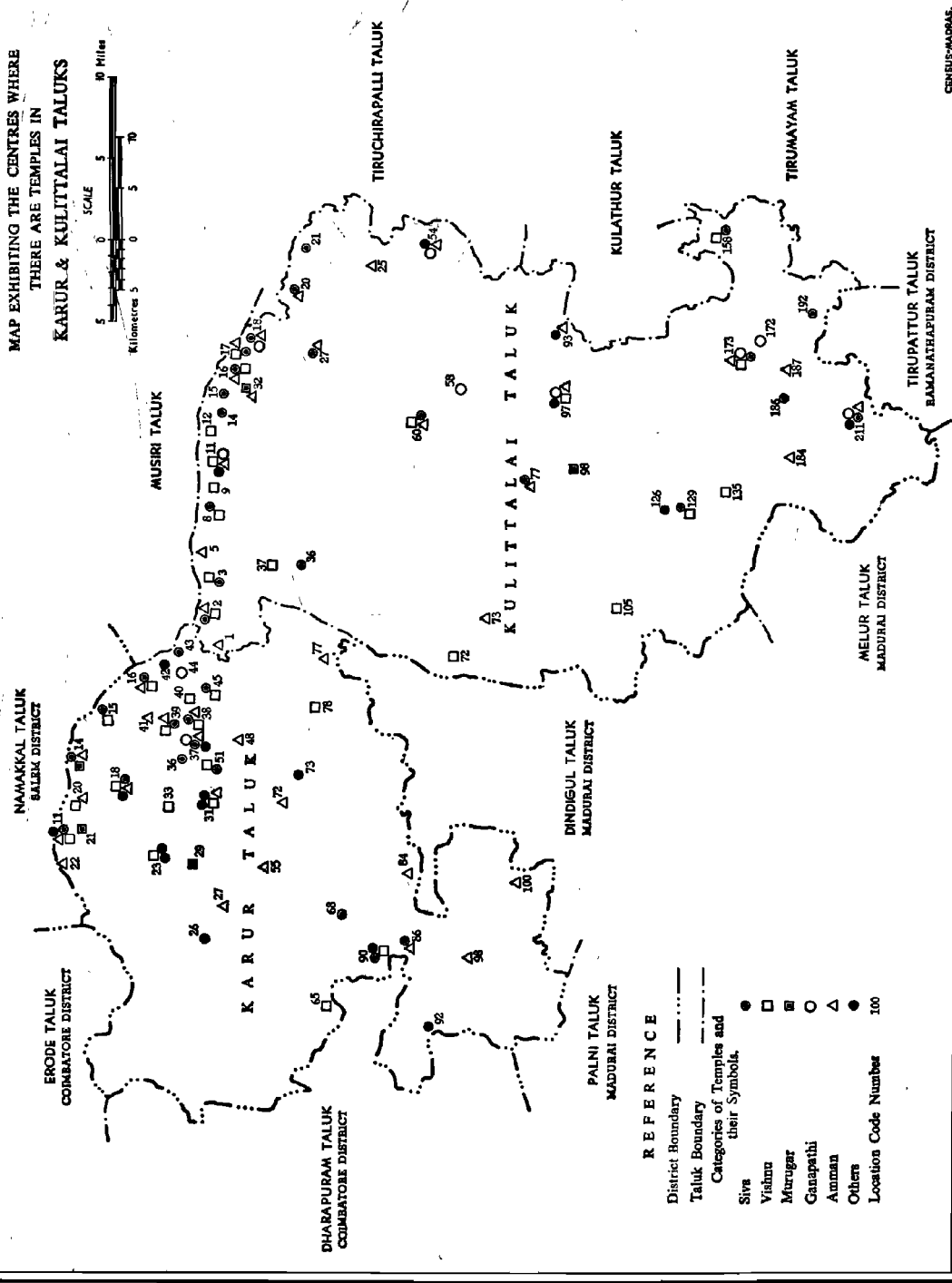
The temple is managed by a single trustee.

37. KARUR

(1) Sri Abayapradhana Ranganathar Temple

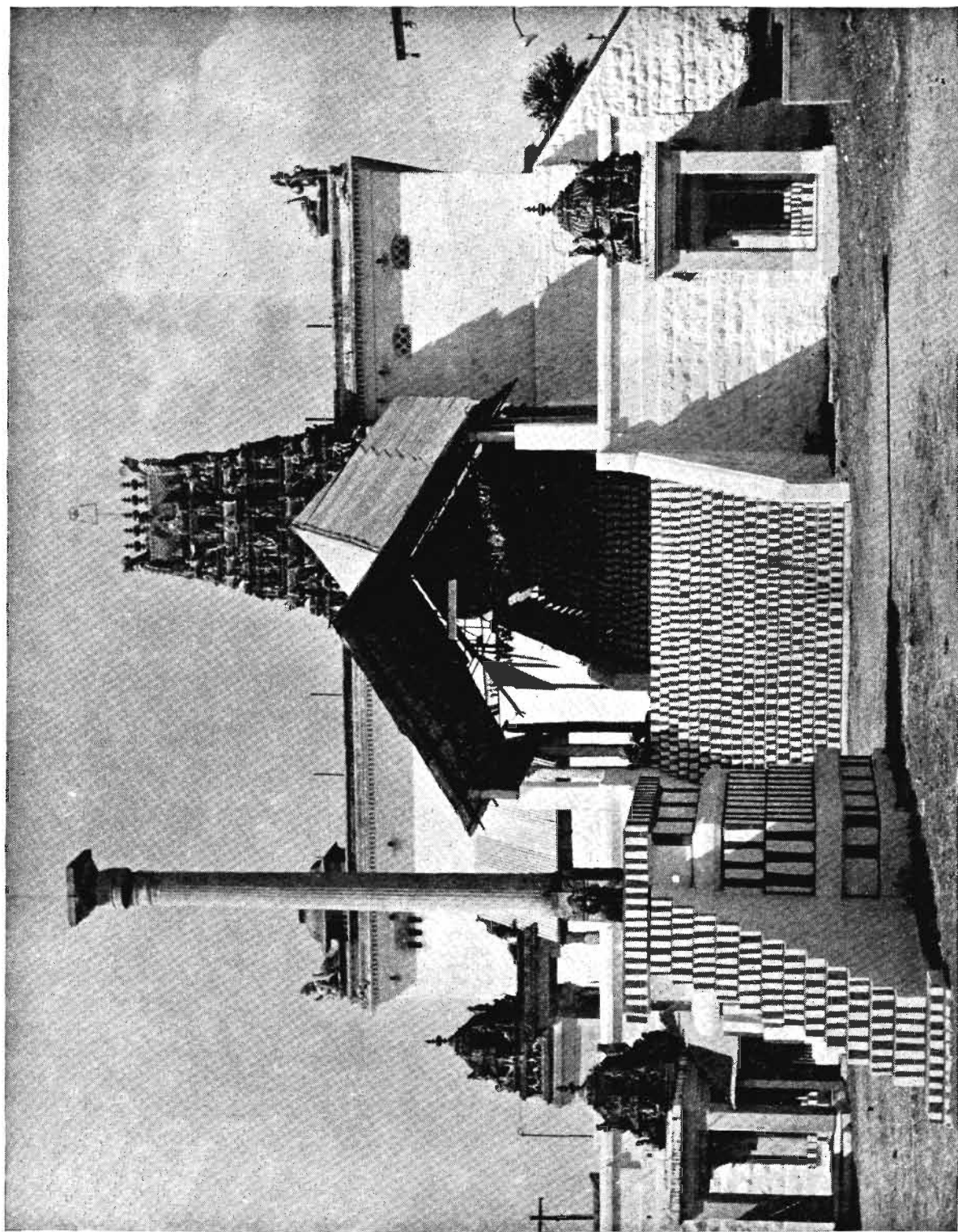
The temple is said to be of great antiquity and it is claimed that it was built by Musukunda Chakravarthy. The town is an important railway station on the Tiruchirapalli-Erode line. All Madras State Transport buses between Tiruchirapalli and Coimbatore touch this place. It is 45 miles from Tiruchirapalli, the district Headquarters. The temple covers an area of 1½ acres. There is a praharam round the sanctum known as "*Thiruvannazhi*". Sri Abaya Pradhana Ranganathar and His consort Sri Ranganayaki are the presiding deities of the temple. Sri Anjaneyar and Garudazhwar are the other deities. The Moolavar Sri Ranganathar is in a lying posture, 9' in length and 2' in width. The Thayar's idol is 3' high. There are several festival idols made of panchalogam. Sri Kulasegarathalwar has visited this shrine and sung 10 "*Pasurams*" (verses) in praise of the Lord. The place is also called as Thiruvithuvakodu and Vithvakoteeswaram. According to legend Sri Lakshmi, Bhumiidevi, Anjaneyar,

MAP EXHIBITING THE CENTRES WHERE
THERE ARE TEMPLES IN
KARUR & KULITTALAI TALUKS

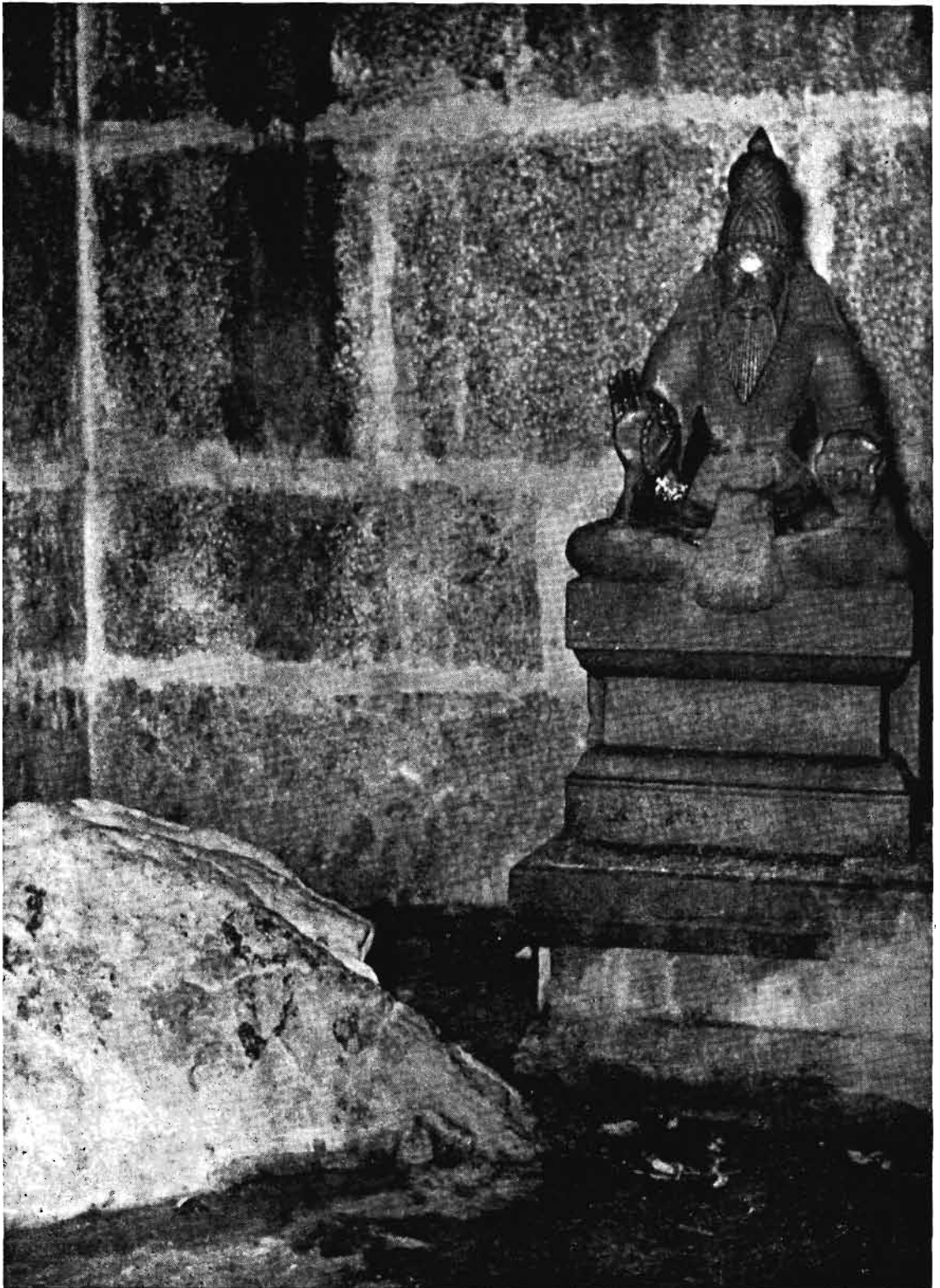


REFERENCE

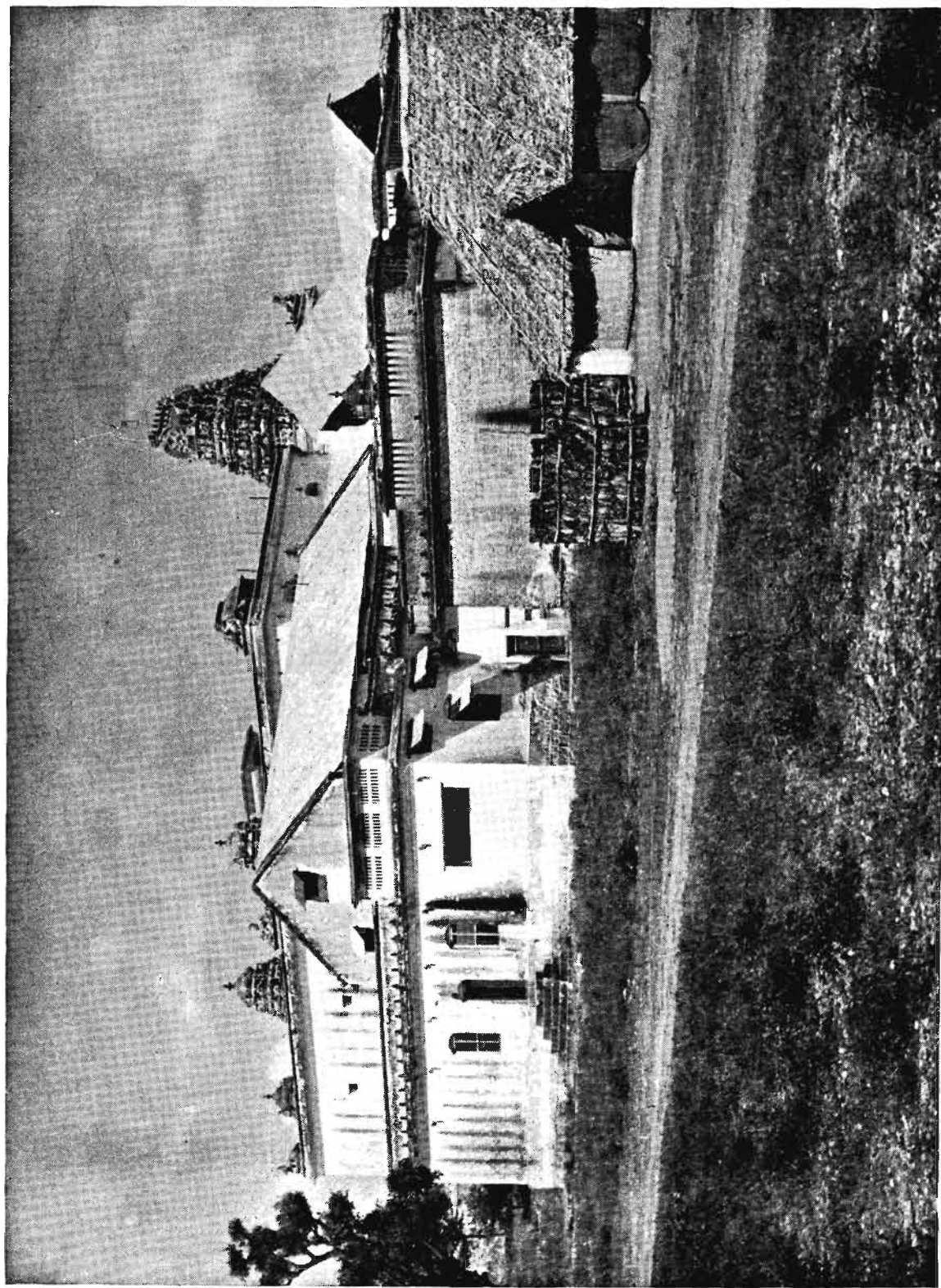
- District Boundary ———
- Taluk Boundary - - - - -
- Categories of Temples and their Symbols.
- Siva ●
- Vishnu □
- Murugar ■
- Ganapathi ○
- Annama △
- Others ●
- Location Code Numbers 100



Sri Balasubramaniaswamy Temple, Vennaimalai



The Sthala Viruksham, Sri Balasubramaniaswamy Temple, Vennaimalai



Sri Balasubramaniaswamy Temple, Vennaimalai (another view)



Sri Jambukeswarar Temple, Thiruvanaikaval

Markandeya and Musukunda Chakravarthy have worshipped the deity.

Poojas are performed twice a day by hereditary Brahmin Bhattachariars who enjoy service maniam lands. They are entitled to receive the offerings of the devotees, and take the food offerings. The antique jewellery of the temple is worth about Rs. 1,100/-. The temple owns a garden of 10 cocoanut trees fetching an annual income of Rs. 40/- besides a *dhastic* allowance given by the Government to the extent of Rs. 1,074/-. The temple owns a 30 years old car made of wood, which is 10' in height.

The main annual festival is Brahmothsavam in the month of Chithirai for 11 days.

A Board of three trustees and an Executive Officer manage the affairs of the temple.

(2) Sri Kalyana Pasupatheeswarar Temple

According to tradition the Mahalingam in the temple which is a Swayambu, was accidentally found, when the hoof of a cow hit it, resulting in a scar on its head. Another version is that the scar is the result of Kamadhenu worshipping the deity. One of the 18 sithars by name Karuvur Thevar, a disciple of Bhogar became one with the God in the form of a *Jothi* (Light). The Lingam tilted itself slightly towards the north, in order to give room to him. The general belief is that Musukunda Chakravarthy built the shrine. As Sambandar has sung about the deity, the temple was in existence in the 7th century. Renovations were made in the recent past by one Sri S. R. M. Chidambaram Chettiar.

The presiding deity of the temple is Sri Kalyana Pasupatheeswarar. It covers an area of 2.65 acres and has a 120' high gopuram having puranic plaster figures. There are two praharams and a 100 pillar mandapam. The sanctum is so designed that on three days in the month of Panguni the sun's beams directly fall on the Lingam. The consort is Sri Sundaravalli facing south. To Her left is another idol which is that of Sri Alangaravalli. As the latter was slightly damaged, a new idol of Ambal was installed by the ruler. When the king decided to remove the damaged idol from the sanctum, the Goddess appeared in his dream and directed him not to remove it. There are, therefore, two idols in the sanctum of Ambal. There are several stone inscriptions relating to the Chola and Pandya periods in the temple.

Poojas are performed five times a day by hereditary Gurukkals who enjoy service inam lands besides the

offerings of the devotees. The temple owns both antique and modern jewellery in gold and silver worth about Rs. 16,500/- of which a silver *Kavacham* worth about Rs. 6,000/- for the Nandhi donated by a devotee deserves special mention. The temple had extensive landed properties—both wet and dry—to the extent of about 3,000 acres, of which a greater part has been taken over by the Government after giving due compensation. The annual income from the remaining lands is Rs. 925/-. The annual hundi collections and the income under archana and other charges is Rs. 2,200/- per annum. The temple owns a silver Rishaba vahanam and a 25' high wooden car.

Panguni Uthiram, Navarathri, Eribatha Nayanar Uthsavam and Margazhi Thiruvathirai are the major annual festivals observed by the temple of which the Panguni Brahmothsavam and the Eribatha Nayanar uthsavam are the main ones, which attract about a thousand devotees from far and near.

A Board of three trustees and an Executive Officer manage the affairs of the temple.

42. NERUR - SOUTH

Sri Kasiviswanathar Temple

Nerur has become holy because it contains the *Samadhi* (tomb) of Sri Sadhasiva Brahmendral, an *Avadhuta* (nude) Sanyasi, who belongs to the early 19th century. During his lifetime he performed several miracles and spent the greater part of his life at Nerur. A few days before he decided to depart from this world, he told his disciples that his spirit would leave his body on *Jeshta Dasami* day in the month of Anji, that a Brahmin would arrive on that day with a *Baanalingam* from Benaras and that a temple should be built close to his tomb. All these happened as foretold by him. His body was buried on the banks of the river Cauvery and a tomb erected over it. A temple was built adjacent to it, where the *Baanalingam* was installed. As it was brought from Benaras, the deity is known as Sri Kasiviswanathar and His consort Sri Visalakshi. The tomb is actually in the inner of the two praharams of the temple. The ruler of Pudukottai who was the principal disciple of the saint, met the entire cost of the erection of the tomb and the temple. The village is six miles from Karur railway station and 31 miles from Tiruchirapalli, the district head quarters. It is also connected by bus. The temple covers an area of 50 cents. The presiding deity is facing east while His consort is facing the south.

Poojas are performed twice a day by a hereditary Gurukkal, who is paid a monthly salary. The temple

owns about 3 acres of wet lands which fetch an annual income of Rs. 1,000/-. This is spent towards the poojas and festivals of the temple and for its maintenance.

Navarathri is the only important annual festival celebrated for a period of 10 days, which attracts about 1,000 devotees from the neighbouring villages. The temple is managed by two trustees.

48. THANTHONI

Sri Kalyana Venkataramana Swamy Temple

Sri Kalyana Venkataramana swamy temple, at the top of the hill at Thanthoni, is one of the ancient temples, said to be in existence from time immemorial. The height of the hill is about 50'. The temple is two miles from Karur on the Karur-Dindigul road. It has a majestic tower and covers an area of about one acre. The principal deity is Sri Kalyana Venkataramana Swamy and the *Sanctum* is in a cave. It is facing west and the tower is constructed on the top of the hill.

Poojas are performed four times a day by hereditary Bhattachariars. They are not paid in cash but they get a share in the archana ticket collections and offerings of devotees.

The temple owns jewellery of gold and silver worth about Rs. 77,000/- donated by devotees. Its income from immovable properties, hundis and offerings of devotees is Rs. 11,090/-. There are two 15' high wooden cars which are 30 years old.

The Brahmothsavam in Purattasi and the Masi Magam are the main festivals of this temple, which are attended by about 10,000 devotees. On each Purattasi Saturday some 5,000 devotees worship the deity.

According to legend, a devotee by name Susarma, who was proceeding to Tirupathi, halted and slept near the confluence of the Cauvery and Amaravathi. The God appeared in his dream and directed him to proceed to the Thanthoni hills, where He gave him dharsan. The deity is therefore, known as Thanthoni

Five trustees and an Executive Officer manage the temple.

65. CHINNADHARAPURAM

Sri Munimuktheeswaraswamy Temple

The temple is said to be of great antiquity and it is claimed that it was built by King Kheechakan of Mahabharatha fame. Later on, a sub-temple for Lord Muruga was added by one Sri Thirumalaiswamy Gounder of Thirumangalam. There are several stone inscriptions in Devanagiri. The village is 21 miles from

Karur railway station and 67 miles from Tiruchirapalli. Buses plying between Karur and Dharapuram pass through the village. It is connected by bus service with Erode and Pallipatti. The temple is facing west and covers an area of one acre. It has a 50' high tower having beautiful plaster figures. There are 20 stone pillars with fine carvings.

The presiding deity Sri Munimuktheeswarar is represented by a 6½' high installed Lingam. The idol of the Amman is about 4' in height. Sri Krishnar, Sri Chandikeswarar, Sri Bhairavar, Sri Arunachaleswarar, Sri Vinayagar, Sri Subramaniam, Sri Kasiviswanathar, Sri Kailasanathar, Sri Dakshinamurthy, Sri Agilandeswary, Sri Mahalakshmi and Sri Navagrahas are the other deities. There are also several festival idols here. The Moolavar is facing west and the shadow of the "Kalasam" (conical pot on the tower) does not fall on the ground.

Poojas are performed thrice a day during the month of Margazhi and twice in the other months by hereditary Gurukkals who are in the enjoyment of service inam lands. The jewels in this temple are worth Rs. 1075/-. The immovable properties comprise 9 acres of wet lands and 3½ acres of dry lands and some trees which fetch an annual income of Rs. 1,500/- which is spent towards the daily poojas and monthly festivals of the temple. The annual income under fees levied for performing marriages is Rs. 25/- at the rate of Rs. 2.50 per marriage. The temple owns a 20' high car, one palanquin and seven other vahanas, made of wood. No festivals are celebrated at present.

Two trustees appointed by the Hindu Religious and Charitable Endowments Board manage the affairs of the temple.

69. KODAIYUR

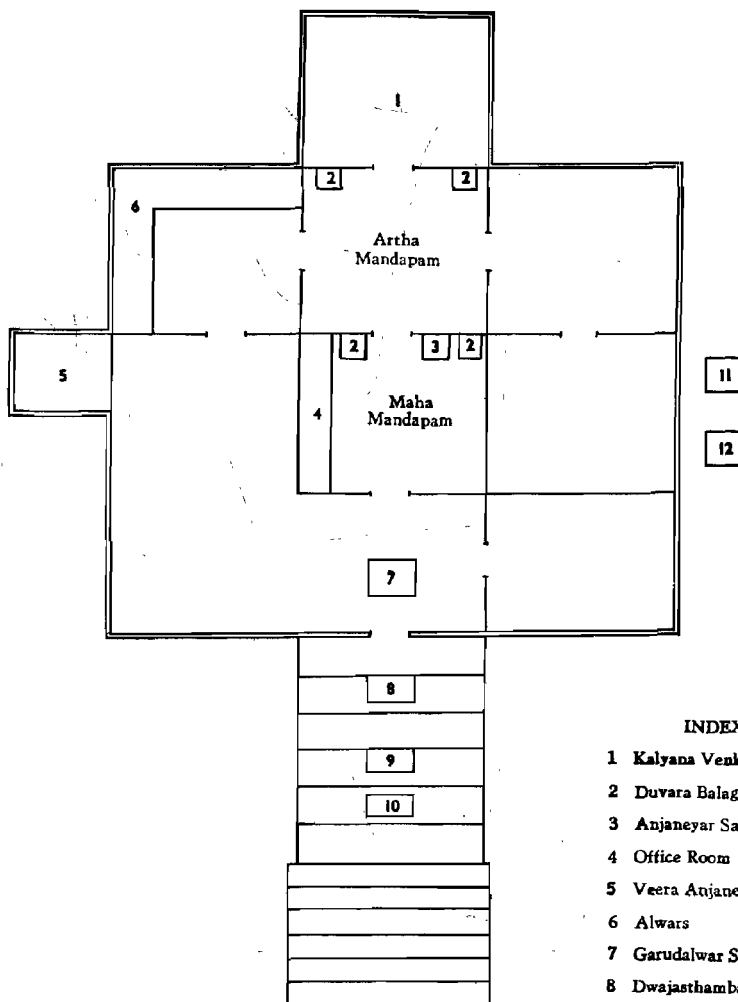
Sri Dhandayudhapani Swamy Temple

The village is 10 miles from Karur railway station and 57 miles from Tiruchirapalli. Buses plying between Karur and Dindigul via Pallappatti pass through the village. The Murugan temple here was built by one Mr. Desiga Gounder, a big landlord, some 400 years ago. Additions and renovations were made by his descendants subsequently. According to a legend the Gounder used to graze his cattle in the neighbouring forest areas. One of his milch cows used to go into the deep forest as if searching for its calf. A saint took the form of a calf and sucked all its milk. When the cow returned home, the Gounder found that its udder was empty. This happened day after day. One day he followed the cow and to his amazement he saw the saint drinking the cow's milk in the guise of a calf and disappearing suddenly. On the same night the saint

SRI KALYANA VENKATARAMANASWAMY HILL TEMPLE

THANTHONI

(Not to Scale)



INDEX TO NUMBERS

- 1 Kalyana Venkataramanaswamy (Moolavar)
- 2 Duvara Balagas
- 3 Anjaneyar Sannithi
- 4 Office Room
- 5 Veera Anjaneyar Sannithi
- 6 Alwars
- 7 Garudalwar Sannithi
- 8 Dwajasthambam
- 9 Balipeedam
- 10 Kambatthadi Anjaneyar
- 11 Madapalli
- 12 Kalyana Mandapam

appeared in his dream and directed him to offer poojas regularly to his samadhi and to build a temple on the hill close by and arrange for worship. The Gounder carried out the saint's desire and also endowed some inam lands for the maintenance of the temple.

The temple covers an area of 22 cents. The presiding deity Sri Dhandayudhapaniswamy is represented by a 3' high stone idol. There are also festival idols for Lord Muruga, Valli, Deivayanai, Veerabhagu and Sooladevar all made of *panchalagam*.

A hereditary Gurukkal, who is in the enjoyment of service inam lands offers one pooja daily. The temple owns silver ornaments worth about Rs. 100/- donated by devotees. It owns about 592.44 acres of dry service inam lands, of which 404.63 acres are enjoyed by the servants of the temple. The remaining 187.81 acres fetch an annual income of Rs. 124/-. It has one car, one palanquin and three other vahanas, which are made of wood. They are 60 years old.

The car festival during Panguni Uthiram is the only annual festival celebrated by the temple every year, which attracts about 2,000 devotees from the neighbouring villages.

A single trustee is in charge of the temple.

83. VENJAMANGUDALUR-WEST

Sri Kalyana Vikirtheeswarar Temple

The temple is said to be of great antiquity and was built by King Rajakesari, some 1,200 years ago. There are seven stone inscriptions relating to his period.

The village is 13 miles from Karur railway station and 60 miles from Tiruchirapalli. Devotees travelling by bus have to alight at 8/3 miles from Karur on the Dindigul road and walk 5 miles towards south to reach the temple. It covers an area of 92 cents and is situated in the eastern banks of Kodaganar.

The presiding deity Sri Kalyana Vikirtheeswarar is represented by a 5' high installed Lingam. His consort is Sri Vikirtheeswari. The festival idol of the Lord is about 2½' in height.

Sundaramurthy Nayanar has visited the temple and sung about the deity in his Thevaram. The Lord being pleased with this, rewarded the saint in gold bars by pledging his two sons Ganapathy and Subramniar. This is mentioned in the 10th stanza of '*Kongumandala sadhagam*'. Saint Arunagirinathar also visited the temple which finds a place in his *Thiruppugazh*.

Poojas are performed twice a day by a hereditary Gurukkal who is in the enjoyment of service inam lands. The temple owns jewellery in gold and silver worth about Rs. 222/-. The immovable properties of the temple comprise 1,526 acres of dry lands which fetch an annual rent of Rs. 978/- and the same is spent towards the poojas and festival expenses. The temple owns two-cars, one palanquin and five other vahanas made of wood, which are 100 years old.

The annual car festival for a period of 10 days during the Masi Magam attracts about 1,000 devotees from far and near.

A Board of three trustees manages the affairs of the temple.

KARUR

Sl. No.	L. C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
1	11	Nanjai Pugalur	Sri Lakshmi Narayana perumal temple	100	0.05	Sri Lakshmi Narayana perumal	...
2	"	do	Sri Anjaneyar temple (O)			Sri Anjaneyar	...
3	"	do	Sri Kandiamman temple (F)			Sri Kandiamman	...
4	"	do	Sri Meghavaleswaraswamy temple (S)	200	0.11	Sri Meghavaleswaraswamy	...
5	14	Kovilpalayam H/o Nanniyur	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	100	0.50	Sri Mariamman	Sri Vinayagar
6	"	Nanniyur	Sri Kumaraswamy temple (M)	100	0.20	Sri Kumaraswamy	...
7	"	do	Sri Bhagavathy Amman temple (F)			Sri Bhagavathy Amman	...
8	15	Vangal	Sri Raveeswarar temple (S)	300	0.10	Sri Raveeswarar Sri Imayavalli	...
9	"	do	Sri Vangalamman temple (F)	300	0.08	Sri Vangalamman	Sri Malayalaswamy Sri Marudaveeran
10	"	do	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	300	0.06	Sri Varadarajaperumal	...
11	16	Nerur North	Sri Agneeswarar temple (S)	2000	0.20	Sri Kasi Viswanathaswamy Sri Visalakshi Amman	...
12	"	do	Sri Peria Kandiamman temple (F)	200	0.03	Sri Peria Kandiamman	...
13	"	do	Sri Sellandiamman temple (F)			Sri Sellandiamman	...
14	"	do	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)			Sri Varadarajaperumal	...
15	18	Valliappanpalayam H/o Manimangalam	Sri Ayyanarappanswamy temple (O)	500	0.07	Sri Ayyanarappan	Sri Nallayi

TALUK

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)				Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.	Other immovable property		Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board									
Pugalur Railway station 2 miles	}	6.50	...	...	...	4,000	...	Twice in a day by a Bhattachariar	No
do		...	...	7.20	...	200	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Pandaram	No
do		9.59	...	...	...	3,000	...	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Maha Sivarathri Panguni Uthiram Karthigai Deepam Vinayaga Chathurthi, Navarathri
Karur Railway station 8 miles		0.50	6.00	...	...	350	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Naidu	No
do	}	2.07	...	...	1,000	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Poosari	No
do									
Karur Railway station 7 miles		11.70	295.45	...	...	750	200	Ratham Rishabam	Arudhra Dharisam, Vijaya Dhasami, Thai Poosam Thiruvathirai
do		4.30	...	...	...	800	...	Twice in a day by a hereditary Pandaram	Ratha Uthsavam in Chithirai
do		6.78	...	800	250	Garuda Sesha Horse	Navarathri, Vaikunta Ekadasi
Karur Railway station 6 miles		4.41	...	...	...	1,500	...	Rishabam Horse	Arudhra Dharisam, Annabishegam
do	}	1.21	...	...	450	...	...	No	No
do									
do									
do		2.41	...	...	...	1,000	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar	Vaikunta Ekadasi
do		...	11.08	...	...	200	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Pandaram	No

KARUR

Sl. No.	L. C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
16	18	Kalipalayam H/o Manimangalam	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	500	0.07	Sri Mariamman	...
17	„	Manimangalam	Sri Kalliamman temple (F)	} 500	0.20	Sri Kalliamman	...
18	„	do	Sri Neeliamman temple (F)			Sri Neeliamman	...
19	„	do	Sri Manikandeswarar temple (S)	500	0.04	Sri Manikandeswarar Sri Maragathavalli	...
20	„	do	Sri Sangili Karuppanna-swamy temple (O)	40	0.75	Sri Sangili Karuppanna-swamy	...
21	„	do	Sri Venkataramanaperumal temple (V)	500	0.04	Sri Venkataramanaperumal	...
22	20	Punjai Thottai-kurichi	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	100	0.50	Sri Mariamman	...
23	21	Punjai Pugalur	Sri Balasubramaniaswamy temple (M)	200	0.50	Sri Balasubramaniaswamy	Sri Eswarar Sri Meenakshi
24	22	Thirukattuthurai	Sri Sellandiamman temple (F)	} 200	0.02	Sri Sellandiamman	...
25	„	do	Sri Mariamman temple (F)			Sri Mariamman	...

Distance from the nearest Railway Station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)				Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas	Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
(9)	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.	Other im-mov-able property (13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Moorthipalayam Railway station 1½ miles	...	4.58	75	Once in a day by a hereditary Pandaram	Mariamman Festival in Panguni
Karur Railway station 5 miles } do }	...	21.00	300	...	Lion Horse	do	Kaliyamman Festival in Panguni No
do	...	26.00	...	Thoppu 2.64 acres	500	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
Karur Railway station 6 miles	2.36	...	50	Once in a day by a Poosari	No
do	...	22.50	300	Once in a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar	No
Pugalur Railway station 4 miles	1.30	500	Once in a day by a hereditary Poosari	Mariamman Festival in Panguni
Pugalur Railway station 1½ miles	37.00	25.00	525	2,000	Car Ratham	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Thai Poosam, Skandha Sashti
Pugalur Rail-way station } do }	10.37	...	1,600	200	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Pandaram	Mariamman Festival in Chithirai

KARUR

Sl. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
26	23	Punnam	Sri Hanumantharayaswamy temple (V)	Not stated	0.02	Sri Hanumantharayar	...
27	„	do	Sri Balakrishna Perumal temple (V)	200	Below 0.01	Sri Balakrishna Perumal	...
28	„	do	Sri Pushpavanathanathar temple (S)	350	0.15	Sri Pushpavanathanathar Sri Pungavalli Amman	...
29	26	Paramathi	Sri Chadeswaraswamy temple (S)	150	1.64	Sri Chadeswaraswamy Sri Soundharya Valli	...
30	27	Nedungur	Sri Pidari Kaliyamman temple (F)	250	0.10	Sri Pidari Kaliyamman	Sri Mariamman Sri Karuppannan
31	29	Pavithram	Sri Balasubramaniaswamy temple (M)	300	0.09	Sri Balasubramaniaswamy	...
32	31	Andankoil East	Sri Venugopalaswamy temple (V)	90	0.03	Sri Venugopalaswamy	...
33	„	do	Sri Hanumantharayar temple (V)	125	0.01	Sri Hanumantharayar	...
34	„	do	Sri Kaliyamman temple (F)	150	Below 0.01	Sri Kaliyamman	...
35	„	do	Sri Karuppatinaswamy temple (O)			Sri Karuppatinaswamy	...

Property (Immovable)

[illegible]

KARUR

Sl. No.	L. C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
36	31	Andankoil East	Sri Kasiviswanathar temple (S)	150	0.03	Sri Kasiviswanathar Sri Visalakshiamman	...
37	33	Athur	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	Not stated	0.03	Sri Varadarajaperumal	...
38	36	L.N. Samudram	Sri Vanchaleeswarar temple (S)	500	0.03	Sri Vanchaleeswarar Sri Visalakshj	...
39	37	Balambapuram H/o Karur	Sri Bagavathy Amman temple (F)	150	0.05	Sri Bagavathy Amman	...
40	"	Karur	Sri Adi Vinayagar temple (G)	80	0.09	Sri Adi Vinayagar	Sri Alamelu Ammal
41	"	do	Sri Hanumar temple (V)	100	0.28	Sri Hanumar	...
42	"	do	Sri Kannika Parameswari Amman temple (F)	100	0.17	Sri Kannika Parameswari Amman	...
43	"	do	Sri Kotteeswaraswamy temple (S)	100	0.21	Sri Kotteeswaraswamy	Sri Pillayar
44	"	do	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	150	0.07	Sri Mariamman	...
45	"	do	Sri Valangi Amman temple (F)	150	0.04	Sri Valangi Amman	...
46	"	do	Sri Vanjiamman temple (F)	150	0.03	Sri Vanjiamman	...
47	"	do	Sri Mavadi Amman temple (F)	150	0.05	Sri Mavadi Amman	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)				Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.	Other immovable property		Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Karur Railway station 3 miles	4.50	...	...	...	700	...	...	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Annabishegam, Sivarathri, Navarathri
Karur Railway station 5 miles	...	10.00	...	...	350	...	...	No	No
Karur Railway station 1 mile	...	3.00	...	...	150	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
Karur Railway station	...	...	...	Rice Mill 7-Houses 2-Shops & 15-Cocoa-nut trees	600	...	...	Tuesdays and Fridays by a hereditary Poosari	Annual Festival for 3 days in Vaikasi
do	...	...	...	Shops	600	...	...	Three times a day by a Naidu	No
do	...	...	...	3-Houses	500	...	...	Twice in a day by an Archagar	Masi Magam
do	...	...	...	Shops, Houses & Buildings	4,000	15,000	...	Three times a day by an Archagar	No
do	...	...	...	Shops & Houses	950	...	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No
do	}	}	}	Cocoanut trees	365	4,168	Car Palanquin Elephant Kamadhenu Horses-2 Bhutham Tiger Lion	Thrice in a day by a hereditary Pandaram	Annual festival in Vaikasi
do								do	do
do								do	do
do								do	Annual festival in Masi

KARUR

Sl. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)

Temples under the Hindu Religious

48	37	Karur	Sri Sidhi Vinayagar temple (G)	150	0.05	Sri Sidhi Vinayagar	...
49	38	Senapiratti	Sri Bagavathy Amman temple (F)	200	0.01	Sri Bagavathy Amman	.
50	„	do	Sri Kothandaramaswamy temple (V)	400	0.01	Sri Kothandaramaswamy	...
51	„	do	Sri Vridhachaleswarar temple (S)	400	0.03	Sri Vridhachaleswarar Sri Vridhambigai	...
52	39	Panchamadevi	Sri Kaliānman temple (F)	400	0.40	Sri Kaliānman	...
53	„	do	Sri Parameswaraswamy temple (S)	150	0.27	Sri Parameswaraswamy	..
54	„	do	Sri Venugopalaswamy temple (V)	150	0.02	Sri Venugopalaswamy	..
55	40	Koyamballi	Sri Kothandaramaswamy temple (V)	Not stated	0.10	Sri Kothandaramaswamy	...
56	41	Munnamballi	Sri Vanniamman temple (F)	150	0.14	Sri Vanniamman	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)				Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Vahanas		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.	Other immovable property		Rs.			
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Karur Railway station	...	...	...	2-Shops & 1-House	750	50	...	Twice in a day by an Archagar	Vinayaga Chathurthi
do	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	No	Festivals in Margazhi and Thai
do	...	...	Extent not stated	...	750	...	...	Three times a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar	No
do	...	...	Extent not stated	...	1,000	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
Karur Railway station 3 miles	0.96	28.48	...	...	1,000	207	Ratham Horse Lion Parrot	Once in a day by a hereditary Pandaram	Annual Festival in Vaikasi
do	2.09	41.00	...	...	1,500	...	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No
Karur Railway station 2½ miles	...	32.00	...	...	1,000	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Archagar	No
Senapiratti Railway station 1 mile	6.00	17.00	...	...	1,500	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar	Vaikunta Ekadasi
Karur Railway station 5 miles	...	20.00	...	...	1,000	200	Car	Once in a day by a hereditary Pandaram	Car festival in Vaikasi

KARUR

Sl. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
57	42	Nerur South	Sri Anjaneyaswamy temple (V)	300	0.05	Sri Anjaneyaswamy	...
58	43	Thirumukkudalur H/o Achamapuram	Sri Agastheeswaraswamy temple (S)	150	2.75	Sri Agastheeswaraswamy	...
59	44	Somur	Sri Vinayagar temple (G)	30	0.04	Sri Vinayagar	...
60	45	Puliyur	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	200	0.33	Sri Varadarajaperumal Sri Perundevi Thayar	...
61	„	do	Sri Vyagrapureeswarar temple (S)	200	0.52	Sri Vyagrapureeswarar Sri Karunakarapagi Amman	...
62	48	Thanthoni	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	Not stated	0.05	Sri Mariamman	...
63	51	Thirumanilaiyur	Sri Thiruvalléeswarar temple (S)	160	0.30	Sri Thiruvalléeswarar Sri Soundharya Nayagi	...
64	„	do	Sri Venkataramanaswamy temple (V)	300	0.16	Sri Venkataramanaswamy	...
65	55	Puravipalayam H/o Thumbivadi	Sri Angalaparameswari temple (F)	Not stated	0.50	Sri Angalaparameswari	Sri Veerabhadrar Sri Maduraiveerar Sri Bediamman
66	65	Chinnadharapuram	Sri Venkataramanaswamy temple (V)	100	0.25	Sri Venkataramanaswamy	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)				Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A. C.	Dry A. C.	Wet and dry A.C.	Other immovable property		Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Karur Railway station 6 miles	7.50	...	...	...	3,000	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Archagar	Karthigai Deepam Hanumantha Jayanthi
Veerarakiam Railway station 3 miles	...	...	13.71	...	70 kalams of Paddy	...	...	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
do	...	...	6.66	...	50 kalams of Paddy	...	...	Once in a day by a Pandaram	Vinayaga Chathurthi
Puliyur Railway station $\frac{3}{4}$ mile	7.60	15.16	...	...	2,500	...	...	Threetimes a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar	Vaikunta Ekadasi
do	21.63	10.57	...	...	2,000	...	Ratham	Poojas performed twice in a day	Arudhra Dharisanam, Navarathri
Karur Railway station 1 mile	...	...	...	...	...	252	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Pandaram	Mariamman Festival in Vaikasi
do	3.74	...	...	...	1,200	60	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Navarathri, Tamil New Year's day Pongal, Arudhra Dharisanam
do	3.30	...	...	...	1,000	...	...	Twice in a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar	No
Puliyur Railway station 1 mile	0.75	4.10	...	...	320	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Poosari	Maha Sivarathri
Karur Railway station 21 miles	5.00	...	...	...	1,000	...	Horse	Twice in a day by a Bhattachariar	No

KARUR

Sl.No.	L. C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
67	68	Nagampalli	Sri Mahabaleeswarar temple (S)	500	0.08	Sri Mahabaleeswarar Sri Maragathavalli	...
68	72	Kakavadi	Sri Kannimar temple (F)	Not stated	0.05	Sri Kannimar	...
69	„	do	Sri Uthukarai Kannimar temple (F)	do	0.03	Sri Uthukarai Kannimar	...
70	73	Mookankurichi	Sri Veerapandeeswarar temple (S)	150	0.63	Sri Veerapandeeswarar	...
71	77	Porani H/o Jagadabi	Sri Sellandiamman temple (F)	500	0.25	Sri Sellandiamman	...
72	„	do	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	500	0.15	Sri Mariamman	...
73	78	Vellianai North	Sri Kalyana Prasanna Venkataramanaswamy temple (V)	Not stated	0.67	Sri Kalyana Prasanna Venkataramanaswamy Sri Alamelu Mangai Thayar Sri Bhudevi	...
74	84	Pungambadi East	Sri Karikalliamman temple (F)	50	0.10	Sri Karikalliamman	...
75	86	Aravakurichi	Sri Kannika Parameswari temple (F)	60	0.02	Sri Kannika Parameswari	...
76	„	do	Sri Kasiviswanathaswamy temple (S)	100	1.00	Sri Kasiviswanathaswamy Sri Visalakshiamman	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)				Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.	Other immovable property		Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Karur Railway station 12 miles	...	171.06	...	...	155	...	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No
Karur Railway station 8 miles	...	...	18.39	...	Not stated	...	...	Poojas performed on important days by a hereditary Konar	No
do	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Karur Railway station 8½ miles	...	395.90	...	...	299	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Karthigai Deepam, Sivarathri
Puliyur Railway station 10 miles	2.00	24.00	...	...	1,000	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Pandaram	No
do	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Karur Railway station 9 miles	7.40	1,427.49	...	...	Not stated	3,358	Car Palanquin Unjal Swans-2 Hanumar Garuda Elephant Sesha, Horse Poonther	Twice in a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar	Tamil New year's day, Sri Jayanthi Navarathri, Karthigai Deepam Masil Magam Thai Poomam, Brahmotsavam in Vatkasi
Karur Railway station 22 miles	...	...	10.54	...	300	...	...	Daily poojas by a hereditary Poomari	No
Karur Railway station 18 miles	...	0.94	...	7-Shops & 1-House	922	...	...	Only on Fridays by a Gurukkal	No
do	4.22	396.83	...	...	488	230	Rathams-2 Palanquin Rishabam Peacock Horse	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No

KARUR

Sl. No.	L. C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)

Temples under the Hindu Religious

77	90	Rajapuram	Sri Anjaneyaswamy (Mukya Pranaswamy) temple (V)	75	0.05	Sri Anjaneyaswamy	...
78	„	do	Sri Kasiviswanathaswamy temple (S)	100	0.04	Sri Kasiviswanathaswamy Sri Visalakshi Amman	...
79	„	do	Sri Mahalakshmi Amman temple (V)	100	0.03	Sri Mahalakshmi Amman	...
80	„	Vasuvapatti H/o Rajapuram	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	100	0.20	Sri Varadarajaperumal	...
81	92	Modakkur West	Sri Meiporunathaswamy temple (S)	800	0.40	Sri Meiporunathaswamy Sri Nallamangai	...
82	98 A	Pallapatti	Sri Kariakali Amman temple (F)	300	0.22	Sri Kariakali Amman	...
83	100	Kadamban- kurichi H/o Periaman- juvati	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	300	0.05	Sri Mariamman	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)				Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A. C.	Wet and dry A.C.	Other im- movable property (13)		Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Concd.)									
Karur Railway station 23 miles	...	...	20.00	...	1,000	...	...	Twice in a day by an Archagar	No
do	10.50	...	...	...	1,000	Value not stated	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No
do	3.10	2.13	...	...	1,000	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Poosari	No
do	7.49	...	...	...	1,500	...	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No
Karur Railway station 28 miles	2.42	493.00	...	...	540	300	Car Ratham Rishabam Bhutham Kailasam	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Chithrapournami.
Karur Railway station 23 miles	...	...	...	...	...	15	...	Twice in a day by a hereditary Pandaram	No
Karur Railway station 8½ miles	...	8.54	...	500	...	...	Palanquin	Once in a day by a hereditary Poosari	Fire Walking festival in Panguni

KARUR

Sl. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)

Temples outside the Hindu Religious

1	14	Nanniyur	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	100	0.03	Sri Mariamman	...
2	„	do	Sri Chinthamaneeswaraswamy temple (S)	100	0.10	Sri Chinthamaneeswaraswamy Sri Sivakami Amman	...
3	16	Nerur North	Sri Kalamman temple (F)	300	0.20	Sri Kalamman	...
4	20	Punjai Thottai-kurichy	Sri Malai Amman temple (F)	100	0.60	Sri Malai Amman	...
5	„	do	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	200	0.20	Sri Varadarajaperumal	...
6	100	Kadambankurichi H/o Periamanjuvali	Sri Sellandiamman temple (F)	300	0.50	Sri Sellandiamman	...

TALUK (Concl'd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)				Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A. C.	Wet and dry A.C.	Other immovable property		Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board									
Karur Railway station 8 miles	0.75	6.00	...	...	300	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Poosari	Mariamman Festival in Panguni
do	2.49	...	...	...	1,000	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
Karur Railway station 6 miles	1.62	...	...	...	700	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Poosari	No
Pugalur Railway station 4 miles	3.00	...	...	...	1,000	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Pandaram	Malaïamman festival in Chithirai
do	...	10.00	...	...	250	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Archagar	Vaikunta Ekadasi
Karur Railway station 8½ miles	12.56	7.00	...	...	7,500	2,000	Car	Twice in a day by a hereditary Poosari	Car festival in Chithirai

KULITTALAI TALUK

6. KRISHNARAYAPURAM

Sri Thirukkanmaaleeswarar Temple

The village is 11 miles from Kulittalai and 30 miles from Tiruchirapalli. It is connected by both bus and train, the nearest railway station being Sithalavoi which is at a distance of two furlongs. The original temple is said to have been built by Chola kings. The present structure is about 100 years old and a Kumbabishegam was performed in 1958. There are stone inscriptions in the shrine. The temple covers an area of two acres.

The presiding deity Sri Thirukkanmaaleeswarar is an installed Lingam. His divine spouse Sri Madhukaraveni Amman is said to be a very powerful deity. Poojas are performed four times a day by a non-hereditary Gurukkal, who is paid a monthly salary in the form of paddy. The temple owns modern jewellery in gold, and silver worth about Rs. 8,500/-. The immovable properties of the temple comprise 181.98 acres of wet and dry lands which fetch an annual income of about Rs. 8,000/- and 345½ kalams of paddy. This is spent towards the pooja and festival expenses, for the salary of the temple servants and for its maintenance. The temple owes a bandicoot vahanam.

Thai Poosam, Ani Thirumanjanam, Navarathri, Thiruvathirai, Adi Pooram and Avani Moolam are the regular annual festivals celebrated by the temple of which the Navarathri festival for a period of 10 days is the main one. It attracts about 500 devotees from the surrounding villages.

A Board of three trustees and an Executive Officer manage the affairs of the temple.

KADAMBARKOIL

(Hameit of 16 Kulittalai)

Sri Kadambavaneswarar Temple

The original name of this village is "Thirukadambanthurai," which has been corrupted into "Kadambarkoil". It is also called as "Kadambai" "Kadambavanam", "Dhakshinakasi" and "Kuzhithandalai". Kulittalai which is about one mile is the nearest railway station. Buses from Tiruchirapalli, Karur and Manapparai offer the means of communication to reach the temple. Sri Kadambavaneswarar and His

consort Sri Balakuchambigai are the presiding deities of the temple. The shrine of Sri Meenakshi Sundaeswarar at Kulittalai is a sub-temple. The idol of Siva which is a Swayambu is said to have been installed by Lord Brahma Himself. The temple covers an extent of 1.38 acres. There is a tank known as "Brahma-theertham" in the south-east corner of the outer praharam.

A special feature about this temple is that it is facing north and also that the images of Saptha Kannigas are inscribed on the wall, behind the Moolavar, in the *sanctum*. Saints Thirunavukkarasu and Arunagirinathar have visited the temple and composed songs in praise of the deity. The temple belongs to 7th century or earlier. Renovations were made in 1921 and 1960.

Poojas are performed five times a day, by four families of hereditary Gurukkals by turns. In a cycle of 32 days, two families offer poojas for 10 days each, one family for 8 days and the fourth for 4 days. They are in the enjoyment of service inam lands. Apart from this, they are given 16 kalams of paddy annually. They are entitled to take the food offerings of 1½ Madras measures of rice per day.

The temple owns modern jewellery of gold and silver worth about Rs. 30,000/- of which the gemset crown, diamond ear-rings of the Lord, and Magarakandigai deserve special mention. The temple gets an annual income of Rs. 32,000/- by way of rent from its immovable properties comprising 16.14 acres of dry and 81.76 acres of wet lands which is spent for the maintenance of the temple. It gets an additional annual income of Rs. 150/- by way of hundi collections.

In addition to several vahanas there are two cars. The three rishaba vahanas are silver plated.

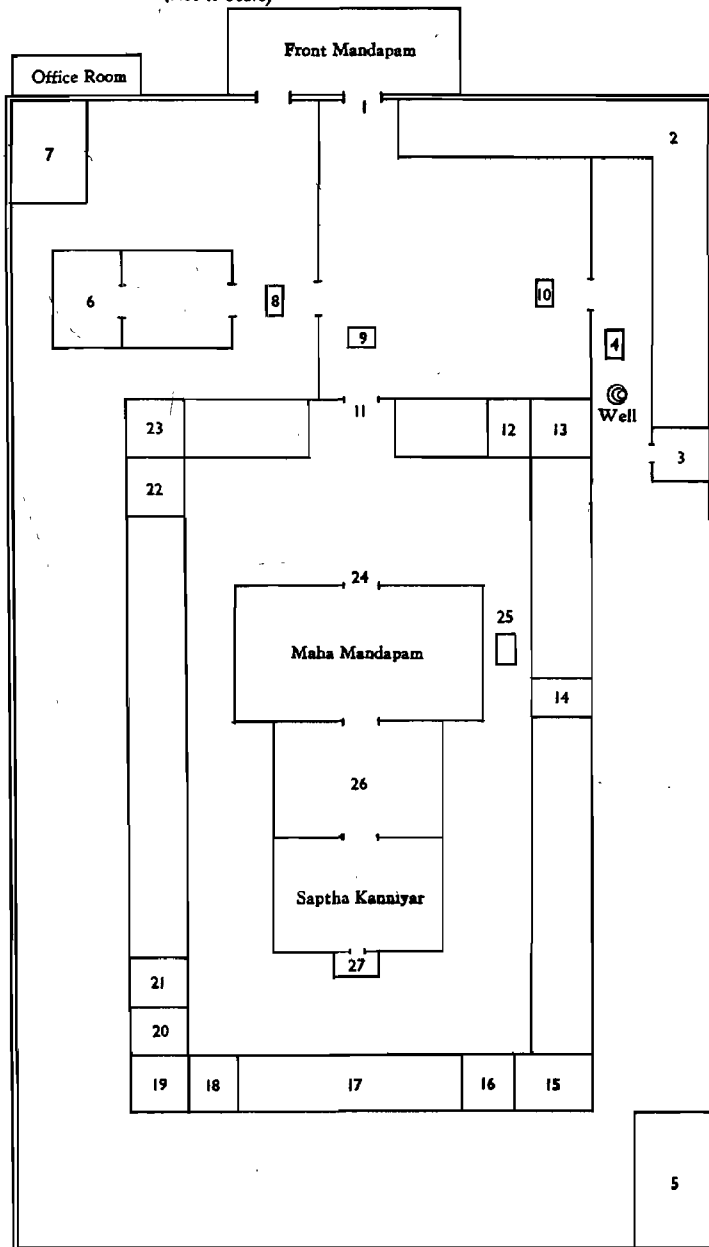
Of the several festivals, Masi Magam, Brahmothsavam and Thai Poosam are the main ones. Masi Magam festival is celebrated for 10 days and during the 9th day, the deities are taken round the streets in the cars. During Thai Poosam, the deities of Pettai-vaithalai, Rajendram, Sivayam, Kattuppathur, Thiruvangimalai, Musiri and Vellur assemble at Kadambarkoil for "Theerthavari" in the Cauvery river; this is witnessed by about 10,000 to 15,000 devotees from the neighbouring villages, taluks and districts.

SRI KADAMBAVANESWARAR TEMPLE KADAMBARKOVIL

(Not to Scale)

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- 27 Dakshinamoorthy



It is said that Lord Brahma, Saptha Kanniyar, Agasthiyar, Vishnu and Subramaniam worshipped the deity here and got rid of their sins. Worship of Sri Kadambavaneswarar in the mornings will bestow salvation.

A Board of three trustees and an Executive Officer manage the temple affairs.

SIVAYAM (Hamlet of 31 Sathiamangalam)

Sri Rathnagireeswarar Temple and Sri Sivapureeswarar Temple

Sivayam is 6 miles from the Kulittalai railway station and 27 miles from Tiruchirapalli. It is situated on the main road connecting Kulittalai and Manapparai. There is a regular bus service between the two places. There are two Siva temples here namely Sri Rathnagireeswarar temple on the hill and Sri Sivapureeswarar temple in the Sivayam village. As Saint Sundarar has visited these temples and sung verses in praise of the deities, these temples were in existence in the 8th century. A Kumbabhishegam was done in 1935 by the Chettiar community after some renovations. The hill temple of Sri Rathnagireeswarar covers an area of 223.98 acres and has two praharams. The stone inscriptions are not clear. The temple can be reached by a flight of 1,000 steps.

The presiding deity Sri Rathnagireeswarar facing west, is a Swayambu Lingam. He is otherwise known as Vallpokkinathar (வால்புக்கி நாதர்) on account of the following legend. An Arya king, a staunch devotee of the Lord, in order to fulfil a vow arranged to fetch 1,000 pots of Cauvery water for an abhishegam. The water was poured into a vessel which did not get filled up. Being enraged at this, the king struck the head of the Lingam with his sword (வாள்) resulting in a scar. The northern side of the Lingam's top is slightly oblique on account of this incident. The Lord was pleased by the courage and devotion of His Bhaktha and gave him dharsan mounted on the rishaba vahanam.

Poojas are performed thrice a day by hereditary Gurukkals who are in the enjoyment of service inam lands. The food offerings are taken by them and they get a share in the archana and abhishegam ticket collections. The temple owns modern jewellery worth about Rs. 10,000/-. The landed properties comprise 60 acres of wet and 200 acres of dry lands, which fetch an annual income of Rs. 10,000/- and 600 kalams of paddy. This is spent towards the daily poojas and

annual festivals of the temple. The hundi collections and the income under archana and other charges are Rs. 2,500/- per annum. The temple owns a big car, 2 palanquins and 3 other vahanas, made of wood. Besides, there are also a silver rishabam and a gold gilded horse vahanam.

Thiruvathirai, Thai Poosam, Panguni Theppam, Chithirai Brahmotsavam, Adi Pooram, Skandha Sashti in Ippasi, Karthigai Deepam, Saraswathi Pooja, Vinayaga Chathurthi, Avani Moolam and Ani Thirumanjanam are the annual festivals celebrated by the temple, of which the following are the more important:

Thiruvathirai : Abhishegam to Lord Nataraja and Ambal and procession in a car around the temple.

Thai Poosam : Lord Somaskandha's visit to Kadambandhurai on a silver Rishabam, placed in a car.

Panguni Theppam : Procession by Lord Rathnagireeswarar and His consort on a horse vahanam through the villages of Manattattai, Kainallur, Kadambarkoil and Kulittalai before the deity is placed on the float.

Chithirai : Daily procession for 12 days. On the Brahmotsavam : 9th day the deity is placed in a car and taken round the hill in procession covering a distance of about 2½ miles.

These festivals attract about 5,000 devotees from far and near.

An Executive Officer and a Board of three trustees appointed by the Hindu Religious and Charitable Endowments Board manage the affairs of the temple.

58. THOGAMALAI

Sri Subramaniaswamy and Sri Meenakshi Sundaeswarar Temples

The village Thogamalai is 8 miles from Manapparai railway station and 16 miles from Kulittalai. Bus facilities are available both from Manapparai and Tiruchirapalli to reach this village. There are two temples here namely Sri Subramaniaswamy temple and Sri Meenakshi Sundaeswarar temple. Both are hill temples. The former is at a height of 100' and the latter at a slightly higher level. The former temple was built during the reign of the Pandyas while the

latter was constructed about two centuries back by the Vellaru Chettiar community. Both these temples are square shaped in structure and cover an area of 4 cents each. The Gopuram of the Murugan temple is 25' high, while that of the Sri Meenakshi Sundareswarar temple is 15' in height. The presiding deities are Sri Subramaniam in the former temple and Sri Meenakshi and Sundareswarar in the latter. The other sub-deities usually found in similar temples have been installed here.

The Moolavar of the Murugan temple is 1½' high, whereas the installed Lingam of the Sri Meenakshi-amman temple is 3½' in height. The Ambal's idol is 4' high. There are festival idols in Sri Subramaniam temple.

A hereditary Gurukkal offers a single pooja every morning in both the temples, while a lamp is lit by him in the evenings. He is paid an allowance of ½ a measure of rice daily with the right to enjoy the offerings of the devotees. The antique jewellery of the two temples worth Rs. 225/- and Rs. 90/- respectively. The Murugan temple owns 107.56 acres of wet and dry lands while the Amman temple possesses 95.06 acres of dry lands, which fetch a meagre annual income of Rs. 252/-. There are 5 vahanas in the Murugan temple, made of wood.

Navarathri for a period of 9 days, and Skandha Sashti in the month of Ippasi for 10 days are the two main annual festivals observed by the Murugan temple. There is street procession of the deity on all the ten days. People of 10 different communities meet the expenses of the festival on each day. On the 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th and 10th days, about 1,500 devotees attend the festival.

An instance where the Thogamalai Murugan came to the rescue of His devotee is illustrated in the following story which is recorded on a copper plate preserved at Madurai.

A local chieftain who had his headquarters at Kunjamudakku (a part of Thogamalai) fell in love with the lovely wife of his general. The latter desired to leave the Village but his wife did not agree on the ground that as they were sincere devotees of Lord Muruga, He would protect them. One night the chieftain sent three of his servants to abduct her. The husband was asleep. The wife killed two of them and the third surrendered and blurted out the purpose of their visit. The couple decided that it would not be safe to reside in the village thereafter and left it at the dead of night and travelled eastwards. The chieftain

came to know of the flight, pursued them on his horse and overtook them at a place three miles away from Thogamalai. He then got hold of the upper part of the sari of the lady with whom he was infatuated, and pulled it. She prayed Lord Muruga to protect her from the ruffian. Just then a pillar of fire made its appearance and planted itself as a screen between the lady and the chieftain. The latter realised that she was a truly chaste woman and allowed the couple to go their way. Remnants of the fort at Kunjamudakku are still visible testifying to the truth of the above story. †

A single trustee is in charge of the temples.

93 KANUDAYANPATTI

Sri Nallandavar Temple

The village Kanudayanpatti is two miles north of Manapparai railway station and 23 miles from Kulittalai and Tiruchirappalli. It is also connected by bus. There is no information regarding the age of the temple. It was renovated in 1954 out of the donations made by the villagers. According to tradition, Sri Rama killed Mareechan, the asura here who appeared as a stag, and hence the deity is known as Maan Poondi Andavar. The temple covers an area of seventy five cents.

The pagoda is 8' high. There are 16 artistically carved stone pillars in the temple. Sri Nallandavar, in sitting pose is the principal deity of the temple. The Saptha Kannigas are installed in a separate *sanctum*. On a single block of granite there are seven figures, which are known as Ezhu Karuppar. Abishegams are done for these granite figures. In the south-west corner of the inner praharam is installed Pachiamman or Katteri who has the reputation of blessing barren couple with children. There are also festival idols for Lord Krishna and His consorts Sri Rukmani and Sri Sathyabama.

Poojas are performed thrice a day by hereditary Poojaries selected from the Servaikar community who are in the enjoyment of service inam lands. They are also entitled to a share in the archana ticket collections. The ornaments are worth Rs. 1,700/-. The temple owns about 131.81 acres of wet and dry lands. There are three sub-temples attached to it and the income of all the four temples are pooled and spent. The total income is Rs. 5,000/- per annum. Besides, the temple gets an additional income of Rs. 1,700/- every year by way of hundi collections, and Rs. 3,100/- from fees collected for archanas, marriages etc. There are two vahanas

namely a horse and a swan made of wood and painted in colours.

Adi thiruvizha during the 4th Friday in Adi month is the important annual festival celebrated in the temple, when there is street procession. A decorated pearl palanquin is used for the procession. About 10,000 devotees from far and near attend the festival.

An Executive Officer and a Board of three trustees appointed by the Hindu Religious and Charitable Endowments Board manage the affairs of the temple.

The Devasthanam has published a sthalapuranam and those desiring more particulars of the temple may peruse it.

KULITTALAI

Sl. No.	L. C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
1	1	Veerarakkiam H/o Balarajapuram	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	100	0.50	Sri Mariamman	...
2	2	Ranganathapuram	Sri Viswanathaswamy temple (S)	Not stated	0.02	Sri Viswanathaswamy	...
3	„	do	Sri Sellandiamman temple (F)	150	0.40	Sri Sellandiamman	...
4	„	do	Sri Pattabiramaswamy temple (V)	120	0.05	Sri Pattabiramaswamy	...
5	„	do	Sri Kailasanathar temple (S)	Not stated	0.05	Sri Kailasanathar Sri Kamakshiamman	...
6	„	do	Sri Lakshminarayana-perumal temple (V)	120	0.05	Sri Lakshminarayana-perumal	...
7	„	do	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	120	0.05	Sri Varadarajaperumal	...
8	3	Manavasi	Sri Lakshminarayana-perumal temple (V)	500	0.20	Sri Lakshminarayana-perumal	...
9	„	do	Sri Madyapureeswarar temple (S)	1000	0.50	Sri Madyapureeswarar Sri Komalambigai	...
10	5	Thirukkampuliyur	Sri Sellandiamman temple (F)	1700	1.00	Sri Sellandiamman	...

TALUK

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)		Wet and dry A.C.	Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.				Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board									
Veerarakkiam Railway station 1½ miles	...	12.00	...	...	1,000	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Pillai	No
Veerarakkiam Railway station 2 miles	6.41	1.28	...	...	600	...	...	Daily poojas by a hereditary Gurukkal	Adi 18th day, Deepavali, Karthigai Deepam, Navarathri, Sivarathri
Veerarakkiam Railway station 2½ miles	15.64	6.29	...	...	Not stated	...	...	Daily poojas by a Pandaram	Deepavali, Adi 18th day, Navarathri, Tamil New Year's Day, Karthigai Deepam, Pongal
do	1.46	2.97	...	...	Not stated	...	...	Daily poojas by a Bhattachariar	No
do	11.63	12.57	...	...	1,400	80	...	Daily poojas by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
do	2.97	...	...	...	Not stated	...	...	Daily poojas by a Bhattachariar	No
do									
Manavasi Railway station	3.00	7.00	...	...	600	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar	Vaikunta Ekadasi
do	7.50	130.00	...	...	1,300	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
Mayanur Railway station ½ mile	Extent	not	stated	...	215 kalams of Paddy & Rs. 1,033/-	2,329	...	Three times a day by a hereditary Poosari	Adi 18th day

KULITTALAI

Sl. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
11	5	Thirukkampuliyur	Sri Alaganachiamman temple (F)	200	0.10	Sri Alaganachiamman	...
12	8	Mahadanapuram	Sri Viswanathaswamy temple (S)	300	0.42	Sri Viswanathaswamy	...
13	„	do	Sri Mahalakshmi- amman temple (V)	300	0.60	Sri Mahalakshmi- amman	...
14	„	do	Sri Lakshminarayana- perumal temple (V)	300	0.20	Sri Lakshminarayana- perumal	...
15	9	Chindalavadi	Sri Yoganarasimha- swamy temple (V)	200	0.30	Sri Yoganarasimha- swamy	...
16	11	Kallappalli	Sri Mallappaswamy temple (O)	Not stated	0.25	Sri Mallappaswamy	...
17	„	Lalapet H/o Kallappalli	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	100	0.10	Sri Mariamman	Sri Maruthaveera- swamy
18	„	do	Sri Vinayagar temple (G)	150	0.08	Sri Vinayagar	...
19	„	Karuppathur H/o Kallappalli	Sri Simhapureeswarar temple (S)	400	0.10	Sri Simhapureeswarar	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)				Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.	Other immovable property		Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Mayanur Railway station $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles	1.20	18.00	...	...	1,200	...	Palanquin	Daily poojas by a hereditary Pandaram	No
Mahadanapuram Railway station 1 mile	...	467.63	...	...	3,000	300	...	Four times a day by a hereditary Archagar	No
Mahadanapuram Railway station $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles	...	24.90	...	...	1,000	...	...	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gounder	Adi 18th day
do	1.42	1.64	...	...	800	500	...	Twice in a day by a hereditary Archagar	Navarathri
Lalapet Railway station $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles	2.11	13.04	...	...	1,200	6,869	...	Twice in a day by a Madhva	Narasimha Jayanthi
do	...	...	4.00	...	500	...	...	Twice in a day by a hereditary Poosari	No
Lalapet Railway station	...	...	...	4-Shops	693	...	Lion	Once in a day by a hereditary Pandaram	Amman festival in Ani
do	2.00	...	...	...	50 kalams of Paddy	...	...	do	No
Lalapet Railway station 1 mile	4.00	80.00	...	...	5,000	1,000	Car	Three times a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Car festival in Panguni

KULITTALAI

Sl. No.	L. C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
20	12	K. Pettai	Sri Lakshminarayana-perumal temple (V)	200	0.11	Sri Lakshminarayana-perumal Sri Lakshmiammam	...
21	14	Vadiyam	Sri Malligarjuneswarar temple (S)	200	0.06	Sri Malligarjuneswarar Sri Malligambigai	...
22	15	Manathattai H/o Elunoothi-mangalam	Sri Viswanathaswamy temple (S)	75	0.17	Sri Viswanathaswamy Sri Visalakshi	...
23	16	Kulittalai	Sri Neelamegaperumal temple (V)	Not stated	1.00	Sri Neelamegaperumal Sri Kamalanayagi	...
24	„	Muthububala-samudram H/o Kulittalai	Sri Meenakshisundareswarar temple (S)	500	0.17	Sri Meenakshisundareswarar	...
25	„	do	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	150	0.15	Sri Mariamman	Sri Vinayagar Sri Munceswarar
26	17	Rajendram	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	Not stated	0.17	Sri Varadarajaperumal	...
27	„	do	Sri Madhyarjuneswarar temple (S)	Not stated	0.42	Sri Madhyarjuneswarar Sri Deivanayagi	...
28	„	Thannirpalli H/o Rajendram	Sri Lakshminarayana-perumal temple (V)	200	0.02	Sri Lakshminarayana-perumal Sri Lakshmi	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.	Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas	Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Thimmachipuram Railway station $\frac{1}{4}$ mile	22.00	...	...	...	5,000	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
Kulittalai Railway station $2\frac{1}{4}$ miles	...	3.14	...	Thoppu 9 cents	400	...	...	do	No
Kulittalai Railway station 2 miles	...	...	...	...	...	216	...	Poojas performed by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
Kulittalai Railway station $\frac{1}{2}$ mile	22.37	6.79	...	7-Buildings	12,165	200	Garuda Swan Car Palanquin Hanumar Sesha Elephant Horse	Four times a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar	Vaikunta Ekadasi Navarathri, Chithrapournami, Karthigai Deepam, Brahmoth-savam in Vaikasi
Kulittalai Railway station $\frac{3}{8}$ mile	2.08	...	...	Thoppu 30 cents	1,000	Value not stated	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
Kulittalai Railway station $\frac{1}{8}$ mile	0.57	0.56	...	...	1,000	4,802	Ratham Palanquin Lion Horse Swan Elephant	Once in a day by a hereditary Poosari	Car festival Navarathri, Pongal
Marudur Railway station $\frac{1}{2}$ mile	2.36	1.12	...	...	840	7	Garuda	Once in a day by a Bhattachariar	Adi Visakam Sri Jayanthi Navarathri, Karthigai Deepam, Vaikunta Ekadasi, Pongal Chithrapournami Tamil New Year's Day
do	19.10	10.39	...	...	9,643	200	Rishabams-2, Lion Elephant Horse Bandicoot Peacock Ratham	Four times a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Thai Poosam Panguni Uthiram Adi Pooram Vinayaga Chathurthi Sivarathri
Kulittalai Railway station $\frac{1}{4}$ mile	0.16	...	...	Thoppu 1 acre	432	65	Garuda	Once in a day by a Bhattachariar	Karthigai Deepam

KULITTALAI

Sl. No.	L. C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
29	17	Thannirpalli H/o Rajendram	Sri Sadaichiamman temple (F)	200	0.04	Sri Sadaichiamman	Sri Karuppanna-swamy Sri Marudaiveeran
30	18	Marudur	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	100	0.20	Sri Kolakarakoil Mariamman	...
31	„	do	Sri Meenakshi Sundareswarar temple (S)	150	0.06	Sri Meenakshi Sundareswarar Sri Meenakshiamman	...
32	„	do	Sri Pattinakara Pillayar temple (G)	70	0.08	Sri Pattinakara Pillayar	...
33	„	Mettu Marudur H/o Marudur	Sri Sellandiamman temple (F)	Not stated	0.47	Sri Sellandiamman	Sri Mariamman Sri Udayanathaswamy Sri Vinayagar
34	20	Poyyamani	Sri Chidambareswaraswamy temple (S)	150	0.11	Sri Chidambareswaraswamy Sri Sivakamasundari	Sri Dhakshinamoorthy Sri Chandikeswarar
35	„	do	Sri Egiriamman temple (F)	200	0.12	Sri Egiriamman	Sri Karuppannaswamy Sri Marudaiveeran
36	21	Nangavaram	Sri Sundareswarar temple (S)	200	0.60	Sri Sundareswarar Sri Komalambigai	...
37	25	Panaiyur H/o Naithalur	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	80	0.15	Sri Mariamman	Sri Vinayagar

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway Station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Valuanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Kulittalai Railway station $\frac{1}{2}$ mile	1.65	1.00	...	...	450	13	Lion Horse	Poojas performed by a hereditary Pandaram	No
Pettaivaithalai Railway station 3 miles	...	17.58	...	...	10,000	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Pandaram	Karagam festival
Marudur Railway station $\frac{1}{2}$ mile	3.58	4.94	...	Thoppu 15 cents	3,000	50	Rishabam	Poojas performed by a Gurukkal	Tamil New year's day, Vijaya Dhasami Thiruvathirai
Marudur Railway station 1 mile	2.26	1.78	...	...	1,000	1,500	...	Once in a day by a Pandaram	Vinayaga chathurthi
Marudur Railway station $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles	10.82	24.11	...	...	87 kalams of Paddy & Rs. 7,315/-	261	Horse	Twice in a day by a Poosari	Sellandjamman and Mariamman festivals
Pettaivaithalai Railway station $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles	33.00	80.00	...	Thoppu 19 cents	6,000	2	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No
Pettaivaithalai Railway station $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles	1.71	43.55	...	...	6,000	25	...	Poojas performed by a Gurukkal	Festival celebrated once in two years
Perugamani Railway station $\frac{1}{2}$ mile	...	...	20.00	...	13,000	2,021	Car Rishabam Peacock	Four times a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Nayarathri Skandha Sashti Panguni Uthiram Arudhra Dhari-sanam
Perugamani Railway station $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles	...	8.00	...	...	2,500	500	Ratham	Once in a day by a hereditary Pandaram	No

KULITTALAI

Sl. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
38	25	Panaiyur H/o Naithalur	Sri Veeramakaliamman temple (F)	60	0.25	Sri Veeramakaliamman	...
39	27	Valayapatti H/o Hiranya- mangalam	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	300	0.12	Sri Mariamman	...
40	„	do	Sri Pidari Sellandiamman temple (F)	300	0.10	Sri Pidari Sellandiamman	...
41	32	Vaiganallur	Sri Pidari Peraluganthamman temple (F)	150	1.97	Sri Pidari Peraluganthamman	...
42	„	do	Sri Bala Dhandayuthapani temple (M)	30	0.50	Sri Bala Dhandayuthapani	...
43	„	do	Sri Bagavathiamman temple (F)	50	0.01	Sri Bagavathiamman	...
44	„	do	Sri Kannimar temple (F)	50	0.08	Sri Kannimar	Sri Kamakshi Sri Maduraiveeran Sri Nallenthraswamy Sri Karuppanna- swamy
45	36	Sengal	Sri Meenakshisundareswarar temple (S)	300	1.50	Sri Meenakshisundareswarar	...
46	37	Monaiyanur H/o Sithalavoi	Sri Lakshminarayanaperumal temple (V)	300	0.05	Sri Lakshminarayana- perumal	...
47	„	Sankaran- malaipatti H/o Sithalavoi	Sri Sankareswarar temple (S)	200	Not stated	Sri Sankareswarar	...
48	54	Asaripatti H/o Ratchandar- tiramalai	Sri Ellaiamman temple (F)	150	0.10	Sri Ellaiamman	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road (9)	Property (Immovable)				Annual income from the immovable property Rs. (14)	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas (17)	Festivals (18)
	Wet A.C. (10)	Dry A.C. (11)	Wet and dry A.C. (12)	Other immovable property (13)		Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs. (15)	Vahanas (16)		
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Perugamani Railway station 3½ miles	...	6.50	...	...	2,000	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Pandaram	Amman festival in Chithirai
Marudur Railway station 4 miles	}	1.61	29.91	...	300	210	Ratham	Once in a day by a hereditary Poosari	Mariamman festival once in three years
do									
Kulittalai Railway station ½ mile	1.04	2.01	...	Coconut Thoppu	800	400	Ratham	Once in a day by a hereditary Pandaram	Car festival in Thai
Kulittalai Railway station 1/8 mile	...	...	...	1-Shop & Thoppu	410	...	...	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	No
Kulittalai Railway station ½ furlong	...	...	...	1-Building	600	15	...	No	Karagam festival
Kulittalai Railway station ¼ mile	0.16	...	...	Thoppu 1.16 acres	300	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Poosari	No
Mayanur Railway station 6 miles	...	243.83	...	...	500	...	...	Poojas performed by a hereditary Gurukkal	Vijaya Dhasami
Mayanur Railway station 4½ miles	...	35.00	...	...	100	...	...	Daily poojas by a hereditary Naidu	No
Manavasi Railway station 1½ miles	..	170.00	...	...	600	...	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	Panguni Uthiram Sivarathri
Kolathur Railway station 6 miles	...	12.51	..	...	100	...	Horse	Twice in a day by a hereditary Nayakkar	Sivarathri

KULITTALAI

Sl. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
49	54	Asaripatti H/o Ratchan- dar tirumalai	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	70	0.04	Sri Mariamman	...
50	„	do	Sri Karuppannaswamy temple (O)	100	Not stated	Sri Karuppannaswamy	...
51	„	do	Sri Vinayagar temple (G)	150	0.01	Sri Vinayagar	...
52	58	Thogamalai	Sri Sidhi Vinayagar temple (G)	100	0.02	Sri Sidhi Vinayagar	Sri Mounaguruswamy
53	60	Kallugur	Sri Prasanna Venkatachala- pathy temple (V)	150	0.03	Sri Prasanna Venkatachala- pathy Perumal	...
54	„	do	Sri Meenakshi Sundares- warar temple (S)	150	0.03	Sri Meenakshi Sundares- warar	..
55	„	do	Sri Alaganachiamman temple (F)	150	0.03	Sri Alaganachiamman	...
56	72	Devarmalai	Sri Narasingaperumal temple (V)	400	1.50	Sri Narasingaperumal	...
57	73	Melmettupatti H/o Adanur	Sri Dhurgaiamman temple (F)	300	0.62	Sri Dhurgaiamman	...
58	77	Aniyappur	Sri Chetteeswarar temple (S)	100	0.30	Sri Chetteeswarar	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)		Wet and dry A.C.	Other im-movable property (13)	Annual in-come from the immova-ble property Rs. (14)	Movable property Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs. (15)	Vahanas (16)	Arrangements for daily poojas (17)	Festivals (18)
	Wet A.C. (10)	Dry A.C. (11)							
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Kolathur Rail-way station 6 miles	...	19.11	...	...	100	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Poosari	Annual festival in Masi and Panguni
do	...	4.51	...	...	50	...	...	No	No
do	...	13.22	...	...	75	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Nayakkar	No
Manapparai Railway station 8 miles	2.67	...	...	Thoppu	1,400	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Poosari	No
Manapparai Railway station 13 miles	3.99	51.45	...	...	500	...	...	Once in a day by a Bhattachariar	No
do	5.18	54.50	...	...	600	...	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No
do								Once in a day by a Poosari	No
Karur Railway station 20 miles	...	...	698.79	...	757	615	Car Palanquin	Twice in a day by an Archagar	Brahmothsavam
Vaiyampatti Railway station 22 miles	...	...	63.99	..	146	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Pillai	No
Manapparai Railway station 9 miles	4.67	78.76	...	...	500	Value not stated	...	Twice in a day by a hereditary Pillai	No

KULITTALAI

Sl. No.	L. C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
59	93	Kanudayanpatti	Sri Kanmariamman temple (F)	Not stated	0.10	Sri Kanmariamman	...
60	„	do	Sri Nayanmar temple (O)			Sri Nayanmar	...
61	97	Sevelur	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	100	0.09	Sri Mariamman	...
62	„	do	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	25	0.01	Sri Varadarajaperumal	...
63	„	do	Sri Vinayagar temple (G)	46	0.01	Sri Vinayagar	...
64	„	do	Sri Muniappaswamy temple (O)	Not stated	0.01	Sri Muniappaswamy	...
65	98	Amayapuram	Sri Subramaniaswamy temple (M)	50	0.25	Sri Subramaniam Sri Valli, Sri Deivayanai	Sri Vinayagar
66	105	Kadavur H/o Edayapatti	Sri Karunaigiriperumal temple (V)	500	1.00	Sri Karunaigiriperumal	...
67	116?	Puram	Sri Thirumuktheeswarar temple (S)	Not stated	0.30	Sri Thirumuktheeswarar	Sri Arthaleswarar Sri Natarajar Sri Dhakshinamoorthy
68	119?	Veerappur	Sri Kannimar temple (F)	500	0.50	Sri Kannimar	Sri Pennar Sri Sanakar Sri Periakka
69	126	Vaiyampatti	Sri Ayyanar temple (O)	100	0.02	Sri Ayyanar	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway Station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)				Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas	Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.	Other immovable property					
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Manapparai Railway station 5 miles	...	6.11	...	...	150	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Gounder	Panguni Uthiram
do	...	7.74	...	...					Masi Magam
Manapparai Railway station ½ mile	}	9.68	...	...	Not stated	370	Horse, Yali Swan, Sahadai	Once in a day by a hereditary Pandaram	Brahmothsavam in Chithirai and Vaikasi
do								Once in a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar	No
do								Once in a day by a hereditary Pandaram	No
do								No	No
Manapparai Railway station 4½ miles	...	...	8.65	...	200	...	...	Daily poojas by an Archagar	Sura Samharam Panguni Uthiram
Vaiyampatti Railway station 15 miles	...	...	11,663.53	...	6,922	6,152	Car Palanquin Name not stated-l	Four times a day by a hereditary Archagar	Masi Magam Ratha Uthsavam
Manapparai Railway station 3½ miles	25.00	199.00	...	...	600	...	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	Navarathri, Sivanonbu festival in Purattasi
Manapparai Railway station 7 miles	...	...	200.00	...	6,000	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Poosari	Brahmothsavam in Masi
Vaiyampatti Railway station 3 miles	1.43	41.70	...	...	4,000	20	...	Daily poojas by a hereditary Pandaram	Karthigai Deepam

KULITTALAI

Sl. No.	L. C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)

Temples under the Hindu Religious

70	129	Kumaravadi	Sri Venkatesaperumal temple (V)	100	0.25	Sri Venkatesaperumal	...
71	158	Vembanur	Sri Thirumaleswarar temple (S)	500	0.34	Sri Thirumaleswarar	...
72	„	do	Sri Alagia Kshema Vinna Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	500	0.14	Sri Alagia Kshema Vinna Varadarajaperumal	...
73	172	Akkulampatti	Sri Kombadi Vinayagar temple (G)	Not stated	0.01	Sri Kombadi Vinayagar	...
74	173	Paluvanji	Sri Kannimar temple (F)	200	0.01	Sri Kannimar	...
75	„	do	Sri Agastheeswarar temple (S)	200	0.01	Sri Agastheeswarar	...
76	„	do	Sri Kathir Narasimha-perumal temple (V)	200	0.01	Sri Kathir Narasimha-perumal	...
77	„	do	Sri Malai Vinayagar temple (G)	200	Not stated	Sri Malai Vinayagar	...
78	„	do	Sri Pidariamman temple (F)	200	0.01	Sri Pidariamman	...
79	184	Karumalai	Sri Pidariamman temple (F)	35	0.13	Sri Pidariamman	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)				Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.	Other immovable property		Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Vaiyampatti Railway station 2½ miles	Extent not stated	...	350	...	...	Poojas performed on festival days only by a hereditary Naidu	Pongal, Karthigai Deepam, Festivals in Panguni and Chithirai Thiruvathirai
Manapparai Railway station 15 miles	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
do	Once in a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar	No
Manapparai Railway station 13 miles	Extent not stated	...	100	...	...	Once a week by a hereditary Pandaram	No
Manapparai Railway station 12 miles	Once a week by a hereditary Archagar	No
do	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
do	Once in a day by a hereditary Archagar	No
do	Once a week by a hereditary Pandaram	No
do	Once a week by a hereditary Archagar	No
Manapparai Railway station 13 miles	1.02	11.00	...	...	250	...	...	Twice a week by a hereditary Archagar	No

KULITTALAI

Sl. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
80	187	Kallupatti	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	300	0.25	Sri Mariamman	...
81	211	Thuvarankurichi H/o Ponnampatti	Sri Ponnambala Vinayagar (alias) Arumuga Vinayagar temple (G)	800	0.01	Sri Ponnambala Vinayagar	...
82	„	do	Sri Kamakshiamman temple (S)	Not stated	0.11	Sri Kamakshiamman	Sri Navagrahas
83	„	do	Sri Angalamman temple (F)	„	0.03	Sri Angalamman	Sri Maduraiveeran Sri Karuppuswamy Sri Veerabhadran Sri Pechiamman
84	„	Ponnampatti	Sri Ayyanar temple (O)	40	Not stated	Sri Ayyanar	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)				Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.	Other immovable property		Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Concl'd.)									
Manapparai Railway station 14 miles	Extent not stated	...	500	200	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Vellalar	Mariamman festival in Panguni
Manapparai Railway station 17 miles	8.75	...	...	...	200	...	...	Poojas performed only on important days by a hereditary Poosari	No
do	Extent not stated	...	300	200	Ratham Horse Swan	Twice in a day by a hereditary Archagar	Annual festival in Panguni
do	Extent not stated	...	200	250	...	Twice in a day by a hereditary Poosari	Sivarathri
do	...	11.21	...	...	Not stated	...	Elephant	Twice in a day by a Poosari	Ayyanar festival in Purattasi

KULITTALAI

Sl. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples outside the Hindu Religious							
1	1	Balarajapuram	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	100	0.15	Sri Mariamman	Sri Kannimar
2	11	Kallapalli	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	100	0.02	Sri Mariamman	...
3	„	do	Sri Vinayagar temple (G)	100	0.01	Sri Vinayagar	...
4	77	Aniyappur	Sri Kannimariamman temple (F)	200	0.25	Sri Kannimariamman	Sri Periakka Sri Saptha Kannigas Sri Saneeswarar Sri Mahamuni Karuppuswamy
5	129	Kumaravadi	Sri Meenakshi Sundareswarar temple (S)	Not stated	0.01	Sri Meenakshi Sundareswarar	...
6	135	Manakkudanur H/o Karuppur	Sri Venkatesaperumal temple (V)	do	0.01	Sri Venkatesaperumal	...
7	186	Marungapuri	Sri Meenakshi Sundareswarar temple (S)	300	0.75	Sri Meenakshi Sundareswarar	...
8	192	D. Poruvai	Sri Naganathaswamy temple (S)	300	0.75	Sri Naganathaswamy Sri Sunthandiamman	...

TALUK (Concl'd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board									
Veerarakiam Railway station 1½ miles	0.24	12.90	...	...	Not stated	...	...	Daily poojas by a hereditary Pandaram	No
Lalapet Railway station ¼ mile	...	...	...	3-Shops	300	...	Ratham	Daily poojas by a Pillai	Mariamman festival in Vaikasi
do	1.00	...	...	...	700	...	...	Once in a day by a Pandaram	Vinayaga Chathurthi
Manapparai Railway station 8 miles	...	...	Extent not stated	...	6,000	10,000	Car, Lion Swan Sessa Horse Elephant Garudas-2	Four times a day by a hereditary Pillai	Vedapatery festival for 10 days in Masi
Vaiyampatti Railway station 1 mile	71.86	177.53	...	...	1,250	76	...	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Vijaya Dhasami Sivarathri, Panguni Uthiram, Karthigai Deepam
Manapparai Railway station 12 miles	47.77	405.73	...	...	1,250	85	...	Four times a day by a hereditary Servai	No
Manapparai Railway station 14 miles	...	...	Extent not stated	...	1,823	Value not stated	Car Ratham Palanquin	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Masi Magam
Manapparai Railway station 16 miles	...	...	19.33	...	2,360	do	Car Ratham	do	Sunthandiamman festival in Chithirai

TIRUCHIRAPALLI TALUK

1. PETTAIVAITHALAI

Sri Madyarjuneswaraswamy Temple

The channel Uyyakondan takes its head sluice in this village. It is also known as Vettuvaithalai, as the head of a thief who stole some jewels from the Srirangam temple, was cut off here. The village is a railway station on the Tiruchirapalli-Erode line at a distance of 17 miles from Tiruchirapalli. The temple is a mile from the railway station. Buses plying between Tiruchirapalli and Coimbatore pass through the village.

A stone inscription at the head sluice of the Uyyakondan canal reveals that the temple was built by Kulothunga Chola III (1178-1218) who named the deity as Sri Madyarjuneswaraswamy, after the presiding deity at Thiruvadamaruthur (Thanjavur district). Renovations were made in 1913. The outer compound walls were repaired and a granary constructed in 1953. The temple covers an area of 45 cents. The main gopuram is under construction.

The Moolavar is a pradishta Lingam and the consort is Sri Balambigai who is installed in a separate *sanctum*. They are facing east and south respectively. The deity is also known as Sri Marthandeswarar. The other deities are Sri Vinayagar, Murugar and Mahalakshmi.

Poojas are performed four times a day by hereditary Gurukkals who are in the enjoyment of service inam lands. The jewels are worth about Rs. 16,000/-. The temple has 464.73 acres of inam wet lands from which an income of Rs. 75,000/- per annum accrues. Except the silver rishaba vahanam the other vahanas are made of wood. The former was made in 1961 while the others are about 50 years old.

The main festivals are:-

- i) Brahmothsavam in the month of Vaikasi for 11 days, when the deities are taken round the streets in procession both in the morning and evening.
- ii) Thai Poosam: The deity is taken to Kadambar Koil
- iii) Skandha Sashti (for 7 days); there is street procession both in the morning and evening.

About 10,000 devotees from far and near attend the Thai Poosam festival. The attendance in the other two festivals will be about 1,000.

Three trustees and an Executive Officer manage the temple.

4. THIRUPPARAITHURAI

Sri Dharukavaneswarar Temple

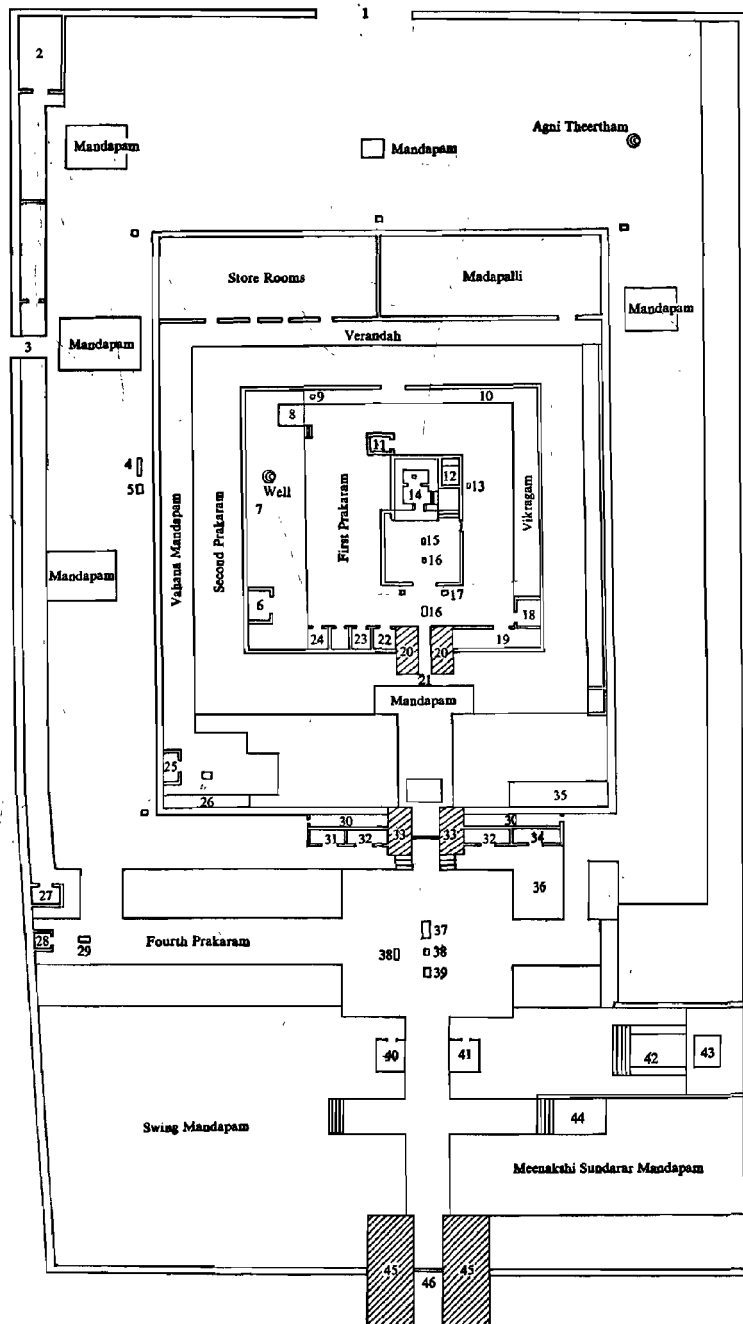
The village is 11 miles west of Tiruchirapalli and lies on the banks of the Cauvery which is known as 'Aganda' Cauvery (the broad Cauvery). Nowhere else is the river as broad as it is here. The place is well known for its sacred bathing ghat on the Cauvery and thousands of people go to the village to have a bath in the river on the first day of the month of Ippasi (October-November). It is a railway station on the Tiruchirapalli-Erode line.

The temple is an ancient one and was in existence in the seventh century as Appar and Sambandar have sung about the deity. Manickavasagar and Arunagirinathar have also visited the shrine and composed songs. The Moolavar a Swayambu Lingam is said to have been dug out of an ant-hill by a Chola king who saw a golden bird frequently perching upon it. While digging, the spade hit the Lingam and milk flowed from the wound. On the eighteenth day of Purattasi (September - October) the sun's rays fall upon the Lingam, and the belief is that the sun worships the Lord. There are numerous inscriptions on the walls. The temple almost fell into ruins early in the present century. But thanks to Sri Nagappa Chettiar of Kanadukathan, renovations were made at a cost of Rs. 10 lakhs and a Kumbabhishegam was performed in 1910. As the deity was worshipped by the rishis of Dharukavanam, He is known as Sri Dharukavaneswarar, His other name being Sri Paraithurainathar. The Ambal's name is Sri Pasumpon Mayilambigai. The temple covering an area of half an acre has a gopuram at the entrance the height of which is about 100' with a base of about 50' square.

Hereditary Gurukkals who are paid a monthly salary offer four poojas daily. The temple has ornaments worth about Rs. 33,000/-. These were presented by Sri Nagappa Chettiar and his family. The immovable properties comprise 56 acres of wet and 22 acres of dry lands which fetch an annual income of Rs. 15,000/-. Of the several vahanas, two silver rishabams need special mention. All the devotees who take a bath in the Cauvery on the first day of Ippasi visit the temple as a rule. Special abishegam are performed and the deities are adorned for dharsan by the devotees. Not less than 10,000 people visit the temple

SRI JAMBUKESWARAR TEMPLE TIRUVANAICKOVIL

(Not to Scale)



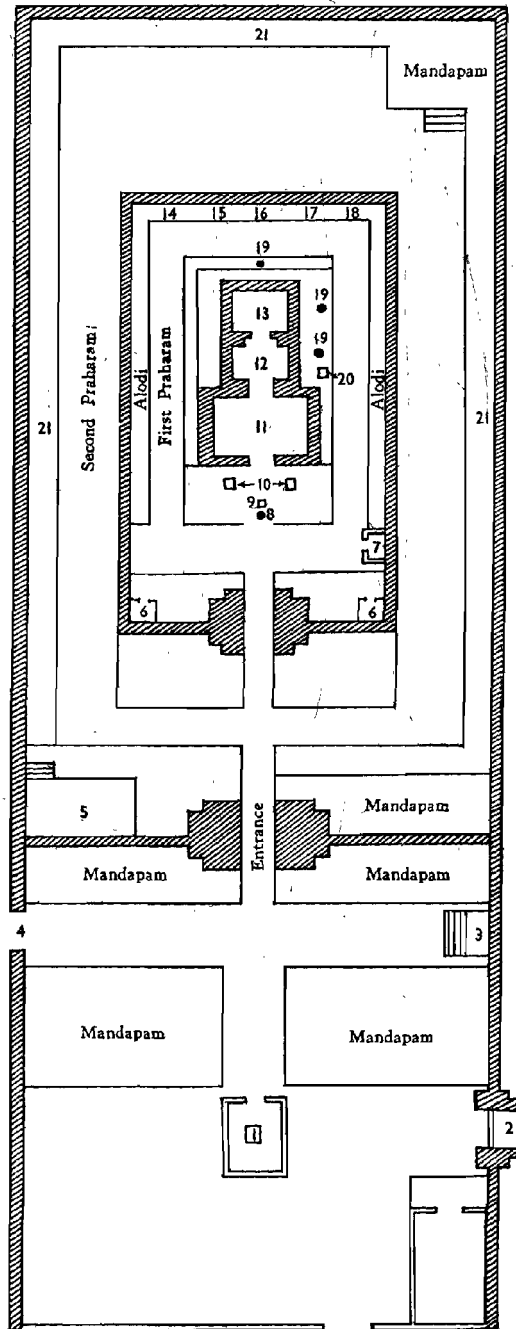
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SRI AKILANDAESWARI AMMAN TEMPLE

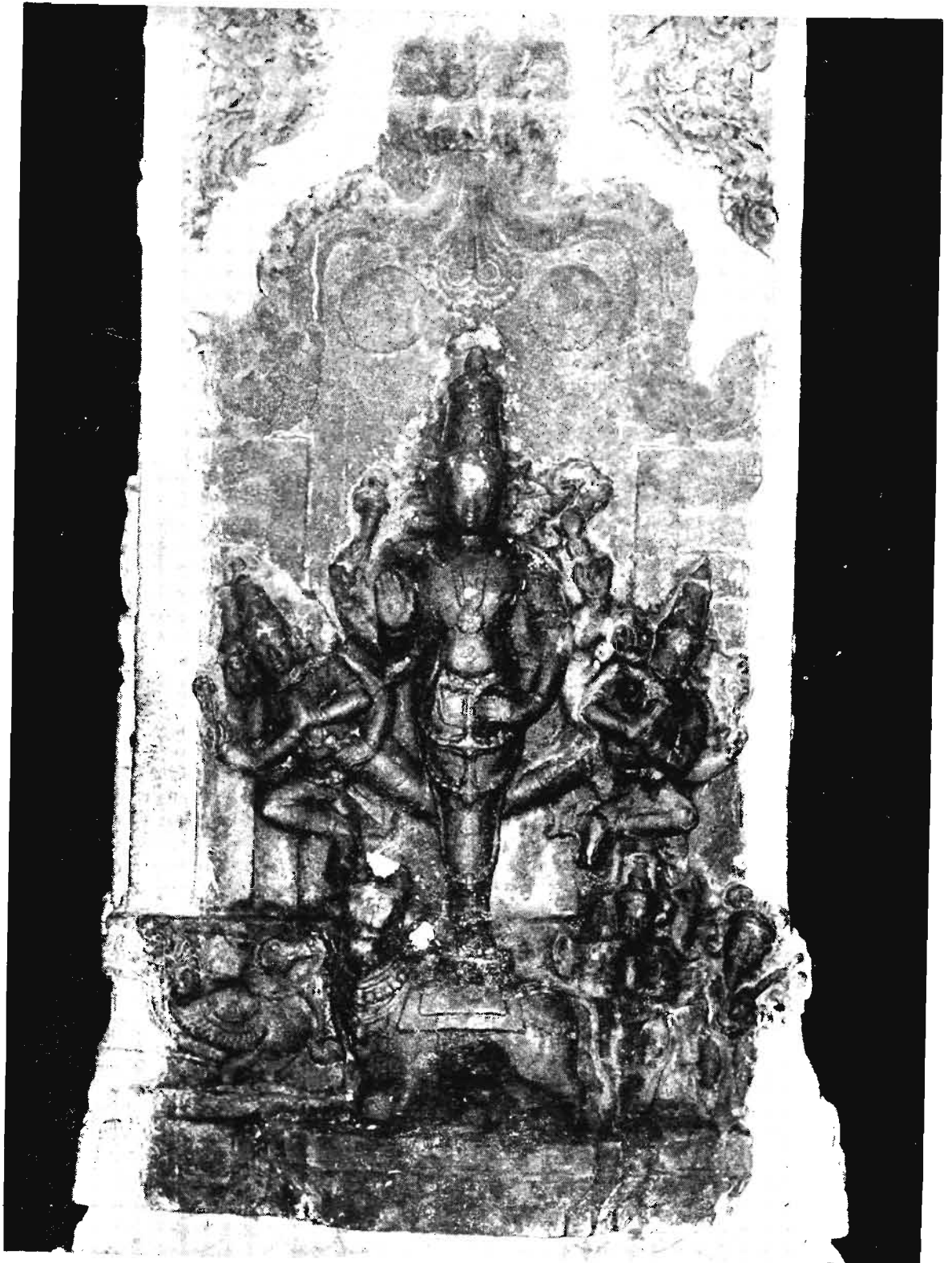
TIRUVANAIVIL

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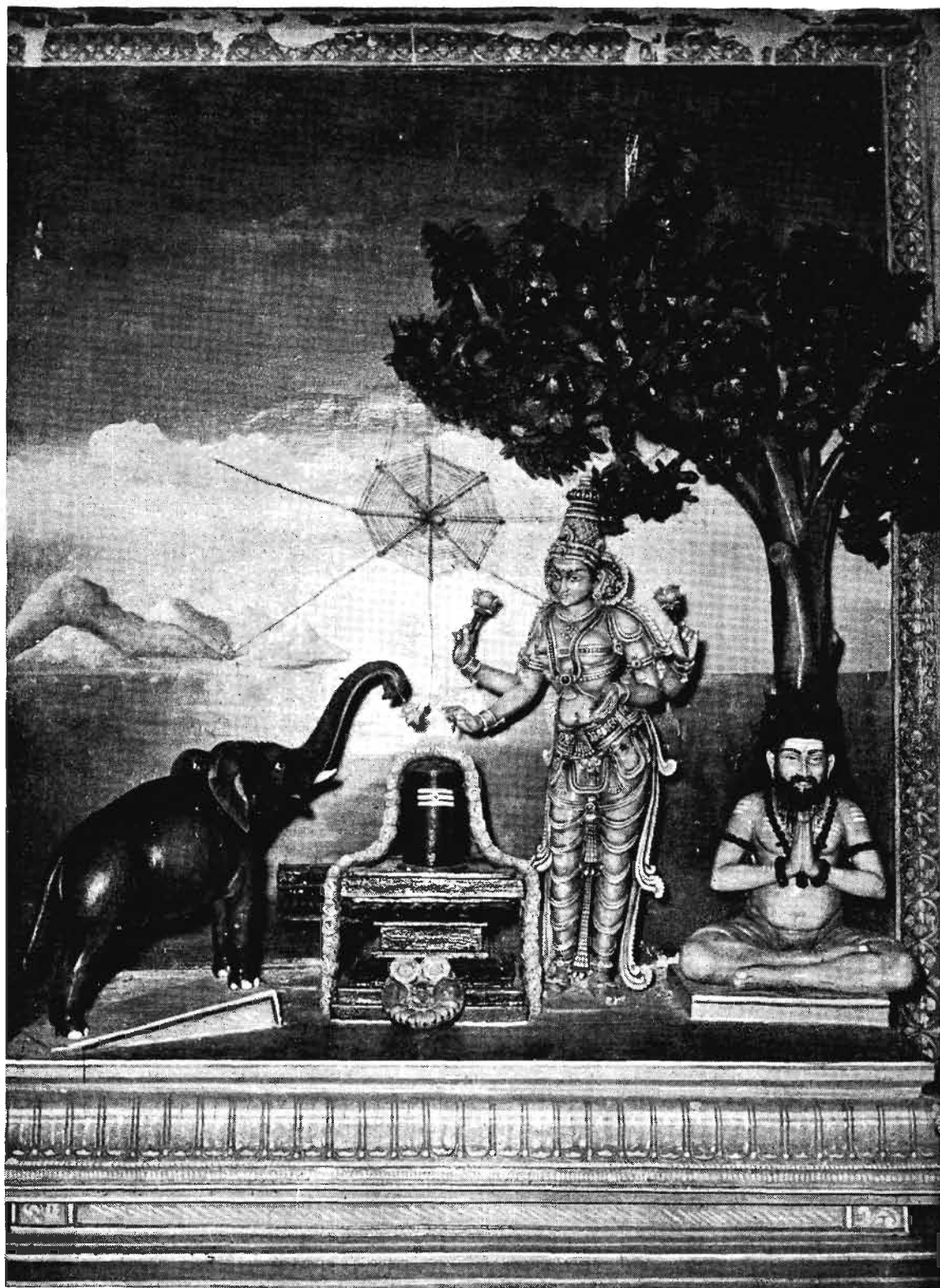


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- 19 Balipeedam
- 20 Chandikeswarar
- 21 Raised Alodi



Sri Ekapadha Murthy in Sri Jambukeswarar Temple, Thiruvanaikaval



Sri Jambukeswarar Temple, Thiruvanaikaval — Sculpture depicting Sthalapuranam

on this day. The Brahmotsavam, which is the main festival, is observed in the month of Vaikasi.

A single trustee belonging to the family of the Nattukottai Chettiar, who renovated the temple, is managing its affairs.

12 THIRUVANAICAVAI

Sri Jambukeswarar Temple

The above temple in Thiruvanaikaval near Tiruchirapalli is of great antiquity, said to have been in existence from the first century B. C. According to tradition it was built by the Chola ruler Ko-Senkannan. The legend relating to the construction of the shrine is as follows :

In the Mount Kailas, Sri Parvathi requested Her Lord to explain how yagam (penance) could be reconciled with bogam (pleasure). The Lord asked Her to go to the earth and do penance and that He would give Her dharsan and clear Her doubt. Accordingly Sri Parvathi, assuming human form, descended to the earth to do penance. She came to the Gajaranya (Elephant grove) formed an "Appu" or water Lingam under the shade of a Jambu tree and commenced Her worship. Owing to some curse, two Siva "Ganas" who were born as Elephant and Spider, also began to worship the Lingam. Every day the spider, would weave a canopy over the Lingam, to prevent the dried leaves of the Jambu tree from falling on it. The elephant used to bring water in its trunk and bathe the Lingam. The latter finding that the canopy woven by the spider was a hindrance to him, would tear it away. This was a daily occurrence. The spider would weave its cobweb and the elephant would destroy it. The spider got angry and entered into the elephant's trunk and stung it on its vital spot in its head. The elephant fell down dead and in that process the spider also died.

The Lord made His appearance and married Sri Akilandeswari after clearing Her doubt. He also released the elephant and spider from their curse. The former went back to the Heaven while the spider was born as the son and heir of the Chola ruler. He was named as Ko-Senkannan. He remembered what happened in his previous birth and constructed a temple for Siva and His consort at the place where he worshipped the Lord as a spider. Sri Jambukeswarar and His consort Sri Akilandeswari are the presiding deities of the temple. It covers an area of over 18 acres. The "Appu" Lingam here is a Swayambu, and is surrounded by water, which is a novel feature of this temple. This water is pumped out twice or thrice a day. Saints like Thirugnana Sambandar, Appar, Manickavasagar and Sundaramoorthy have visited

this temple and composed devotional songs, in praise of the deity. There are 154 stone inscriptions relating to Chola, Pandya, Hoysala and Madurai Naick rulers period.

The temple owns jewellery worth Rs. 2.6 lakhs. The Tadangam (ear ornament) which Sri Adhi Sankarar himself fixed on the ears of Sri Akilandeswari is held in high veneration. The Devi was originally an "Ugra Devata". Sri Loka Sankarar made her a "Santhamurthy" by installing a Tadangam in her ears. He also installed Sri Vigneswarar in front of Her and Sri Subramaniam behind Her so that by seeing Her sons, She would never get angry.

The annual income of the temple from its properties and other sources is Rs. 12,850/-.

The following are the regular annual festivals of the temple :—Vasantha Uthsavam, Adi Pooram, Thai Theppam, Brahmotsavam in March, Car festival and Panchapraharam in April. Of these the Panchapraharam is the main one, which attracts about 5,000 to 6,000 devotees.

Hereditary Brahmin priests who are called Pandithars and who own houses and lands, offer four poojas daily. They are not paid any monthly salary. In the uchikala pooja, the priest, dressed as a female, performs poojas. The significance is that Ambal Herself worships the Lord.

The popular belief is that if a person goes round the praharams for 48 days continuously, his desire will be fulfilled.

A Board of five trustees and an Executive Officer manage the temple affairs.

Special mention may be made of the Panchapraharam festival celebrated in the month of Panguni when the Lord dressed in female dress and Devi in male dress are taken out in procession in the streets. According to legend, Brahma was enamoured of a girl created by Him and was unable to discharge his duties of creation. He did penance in favour of Siva to regain his power of creation. The Lord appeared before him dressed as a female while the Devi was in male dress. This is symbolical of the Lord becoming "Sakti" temporarily so that He could endow Brahma with power to discharge His duties. Brahma was forgiven for his infatuation of the girl created by him. The festival is observed to commemorate this event.

The following story relating to this temple is of interest:-

A Chola ruler who had his head-quarters at Woriyur used to go to the temple with his wife to worship the Lord and Devi. He said to himself that if his wife's necklace was placed on the Lord, His beauty

would be enhanced. One day while on their way to the temple, both the king and queen took a bath in the Cauvery, when the latter's necklace slipped from her neck and fell into the river. Thinking that the necklace had been lost, they arrived at the temple. It was then the hour of Abhishegam and water had been fetched from the Cauvery. When the water was poured on the Lingam, the necklace dropped from the pot on the Lord's head and the king's wish was thus fulfilled.

12 SRIRANGAM

(1) Sri Ranganathaswamy Temple

According to legend, the idol of Sri Ranganathaswamy was given to Vibhishanar by Sri Rama as a gift after his coronation, to be installed at Lanka. The reason for the deity being left at Srirangam, is given under Sri Thayumanaswamy temple. Raja Dharma Varman built a small temple which was expanded by the Chola, Pandya and Vijayanagar rulers. The shrine was the object of constant attack by the Muslims, and was renovated several times. The temple proper consists of five long praharams, in the form of a rectangle. There are altogether 21 towers of which two are of big size. The main tower in the East is 165' high with a 30' x 40' base. It contains figures of Hindu mythology.

This is a Vaishnavite temple. The presiding deity is Sri Ranganatha with two arms and in lying pose. Sridevi, Bhudevi and Brahma who are always seen with Him are absent here. Sri Ranganayaki, the consort is installed in a separate shrine. This temple faces south unlike other temples. The significance is that the God blesses Vibhishana, the king of Ceylon. The Vimanam is in the shape of *Ohm* (ॐ). There is no authentic information to fix the correct age of the temple except that it belongs to the epic age i.e. the age of the Ramayana. In fact nothing is known about the temple before the 10th century. Extensive additions have been made by the Vijayanagar rulers. This temple has been visited by all the Alvars who have sung in praise of the deity, Sri Ranganatha. Sri Adhi Sankarar and Sri Madhvachariar also were devotees of Sri Ranganathar.

Several poojas are done daily in this temple and worshipped by thousands of devotees all through the day. The first pooja is at 8.30 a.m. when cold milk, wheat cake and butter are offered, the next at 9.00 a.m. with pongal and curd bath, the third at 12.00 noon with vadai, thenkuzhal and appam, the fourth at 8.30 p.m. with samba rice and the last at 9.00 p.m. with sweet pongal and ghee. The priests of this temple are hereditary. They work in turns. They are not paid in cash but only in kind and they get a share in the archana ticket collections and offerings of devotees.

There are two cars and one ratham, made of wood. There are 13 vahanas, made of wood and covered with silver and/or gold plates.

During the festive occasions, the idol is taken out in procession on the various vahanas.

The temple owns about one thousand items under ornaments according to the inventory of 1952. Out of these, about 800 are antique and the rest are modern. Their estimated value is Rs. 30 lakhs. Of these, the 'Rathnangi' made of lustrous rubies, pearls and flat diamonds and the 'Vimana padhakkam' in the shape of Ranga vimanam, made of beautiful blue stones deserve special mention.

Annual festivals are celebrated throughout the year. The most important festival is Vaikunta Ekadasi which attracts thousands of devotees from places all over India. The festival lasts for twenty days, beginning ten days earlier to Sukla Ekadasi (preceding the fullmoon) in the month of Margazhi (December-January). The first ten days before the Vaikunta Ekadasi are called "Pagal Paththu" and the remaining ten days beginning with Vaikunta Ekadasi are called "Rappaththu" (festival of ten nights).

During the first ten days, the deity goes in procession to Arjuna mantapam in the second enclosure towards the east of the *sanctum* and remains there till the evening and returns to the *sanctum*, after 7.00 p.m.

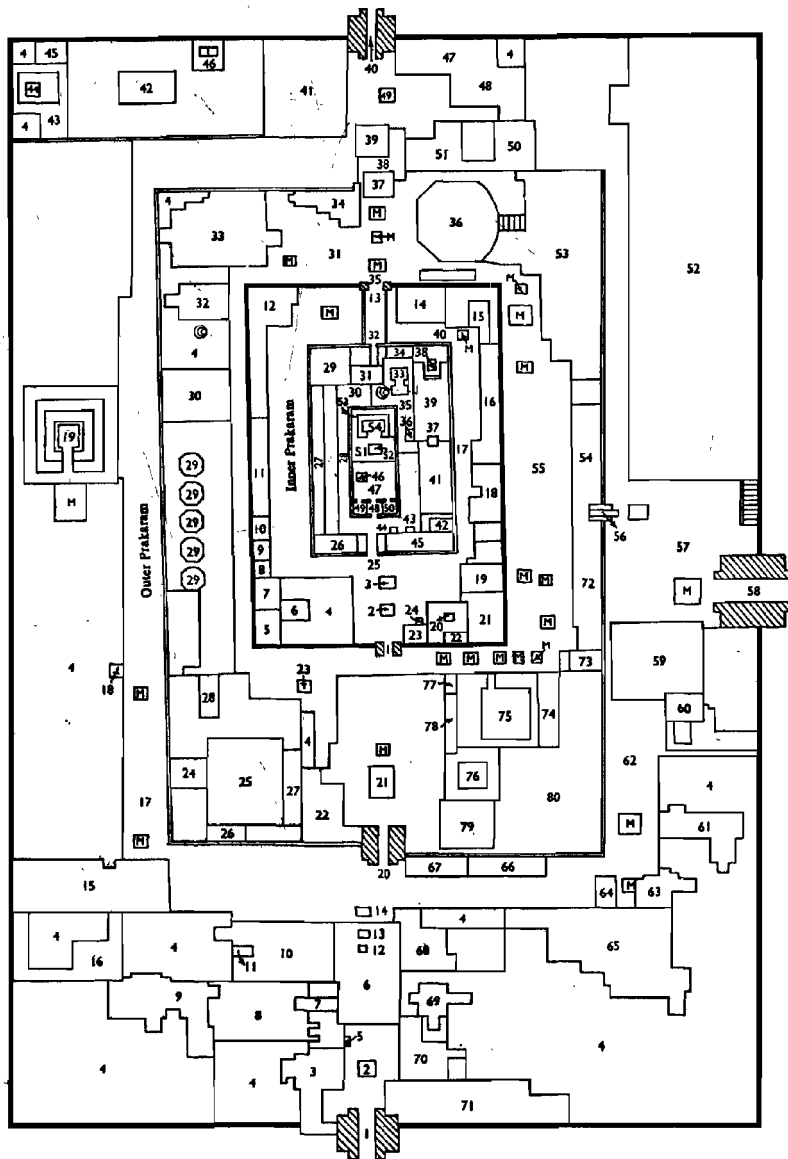
The day of Vaikunta Ekadasi is the first day of the Rappaththu festival. In the very early hours of the morning "Namperumal" starts from the *sanctum* adorned with the famous Rathnangi. Followed by a seething crowd of devotees, the deity enters the gate called "The Paramapada Vasal" (gate way of the Heaven). This is the northern gate of the third enclosure and it is opened only on that day and kept open for the next ten days.

The following are the landed properties of this temple and other sub-temples attached to this temple :

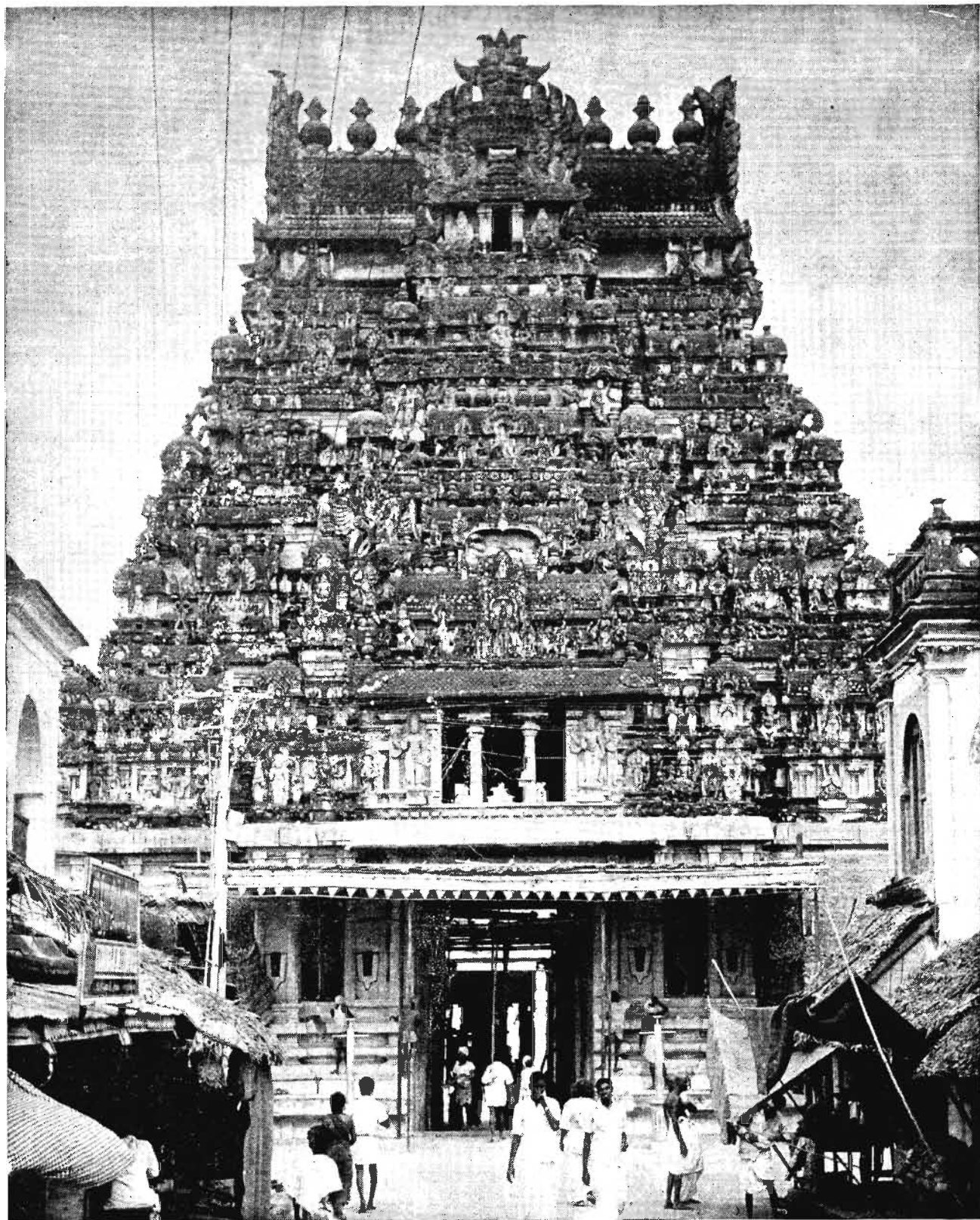
	Dry		Wet	
	ac.	c.	ac.	c.
1. Sri Ranganathaswamy temple	1	68	260	22½
2. Sri Melembi Perumal temple	7	07	0	97
3. Sri Brahmasureeswarar temple	14	87	...	...
4. Sri Mariamman temple	...	...	2	30
5. Sri Thiruvellarai Perumal temple	1,955	02	18	59
6. Sri Samayapuram Mariamman temple	9	33	2	84
TOTAL	1,987	97	284	92½

SRI RANGANATHASWAMY TEMPLE SRIRANGAM

(Not to Scale)



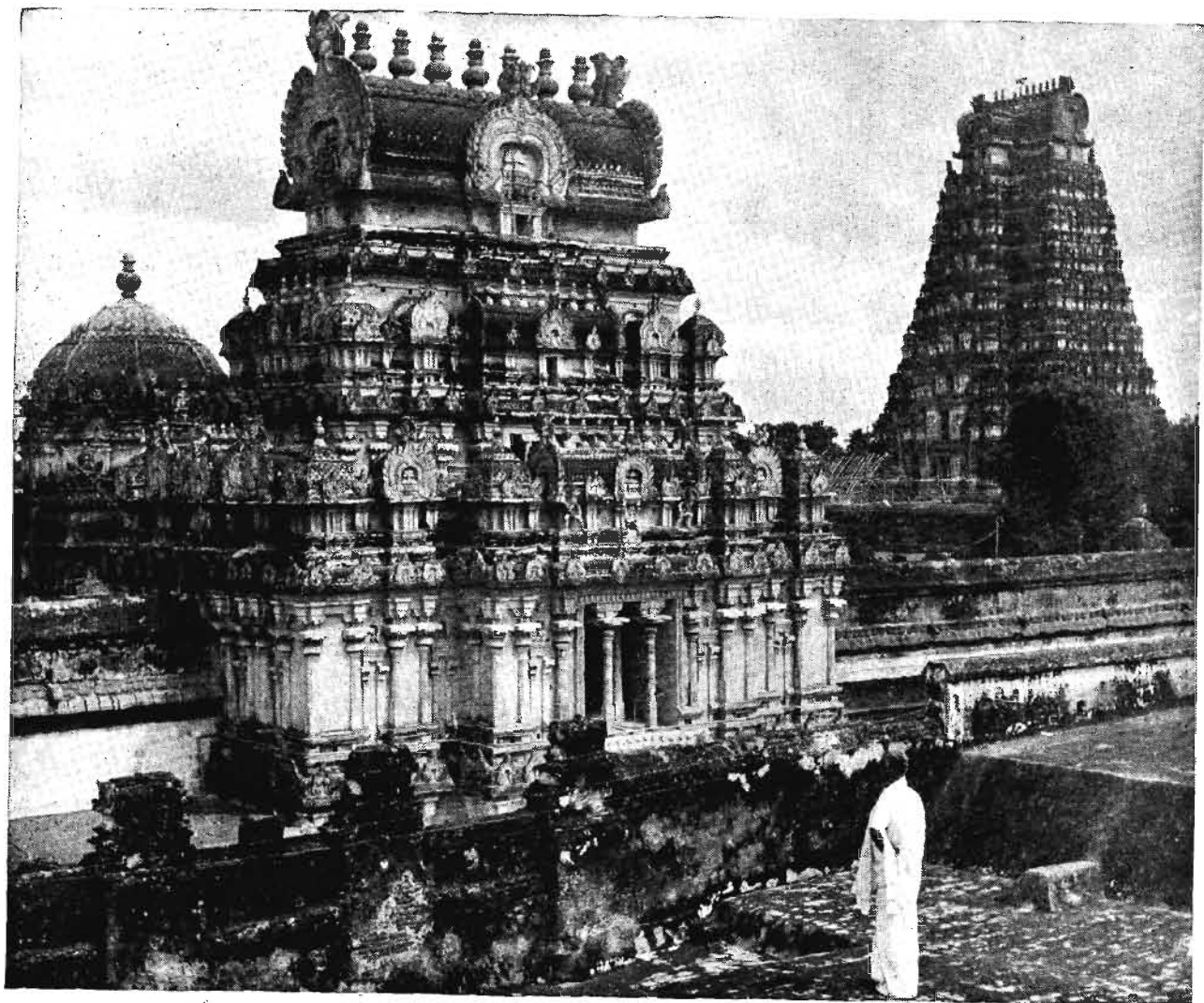
M - Mandapam



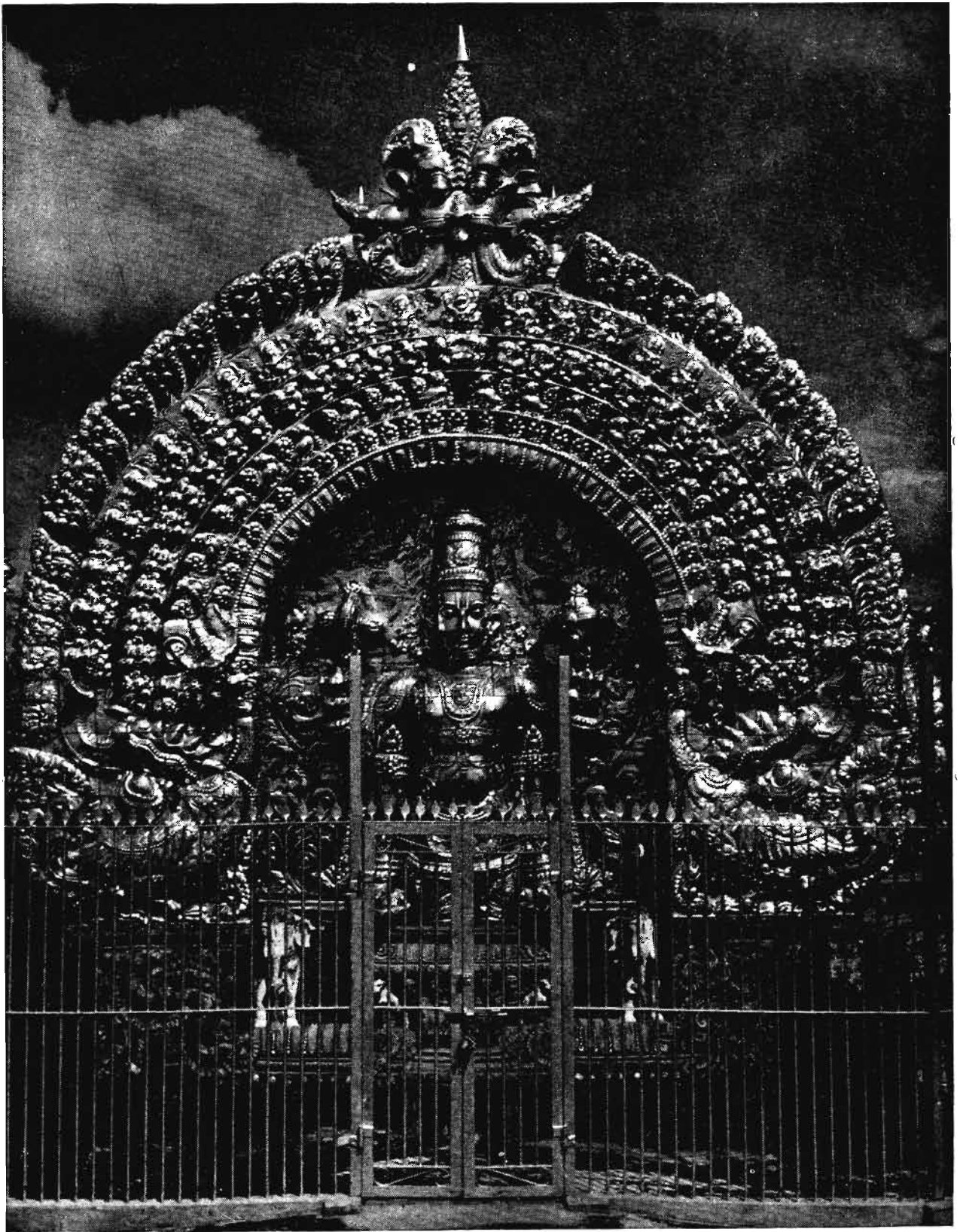
Sri Ranganathaswamy Temple, Srirangam (East Gopuram)



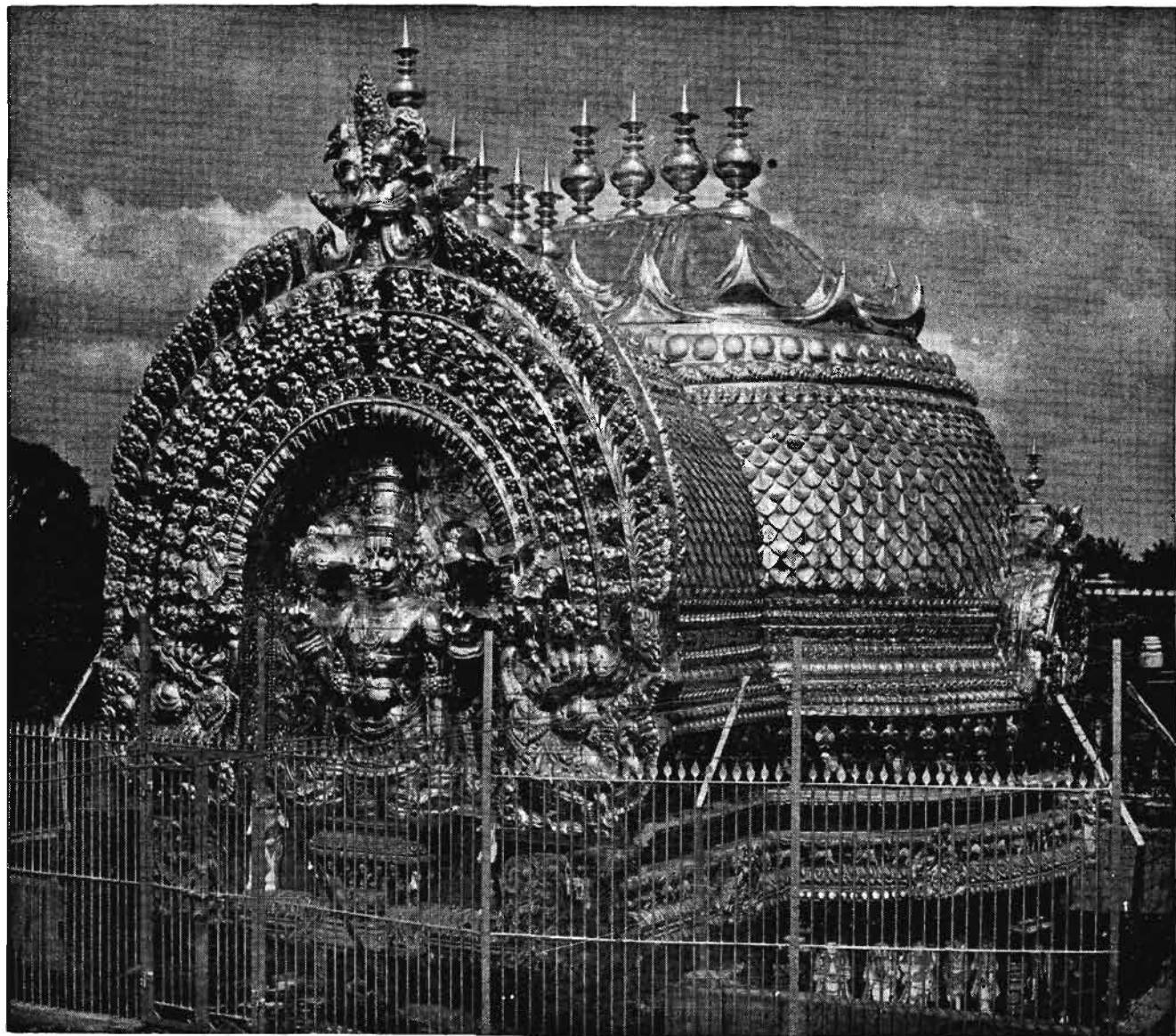
Sri Krishnan Koil Gopuram: Sri Ranganathaswamy Temple, Srirangam



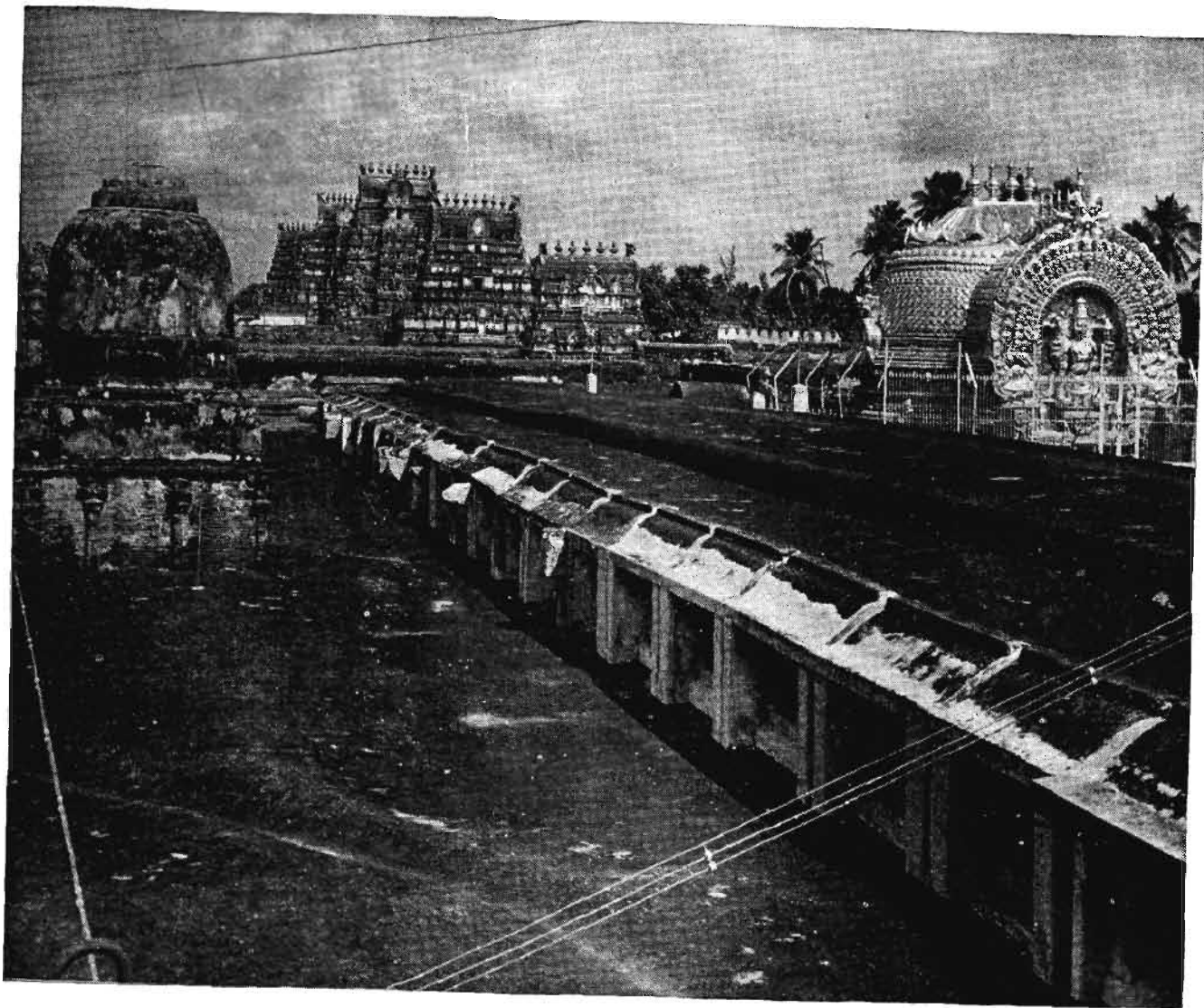
Gopuram and Vimanam: Sri Ranganathaswamy Temple, Srirangam



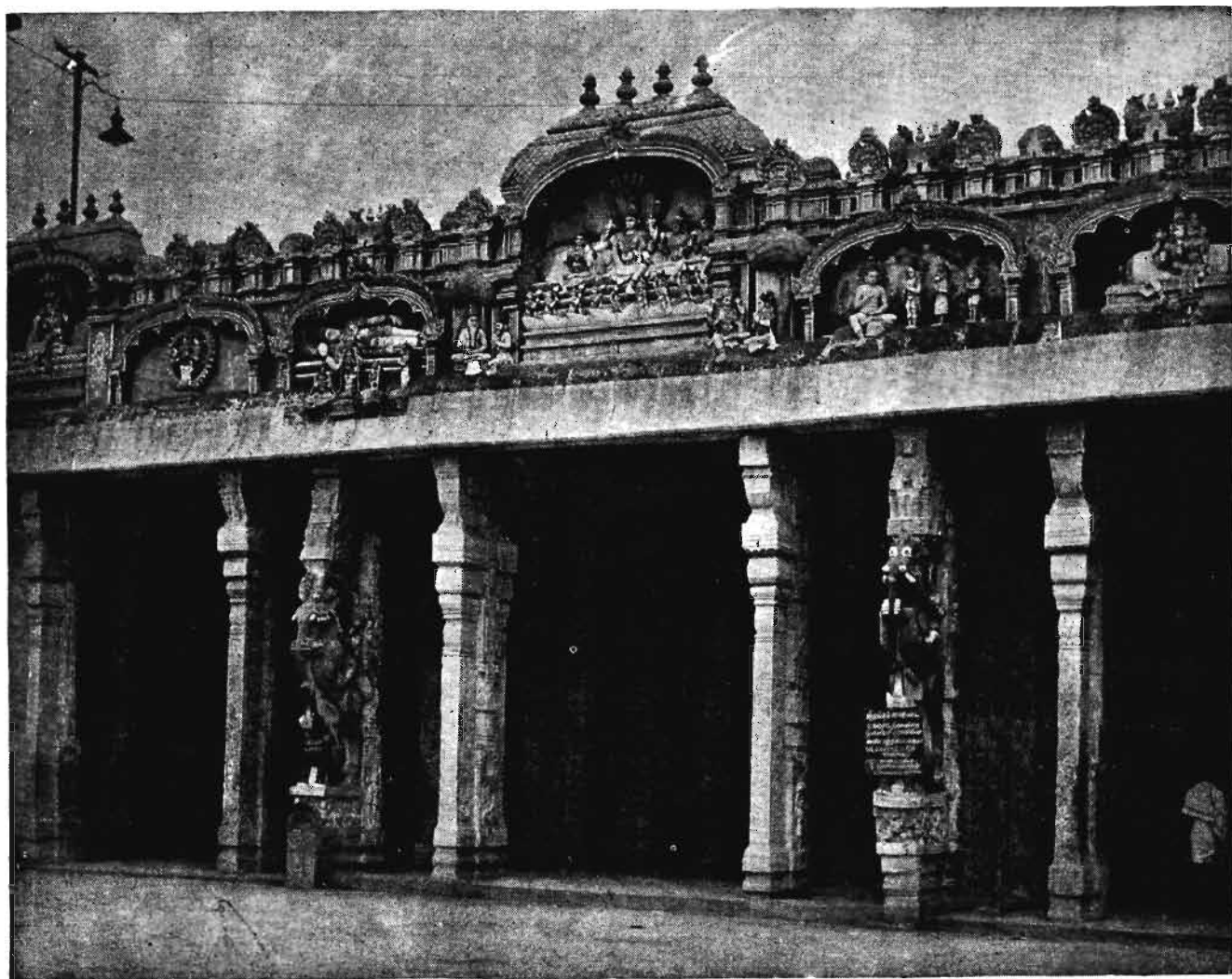
Gold Vimanam (front view): Sri Ranganathaswamy Temple, Srirangam



The Gold Vimanam (side view): Sri Ranganathaswamy Temple, Srirangam



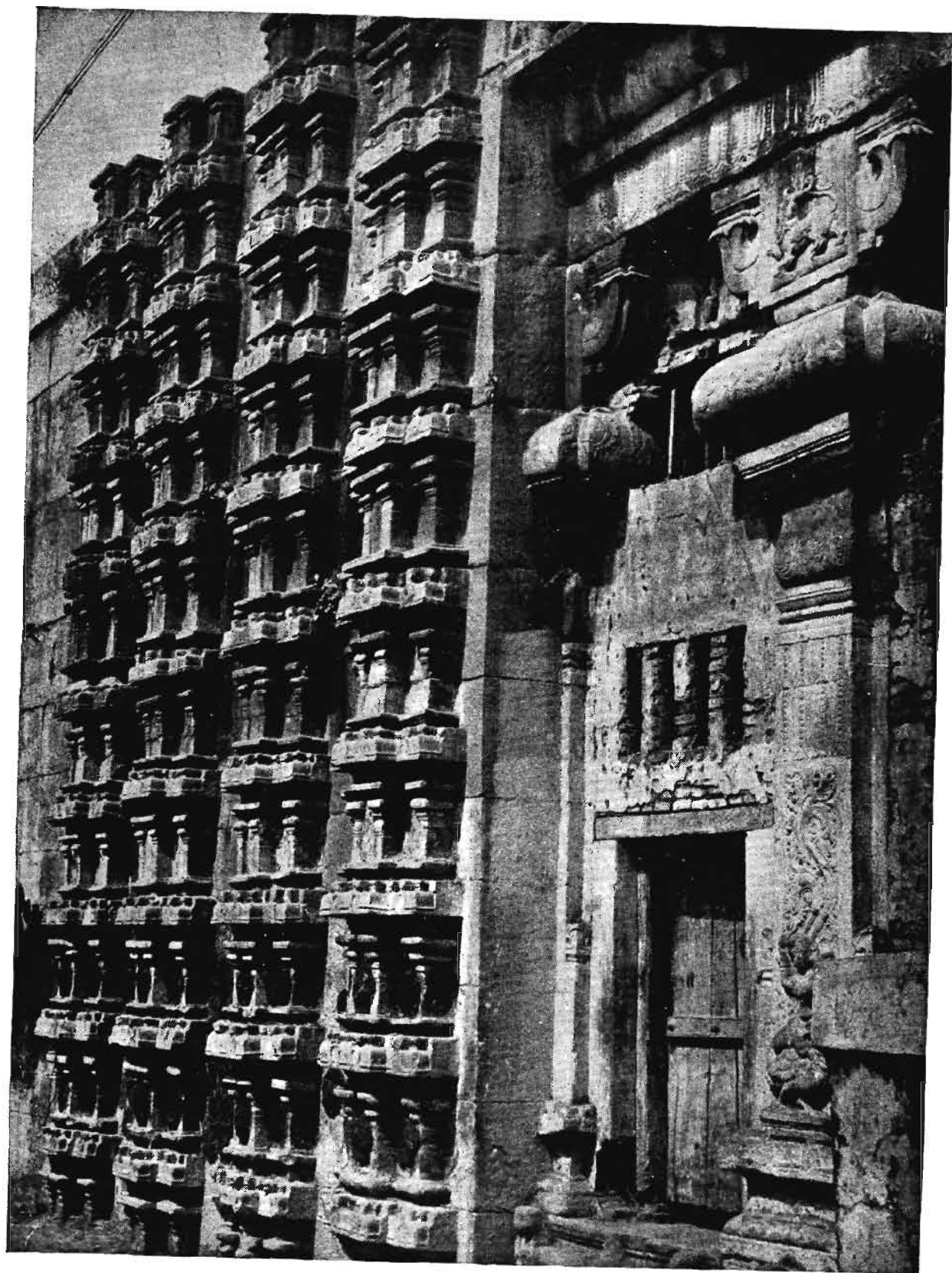
An aerial view of Gopurams and Gold Vimanam : Sri Ranganathaswamy Temple, Srirangam



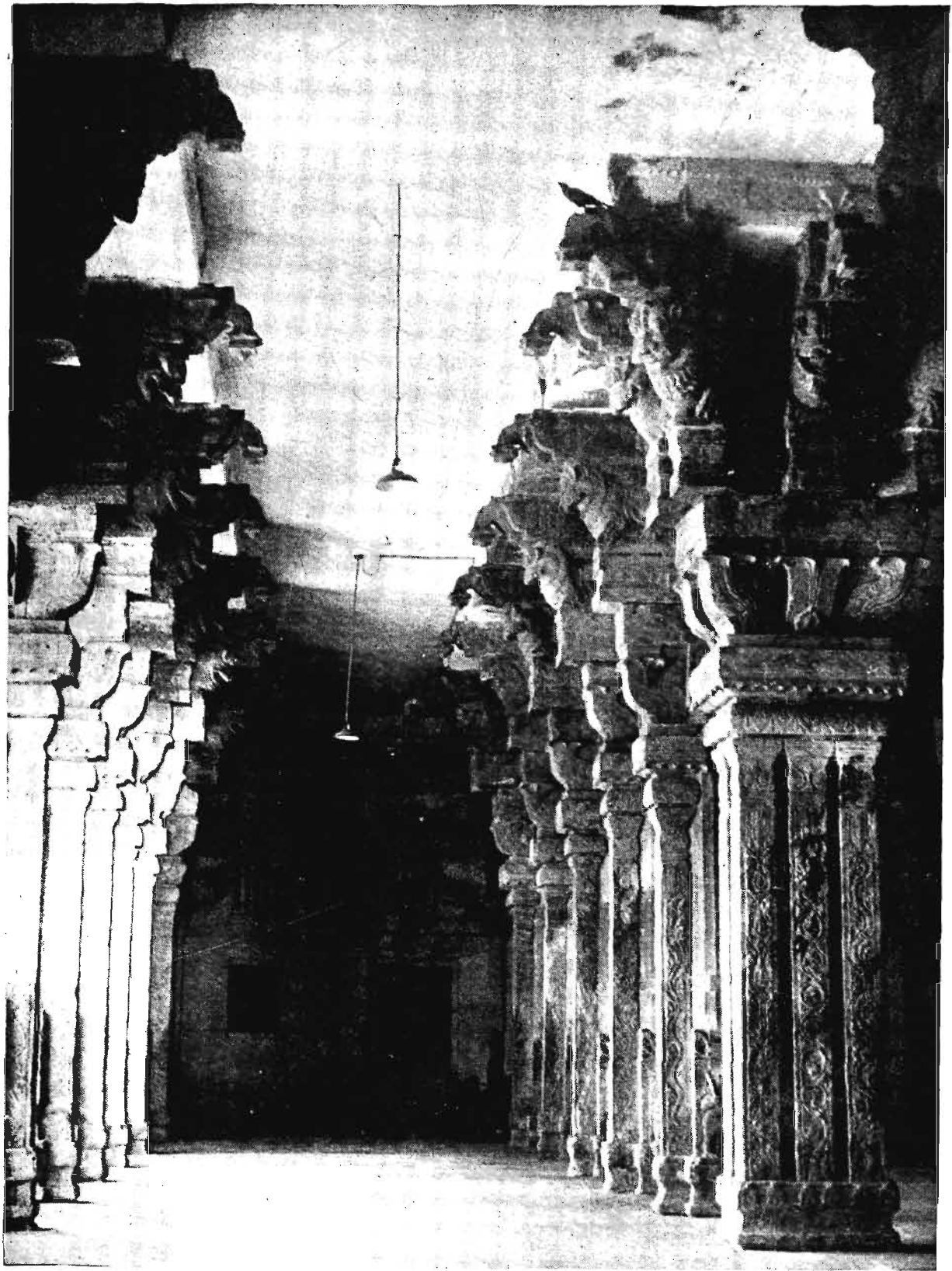
A view of the Mandapam: Sri Ranganathaswamy Temple, Srirangam



An artistically carved pillar in Sri Ranganathaswamy Temple, Srirangam



A view of the wall with sculptures: Sri Ranganathaswamy Temple, Srirangam



An interior view of the mandapam with pillars : Sri Ranganathaswamy Temple, Srirangam



A beautifully carved image of a maiden : Sri Ranganathaswamy Temple, Srirangam

The lands are being leased out and the lease is in kind for wet lands (paddy) and cash for dry lands.

Average annual income from the lands is 4,554 kalams of paddy (each kalam measuring 43 Madras measures) and Rs. 41,700/-. From hundis its annual income exceeds Rs. 30,000/-. Under entrance fees and archana charges, its income is Rs. one lakh.

The temple is administered by an Executive Officer who is a Government servant and by a Board of five trustees of whom one is the Chairman.

Old Stories

There are several old stories connected with this idol. One interesting story is that during the Muslim invasion the uthsava idol was taken away by the Nawab to Delhi. His palace contained many valuables plundered from many temples. Of all the idols there, the Nawab's daughter was immensely pleased with the idol of Sri Ranganatha (The Ruling Deity of this Temple). She took it to her bed room and always kept it by her side. As soon as it was known that the idol was removed, one dancing girl from a nearby village mixed herself in disguise with the Nawab's troops and found out where it was kept by the Nawab. She narrated what she saw to the important persons attached to the temple. It was learnt that the Nawab appreciated and enjoyed good music. So two Arayars or persons who can sing prabandhams in musical tone, went to Delhi and pleased the Nawab with their music. The Nawab asked them to specify their rewards. They expressed their desire to take Sri Ranganatha's idol from his daughter's custody. The Nawab granted their wish. They took away the idol while the Nawab's daughter was fast asleep. When she awoke she was very much upset when she found that the idol was missing. She demanded that it should be brought back. The Nawab sent his men along with his daughter in search of the persons who took away the idol. The men who had the idol, seeing the Nawab's men pursuing them, went away to Thirupathi with the idol, instead of going to Srirangam. The Nawab's daughter came to Srirangam but found the temple doors closed and there was no idol. She was so much devoted to the idol that on finding that the idol was not there, she breathed her last at the temple gate. The story goes that she attained salvation and became one with God. To commemorate this event, there is a separate sannidhi in the second praharam just to the left of the *Sanctum Sanctorum* where a picture of the Nawab's daughter has been drawn on the wall. The picture of a horse on which she rode to Srirangam is also found on the wall.

When Sri Ranganatha passes the picture, He assumes a special swinging gait.

Kambar, the greatest of Tamil poets got his Ramayana approved in the mandapam built between the *sanctums* of the Lord and His consort. The story goes that Sri Narasimha's figure drawn in the mandapam, nodded its head in approval of the great epic.

(2) Sri Dasavathara Temple

Perhaps this is the only temple for the ten incarnations of Sri Mahavishnu. It was built by Thirumangai Mannan who belongs to the middle of the eighth century. The idols installed are :—

Machcham, Koormam, Varaham, Narasimham, Vamana, Parasuramar, Ramar, Balaramar, Krishnan, Kalki, Lakshminarasimhan and Vishvaksenar.

The temple is under the control of the Ahobila Mutt and belongs to the Vadagalai sect. The main tower is 60' high.

The Bhattachariar who offers two poojas daily is selected by the Ahobila Mutt and is paid a monthly salary. The jewels in this temple are worth Rs. 200/-. The immovable properties fetch an annual income of Rs. 5,000/- which is utilised for poojas and festivals and other expenses. The main festivals are Desikar Uthsavam in Purattasi and Thirumangai Mannan festival in Karthigai. A handful of local people attend them. Special poojas are performed every month on the days of Kettai, Thiruvonam, Poorattathi, Kiruthigai and Swathi asterisms.

THIRUPALAITHURAI (Hamlet of 14 Panayapuram)

Sri Adhimoolanathaswamy Temple

Rishi Markandeya was unable to get milk for his worship and to his pleasant surprise milk bubbled out of the top of the Lord's head. There is a mark on the top of the Lingam indicating the spot out of which milk flowed. The place therefore, came to be known as Thirupalthurai or Thirupalaithurai and the presiding deity who is a Swayambu Lingam is Sri Adhimoolanathaswamy facing east. His consort is Sri Kalyani Ambal who faces south. As Sambandar has composed 11 verses in praise of the deity, the temple belongs to the 7th century or earlier. The village is five miles from Srirangam, 10 miles from Tiruchirapalli and lies on the north of the Cauvery. Devotees can reach Panayapuram by buses and cover the short distance from there to the temple by walking on the south bank of the Coleroon river towards the east. The main tower is 20' high and there is only one praharam. There are inscriptions on the walls. In the praharam are installed Sri Ganesar,

Subramaniam and Mahalakshmi. Other deities are Sri Bhairavar, Navagrahas, Durgai and Chandikeswarar. There are festival deities which are usually found in all Siva temples. The area covered by the shrine is 37 cents.

Poojas are performed four times a day by a hereditary Gurukkal who is paid a monthly salary. He can also take the food offerings. The ornaments in the temple are worth Rs. 3,000/-. The immovable properties comprise 69.82 acres of wet, 4.92 acres of dry lands and a mango garden from which an income of Rs. 18,500/- per annum accrues. There are three vahanas made of wood. The main festivals are Navarathri in Purattasi and Arudhra in Margazhi. Local devotees attend them.

A single hereditary trustee is in charge of the temple.

The belief is that Sri Suryanarayanawamy worships the Lord on the first of Thai and Adi months (Uthirayanam and Dhakshinayanam) since his rays fall on the Moolavar on these days.

23 TIRUCHIRAPALLI

(1) Sri Mathru Bhutheswarar (alias) Sri Thayumanaswamy Temple

The above temple on the rock is visible even at a distance of five or six miles and is close to the Tiruchirappalli Town railway station. There are two stories regarding the name of the place. The first is that "Thirisira", cousin brother of Ravana worshipped the deity here. Hence the name Thirusirapalli. The second version is that the Lord, Devi and Vinayagar occupy three peaks. Hence the place was originally known as Thirishigaram or Thirisira. According to legend, the rock on which the temple has been built is one of the chips of the Himalayas which fell here in the competition between Adishesha and Vayu (Wind-God). The other two fell at Kalahasti (Chittoor District) and Trincomalli (Ceylon).

The main shrine for Sri Thayumanaswamy was built between 10th and 12th centuries on the rock with stones at a height of 150'. The rock has the appearance of a reclining Nandhi. There is a fine flight of covered stone steps to the temple. At about a height of 150', one has to turn west to reach the main shrine. On the east is the Pillayar temple. Just as one emerges from the covered stone steps and turns east to reach the Pillayar temple, there is the rock cut shrine, the name of which is Lalithankura Pallavesvaragraham after king Mahendra-I (Pallava Ruler) who had the title of Lalithankura, who built it. There are stone inscriptions here in Tamil and Grandam. 104 Tamil verses are decipherable. There is another rock cut temple at the

foot of the hill which is a protected monument under the control of the Archaeological Department of the Government of India.

Cholas, Vijayanagar Rulers and Naick Rulers of Madurai have made considerable additions to the temple. The presiding deity who is a Swayambu Lingam is known as Sri Mathru Bhutheswarar or Thayumanavar, Sevvan-dhi Nadar and Thirumalai Kozhindsar. His consort is Sri Sugundha Kuntalambal or Mattuvar Kuzhali. There are festival idols for the Lord and Devi. The other deities are Sri Natarajar (Uthsavar), Vinayagar and Subramaniam. The following story will show why the deity came to be known as Thayumanavar.

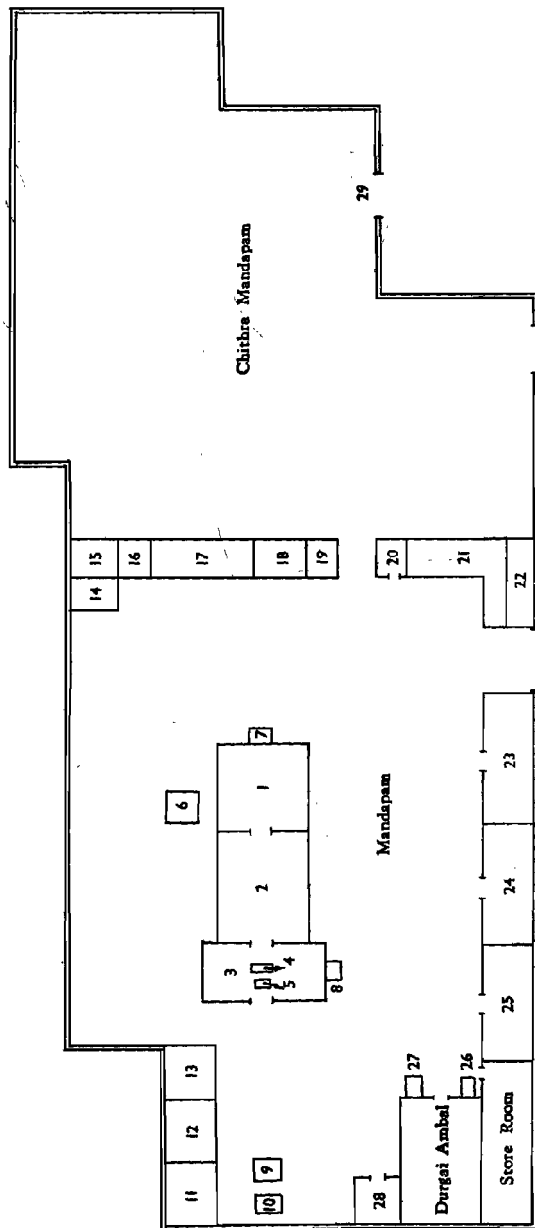
A devotee of Siva, one Ratna Gupta, who was residing in Kaveripoompattinam had a daughter Ratnavati. She was given in marriage to one Dhana Guptan in Tiruchirapalli. Ratnavati used to visit the shrine and worship the God daily. She became enceinte and informed her mother so that the latter might be present at the time of her confinement. The mother left Kaveripoompattinam but could not reach Tiruchirapalli in time on account of floods in the Cauvery. Ratnavati prayed to God who took the form of the mother and assisted her in the childbirth. In due course, the true mother turned up and Ratnavati saw two mothers simultaneously. The false mother disappeared and gave dharsan in His true form. After this incident, the God came to be known as Thayumanavar (தாயும் ஆனவரீ). In addition to a stone idol, there is a festival idol of Ratnavati.

The temple which has two storeys occupies an area of 15,000 sq. ft. and is a masterpiece of construction built with stones, on a rock at a height of over 150'. It is an engineering marvel because it was built without the facilities of modern machinery and its allied developments. The stone chain with nine loops in the chitra mandapam is a work of art. Nayanmars, like Sri Sambandar, Manickavasagar, Appar have composed verses praising the deity. It owns ornaments worth about Rs. 1 lakh. Poojas are offered six times a day by the hereditary priests who are in the enjoyment of Service inam lands. It owns extensive properties in a number of villages from which the annual income is Rs. 25,000/-. The income under hundi collections and pooja charges is Rs. 13,000/- per annum. There are several vahanas, some of which are silver plated. Of the several festivals, the important are Floating festival in Panguni, Brahmothsavam in Chithirai and Adi pooram.

An Executive Officer appointed by the Hindu Religious and Charitable Endowments Board and two trustees are in charge of the temple.

SRI THAYUMANAVAR TEMPLE TIRUCHIRAPALLI

(Not to Scale)



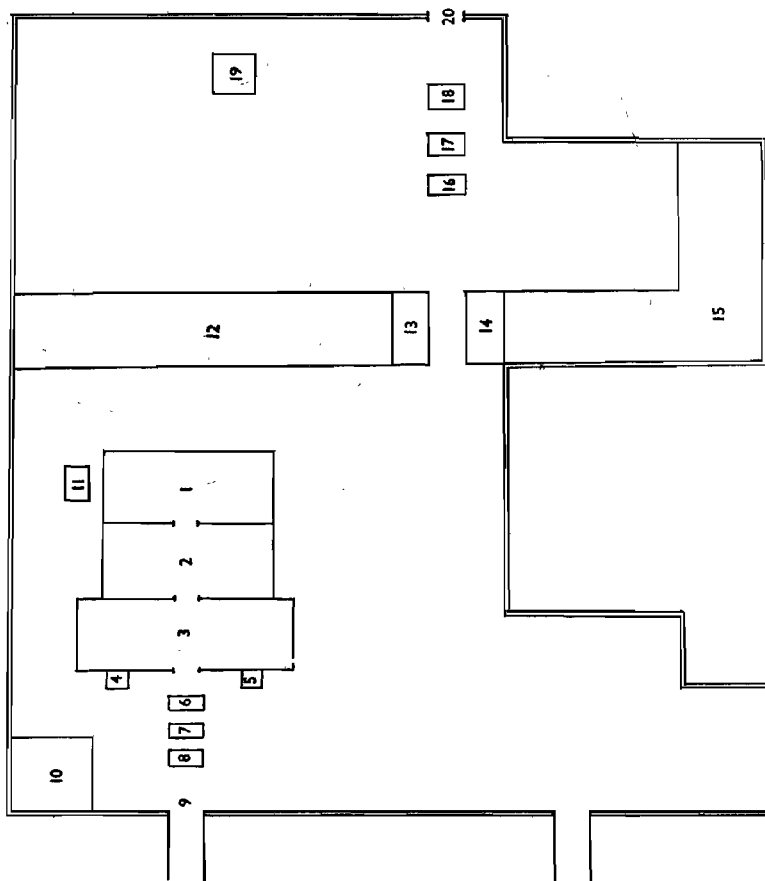
INDEX TO NUMBERS

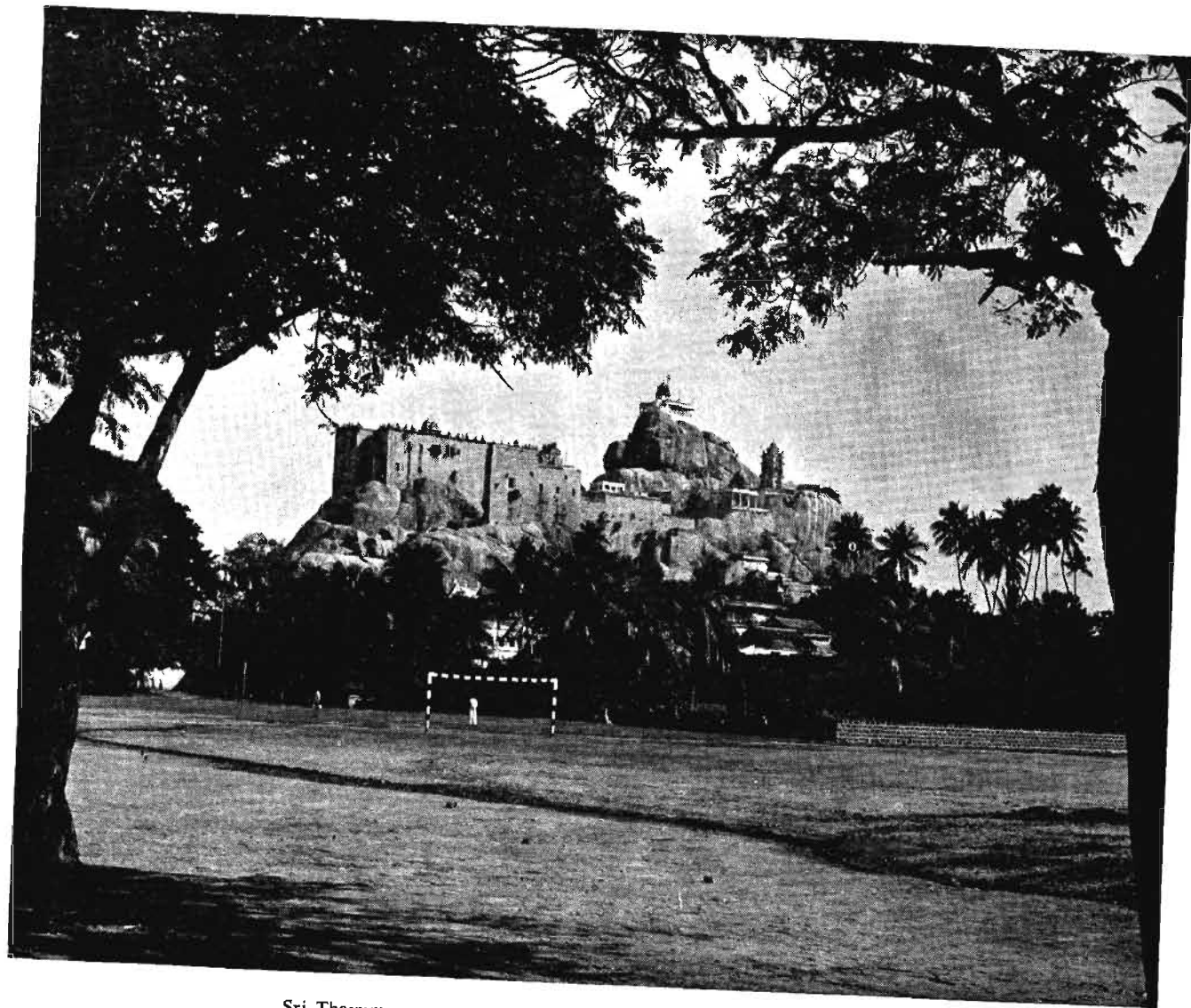
1	Thayumanavar Moolasthanam	21	Sixty Three Nayamans
2	Artha Mandapam	22	Mouna Madam
3	Maha Mandapam	23	Parivittamarai
4	Raised Platform	24	Nithya Urchavar
5	Nandhi	25	Thiripurasundari
6	Chandikeswarar	26	Durgai
7	Subramaniyar	27	Sevvandhi Vinayagar
8	Dakshinamoorthy	28	Somakandar
9	Bahpedam	29	Way to Amman Samithi
10	Nandhi		
11	Subramaniyar		
12	Natajar		
13	Chandrasekarar		
14	Jwarabateswarar		
15	Bairavar		
16	Idumbar		
17	Dhandayuthapani		
18	Nalvar Mandapam		
19	Suriyan		
20	Chandran		

SRI MATTUVAR KULALAMMAI TEMPLE **TIRUCHIRAPALLI** *(Not to Scale)*

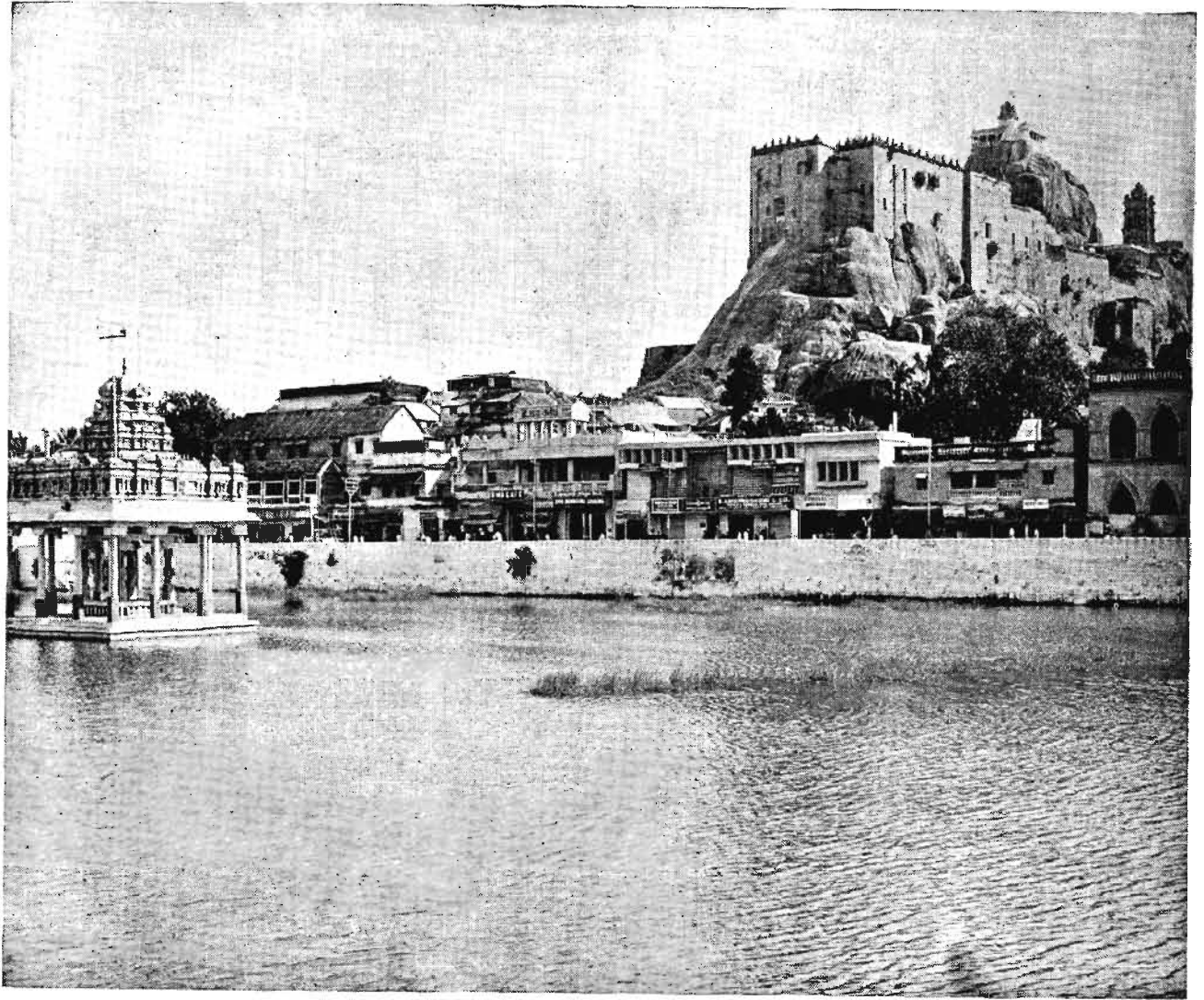
INDEX TO NUMBERS

- 1 Mattuvar Kulalammai Moolasthanam
- 2 Artha Mandapam
- 3 Maha Mandapam
- 4 & 5 Dwara Balagas
- 6 Balipeedam
- 7 Nandhi
- 8 Dwajasthambam
- 9 Way to Swamy Sannithi
- 10 Palliarai
- 11 Chandikeswari
- 12 Meenakshi Sundareswarar
- 13 Subramaniyar Sannithi
- 14 Ganapathi Sannikhi
- 15 Sixty Three Nayanmars
- 16 Nandhi
- 17 Balipeedam
- 18 Dwajasthambam
- 19 Saneeswar Bagavan
- 20 Main Entrance

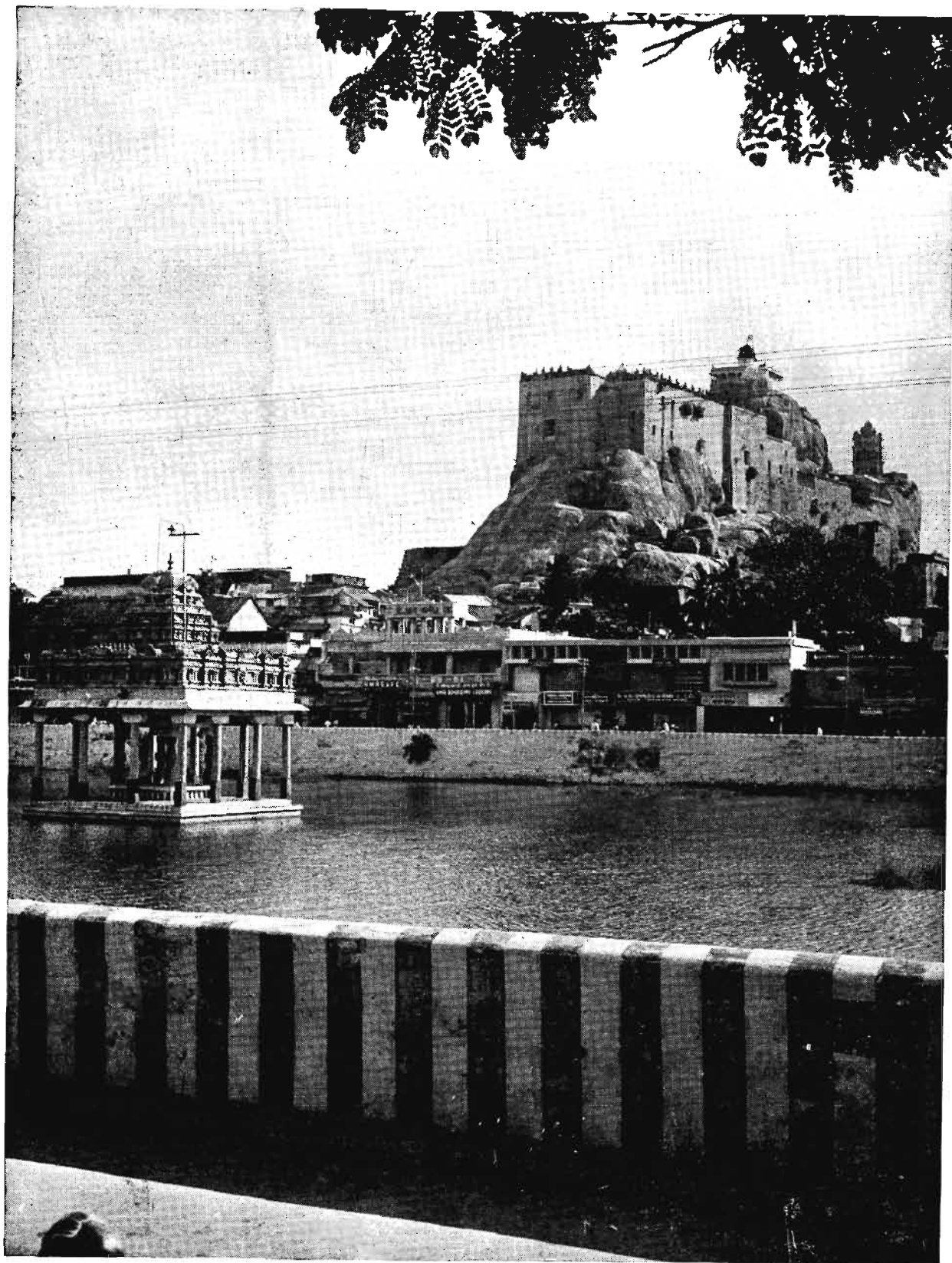




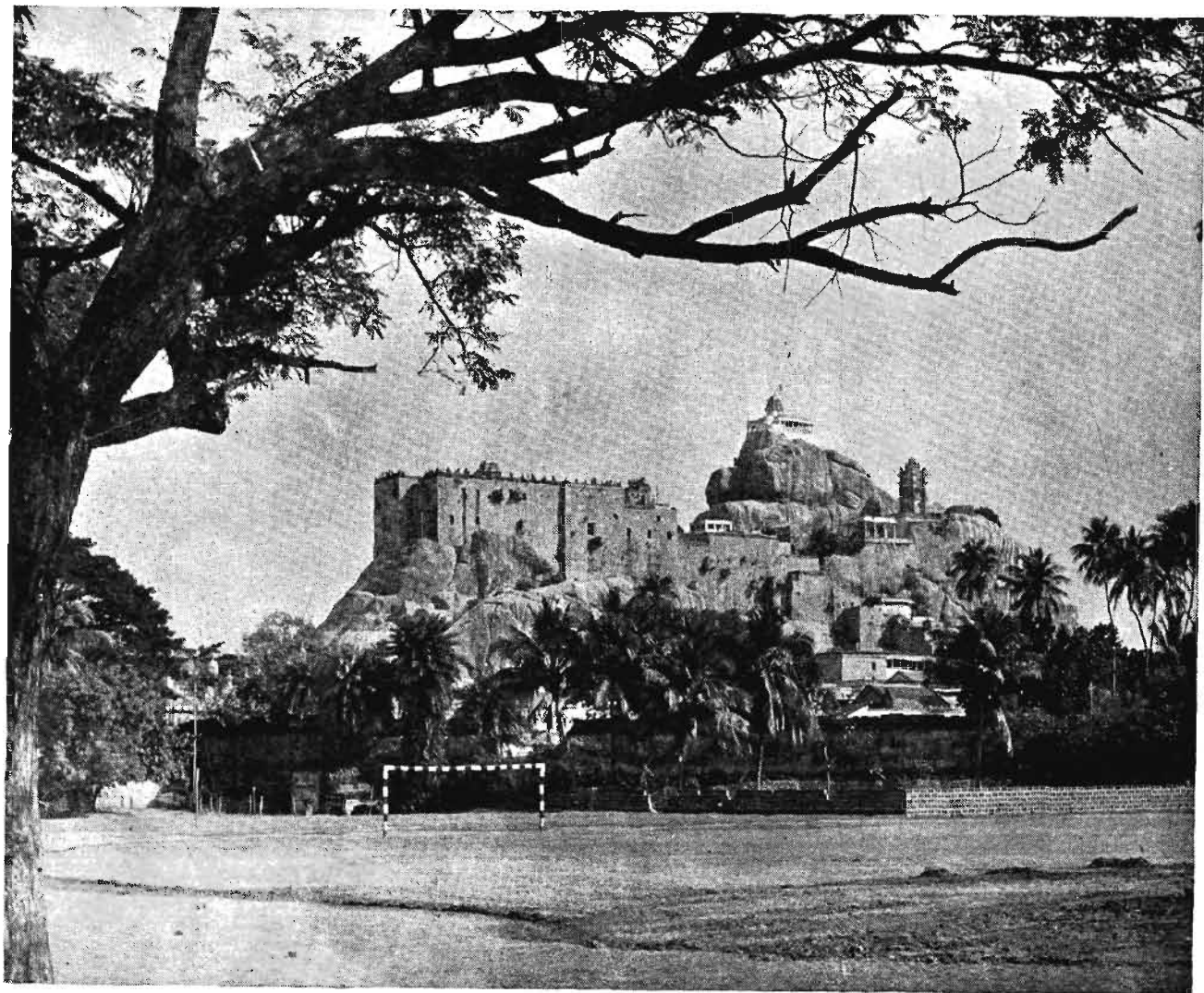
Sri Thayumanaswamy Temple (the Rock Fort Temple) Tiruchirapalli



Temple Tank : Sri Thayumanaswamy Temple, Tiruchirapalli



Another view of the tank with mandapam at the centre : Sri Thayumanaswamy Temple, Tiruchirapally



A view of the Fort Temple from a different angle: Sri Thayumanaswamy Temple, Tiruchirapalli

There are two Pillayar temples, one at the foot of the rock and the other at the top. The former is known as Manicka Vinayagar and the latter as Uchi (top) Pillayar. The following legend relating to the latter is in vogue.

Vibhishana, king of Ceylon, was returning from Ayodhya with Sri Ranganathar presented by Sri Rama who enjoined that the idol should not be placed on the ground enroute. On reaching the banks of the Cauvery he desired to have a bath. He was in a dilemma as he could not leave the idol in the ground. Just then Vinayagar appeared before him in the form of a Brahmin boy. Vibhishana gave him the idol and asked him not to place it on floor. The boy said "I will call you thrice. If you do not come and receive it, I will drop it on the ground." Before Vibhishana could complete his bath, the boy called him by name thrice and as the latter did not respond, he left the idol of Sri Ranganathar on the ground. When Vibhishana returned after his bath, the boy ran away. Vibhishana followed him. The boy (i.e.) Vinayagar mounted up the rock and installed himself at the top. Vibhishana chased him and knocked him on his head and went away. Even now a pit can be seen on the back of the Pillayar's head.

Sri Thayumanavar is facing west which is accounted for by the following legend:-

One Saramamunivar raised 'Samandhi' (சாமந்தி) flowers in his flower garden at Woriyur which he used for offering poojas to the deity. A flower vendor plucked some of these flowers daily and gave them to the queen. The Munivar who detected the pilferage one day, complained to the king, who, however, took no action on the complaint. The Munivar then appealed to the Lord, who was then facing east. He turned west and brought about a sandstorm which destroyed Woriyur. The king and queen had to flee. The latter alone was saved by a Brahmin. She was then pregnant and in due course gave birth to a child who later came to be known as Karikala Cholan.

(2) Sri Varadharaja Prasanna Venkatachalapathy Temple

The above temple in the Big Bazaar Street Tiruchirapalli was constructed by Vijayaranga Chokkanathar in 1714. Renovations were made in 1941, 1956 and 1962. The presiding deities are Sri Venkatesa Perumal with His consort Sri Alamelu Mangai Thayar, and Sri Varadarajar with Ubhayanachiars. An idol of Vaikanasa Maharishi, the author of Vaikanasa Agamas, is installed in the *sanctum* and he is offering poojas to the Lord Sri Venkatesa. The other granite idols are Periya Thiruvadi (Garudan), Vishvakṣenar, Nagaraja,

Anjaneyar and Ramanujar. In the Sobhana mandapam is installed Solamalaikaruppar to whom poojas are offered daily. In the praharam there is a well which is known as Sessa theertham. Those who are childless bathe in the well and offer poojas to propitiate the serpent God and also instal idols of serpents. It is said that they are blessed with children after such worship. The temple has no gopuram at the entrance. It covers an area of a little over 10 cents. There are festival idols of the Lord and Thayar, Ubayanachiar, Ranganayaki etc.

Poojas are offered twice a day by the hereditary trustee who is in the enjoyment of 20 acres of lands which fetch an annual income of Rs. 700/-; this is spent for poojas and other expenses. The ornaments in the temple are worth about Rs. 500/-. Navarathri in the month of Purattasi is the main annual festival and about 100 devotees of the locality attend it. A single hereditary trustee is in charge of the temple.

WORIYUR-TIRUCHIRAPALLI (23)

Sri Panchavarneeswarar Temple

Woriyur is a suburb of Tiruchirapalli and one mile west of Tiruchirapalli Fort station. It is known as Kozhimaanagaram, as a fowl which was blessed by the God attacked the elephant of the Chola Ruler and defeated it. Early Cholas had their capital here. The present town has come up on the ruins of the old Woriyur city which was destroyed by a dust storm. (The story regarding this is given under the Sri Thayumanavar temple). This is the birth place of two of the Nayanmars and one of the Alvars. These are Pugazh Cholar; Kochengat Cholar and Thiruppanalavar. The deity in the shrine is stated to radiate five colours. According to legend, Uthangamunivar who was doing penance in front of the God was given dharsan by Him in five different colours on five occasions in a day. In the morning he had dharsan as Rathna Lingam, in the noon as Spatika Lingam, in the evening as a Gold Lingam, early in the night as a Diamond Lingam and at midnight as Chitra Lingam (all colours). He is therefore, known as Sri Panchavarneeswarar or Ayyanna Peruman and His consort is Sri Kanthimathi Ambal.

The shrine is one of the 274 sacred Siva temples in the South and has been sung by Sri Thirugnanasambandar. The temple belongs to the 7th century or earlier. There are stone inscriptions relating to the Chola period. According to the Sthalapuramam one Suravaditta Cholan saw the five daughters of Nagarajan worshipping a Lingam each, on the banks of Nagatheertham which was on the north-west of Tiruchirapalli rock. The youngest of the five daughters, Kanthimathi and the

king fell in love with each other and got married at Woriyur. As advised by Kanthimathi, Suravaditta asked his father-in-law to give him the Lingam worshipped by him. When the latter was hesitating to do so, he dreamt that the Lingam would divide itself into two halves and that he might give one half to the king. When Nagaraja got up, he saw two halves of the Lingam and handed over one to his son-in-law. Kanthimathi presented the five Lingams worshipped by her and her sisters to her husband. Suravadittan took the six Lingams and the Devi to his capital, installed them in a room and worshipped them.* One morning when he opened the pooja room the Lingams and the Devi were missing. When he lamented over his misfortune in the loss of the Lingams a divine voice informed him that all the six Lingams have become one and that he would find it with the Devi under the Vilva tree where he should build a temple. The king carried out this behest and the temple came into existence. The Brahmotsavam in the month of Vaikasi is celebrated to commemorate this legend.

The temple covers an area of about 73 cents. There is no tower at the main outer entrance. The Moolavar is facing east and the Ambal, south. Sri Vigneswarar, Murugar and Mahalakshmi are installed in the west praharam. Poojas are performed four times a day by a hereditary Gurukkal who gets a share of the archana charges and the food offerings. The ornaments in the temple are worth Rs. 5,000/-. The annual income from the immovable properties, the extent of which is 42 acres of wet and dry lands, is Rs. 7,500/-. The income under hundi collections is Rs. 70/- per annum. There are a few vahanas made of wood. The main festivals are Brahmotsavam in Vaikasi and Panchapraharam in Adi. About 150 devotees attend them.

A Board of trustees and an Executive Officer manage the temple.

38 KUMARAVAYALUR

Sri Subramaniaswamy Temple

Sri Subramaniaswamy temple of Kumaravayalur is an ancient and well known shrine built by the Chola Rulers. It is $5\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Tiruchirapalli. Town buses are plying between the two places. The Rajagopuram was completed in 1937, owing to the efforts of Sri Krupanandhavariar. There are a number of stone inscriptions giving the history of the temple. The details of endowments made by the various Chola Rulers are mentioned in these inscriptions. In the Thiruppugazh the names of the place are given as Vayarpadhi, Vayali Nagar, Vayali, Seyppadhi and Mel Vayalai. It is also known as Agneeswaram,

There are three principal sanctums-one for Sri Subramaniaswamy with His two consorts and another for Sri Adhinathar (alias) Sri Agneeswarar and the third for His consort Sri Poorva Sthithinayaki. The temple of Sri Subramaniar is behind the sanctum of Sri Adhinathar. The uthsava idol of Sri Subramaniar and Valli and Deivayanai are of great beauty. According to the Sthalapuranam, Saint Arunagirinathar was directed by Lord Muruga, while he was at Virulimalai, to come to Kumaravayalur and compose the famous Thiruppugazh songs. On doing so, He was given dharsan for a second time in his life. The idol of this Saint has also been installed in the temple. The festival idol of Nataraja is so made that both his legs are on the ground and its pose is Sundarathandavam. The area covered by the temple is 64 cents.

Poojas are done four times a day by non-hereditary Gurukkals, who are paid a cash salary of Rs. 5/-p.m. together with 2 kalams of paddy. They are also supplied with 7 balls of cooked rice daily. The temple collects 25 nP. for every archana out of which the share of priests is 7 nP. It owns jewellery, worth about Rs. 10,000/-, of which the Vairavel (Diamond Vel) adorning Lord Murugar, is noteworthy. The temple gets an annual income of Rs. 14,000/- from its immovable properties, which is spent for its maintenance. Besides, the temple gets an income of about Rs. 600/- every year from hundis and Rs. 18,000/- from archanas and aradhanas. The temple owns a number of palanquins, chapparams and vahanas of which the silver peacock vahanam, 4' high, deserves special mention.

The following are the regular annual festivals of the temple viz., Arunagirinathar uthsavam in Ani month, Navarathri, Vinayaga Chaturthi, Skandha Sashti, Karthigai Deepam, Thiruvadhirai, Thai Poosam, Panguni Uthiram and Brahmotsavam in Vaikasi. The main important festival is Panguni Uthiram, when special poojas are done and Lord Muruga is taken out in procession, mounted on the silver peacock vahanam in the night.

About 30,000 devotees from various places all over the State attend it.

Three trustees and an Executive Officer manage the temple affairs.

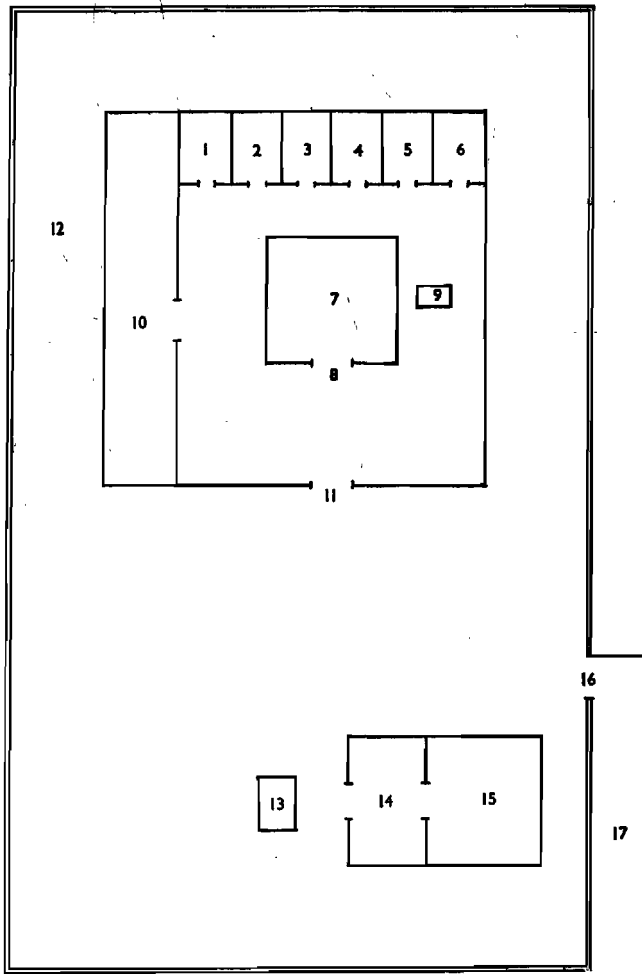
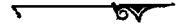
41 UYYAKONDAN THIRUMALAI

Sri Ujjivanathaswamy Temple

This is one of the temples under the control of the Dharmapuram Adheenam. It is built on a rock the height of which is about 50'. There is a fine flight of steps to reach the shrine. The temple and the circular walls round it are enclosed by a square stone wall which

SRI THIRU ERUMBESWARAR HILL TEMPLE TIRUVERUMBUR

(Not to Scale)



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- 1 Vinayagar
- 2 Somaskandar
- 3 Murugar
- 4 Lingam
- 5 Nalvar
- 6 Lakshmi
- 7 Moolavar Lingam (Sanctum)
- 8 Inner Entrance
- 9 Navagrahas
- 10 Madapalli
- 11 Main Entrance
- 12 Underground Passage
- 13 Nandbi
- 14 Outer Mandapam
- 15 Sanctum of Amman
- 16 Northern Entrance
- 17 Flight of Steps

is about 6' thick. During the Carnatic days the temple with its bastion was alternately under the control of the British and the French. The bastion is still in a fairly good condition though the wall is becoming dilapidated in parts. Marks of cannon balls are visible on the eastern walls. The temple was built by Nandhivarma Pallavan. The three Nayanmars-Appar, Sambandar and Sundarar have sung about the deity. There are numerous stone inscriptions relating to the endowments made by the Chola and Pandya Rulers. Arunagirinathar has visited the temple. The area covered by the temple is a little over 4 acres. Renovations were made in 1912. The village is 2 miles west of Tiruchirapalli Fort station and town buses are available to reach the temple.

The presiding deity is Sri Ujjivanathaswamy which is a Swayambu Lingam. His other names are Sri Muktesar and Sri Karpaganathar. The Ambal is Sri Anjanakshi. There are two *sanctums* for the Ambal. In the old Ambal sannidhi facing west, as one of the petals of the lotus flower in the Devi's left hand got damaged, a new Ambal was installed facing east. When the temple authorities were taking steps to remove the old Ambal from Her *sanctum*, the Devi appeared in the dream of the principal temple official and directed him not to remove the idol. Poojas are performed in both the *sanctums*. The main tower is 25' high with a 20' x 16' base.

Poojas are performed twice a day by a Gurukkal who is paid a monthly salary of Rs. 25/-. The temple owns some ornaments made in silver worth Rs. 500/-. The immovable properties comprise 42 acres of wet and 12 acres of dry lands which fetch an annual income of Rs. 10,000/-. The annual Brahmotsavam festival is celebrated in Panguni. It is attended by about 150 local devotees.

The affairs of the temple are managed by the Thambiran of the Dharmapuram Adheenam who is residing at Tiruchirapalli.

Of the three asura brothers-Karan, Dhushanan and Tirisiran-one version is that Karan worshipped the deity here and constructed a separate shrine for Aaludayar which is to the west of the main temple. The other version is that Dhushanan worshipped the God here.

51 THIRUVERUMBUR

Sri Erumbeeswarar Temple

The above hill temple is five miles north-east of Tiruchirapalli on the Thanjavur - Tiruchirapalli railway line. Of the three asura brothers - Karan, Tirisiran and Dhushanan, the eldest (Karan) was worshipping the deity here. The Devas who were afraid of Karan and who desired to worship the Lord were advised by Sri

Brahma to take the form of ants to avoid persecution by Karan. When Indra in the form of an ant was unable to reach the top of the Lingam to offer poojas, the Lord slightly inclined His head to the north, to Indra. The place came to be known as Thiru Erumbiyur. It has been corrupted into Thiruverumbur.

The temple has been built on a rock, the height of which is about 120', and can be reached by ascending a flight of 115 granite steps. The main tower is 30' high. There are three praharams in the shrine. It covers an area of 80 cents. The presiding deity Sri Erumbeeswarar is a Swayambu Lingam. He faces east. His other names are Sri Manickavannan and Sri Pippillikeswarar. Though the Moolavar appears to have two faces, it is not so. About 10 or 12 years ago a thief removed the Lingam from the "peetam" expecting to find some treasure in the crevice. Being a Swayambu he found nothing. As it was a "Prithvi" Lingam it broke into two pieces when the thief pulled it out. Later, the two pieces were bound together by a copper wire and they appear to represent two faces. The Devi, Sri Sourabya Kundalambal who is installed in a separate *sanctum* is facing south. The other deities are Sri Vinayagar, Somaskandar, Murugar, the four Nayanmars and Mahalakshmi. On the western wall of the Lord's *sanctum*, in the place of Lingothbavar, we find Sri Hariharar. There are several festival idols. As the deity has been sung by Appar, the temple was in existence even in the 7th century. There are numerous stone inscriptions in the mandapam at the foot of the hills, on the walls of the Lord's inner praharam and on the outer walls. These relate to the Chola and Pandya periods. The temple is preserved as an ancient monument by the Archaeological Department of the Government of India. A part of the shrine is in ruins.

Poojas are performed four times a day, by a Gurukkal who gets 39½ kalams of paddy per annum (1 kalam = 43 Madras measures). The ornaments in the temple are worth Rs. 1,000/-. The immovable properties comprise 56.50 acres of wet, 1.57 acres of dry lands and a few house sites which fetch an annual income of Rs. 25,050/-; the sum is utilised for poojas, festivals and for the maintenance of the temple. There are several wooden vahanas which are about 50 years old. The main annual festival is Brahmotsavam which is celebrated in the month of Vaikasi for 10 days. More than 5,000 devotees attend it.

An Executive Officer and three trustees manage the temple.

On the night of the 19th October 1964 some miscreants broke open the *sanctum* of the Lord and stole the festival idols of Sri Sivakamasundari and Manickavasagar. This is the third theft in the temple.

TIRUCHIRAPALLI

Sl. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
1	1	Pettaivaithalai	Sri Somakaliyamman temple (F)	1,000	0.49	Sri Somakaliyamman	Sri Saptha Kannigas Sri Vigneswarar Sri Sastha Sri Nagar Sri Karuppan Sri Maduraiveeran
2	„	do	Sri Ayyanar temple (O)	757	0.20	Sri Ayyanar Sri Porkodial	Sri Vigneswarar Sri Raja Sri Rajathi
3	„	do	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	100	0.03	Sri Mariamman	...
4	„	do	Sri Alaganachiamman temple (F)	Not stated	0.09	Sri Alaganachiamman	...
5	„	do	Sri Karumbaiyamman temple (F)	50	0.10	Sri Karumbaiyamman Sri Karuppannaswamy	...
6	2	Sirugamani	Sri Ananthapadmanabaswamy temple (V)	200	0.20	Sri Ananthapadmanabar Sri Bhumineeladevi	Sri Garudalwar Sri Chakrathalwar
7	„	do	Sri Arasayimalayalaswamy temple (F)	300	0.15	Sri Arasaiyamman Sri Malayalaswamy	...
8	„	do	Sri Bakthavathaswarar temple (S)	300	0.50	Sri Bakthavathaswarar	...
9	4	Analai H/o Thirupparai- thurai	Sri Somanathaswamy temple (S)	150	0.55	Sri Somanathar Sri Balambigai	...
10	„	do	Sri Lakshminarayana-perumal temple (V)	6	0.07	Sri Lakshminarayana-perumal	...
11	5	Andanallur	Sri Padalandiamman temple (F)	250	0.09	Sri Padalandiamman	Sri Malayan

TALUK

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)				Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A. C.	Wet and dry A.C.	Other immovable property			Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board									
Pettaivaithalai Railway station 1 mile	1.13	...	...	...	450	50	Horse Swan	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Pidari festival in Ani
do	0.33	...	...	...	100	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Poosari	No
do	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Twice in a day by a hereditary Pandaram	Amman festival for 10 days in Vaikasi
do	0.15	13 99	...	...	3,500	...	...	do	do
do	3.13	2.04	...	...	1,800	300	...	do	No
Sirugamani Railway station	3.62	...	...	...	970	45	...	Once in a day by a Pandaram	Navarathri Vaikunta Ekadasi
do	...	...	...	Thoppu 2.50 acres	1,600	500	...	Twice in a day by a hereditary Pandaram	No
Sirugamani Railway station ½ mile	...	...	5.00	Thoppu 30 cents	1,900	10	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	Arudhra Dharisanam, Navarathri Sivarathri
Thirupparaithurai Railway station 1 mile	1.82	0.85	...	...	300	10	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
do	2.00	...	...	...	800	Value not stated	...	Twice in a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar	Navarathri Karthigai Deepam
Jeeyapuram Railway station 1 mile	2.25	...	...	Thoppu 75 cents	400	3	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Pillai	Annual Festival in Panguni

TIRUCHIRAPALLI

Sl.No.	L. C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
12	5	Andanallur	Sri Pidarichokkandi- amman temple (F)	120	0.10	Sri Pidarichokkandi- amman	...
13	„	do	Sri Viswanathaswamy temple (S)	150	0.20	Sri Viswanathaswamy	...
14	„	do	Sri Gopalakrishnaperumal temple (V)	400	0.04	Sri Gopalakrishnaperumal Sri Rukmani, Sri Sathyabama	...
15	„	do	Sri Vadatheerthanatha- swamy temple (S)	150	34	Sri Vadatheerthanatha- swamy Sri Balambal	...
16	6	Tiruchendurai	Sri Chandrasekaraswamy temple (S)	500	0.57	Sri Chandrasekara- swamy	Sri Dhakshinamoorthy Sri Viswanathar Sri Visalakshi Sri Gajalakshmi Sri Dhandapani
17	„	do	Sri Pidari Elampuli- amman temple (F)	300	0.01	Sri Pidari Elampuli- amman	Sri Pillayar Sri Karuppannan Sri Saptha Kannigas Sri Madurai Veeran
18	„	do	Sri Venugopalswamy temple (V)	300	0.02	Sri Venugopalswamy	Sri Hanuman Sri Pillayar
19	8	Allur	Sri Panchaneswarar temple (S)	200	0.52	Sri Panchaneswarar Sri Dharmasam- vardhini	Sri Dhakshinamoorthi Sri Mahalakshmi Sri Chandikeswarar Sri Bhairavar
20	„	do	Sri Pasupatheeswarar temple (S)	200	0.37	Sri Pasupatheeswarar Sri Parvathi	Sri Bikshadamar Sri Nandhi
21	9	Palur	Sri Viswanathaswamy temple (S)	500	0.07	Sri Viswanathaswamy Sri Visalakshiambal	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)				Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.	Other immovable property (13)		Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Jeeyapuram Railway station	1.18	4.77	...	...	2,000	Value not stated	...	Twice in a day by a Pandaram	Amman festival in Panguni
do	1.66	...	...	...	200	do	...	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	No
Jeeyapuram Railway station ½ mile	1.65	3.16	...	...	40 kalams of Paddy & Rs. 300/-	79	Garuda Anjaneya Horse Sesha Palanquin	Once in a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar	Sri Jayanthi Vijaya Dhasami Karthigai Deepam
Jeeyapuram Railway station 1 mile	20.00	...	...	Thoppu 50 cents	7,500	Value not stated	Rishabams-2 Horse	Four times a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Panguni Uthiram Chithrapournami Ani Thirumanjanam, Navarathri Sivarathri
Jeeyapuram Railway station ½ mile	...	...	15.00	1-School & Thoppu	400 kalams of Paddy & Rs. 740/-	200	Rishabam Horse Bandicoot	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Karthigai Deepam, Navarathri Thiruvathirai
do	}	}	}	}	}	100	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Pandaram	No
do						...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar	No
Mekkudi Railway station	}	}	}	}	}	5,000	Ratham Palanquin Peacock Rishabam	Four times a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Navarathri Arudhra Dharisanam, Vaikasi Visakam, Karthigai Deepam, Thai Poosam, Masi Magam, Panguni Uthiram
do						200 kalams of Paddy	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Karthigai Deepam, Navarathri
Palur Railway station	3.25	...	...	...	850	200	...	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No

TIRUCHIRAPALLI

Sl.No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
22	9	Palur	Sri Pidariammachi- amman temple (F)	150	0.03	Sri Pidariammachi- amman	Sri Karthaveeraswamy Sri Marudaswamy Sri Karuppannaswamy
23	„	do	Sri Lakshminarayana- perumal temple (V)	750	0.03	Sri Lakshminarayana- perumal	...
24	11	Melur	Sri Ayyanar temple (O)	150	0.40	Sri Ayyanar	Sri Pillayar Sri Maduraiveeran Sri Karuppan
25	12	Kondayampettai H/o Srirangam	Sri Venugopalaswamy temple (V)	300	0.08	Sri Venugopalaswamy	...
26	„	Veereswaram H/o Srirangam	Sri Kamakshiamman temple (S)	Not stated	1.00	Sri Kamakshiamman	Sri Kathavarayar Sri Veerar Sri Periaswamy Sri Marudhaveeran
27	„	Vellithirumutham H/o Srirangam	Sri Annakamakshi- amman temple (S)	300	0.05	Sri Kamakshiamman	...
28	„	Srirangam	Sri Kothandarama- swamy temple (V)	200	0.03	Sri Kothandarama- swamy	...
29	„	do	Sri Udayavar temple (O)	400	0.15	Sri Udayavar	Sri Nammalwar Sri Thirumangai Alwar Sri Madurakavi
30	„	do	Sri Thiruvaramba Chelli- amman temple (F)	80	0.69	Sri Chelliamman	...
31	13	Tiruvalarsolai	Sri Dhandayudhapani- swamy temple (M)	100	0.15	Sri Dhandayudha- paniswamy	...
32	15	Uthamacheri	Sri Senganivaiperumal temple (V)	300	0.50	Sri Senganivaiperumal Sri Aravinthanayagi	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)				Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas	Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.	Other immovable property					
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Muttarayanallur Railway station $\frac{1}{2}$ mile	0.97	...	...	17-Coco-nut trees	30 kalams of Paddy & Rs. 30/-	104	Car, Horse	Once in a day by a Pandaram	Kappu Kattudhal in Panguni
Palur Railway station	1.37	...	...	...	500	...	...	Twice in a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar	No
Srirangam Railway station 3 miles	15.24	7.61	...	...	6,825	100	Ratham Horse	Thrice in a day by a Poosari	Navarathri Sivarathri
Srirangam Railway station $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles	0.33	4.19	...	...	750	...	...	Twice in a day by a Bhattachariar	Sri Jayanthi
Srirangam Railway station 1 mile	1.93	...	...	...	72 kalams of Paddy	...	Horse Elephant	Once in a day by a hereditary Poosari	Navarathri, Pongal Sivarathri, Chithrapournami
Srirangam Railway station	...	2.43	...	...	200	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Navarathri Sivarathri
Srirangam Railway station 1 mile	2.50	...	...	...	450	...	...	Twice in a day by a Bhattachariar	No
Srirangam Railway station $\frac{1}{4}$ mile	...	...	40.00	...	10,000	20,000	...	Thrice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Udayavar Jayanthi Nammalwar Jayanthi, Thirumangai Alwar Jayanthi
Srirangam Railway station	4.00	...	...	7-Shops & Coconut thoppu	1,500	...	Car	Twice in a day by a Poosari	Sivarathri, Panguni Uthiram, Navarathri, Vinayaga Chathurthi, Adi 18th day, Tamil New Year's day, Pongal
Srirangam Railway station $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles	10.32	0.92	...	...	230 kalams of Paddy	200	...	Twice in a day by a hereditary Pandaram	No
Srirangam Railway station 6 miles	4.10	2.58	...	...	75 bags of Paddy	...	Palanquin Horse	Twice in a day by a Bhattachariar	No

TIRUCHIRAPALLI

Sl. No.	L. C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religions							
33	18	Arasangudy	Sri Maruthapureeswaraswamy temple (S)	Not stated	0.12	Sri Maruthapureeswaraswamy Sri Karunambigai	Sri Bhairavar
34	20	Vengur	Sri Ayyanarswamy temple (O)	200	0.62	Sri Ayyanarswamy	Sri Sambamurthy
35	„	do	Sri Veerappaswamy temple (O)	200	0.50	Sri Veerappaswamy Sri Pattatharasiamman	Sri Uthandan Sri Karivandan
36	21	Ottagudy H/o Kilamullagudy	Sri Konganachiamman temple (F)	1	0.12	Sri Konganachiamman	...
37	22	Panayakurichy	Sri Kasiviswanathaswamy temple (S)	300	0.02	Sri Kasiviswanathar Sri Visalakshiamman	...
38	23	Tiruchirapalli	Sri Solapuri Mariamman temple (F)	50	0.15	Sri Solapuri Mariamman	...
39	„	do	Sri Sidhi Vinayagar temple (G)	100	0.03	Sri Sidhi Vinayagar	...
40	„	do	Sri Raja Vigneswarar temple (G)	60	0.40	Sri Raja Vigneswarar	Sri Subramaniam Sri Valli, Sri Deivayanai
41	„	do	Sri Mukkarai Pillayar temple (G)	50	0.05	Sri Mukkarai Pillayar	...
42	„	do	Sri Kulunthalamman temple (F)	500	0.25	Sri Kulunthalamman	Sri Sengalathar
43	„	do	Sri Subramaniaswamy temple (M)	50	0.15	Sri Subramaniam Sri Valli, Sri Deivayanai	Sri Vinayagar Sri Durgai

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)				Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property			Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet	Dry	Wet and dry	Other immovable property		Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas			
	A.C.	A.C.	A.C.							
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)										
Thondamanpatti Railway station 2½ miles	13.96	16.44	...	...	4,000	312	...	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Tamil New Year's day, Vinayaga Chaturthi, Annabishagam, Skandha Sashti, Karthigai Deepam, Thai Poo-sam, Masi Magam Panguni Uthiram
Thiruverumbur Railway station 2 miles	3.56	2.14	...	...	1,000	...	Ratham Horse Rishabam	Once in a day by a hereditary Pandaram	No
do	1.61	2.16	...	...	1,000	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Poosari	No
Tiruchirapalli Fort Railway station 4 miles	2.36	1.06	...	10-Mango trees	49 kalams of Paddy & Rs. 61/-	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Pandaram	Annual festival for 3 days in Chithirai
Tiruchirapalli Town Railway station 1½ miles	2.77	...	...	...	900	100	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No
Tiruchirapalli Fort Railway station ¼ mile	...	...	...	20-Plots	350	...	...	Once in a week by a hereditary Poosari	No
Tiruchirapalli Fort Railway station 1 mile	...	...	...	1-House & 1-Shop	240	...	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	Vinayaga Chaturthi
Tiruchirapalli Palakkarai Railway station ½ mile	...	...	...	1-Shop	300	...	...	do	do
Tiruchirapalli Fort Railway station ½ mile	...	...	...	2-Shops & 1-Building	480	...	...	do	do
Tiruchirapalli Fort Railway station	3.50	...	...	Shops & Houses-6 Mill-1	3,150	...	Ratham	Once in a day by a hereditary Pillai	No
Tiruchirapalli Fort Railway station ¼ mile	...	...	...	Plots & Shops	1,800	...	...	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No

TIRUCHIRAPALLI

Sl. No.	L. C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
44	23	Tiruchirapalli	Sri Nanrudayan Ganesar temple (G)	Not stated	0.11	Sri Nanrudayan Ganesar	Sri Subramaniam Sri Anjaneyar Sri Sadhasivar Sri Durgaiamman
45	„	do	Sri Ramanujar (alias) Udayavar temple (O)	60	0.01	Sri Ramanujar	Sri Chakrathalwar Sri Srinivasar Sri Lakshmi Sri Alamelumangai
46	„	do	Sri Naganathaswamy temple (S)	100	0.59	Sri Naganathar Sri Anandavalli	Sri Natarajar
47	„	do	Sri Pidariamman temple (F)	Not stated	0.08	Sri Pidari Maruthai- amman	...
48	„	do	Sri Selvavinayagar temple (G)	60	0.04	Sri Selvavinayagar	...
49	„	do	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	50	0.04	Sri Mariamman	Sri Vinayagar
50	„	do	Sri Subramaniaswamy temple (M)	300	0.25	Sri Subramaniam Sri Valli, Sri Deivayanai	Sri Vinayagar
51	„	do	Sri Bojaraja Selva Vinayagar temple (G)	200	0.01	Sri Bojaraja Selva Vinayagar	Sri Anjaneyar Sri Ramalingam Sri Sivakami Sri Durgaiamman
52	„	do	Sri Bhairavanathaswamy temple (S)	200	0.06	Sri Bhairavanathar	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway Station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Tiruchirapalli Town Railway station	...	...	...	1-House & 1-Shop	300	...	...	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Vinayaga Chathurthi
do	...	...	2.80	...	600	Value not stated	Kedayam	Twice in a day by a Bhat:achariar	Annual festival for 10 days in Chithirai
Tiruchirapalli Fort Railway station $\frac{1}{2}$ mile	[6.73	0.81	...	Shops & Houses-100	23,000	5,000	Rishabams-2 Horses-2 Elephant Kamadhenu Karpaga- viruksham Kailasa- parvatham Peacock Ajam Bandicoot Lion	Five times a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Pongal Karthigai Deepam Navarathri Arudhra Dharisam, Brahmothsavam in Masi
Tiruchirapalli Town Railway station	...	...	...	1-Building	600	...	Cars-2 Lion	Once in a day by a hereditary Poosari	Kappu Kattudhal Ani Thirumanjanam
do	...	...	2.22	1-House	1,706	93	...	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Vinayaga Chathurthi
Tiruchirapalli Fort Railway station	...	...	...	2-Houses	360	...	Rishabam Swan Lion	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Amman festival in Chithirai
Tiruchirapalli Palakkarai Railway station 1 mile	2.17	...	...	1-Building	45 kalams of Paddy & Rs. 240/-	300	Peacock Bandicoot Vimanam	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Thai Poosam
Tiruchirapalli Fort Railway station $\frac{1}{2}$ mile	...	...	...	1-Building & 1-Shop	1,020	Value not stated	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	Vinayaga Chathurthi, Karthigai Deepam, Thai Poosam Masi Magam, Sivarathri
Tiruchirapalli Fort Railway station 1 mile	2.77	...	...	8-Shops	3,500	...	...	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Navarathri

TIRUCHIRAPALLI

Sl. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religions							
53	„	do	Sri Bhuloganathaswamy temple (S)	200	0.22	Sri Bhuloganathar Sri Jagathambigai	...
54	„	do	Sri Ellaianman temple (F)	200	0.06	Sri Ellaianman	Sri Gangaianman Sri Srinivasaperumal
55	„	do	Sri Kailasanathar temple (S)	200	0.04	Sri Kailasanathar Sri Kamalambigai	...
56	„	do	Sri Vinayagar temple (G)	70	0.01	Sri Vinayagar	Sri Karuppanna-swamy
57	„	do	Sri Kamakshiamman temple (S)	400	0.01	Sri Kamakshiamman	...
58	„	do	Sri Subramaniaswamy temple (M)	70	0.02	Sri Subramanar	Sri Vinayagar
59	„	do	Sri Kasiviswanathaswamy temple (S)	200	0.01	Sri Kasiviswanathar	...
60	„	do	Sri Veerasurakaliannan temple (F)	60	0.10	Sri Kaliannan	Sri Karuppanna-swamy
61	„	do	Sri Kamakshiamman temple (S)	90	0.14	Sri Kamakshiamman	...
62	„	Chintamani H/o Tiruchirapalli	Sri Lakshminarasimhanperumal temple (V)	150	1.25	Sri Lakshminarasimhanperumal	Sri Vasantha Vinayagar Sri Ranganathar Sri Nachiar

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Property (Immovable) Wet and dry A.C.	Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas	Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd)									
Tiruchirapalli Town Railway station $\frac{1}{2}$ mile	1.85	...	...	2-Houses 4-Shops & 1-School	7,000	8	...	Thrice in a day by a Gurukkal	Navarathri Vinayaga Chathurthi, Adi Pooram
Tiruchirapalli Fort Railway station $\frac{1}{2}$ mile	1-House & 1-Building	1,200	128	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	Tamil New Year's day, Vinayaga Chathurthi, Navarathri Karthigai Deepam Pongal, Sivarathri
Tiruchirapalli Fort Railway station 1 mile	3-Shops & 1-House	2,000	...	...	Four times a day by a Gurukkal	Navarathri, Thai Poosam, Karthigai Deepam, Thiruvathirai
Tiruchirapalli Town Railway station $\frac{1}{2}$ mile	1-Shop	250	5	...	Daily poojas by a Poosari	Chandhanakudam festival in Chithirai Vinayaga Chathurthi Karthigai Deepam Thai Poosam
Tiruchirapalli Fort Railway station $\frac{1}{2}$ mile	2.32	...	1,000	22	...	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Navarathri
Tiruchirapalli Palakkarai Railway station	3-Shops	480	...	...	Once in a day by a Pandaram	Thai Poosam
Tiruchirapalli Fort Railway station	1.33	1-Plot & 1-Mandapam	375	...	...	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Sivarathri Annabishegam Karthigai Deepam
Tiruchirapalli Town Railway station	3-Houses	600	...	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	Karagam festival
Tiruchirapalli Fort Railway station	Extent not stated	Shop & Houses	9,000	3,000	Car Palanquin	Twice in a day by a hereditary Poosari	Brahmothsavam in Chithirai, Vinayaga Chathurthi Thai Poosam, Adi Pooram, Navarathri Skandha Sashti Ugadhi
Tiruchirapalli Fort Railway station $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles	6.73	...	...	27-Shops & Thoppu 1.50 acres	3,750	...	Horse	Twice in a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar	Navarathri Karthigai Deepam

TIRUCHIRAPALLI

Sl. No.	L. C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
63	23	Chintamani H/o Tiruchirapalli	Sri Kaveriamman temple (F)	200	0.10	Sri Kaveriamman	Sri Vinayagar
64	"	do	Sri Ayyalamman temple (F)	Not stated	0.08	Sri Ayyalamman	Sri Kalliamman
65	"	do	Sri Vadabhadrakali- amman temple (F)	70	0.05	Sri Vadabhadrakali- amman	Sri Durgaiamman Sri Vinayagar Sri Subramaniam Sri Karuppannan
66	"	Puthur H/o Tiruchirapalli	Sri Kulumayee Amman temple (F)	500	0.03	Sri Kulumayee Amman	...
67	"	do	Sri Adivaragaperumal temple (V)	10	0.26	Sri Sri Adivaraga- perumal	Sri Raman Sri Lakshmanan Sri Seetha Sri Alwars
68	"	Sengulam H/o Tiruchirapalli	Sri Palakkarai Selva- vinayagar temple (G)	200	0.11	Sri Palakkarai Selva- vinayagar	Sri Subramaniam
69	"	do	Sri Selvamariamman temple (F)	60	0.08	Sri Selvamariamman	...
70	"	do	Sri Bala Dhandayutha- paniswamy temple (M)	50	0.04	Sri Bala Dhandayutha- paniswamy	...
71	"	do	Sri Krishnan temple (V)	300	0.20	Sri Krishnan	...
72	"	Tennur H/o Tiruchi- rapalli	Sri Perianachiamman temple (F)	400	0.41	Sri Perianachiamman	...
73	"	do	Sri Krishnan (alias) Venka- tesaperumal temple (V)	35	0.30	Sri Venkatesaperumal Sridevi, Bhudevi	..
74	"	do	Sri Krishnaswamy temple (V)	150	0.03	Sri Krishnaswamy	..
75	"	do	Sri Kasiviswanathar temple (S)			Sri Kasiviswanathar	...
76	"	do	Sri Vinayagar temple (G)			Sri Vinayagar	..

TIRUCHIRAPALLI

Sl. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religions							
77	23	Varaganeri H/o Tiruchirapalli	Sri Sulakkarai Mariamman temple (F)	70	0.05	Sri Mariamman	...
78	„	do	Sri Kailasanathar temple (S)	100	Not stated	Sri Kailasanathar Sri Kamalambigai	...
79	„	do	Sri Mamundiswamy temple (O)	250	Not stated	Sri Mamundiswamy	Sri Venugopalaswamy Sri Kathavarayar Sri Sappani Sri Maruthaveeran Sri Pechiamman
80	„	do	Sri Subramaniaswamy temple (M)	100	0.18	Sri Subramaniam Sri Valli, Sri Deivayanai	...
81	„	Woriyur H/o Tiruchirapalli	Sri Vinayagar temple (G)	30	0.03	Sri Vinayagar	...
82	„	do	Sri Subramaniaswamy temple (M)	Not stated	0.06	Sri Subramaniam Sri Valli, Sri Deivayanai	Sri Vinayagar
83	„	Devadhanam H/o Tiruchirapalli	Sri Vaidyanathaswamy (alias) Sri Kasiviswanathaswamy temple (S)	500	0.05	Sri Kasiviswanathar Sri Visalakshi Sri Vaidyanathaswamy Sri Balambigai	Sri Jambukeswarar Sri Agilandeswari Sri Sundareswarar Sri Meenakshiamman Sri Gangaikamman
84	„	Tiruchirapalli	Sri Kasiviswanathar temple (S)	200	0.15	Sri Kasiviswanathar Sri Visalakshiamman	...
85	24	Kambarasam- pettai	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	200	1.00	Sri Varadarajaperumal Sri Ubayanachiar	...
86	„	do	Sri Kailasanathar temple (S)	150	0.55	Sri Kailasanathar Sri Dharmambal	Sri Dhakshina- moorthy
87	25	Pandamangalam	Sri Kasiviswanathar temple (S)	300	0.06	Sri Kasiviswanathar Sri Visalakshiamman	...
88	„	do	Sri Lakshminarayanaperumal temple (V)	300	0.03	Sri Lakshminarayana- perumal	...
89	„	do	Sri Karalamman temple (F)	300	0.05	Sri Karalamman	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)				Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.	Other immovable property		Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Palakkarai Railway station 1 mile	0.60	...	...	Shops	1,500	50	Car	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Car festival in Vaikasi
Tiruchirapalli Palakkarai Railway station 1½ miles	3.42	...	...	Coconut thoppu 75 cents	765	...	...	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Pongal
Tiruchirapalli Palakkarai Railway station ½ mile	...	...	Extent not stated	...	840	...	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No
Tiruchirapalli Palakkarai Railway station 1 mile	1.30	...	...	1-Building	2,500	800	Not stated	Thrice in a day by a Gurukkal	Thai Pocsam Panguni Uthiram Skandha Sashti
Tiruchirapalli Fort Railway station 1 mile	...	...	...	2-House sites	60	...	...	Once in a day by a Poosari	No
Tiruchirapalli Fort Railway station	0.65	...	...	1-Plot	350	25	Ratham Peacock	do	Vaikasi Visakam Tamil New Year's Day Karthigai Deepam
Tiruchirapalli Fort Railway station ¾ mile	6.00	6.00	...	1-House	80 kalams of paddy & Rs. 40/-	10	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Navarathri Thai Pocsam, Tamil New Year's Day Vinayaga Chathurthi
Tiruchirapalli Fort Railway station 1½ miles	3.50	...	...	...	38½ kalams of Paddy	200	Horse Rishabam	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Navarathri Chithrapournami
Kambarasampettai Railway station	6.33	...	...	...	75 kalams of Paddy	50	...	Twice in a day by a Bhattachariar	No
do	10.00	...	...	...	200 kalams of Paddy	3,206	Rishabams-2 Peacock Swan	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Navarathri Skandha Sashti Vinayaga Chathurthi Pongal, Thiruvathirai
Tiruchirapalli Fort Railway station 1½ miles	9.90	...	...	Garden 45 cents	175 kalams of Paddy	50	...	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
do								Once in a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar	Vaikunta Ekadasi
do								Twice in a day by a hereditary Pillai	Annual festival in Panguni

TIRUCHIRAPALLI

Sl.No.	L. C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
90	25	Pandamangalam	Sri Kamakshiamman temple (S)	100	0.28	Sri Kamakshiamman Sri Ekambarar	Sri Kazhuvadiyar Sri Kathaveeraswamy Sri Periannaswamy Sri Sappanikaruppu Sri Ladasanyasi Sri Maduraiveeran Sri Pechiayi Sri Pillayar
91	26	Malliampattu	Sri Nagappaswamy temple (O)	200	0.01	Sri Nagappaswamy	Sri Paramanaswamy Sri Periannaswamy
92	„	Perungudy H/o Malliampattu	Sri Agastheeswarar temple (S)	500	0.15	Sri Agastheeswarar Sri Agilandeswari	...
93	27	Maruthandakurichy	Sri Meenakshi Sundareswarar temple (S)	100	0.19	Sri Meenakshi Sundareswarar Sri Meenakshi	Sri Perumal Sri Subramaniam Sri Dhakshinamoorthy
94	„	Egirimangalam H/o Maruthandakurichy	Sri Thirumangulatheswarar temple (S)	750	0.02	Sri Thirumangulatheswarar Sri Sivakamiamman	...
95	„	do	Sri Hanumantharoyaswamy temple (V)	200	0.01	Sri Hanumantharoyaswamy	...
96	28	Chinnakaruppur H/o Mekkudy	Sri Agneeswarar temple (S)	350	0.58	Sri Agneeswarar Sri Parsuvanayagi	Sri Suriar Sri Bhairavar
97	„	do	Sri Vinayagar temple (G)	80	0.01	Sri Vinayagar	...
98	29	Perur	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	100	0.01	Sri Varadarajaperumal Sridevi, Bhudevi	Sri Lakshmi Sri Narasimhar
99	30	Periakaruppur	Sri Samundiamman temple (F)	120	0.02	Sri Samundiamman	Sri Malayalakaruppu Sri Nagappan Sri Kaliamman Sri Kathavarayar
100	„	do	Sri Kottaram Pillayar temple (G)			Sri Kottaram Pillayar	...

TIRUCHIRAPALLI

Sl. No.	L. C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
101	31	Kulamani	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	200	0.01	Sri Varadarajaperumal Sridevi, Bhudevi	...
102	32	Kodiyalam	Sri Lakshminarayana-swamy temple (V)	150	0.14	Sri Lakshminarayana-swamy	...
103	„	do	Sri Gopalakrishnaswamy temple (V)	150	0.17	Sri Gopalakrishna-swamy	...
104	„	do	Sri Rudhrakotteswarar temple (S)	150	0.50	Sri Rudhrakotteswarar	Sri Sellandiamman Sri Bagavathiamman Sri Alavanthiamman
105	„	Pulivalam H/o Kodiyalam	Sri Subramanaswamy temple (M)	200	0.11	Sri Subramaniam Sri Valli, Sri Deivayanai	...
106	„	Ayualapettai H/o Kodiyalam	Sri Vinayagar temple (G)	50	0.01	Sri Vinayagar	...
107	33	Ettarai H/o Koppu	Sri Agneeswarar temple (S)	200	0.05	Sri Agneeswarar	...
108	„	do	Sri Konnachiamman temple (F)	200	0.01	Sri Konnachiamman	...
109	„	Koppu	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	200	0.14	Sri Mariamman	Sri Karuppannaswamy Sri Kalliamman Sri Subramaniam
110	36	Adavathur	Sri Pidariamman temple (F)	400	0.30	Sri Pidari	...
111	„	do	Sri Ayyanar temple (G)			Sri Ayyanar	...
112	„	Allithurai H/o Adavathur	Sri Parvatheswarar temple (S)	200	0.50	Sri Parvatheswarar	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Jeeyapuram Railway station 2½ miles	...	13.38	...	...	1,350	350	Palanquins-3 Garuda	Twice in a day by a Bhattachariar	Navarathri Gokulashtami Karthigai Deepam Tamil New Year's day, Chithra-pournami
Elamanur Railway station 1 mile	}	...	...	Extent not stated	3,000	10	Anjaneya Lion Horse Elephant	Daily poojas by a hereditary Archagar	} Navarathri Unjal festival in Ippasi
do							Chandra-prabhai Garuda Palanquin	do	
do							Ratham	Daily poojas by a hereditary Gurukkal	
Elamanur Railway station 2½ miles	30.00	...	...	...	10,000	700	Kamadhenu Lion Peacock	Four times a day by a Gurukkal	Skandha Sashti
Jeeyapuram Railway station 3 miles	...	...	2.00	...	500	...	Rishabam	Once in a day by a Chettiar	Vinayaga Chathurthi Karthigai Deepam Panguni Uthiram
Jeeyapuram Railway station 4½ miles	20.18	...	...	...	Not stated	...	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No
do	4.27	...	...	...	1,200	61	Ratham	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Panguni festival
Jeeyapuram Railway station 3 miles	1.36	9.06	...	...	1,200	1,000	Car, Lion Horse Bhutham Swan Elephant	Thrice in a day by a hereditary Pandaram	Mariamman festival in Vaikasi Navarathri
Tiruchirapalli Fort Railway station 5 miles	}	25.00	...	...	2,000	...	...	Twice in a day by a hereditary Pandaram	} Festival celebrated once in three or four years
do									
Tiruchirapalli Fort Railway station 4½ miles	2.00	16.92	...	...	2,000	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No

TIRUCHIRAPALLI

Sl. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
113	36	Allithurai H/o Adavathur	Sri Mariamman (alias) Vanniamman temple (F)	350	0.22	Sri Mariamman	Sri Muthukaruppan Sri Maduraiveeran
114	„	do	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	350	0.09	Sri Mariamman	...
115	38	Kumaravayalur	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	100	0.06	Sri Varadaraja- perumal Sri Ambal	...
116	39	Somasampettai	Sri Kasiviswanathaswamy temple (S)	100	0.50	Sri Kasiviswanathar Sri Kasivisalakshi	...
117	„	„	Sri Muthumariamman temple (F)	200	1.00	Sri Muthumari- amman	Sri Marudhaveeraswamy Sri Karuppannaswamy Sri Kathaveeraswamy
118	41	Uyyakondan- thirumalai	Sri Karpaga Vinayagar temple (G)	Not stated	0.05	Sri Vinayagar	...
119	42	Sholankanallur	Sri Viswanathaswamy temple (S)	70	0.12	Sri Viswanathar Sri Visalakshi	...
120	„	do	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	70	0.04	Sri Varadaraja- perumal	...
121	44	Abishekapuram	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	150	0.28	Sri Mariamman	Sri Sangilikaruppu Sri Maduraiveeran Sri Ayyanar
122	46	Ariyamangalam	Sri Lakshminarayana- perumal temple (V)	100	0.02	Sri Lakshmi- narayanaperumal	Sri Krishnan Sri Nammalwar

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway Station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)				Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A. C.	Wet and dry A.C.	Other immovable property		Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Tiruchirapalli Junction 6 miles	...	...	...	1-Shop & Plots	220	...	...	Once in a day by a Pandaram	Vaikunta Ekadasi Karthigai Deepam Navarathri
Tiruchirapalli Fort Railway station 4½ miles	...	0.09	...	23-Coconut trees	250	...	...	do	Navarathri Annual festival in Vaikasi
Tiruchirapalli Fort Railway station 5½ miles	3.82	0.06	...	...	1,000	...	...	Once in a day by a Bhattachariar	Navarathri
Tiruchirapalli Fort Railway station 5 miles	4.75	0.40	...	...	2,000	50	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No
do	1.98	11.78	...	3-Plots & 10-Coco-nut trees	3,000	10	Horse Kedayam	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	Adi 18th day Navarathri, Pongal Thai Poosam, Masi Magam, Sivarathri, Tamil New year's day, Karthigai Deepam
Tiruchirapalli Fort Railway station 3 miles	2.00	...	...	...	800	1,000	...	Twice in a day by a Pandaram	Vinayaga Chathurthi, Arudhra Dhari-sanam
Tiruchirapalli Fort Railway station 4½ miles	4.00	3.00	...	Coconut grove 70 Cents	2,000	...	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No
do	0.70	...	...	Coconut grove 30 Cents	450	...	...	Twice in a day by a Bhattachariar	No
Tiruchirapalli Palakkarai Railway station	0.92	13.27	...	6-Shops & Plots	1,073	15	Car Horse Palanquin Lion	Once in a day by a Poosari	Navarathri, Karthigai Deepam Brahmothsavam in Chithirai
Ariyamangalam Railway station 1½ miles	2.72	0.07	...	...	1,500	27	...	Once in a day by a Bhattachariar	Navarathri, Sri Jayanthi Karthigai Deepam, Sri Rama Navami

TIRUCHIRAPALLI

Sl. No.	L. C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
123	48	Kokkarasam- pettai H/o Ellagudy	Sri Vellam Thangi Amman temple (F)	200	0.05	Sri Vellam Thangi Amman	Sri Sangilikaruppu Sri Maduraiveeran Sri Karuppu Sri Pillayar
124	„	Ellagudy	Sri Arasayee Amman temple (F)	200	0.08	Sri Arasayee Amman	...
125	„	do	Sri Vinayagar temple (G)	200	0.04	Sri Vinayagar	...
126	51	Thiruverumbur	Sri Arasukathapidari- amman temple (F)	500	0.35	Sri Arasukatha- pidariamman	...
127	„	Nochivayal Pudur H/o Thiru- verumbur	Sri Ayyanarswamy temple (O)	Not stated	0.10	Sri Ayyanarswamy	...
128	52	Koothappar	Sri Angalamman temple (F)	100	0.13	Sri Angalamman	Sri Veerabhadrar Sri Irulappar Sri Sangilikaruppu Sri Maduraiveeran Sri Pechiayi Sri Katteri Sri Pillayar Sri Subramaniam
129	„	do	Sri Madhyarjuneswarar temple (S)	200	0.40	Sri Madhyarjunes- warar Sri Anandavalli- amman	Sri Suriar Sri Bhairavar Sri Chandikeswarar
130	56	Thirunedungulam	Sri Nudengalanatha- swamy temple (S)	1,000	2.45	Sri Nedungalanathar Sri Oppilanayagi	Sri Nayanmars (03) Sri Dhakshina- moorthy
131	58	Thuvagudy	Sri Soleeswaraswamy temple (S)	800	0.05	Sri Soleeswarar Sri Komalavalli	Sri Dhakshina- moorthy Sri Chandikeswarar
132	61	Keelakalkandar- kottai	Sri Meenakshi Sundares- warar temple (S)	150	0.18	Sri Sundareswarar Sri Meenakshi	Sri Dhakshina- moorthy

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas	Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.						
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Manjathidal Railway station 2 miles	3.51	...	...	4-Groves & 82-Coco-nut trees	1,000	...	...	Once in a day by a Pandaram	No
do	2.05	0.78	...	...	500	...	...	Twice in a week by a Pandaram	No
do								Twice in a week by a Gurukkal	No
Thiruverumbur Railway station $\frac{1}{2}$ mile	1.48	0.42	...	...	500	25	...	Once in a day by a Poosari	Annual festival in Vaikasi
do	2.00	...	...	...	42 kalams of Paddy	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Pandaram	No
Thiruverumbur Railway station $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles	4.00	...	...	...	35 kalams of Paddy	50	Ratham	Twice in a day by a hereditary Poosari	Sivarathri
do	8.16	...	...	...	2,000	1,000	Ratham Rishabam Peacock	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Thiruvathirai
Solagampatti Railway station $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles	30.00	80.00	200.00	...	15,000	25	Rishabam Peacock Swan Bandicoot Horse	Four times a day by a Gurukkal	No
Thondamanpatti Railway station 3 miles	51.00	131.67	...	...	3,000	...	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	Sivarathri Karthigai Deepam
Manjathidal Railway station $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles	5.01	...	...	...	800	15	Rishabam	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	No

TIRUCHIRAPALLI

Sl. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
133	61	Keelakalkandar-kottai	Sri Venugopalaswamy temple (V)	100	0.05	Sri Venugopalaswamy Sri Ubayanachiar	...
134	63	Alathur	Sri Lakshminarayana-perumal temple (V)	120	0.08	Sri Lakshminarayana-perumal	...
135	„	do	Sri Amirthagadeswarar temple (S)	150	0.17	Sri Amirthagadeswarar Sri Anandavalli	...
136	„	Melakalkandar kottai H/o Alathur	Sri Sellandiamman temple (F)	150	0.25	Sri Sellandiamman	Sri Santhana-karuppu Sri Kannimar
137	71	Manikandam H/o Kallikudi	Sri Venkataramaswamy temple (V)	150	Not stated	Sri Venkataramaswamy	...
138	73	Navalur	Sri Aravayiamman temple (F)	200	0.20	Sri Aravayiamman	Sri Karuppannan
139	80	Alundur	Sri Kasi Viswanatha-swamy temple (S)	Not stated	0.50	Sri Kasiviswanathar Sri Visalakshiamman	...
140	95	Palanganagudy	Sri Muthumariamman temple (F)	200	0.30	Sri Muthumariamman	...
141	„	do	Sri Karpaga Pillayar temple (G)	200	0.01	Sri Karpaga Pillayar	...
142	„	do	Sri Pillayar temple (G)	200	0.05	Sri Pillayar	...
143	„	do	Sri Vellam Thangiamman temple (F)	200	0.01	Sri Vellam Thangiamman	...
144	100	Suriyur	Sri Adimoorthiswamy temple (S)	200	0.25	Sri Adimooleswarar Sri Balasundariambal	Sri Dhakshina-moorthy Sri Chandikeswarar Sri Bhairavar

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)				Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.	Other immovable property		Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Concl'd.)									
Golden Rock Railway station 4 miles	1.96	...	...	1-House & 1-House site	40 kalams of Paddy & Rs. 84/-	...	Garuda	Once in a day by a Bhattachariar	Sri Rama Navami Gokulashtami Radha Kalyanam
Manjathidal Railway station ½ mile	1.94	0.32	...	Plots 10 cents	450	25	...	Twice in a day by a Bhattachariar	Tamil New Year's day, Navarathri, Sri Jayanthi, Pongal
do	3.00	0.17	...	...	1,200	...	...	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Annabishegam Tamil New Year's day, Navarathri Sivarathri Karthigai Deepam
Manjathidal Railway station ½ mile	...	...	Extent not stated	...	600	...	Car	Once in a day by a Pandaram	Chithrapournami
Pungudi Railway station 1½ miles	17.00	4.00	...	...	2,000	...	...	No	Festival celebrated once in a year
Pungudi Railway station 2 miles	2.50	...	...	Coconut thoppu	1,000	...	Ratham	Once in a day by a hereditary Poosari	No
Sannasipatti Railway station 3 miles	4.21	12.00	...	...	1,000	...	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No
Tondamanpatti Railway station 5 miles	7.53	...	...	...	30 kalams of Paddy	300	...	do	Annual festival in Vaikasi
do	3.98	8.03	...	...		...	...	Once in a day by a Pandaram	No
do	0.33	...	...	...		...	Car, Rishabam, Horse	do	No
do	0.99	...	...	...		...	...	do	No
Kumaramangalam Railway station 4½ miles	15.00	15.00	...	...	600	10	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No

TIRUCHIRAPALLI

Sl. No.	L. C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples outside the Hindu Religions							
1	15	Uthamacheri	Sri Kailasanathaswamy temple (S)	300	0.10	Sri Kailasanathaswamy	...
2	„	do	Sri Pidari Sellayiamman temple (F)	300	0.02	Sri Pidari Sellayiamman	...
3	20	Vengur	Sri Rakkaperumal temple (V)	200	0.60	Sri Rakkaperumal	...
4	22	Panayakurichi	Sri Suralamman temple (F)	200	0.02	Sri Suralamman	Sri Vembilicaruppu Sri Kalingathurai- karuppu
5	„	do	Sri Vilakkadiamman temple (F)	100	0.17	Sri Vilakkadiamman	Sri Vanniadikaruppu Sri Marudaiveeran
6	23	Thennur H/o Tiruchirapalli	Sri Viswanathaswamy temple (S)	50	0.89	Sri Viswanathaswamy Sri Visalakshi	...
7	24	Kambarasam- pettai	Sri Venugopalswamy temple (V)	40	0.01	Sri Venugopalswamy	...
8	„	do	Sri Mahaganapathy temple (G)			Sri Mahaganapathy	...

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KULATHUR TALUK

PIDAMPATTI (Hamlet of 10 Mandaiyur)

Sri Sanjeevirayar Temple

This is a temple for Sri Anjaneyar. It is ten miles south of Tiruchirapalli. Buses plying between Tiruchirapalli and Iluppur via Aavoor pass through the village. The area was a dense forest 300 years ago. A cowherd noticed that a cow milked herself at a particular spot daily. When he went near the spot, he got "possessed" and announced that there was an idol of Sri Anjaneya under the bushes and a temple should be built. This behest was carried out by the ancestors of the present hereditary trustees. A small temple came into existence initially. Between 1804 and 1850, the outer walls and inner mandapam were built by the then trustee, Sri Venkataraya Dasari. Further additions were made by the trustee in 1905 and between 1948-1952. The Moolavar is in a standing pose with folded hands (Anchali); It is 2' high. The festival idol made of Panchalogam is 1½' in height. There is no outer tower; the temple covers an area of 16 cents. Anjanadevi, mother of Sri Anjaneya and Karuppar are the other deities in the shrine.

One of the two hereditary trustees belonging to the Naidu community offers two poojas daily. He and the members of his family should abstain from meat eating and take only vegetarian food. The Pudukkottai Samasthanam made a gift of the villages of Pidaipatti and Rasipuram to Sri Venkataraya Dasari to meet the expenses of the temple. There is a copper plate "sasanam" to this effect. When the season is good the income from the lands in the two villages will be about Rs. 4,000/- per annum. Two Madras measures of rice are cooked for food offerings to the deity and this is utilised for feeding about 25 boys in the local school. Devotees bring paddy, husk it and prepare pongal. After offering it to the deity they take it home. The income from hundies and archanas is about Rs. 236/-. A silver horse vahanam among the various vahanas deserves special mention. The annual festival is celebrated for 10 days in the month of Vaikasi. About 1,000 devotees assemble on the 8th day of the festival.

39 VIRALIMALAI

Sri Subramaniaswamy Temple

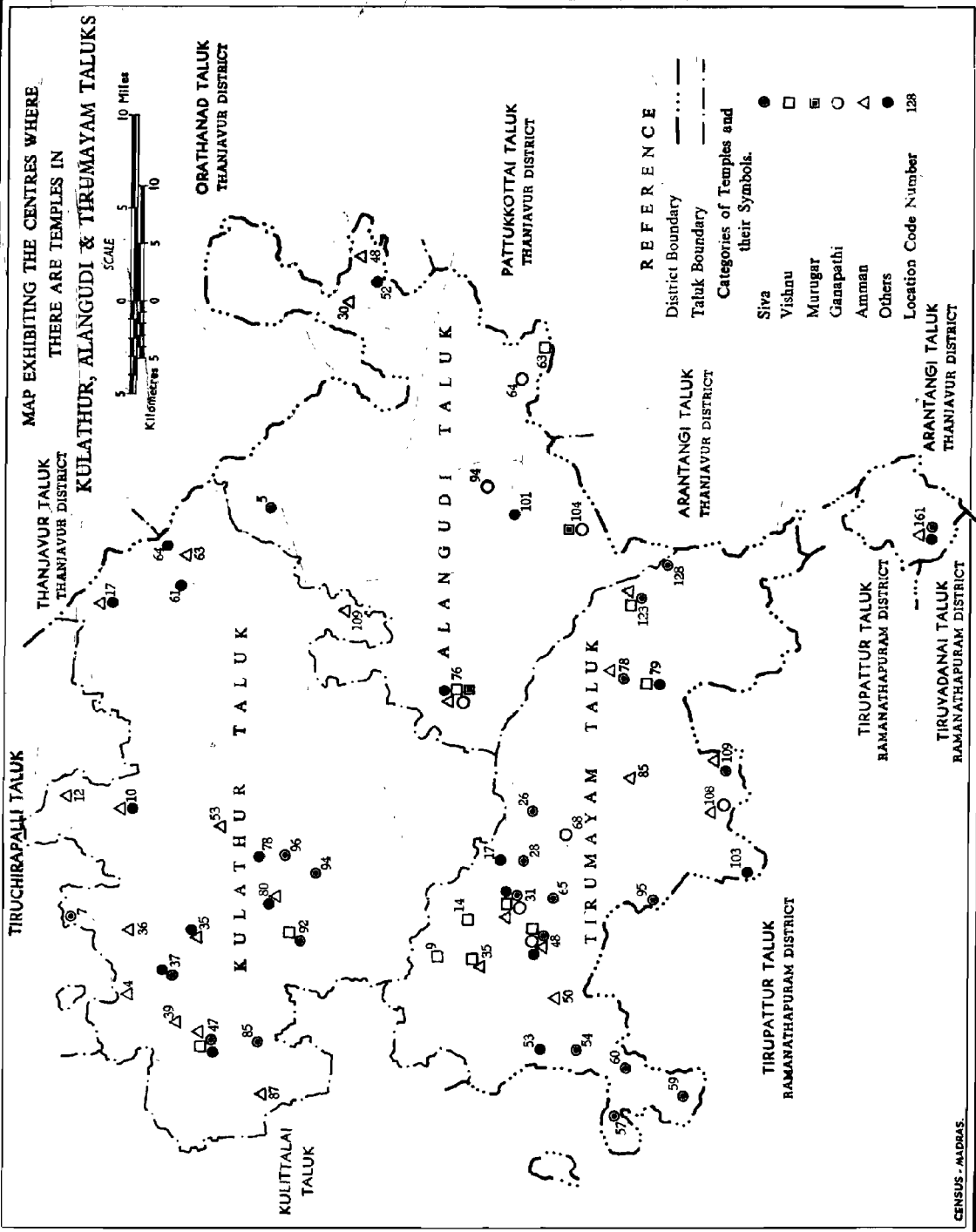
A fine flight of steps takes us to this hill temple of Lord Subramania who has six faces and twelve arms.

On either side are Sri Valli and Devasena. The idol has a majestic appearance and is 5' high. Since the deity finds a place in Arunagirinathar's Thiruppugazh, the temple was existence in the fifteenth century. It was built by a Zamindar of Poyyapatti. The front mandapam and the flight of steps were constructed later by one Sri M.M.P. Palaniappa Chettiar of Nemattaranpatti. The village is on the Tiruchirapalli-Madurai road via Melur and is 18 miles from Tiruchirapalli. The nearest railway station, Manapparai is 8 miles off. The temple covers an area of 52 cents and has one praharam. There are altogether 251 granite pillars of which twelve have fine carvings. The festival idol made of bronze has six faces and twelve arms and is 3½' high.

Poojas are performed four times a day by hereditary Gurukkals who are in the enjoyment of 18.30 acres (dry) of service inam lands. A portion of collections under archana charges is also given to them. Sri Raja Ragunatha Thondaman, a former ruler of Pudukkottai was suffering from acute stomach pain; he arranged for special poojas in several temples to get rid of his disease. Sri Subramania of Viralimalai appeared in his dream and promised relief if a cigar is offered to Him daily. The ruler did so and was completely relieved of his pain. Since then a cigar is included in the offering daily.

The gold and silver ornaments in the temple are worth Rs. 155,000/-. They were presented by the rulers of Pudukkottai and Sri Palaniappa Chettiar. There are no immovable properties for the temple. The income under hundi collections and archana charges is Rs. 1,500/- per annum. The vahanas include a wooden car, a wooden palanquin, a silver peacock (5' high) and a silver horse (7' high). The main festivals are Thai Poosam, Vaikasi Visakam and Skandha Sashti in Ippasi; the duration of each of these festivals is 10 days and there is street procession on all the ten days. On the eighth day of each festival the idol is taken to Viralur village which is one mile south, in the morning and stays there during the day time. In the night the deity returns to the temple after a street procession; the Amman is seated on the palanquin and the Lord on the silver horse vahanam. This is symbolical of the Lord visiting His father-in-law's house.

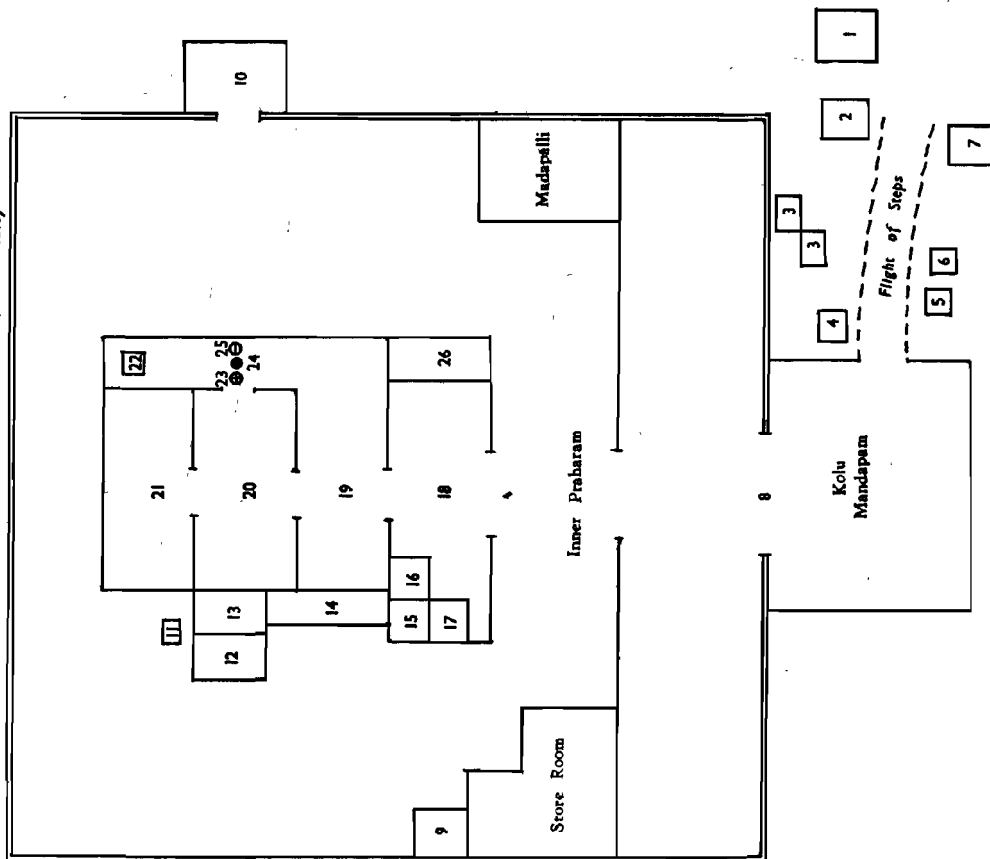
The temple is managed by five trustees.



SRI SUBRAMANIASWAMY HILL TEMPLE

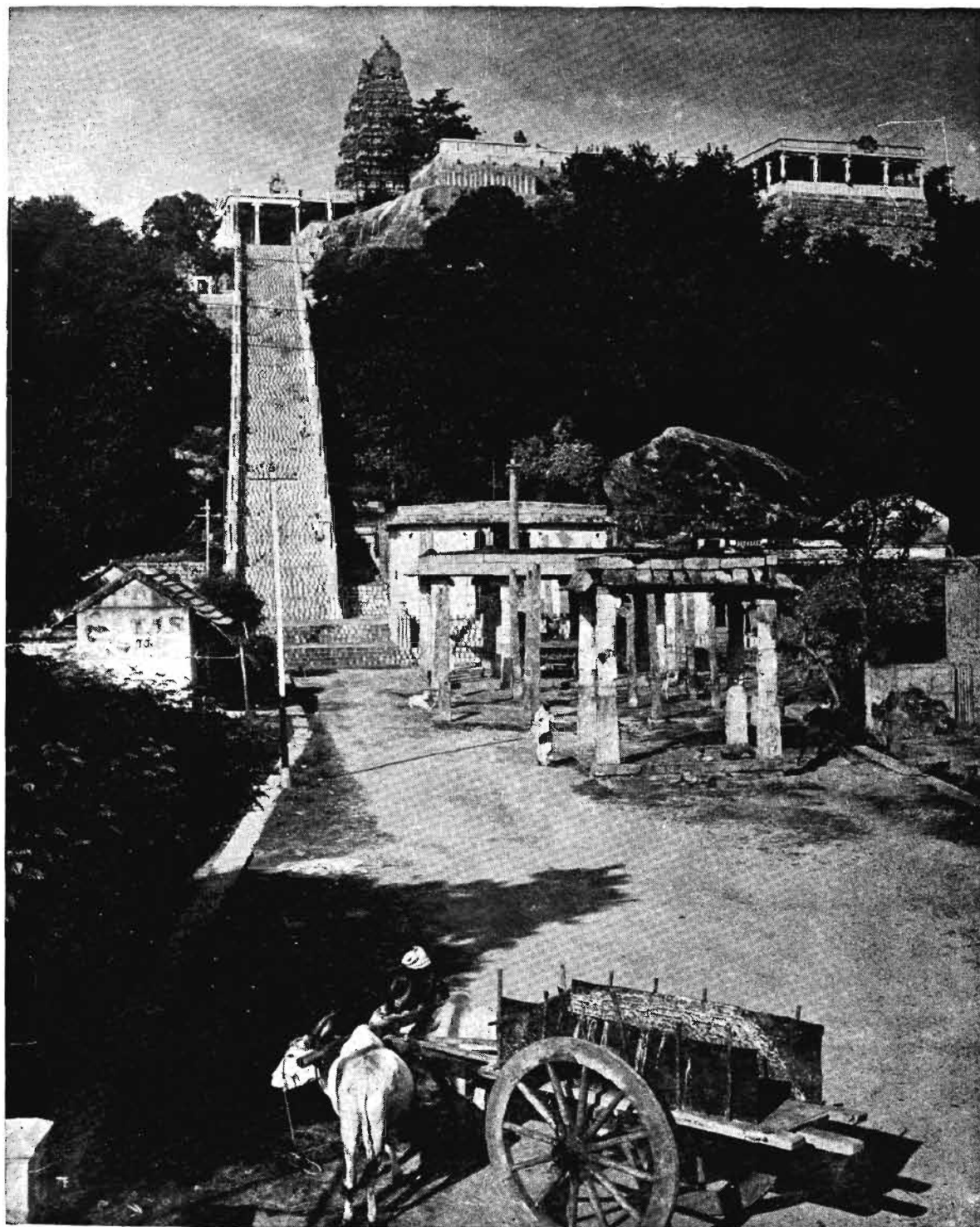
VIRALIMALAI

(Not to Scale)

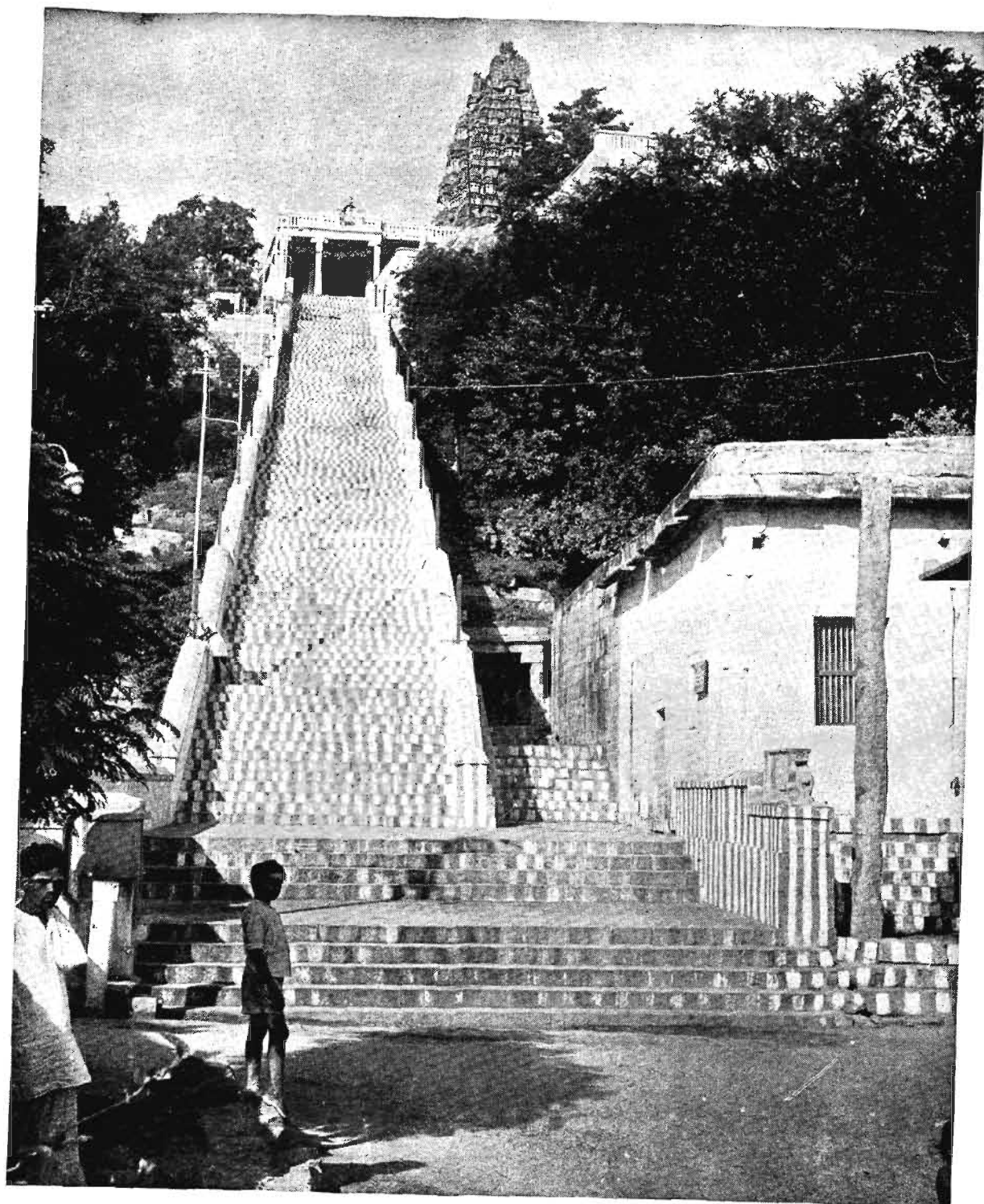


INDEX TO NUMBERS

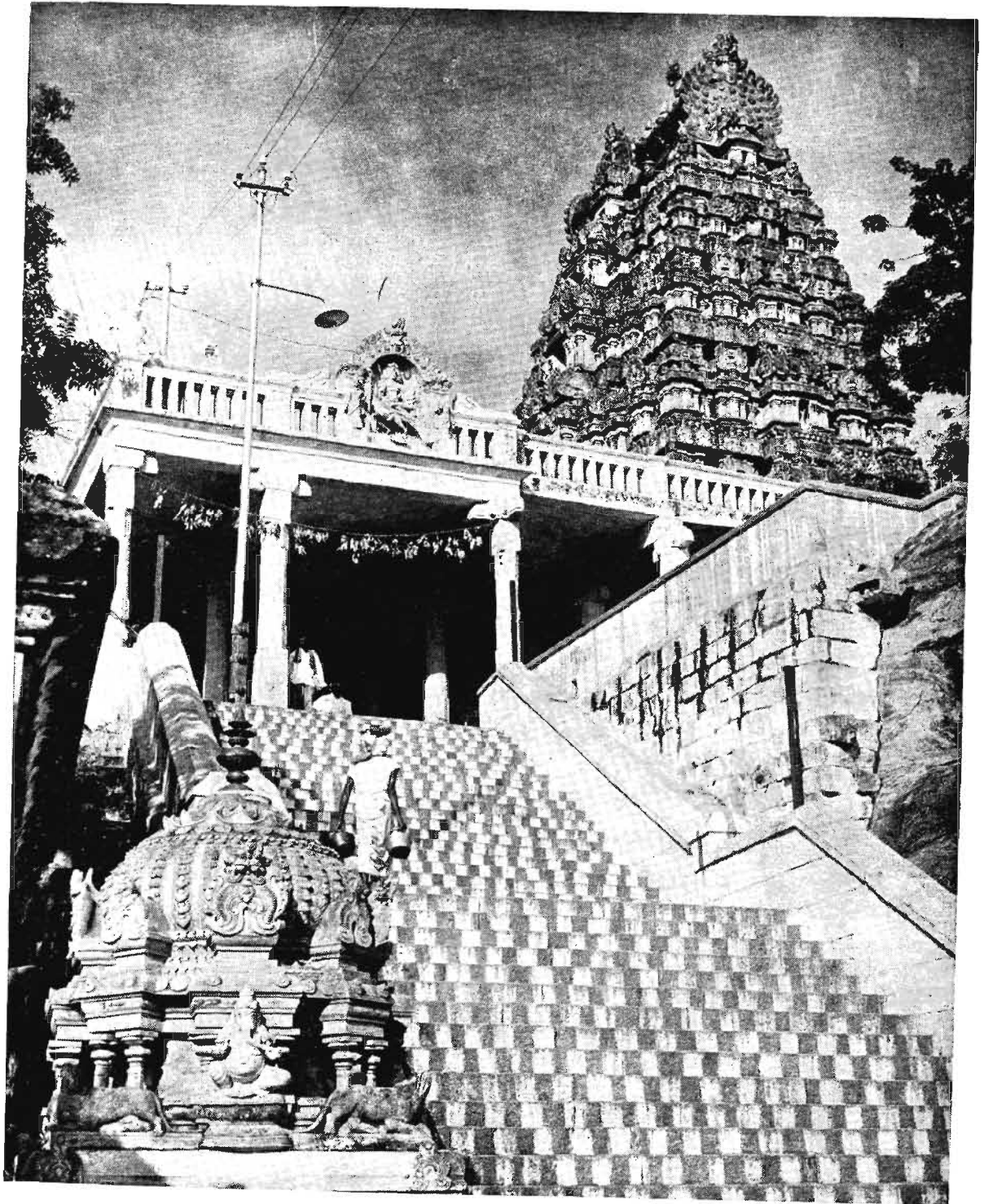
- 1 Sixteen Pillars Mandapam
- 2 Vahana Mandapam
- 3 Chokkanathar Meenakshi Sannithi
- 4 Dhandayuthapani
- 5 Vinayagar
- 6 Idumban
- 7 Yegesalai
- 8 Raja Gopuram
- 9 Arunagirinathar
- 10 Twenty Pillars Mandapam
- 11 Sandikeswarar
- 12 Subramaniaswamy Sannithi
- 13 Artha Mandapam
- 14 Pallarai
- 15 Viswanathar
- 16 Visalakshi
- 17 Dhakshinamoorthy
- 18 Uthasavar Mandapam
- 19 Veerabagu Mandapam
- 20 Maha Mandapam
- 21 Natarajar Mandapam
- 22 Navagrahas
- 23 Peacock
- 24 Balipectam
- 25 Dwajasthambam
- 26 Vahana Mandapam



A view of the hill temple with mandapams : Sri Subramaniaswamy Temple, Viralimalai



The flight of steps leading to the hill-temple: Sri Subramaniaswamy Temple, Viralmalai



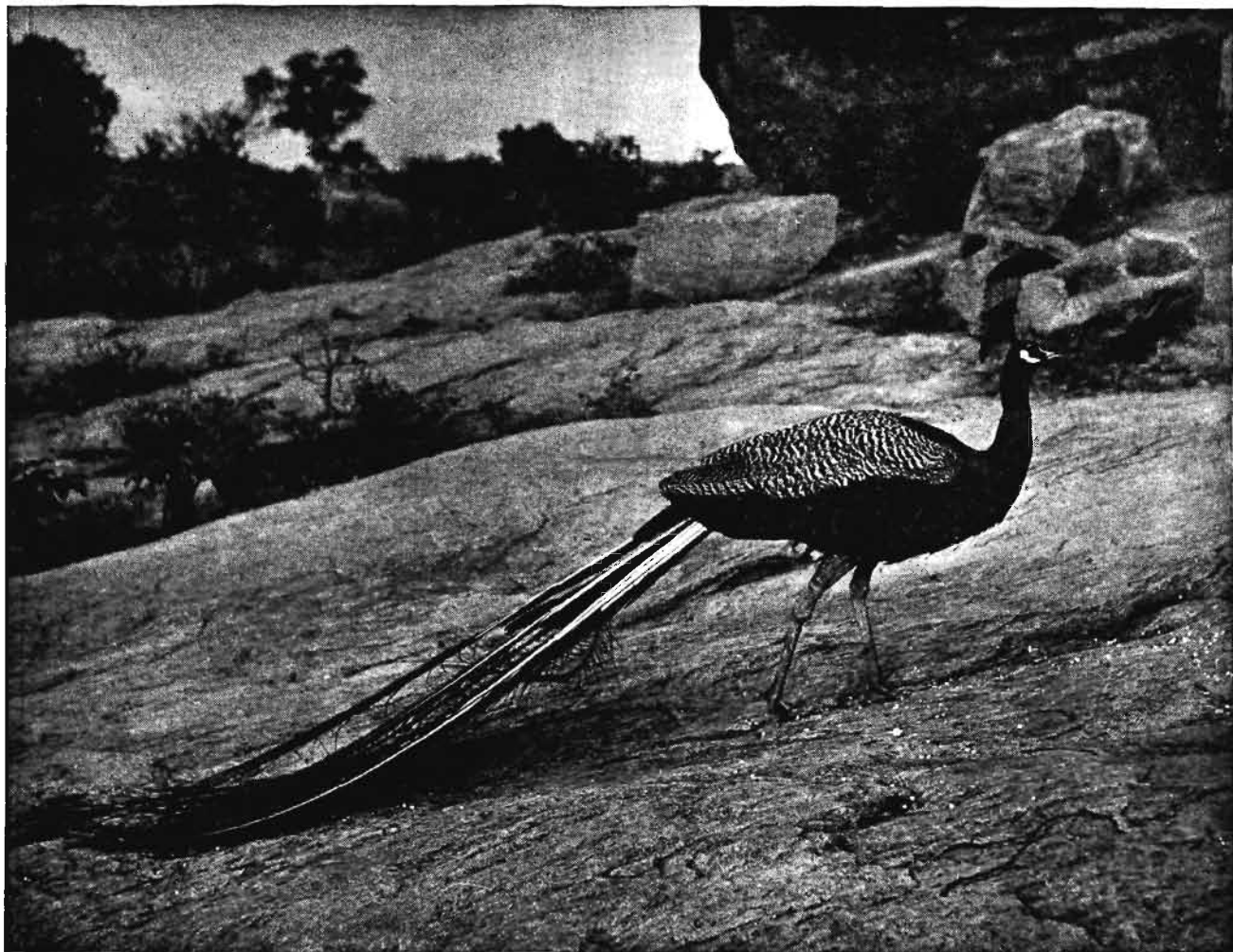
A closer view of the gopuram and the mandapam : Sri Subramaniaswamy Temple, Virulimalai



Sri Arumugaswamy with Valli and Deivayanai (Uthsavar) in Sri Subramaniaswamy Temple, Viralmalai



Saint Arunagirinathar in Sri Subramaniaswamy Temple, Viralimalai



Sri Subramaniaswamy Temple, Viralimalai : One of the many living peacocks that dance at dawn before the Lord

101 NARTHAMALAI

Sri Muthumariamman Temple

According to tradition, Narada Maharishi was residing on the hills in the village which was originally known as Naradarmalai. This became corrupted into Narthamalai. The temple is 3 miles from Narthamalai railway station on the Tiruchirapalli-Pudukkottai line. While Sri Muthumariamman is the principal deity, there are a Sivalingam and idols of Sri Akilandeswari, Sri Ardanareeswarar, Vinayagar and Subramaniam. The Amman is a majestic figure. The temple was built about 120 years ago; some additions were made by the Pudukkottai ruler Sri Raja Marthanda Bhairava Thondaman about 50 years back. It is

rectangular in shape and covers an area of half an acre.

Poojas are performed thrice a day by a Gurukkal whose office is hereditary. He is in the enjoyment of service inam lands. The jewels in the temple are worth Rs. 41,750/-. The temple has no immovable properties. The income under hundi collections and archana charges is Rs. 6,000/- per annum. The vahanas in the temple are :—

- i) a wooden car and a wooden Palanquin.
- ii) rishabam, bandicoot, swan, lion and horse - all silver plated.

The annual festival is celebrated in the month of Panguni for 10 days. About 20,000 devotees from villages within a radius of 30 miles attend it.

KULATHUR

Sl. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
1	4	Boothagudi	Sri Mahakaliyamman temple (F)	250	Below 0.01	Sri Mahakaliyamman	...
2	7	Kunnathur	Sri Viswanathaswamy temple (S)	300	0.02	Sri Viswanathaswamy Sri Visalakshiamman	...
3	10	Mandaiyur	Sri Angalamman temple (F)	150	0.12	Sri Angalamman	Sri Veerabhadraswamy Sri Pechiayi
4	..	do	Sri Peria Ayyanar temple (O)	100	0.08	Sri Ayyanar	Sri Savayi Sri Sembayi Sri Vinayagar Sri Karuppar
5	12	Mathur	Sri Ulaganayagiamman temple (F)	22	0.08	Sri Ulaganayagiamman	Sri Sappanikaruppu Sri Maduraiveeran Sri Ayyanar Sri Vinayagar
6	17	Sengalur	Sri Karaimelazhagar temple (O)	300	0.05	Sri Karaimelazhagar	Sri Ayyanar Sri Sangilikaruppu Sri Maduraiveeran Sri Palaniandavar
7	..	do	Sri Muthumariamman temple (F)	200	0.75	Sri Muthumariamman	Sri Vinayagar Sri Karuppar
8	35	Tirunallur	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	200	0.50	Sri Mariamman	...
9	..	do	Sri Pidariamman temple (F)	200	0.05	Sri Pidariamman	...
10	..	do	Sri Ayyanar temple (O)	200	0.03	Sri Ayyanar	...
11	36	Kathalur	Sri Angalamman temple (F)	350	0.05	Sri Angalamman	Sri Karuppu Sri Ayyanar Sri Pillayar Sri Pechiayi Sri Maduraiveeran
12	..	Mullaiyur H/o Kathalur	Sri Muthumariamman temple (F)	150	0.10	Sri Muthumariamman	...
13	37	Velur	Sri Kathali Vaneswarar temple (S)	500	0.50	Sri Kathali Vaneswarar Sri Karpooravalli Sri Kamadegavalli	...

TALUK

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)				Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.	Other immovable property		Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board									
Kolathur Railway station 5 miles	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Twice in a week by a hereditary Pillai	Amman festival in Adi
Pungudi Railway station 4½ miles	6.00	15.00	...	...	45 kalams of Paddy & Rs. 35/-	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
Tondaiman Nallur Railway station 2½ miles	4.59	2.23	...	...	300	204	...	Once in a day by a Pandaram	Maha Sivarathri
Tondaiman Nallur Railway station 3 miles	...	...	64.82	...	150 kalams of Paddy & Rs. 100/-	715	Car Kedayams-2 Horse	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Car festival in Vaikasi
Kumaramangalam Railway station ¾ mile	2.58	...	...	...	6 bags of Paddy & Rs. 600/-	35	Rathams-2	Once in a day by a Pillai	Car festival in Panguni
Keeranur Railway station 8 miles	2.18	4.54	...	...	Not stated	...	...	Twice in a day by a hereditary Velar	No
do	20.60	2.64	...	...	50 bags of Paddy	120	Car	Twice in a week by a hereditary Pillai	Car festival in Chithirai
Kolathur Railway station 15 miles	}	...	5.00	...	500	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Poosari	Annual festival in Adi
do									
do									
Kolathur Railway station	2.50	...	...	...	Not stated	...	Horse Ratham	Twice in a day by a hereditary Pillai	Maha Sivarathri
do	2.53	10.79	...	...	375	...	...	Twice in a day by a Pandaram	Amman festival in Vaikasi
Kolathur Railway station 10½ miles	3.50	7.00	...	...	500	...	...	Twice in a week by a Gurukkal	No

KULATHUR

Sl. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religions							
14	37	Velur	Sri Ayyanar temple (O)	300	1.00	Sri Ayyanar	Sri Karuppannaswamy
15	39	Viralmalai	Sri Meikanakshiamman temple (F)	150	0.15	Sri Meikanakshiamman	...
16	47	Viralur	Sri Muthumariamman temple (F)	300	0.04	Sri Muthumariamman	...
17	„	do	Sri Boomeeswarar temple (S)	300	0.04	Sri Boomeeswarar Sri Ambal	...
18	„	do	Sri Sottakudi Ayyanar temple (O)	300	0.02	Sri Sottakudi Ayyanar	...
19	„	do	Sri Srinivasa Perumal temple (V)	200	0.06	Sri Srinivasa Perumal Sridevi, Bhudevi	...
20	53	Vilapatti	Sri Muthumariamman temple (F)	100	0.01	Sri Muthumariamman	...
21	61	Udayalipatti	Sri Veerapandavar temple (O)	100	1.00	Sri Veerapandavar	Sri Maduraiveeran Sri Karuppannaswamy Sri Vinayagar
22	63	Themnavur	Sri Muthumariamman temple (F)	100	3.00	Sri Muthumariamman	Sri Thavamani Karuppu Sri Sappani Karuppu Sri Subramaniam Sri Vinayagar
23	64	Koppanpatti	Sri Andiappa Ayyanar temple (O)	300	1.08	Sri Andiappa Ayyanar	Sri Bimari Ambigai Sri Santhiveeran Sri Karuppar
24	78	Mangudi H/o Nangu- patti	Sri Karaamarudha Ayyanar temple (O)	500	0.01	Sri Karaamarudha Ayyanar	...
25	80	Irundirapatti	Sri Muthumariamman temple (F)	400	0.10	Sri Muthumariamman	Sri Vinayagar
26	„	do	Sri Karuppannaswamy temple (O)	400	0.05	Sri Karuppannaswamy	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway Station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas	Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.						
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Kolathur Railway station 10½ miles	8.00	5.00	...	...	1,000	...	...	Four times a day by a hereditary Vellalar	Annual festival in Adi
Manapparai Railway station 8 miles	...	...	...	...	...	300	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Annual festival in Chithirai
Manapparai Railway station 9 miles	3.43	5.20	...	...	...	193.50	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Pandaram	Mariamman festival in Panguni or Chithirai
do	5.00	35.00	...	...	1,500	...	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No
do	0.75	3.00	...	...	Not stated	...	...	Twice in a week by a Pandaram	No
Manapparai Railway station 7 miles	...	...	Extent not stated	...	1,000	144	...	Once in a day by a Pandaram	Vaikunta Ekadasi
Keeranur Railway station 5½ miles	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Once in a week by a hereditary Pandaram	Karagam festival in Panguni
Keeranur Railway station	...	...	52.15	...	200 kalams of Paddy & Rs. 300/-	100	Rishabam Horse Ratham	Twice in a day by a hereditary Pandaram	Vijaya Dhasami Panguni Uthiram Sivarathri Karthigai Deepam
Keeranur Railway station 10 miles	...	...	23.00	...	Not stated	...	...	Twice in a day by a hereditary Vellalar	No
Keeranur Railway station 12 miles	27.68	9.59	...	...	do	...	Car Elephant Horse Rishabam Peacock	Once in a day by a hereditary Poosari	Panguni Uthiram Kalamman festival in Purattasi, Car festival in Chithirai
Pudukkottai Railway station 9 miles	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Twice in a day by a hereditary Velar	No
Kolathur Railway station 15 miles	...	...	99.84	...	5,072	500	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Vellalar	Annual festival for 10 days in Panguni
do	...	...	5.00	...	250		...	Once in a day by a hereditary Malavarayar	No

KULATHUR

Sl. No.	L. C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
27	85	Kodumbalur	Sri Musukuntheeswarar temple (S)	500	0.50	Sri Musukuntheeswarar Sri Ambal	...
28	87	Kasavanur	Sri Muthumariamman temple (F)	150	0.10	Sri Muthumariamman	...
29	92	Ilupur	Sri Ponvasinathar temple (S)	1,000	1.62	Sri Ponvasinathar Sri Swarnambigai	...
30	„	do	Sri Kalyana Venkateswaraswamy temple (V)	500	0.73	Sri Kalyana Venkateswaraswamy Sri Ubayanachiar	...
31	94	Vellanmar	Sri Sthanamatheswarar temple (S)	Not stated	0.45	Sri Sthanamatheswarar Sri Gnanambigai	Sri Dhakshinamurthy Sri Chandikeswarar
32	96	Rappoosal	Sri Thayumanavar temple (S)	Not stated	0.50	Sri Thayumanavar Sri Sakunthalambal	Sri Dhakshinamurthy

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway Station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)				Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.	Other immovable property		Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Concl'd.)									
Manapparai Railway station 8 miles	...	...	25.00	...	900	...	...	Twice in a week by a Gurukkal	No
do	...	6.00	...	...	200	150	...	Thrice in a day by a hereditary Pandaram	Annual festival for 3 days in Panguni
Kolathur Railway station 15 miles	240.33	520.07	...	...	13,718	400	Car Horse Kailasapavatham Rishabam Kamadhenu Bandicoot Yali, Swan Palanquin Karpaga Viruksham	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Brahmothsavam for 10 days in Chithirai
do						...	Garuda Horse Elephant Sesha Kedayam	Twice in a day by a Bhattachariar	Brahmothsavam for 10 days in Vaikasi
Keeranur Railway station	14.14	30.08	...	...	500	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
Keeranur Railway station 10 miles	29.11	62.21	...	...	900	50	...	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	No

KULATHUR

Sl.No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)

Temples outside the Hindu Religious

1	17	Sengalur	Sri Pidari temple (F)	300	0.05	Sri Pidariamman	...
2	109	Vaithur	Sri Muthumariamman temple (F)	200	0.31	Sri Muthumariamman	..

TALUK (Concl'd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)		Wet and dry A.C.	Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A. C.				Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board									
Keeranur Railway station 5 miles	1.91	1.83	...	...	5 bags of Paddy & 5 bags of other grains	...	...	Twice in a day by a hereditary Pillai	Pidari festival in Avani
Pudukkottai Railway station 11½ miles	...	...	...	Garden	Not stated	950	Car Rishabam Palanquin	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Annual festival in Panguni

ALANGUDI TALUK

73 THIRUVARANGULAM

Sri Arangulanathar (alias) Haratheerthiswarar Temple

Mentally affected people and those who are "possessed" by evil spirits get relief if they worship the deity in this temple. Unlike other places, the temple is situated at 6" below the ground level. The local rulers who generally inaugurated the car festival in the past in all shrines, did not even touch the ropes or chains of the car in the temple on account of a curse. Adi-Dravidas enjoy some privileges. The relevant story is as follows :—

A Chola Ruler with his head quarters at Porpanaikottai was supplied with milk by shepherds from a neighbouring village. On their way to the palace, they tumbled down by a stone and the milk was spilt daily. When they complained to the king, he ordered the removal of the stone which happened to be a Swayambu Lingam. The axe hit it and blood gushed out. A person who was present got "possessed" and he announced that the king had committed an unpardonable act and that he should never approach this deity. An Adi-Dravida who came there covered the Lingam with his cloth to stop the flow of blood. The king repented for his rashness. Though he built a temple and installed the Lingam in it, he could never enter the shrine. The Adi-Dravidas draw the car and get some privileges from the temple, because of the benevolent act of one of their ancestors.

The village is 7 miles from Pudukkottai railway station and connected by bus service. The temple covers an area of about 1½ acres. The main tower is attractive since it consists of one thousand plaster figures of tiny shrines. The Lord Sri Arangulanathar is a Swayambu Lingam facing east. It is ¾' high. His Divine spouse is Sri Periyamayaki facing south and is installed in a separate sanctum. She is 5' high. There are inscriptions on the walls in both the sanctums. There are festival idols of Sri Somaskandar and Amman.

Poojas are performed six times a day by an Adi-Saiva non-brahmin priest whose office is hereditary ; he is in the enjoyment of service inam lands. He is paid a token pay of 46 nP per mensem. He gets a share of collection under archana charges which will fetch him Rs. 10/- to 15/- per mensem. The jewels in the temple are worth about Rs. 15,350/-. There are no

immovable properties. The income under hundi collections and archana charges is about Rs. 1500/- per annum. The temple owns a car, two palanquins and 14 vahanas. Of these the two Rishaba vahanas are made of silver. The main annual festival is vasanthotsavam in Vaikasi.

Five trustees and an Executive Officer manage the temple.

76 PUDUKKOTTAI

Sri Thiru Gokarneswarar Temple

This is one of the rock-cut temples built by Mahendravarma Pallavan. Even prior to the construction of this cave temple, there was a shrine here for Sri Vagula Aranya Eswarar and His Divine spouse Sri Mangalanayaki. These two deities are also worshipped though Sri Gokarneswarar and His consort Sri Brahadambal installed by the Pallava ruler are more popular. There are thus two sets of principal deities in the temple which is better known as Sri Brahadambal temple and devotees perform special archanas to Her. The temple has two flats. In the upper flat is Sri Shanmugar. To the left of his sanctum are Sri Saraswathi, Lakshmi, Durgai, Annapoorani and Sahasra Rudraksha Lingam. On the opposite side are Sri Brahma, Jawaraheswarar, Bhairavar, Suryar, the four Nayanmars, Dhandapani and Adishesha. The mountain spring close to the Shanmugar temple never gets dry. In the lower floor are the two sets of principal deities and other subsidiary deities, which are found in a Siva temple. Sri Gokarneswarar whose sanctum is a cave, is part of the rock. On His two sides are the images of Sri Vigneswara and Gangadarar. They are all carved out of a single block of granite. The entire structure is an example of excellent craftsmanship. In one of the pillars of the Kalyana mandapam, there is a carving showing a man being carried by a woman. These are of emperor Dhasaratha and Kaikeyi. When the emperor lost his chariot in his battle with Sambarasuran, Kaikeyi carried him on her neck and the emperor was able to continue the battle and to kill the asura.

'Go' means cow and 'Karna' signifies ear. The deity came to be known as Sri Gokarneswarar because a cow brought water in its ears, poured it over the Lingam and offered worship. The legend is as follows ;—

Kamadhenu, the Divine Cow was cursed by Indira to be born as a cow on the earth. She was, however, told that she would be freed from her curse if she brought water from Ganges and poured it over the God and worshipped Him. She used to fetch water from Ganges in her ears for performing the Lord's abishegam. To test her devotion, the God took the form of a tiger, appeared before her while she was on her way to worship the God and said he was going to devour her as he was hungry. The cow replied "I will return here after performing my pooja. You can then eat me". The tiger agreed to it. The cow completed her worship and came back to offer herself as food to the tiger. The Lord was pleased with her piety and truthfulness and gave her dharsan. The curse was lifted, the cow attained her original form of Kamadhenu and regained her heavenly abode. The mark of a hoof on the top of Sri Vagula Vaneswarar is the one made by Kamadhenu while pouring the water brought from the Ganges.

The temple is about one and half miles from the Pudukkottai railway station. Devotees going by bus from Tiruchirapalli to Pudukkottai can alight at the temple entrance. The area covered by the temple is about 2 acres. The main gopuram has five tiers and 30' high. There are vimanam over the sanctums of the principal deities, and for Sri Subramania - both Moolavar and Uthsavar. Altogether there are six vimanam and a gopuram. Being a rock-cut temple there is only one inner praharam. All the sixty three nayanmars have been installed. Just above their granite idols, their figures have been painted in water colour on the wall in the southern praharam of Sri Brahadambal. Both Sri Parvathi and Sri Parameswara mounted on a bullock with a "Thiruvasi" - all made out of a single block of granite - are installed in the praharam. This idol is one of great beauty. He is called *Katchi Kodutha Nayanar* (காட்சி கொடுத்த நாயனார்) i.e., the Lord who gave dharsan to the sixty three Nayanmars. Sri Brahma who is installed in a separate sanctum is offered two poojas daily. The Lingams namely Sri Gokarneswarar and Sri Vagula Vaneswarar are 5' and 15" high respectively. The two Divine spouses Sri Brahadambal and Sri Mangalanayaki who are in a standing pose are 4½' and 2½' in height respectively. There are several stone inscriptions in and around the sanctum of Sri Gokarneswarar. Till the merger of the State with the Union territory, the temple was primarily intended for worship by the State Rulers. The tank attached to the temple is Mangala-theertham. Underneath the tank, there is an idol of Sri Brahadambal which will be visible only when the tank gets dry.

Poojas according to Karana agamas are performed eight times daily at 5.30 a.m., 8.30 a.m., 9.30 a.m., 11.30 a.m., 4.00 p.m., 5.30 p.m., 7.30 p.m. and 9.30 p.m. Abishegams are done during all the poojas. Seven families of Gurukkals have a hereditary right to offer poojas. They are in the enjoyment of manyam lands and each gets Re. 1/- per day of service in the temple. The jewels in the temple worth rupees three lakhs. They were presented by the Rajas of Pudukkottai. Of these the crown made of precious stones, the hand coverings made of green precious stones for Sri Ambal and the *Kavacham* of precious stones for Sri Somaskandar are of great beauty. The Government have taken all the landed properties of the one hundred and seventeen Devasthanams of the old Pudukkottai state and a grant of Rs. 265,000/- is paid annually to them out of which the share of this shrine is Rs. 65,000/-. This sum is spent for poojas, festivals and for the salary of the temple servants. The hundi collections will not exceed Rs. 150/- per annum. In the Sri Mariamman temple at Ukkadai which is sub-shrine of this temple, the income under hundi collections and archana charges is Rs. 3,500/- per annum. All the vahanas in the temple are silver plated; these are - elephant, pradasha rishabams-2 bandicoot, rishabams-2, serpent, lion, parrot, bhuthams-2, horse, kedayams-2 and one peetam. The horse is in a galloping pose and its ornaments, reins and stirrups are all made of gold. There is a silver car. Festivals are observed round the clock throughout the year. The main ones are Adi Pooram, Avani Moolam and Chithirai Brahmothsavam each of which is celebrated for 10 days. There are street processions during all the festivals, both in the morning and evening. The Avani Moolam festival relates to the sthalapuram of the temple. About ten thousand devotees in and around Pudukkottai attend the festivals.

There is an Executive Officer for all the 117 temples in the old Pudukkottai state. The day-to-day affairs are looked after by a Superintendent and five trustees.

Miracles :

In 1909 when Sri Marthanda Bhairava Thondaman was sailing to England, the ship met with rough weather and went down under the sea. The ruler offered prayers to Sri Brahadambal, his family deity, to save him. Just then a five years old Divine child appeared and gave him a log of wood with which he was able to reach the shore. To express his deep gratitude to the Ambal, the ruler ordered that a lamp should be kept burning before Her sanctum throughout

day and night for which he made an endowment. Devotees can see the lighted lamp when they visit the shrine.

103 VENKATAKULAM

Sri Venkatathayyanar Temple

The area where the temple now stands was once a thick forest full of tigers. The deity was, therefore, named as Venkatathayyanar. (Vengai in tamil means tiger). People suffering from diseases which are not cured by medicines get relief, and barren couple get children by worshipping the deity. The temple was built about 750 years ago by people belonging to the Soplear and Angurar communities. The village is

5 miles from Alangudi and 13 miles from Pudukkottai railway station. The temple covers an area of 10 cents; the Rajagopuram is 21' high with 15' x 9' base. The presiding deities are Sri Venkatathayyanar and Sri Poornambal and Sri Pushkalambal.

Poojas are performed daily by a Saiva Vellala priest whose office is hereditary. His salary is paid out of local contributions. The jewels are worth Rs. 1500/-. The immovable properties comprise six acres of wet and dry lands; they fetch an annual income of Rs. 500/-. The income under hundi collections is about Rs. 75/- per annum. The temple owns a car and 5 vahanas. The main annual festival is observed in the month of Chithirai for 10 days. About 2,500 devotees assemble.

Five trustees manage the temple.

ALANGUDI

Sl. No.	L. C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
1	5	Adanakottai	Sri Viswanathaswamy temple (S)	100	0.31	Sri Viswanathar Sri Visalakshi	Sri Chandrasekarar Sri Asthiradevar Sri Natarajar Sri Sivakamiamman Sri Gajalakshmi
2	30	Ammanipatti H/o Pilaviduthi	Sri Malayathalamman temple (F)	300	0.15	Sri Malayathal	Sri Bhadrakali Sri Urumar Sri Karuppar
3	48	Kolandiranpatti	Sri Koothalamman temple (F)	60	0.15	Sri Koothayi Amman	...
4	52	Karambakudi	Sri Hanumar temple (V)	300	0.02	Sri Anjaneyar	...
5	63	Mangadu	Sri Venugopalswamy temple (V)	45	0.07	Sri Venugopalswamy	...
6	64	Vadagadu	Sri Pillayar temple (G)	50	0.01	Sri Vinayagar	...
7	76	Thiruvappur H/o Pudukkottai	Sri Sidhi Vinayagar temple (G)	70	0.11	Sri Sidhi Vinayagar	...
8	„	Pudukkottai	Sri Muthumariamman temple (F)	45	Below 0.01	Sri Muthumariamman	...
9	„	do	Sri Anjaneyar temple (V)	100	0.02	Sri Anjaneyar	...
10	„	do	Sri Andalamman temple (V)	50	0.10	Sri Andalamman Sri Ranganathar	Sri Nachiar Sri Hanumar
11	„	do	Sri Bhairava Vinayagar temple (G)	26	0.07	Sri Bhairava Vinayagar	...
12	„	do	Sri Dhandayuthapani temple (M)	100	0.05	Sri Dhandayuthapani	...
13	„	do	Sri Manonmaniamman temple (F)	75	0.06	Sri Manonmaniamman	...

TALUK

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)				Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A. C.	Wet and dry A.C.	Other immovable property		Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board									
Pudukkottai Railway station 16 miles	40.68	12.55	...	...	10 bags of Paddy	750	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No
Pattukkottai Railway station 18 miles	9.43	19.90	...	...	725	10	...	Daily poojas by a hereditary Vellalar	No
Pattukkottai Railway station 12 miles	14.39	10.27	...	...	1,233	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Vellalar	No
Pattukkottai Railway station 18 miles	6.45	11.93	...	...	280	26	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Madhva	No
Pudukkottai Railway station 22 miles	3.15	9.74	...	...	150	...	...	Once in a day by a Dhasari	No
Pudukkottai Railway station 20 miles	1.66	1.00	...	...	7 bags of Paddy	...	...	Once in a day by a Pandaram	Karthigai Deepam
Pudukkottai Railway station 1 mile	...	...	10.00	...	1,000	150	...	Twice in a week by a Gurukkal	No
Pudukkottai Railway station 1½ miles	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Amman festival in Panguni
Pudukkottai Railway station 2 miles	...	...	...	Shops	720	750	Deer	Once in a day by a hereditary Royar	Hanumantha Jayanthi in Thai
do	...	...	...	4-Shops	360	25	...	Once in a day by a Bhattachariar	No
do	...	...	...	3-Shops	270	6	Mooshigam	do	Vinayaga Chathurthi
Pudukkottai Railway station 1 mile	...	...	...	1-Shop	180	100	...	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Panguni Uthiram
Pudukkottai Railway station 2 miles	...	...	...	2-Buildings	1,000	200	Ratham Rishabam	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Navarathri Karthigai Deepam

ALANGUDI

Sl. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)

Temples under the Hindu Religions

14	94	Alangudi	Sri Pillayar temple (G)	50	Below 0.01	Sri Vinayagar	...
15	101	Kuppakudi	Sri Vetriandavar temple (M)	100	2.00	Sri Vetriandavar	...
16	104	Vennavalku	Sri Balasubramaniam temple (M)	44	0.18	Sri Balasubramaniam	...

Temples outside the Hindu Religions

1	75	Pudukkottai	Sri Dhandayuthapani-swamy temple (M)	51	0.10	Sri Dhandayuthapani-swamy	...
2	104	Vennavalkudi	Sri Karpaga Vinayagar temple (G)	33	0.48	Sri Karpaga Vinayagar	...

TALUK (Concl'd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)				Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Vahanas		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.	Other immovable property		Rs.	Rs.		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Concl'd.)									
Pudukkottai Railway station 12 miles	8.50			Forest 12 acres	Not stated	5		Twice in a day by a Pandaram	No
do	2.50	8.00			Not stated	100		Twice in a week by a hereditary Gurukul	Panguni Uthiram
Pudukkottai Railway station 13 miles	3.00	2.70			200			Once in a week by a Gurukul	Thai Pongal

and Charitable Endowments Board :

Pudukkottai Railway station								Once in a day by a Gurukul	No
Pudukkottai Railway station 13 miles								Once in a week by a Pandaram	No

THIRUMAYAM TALUK

MALAYAKOIL

(Hamlet of 27 Kulamangalam)

Sri Thiruvartu Kaleeswarar Temple

The above cave temple has an interesting origin which is as follows:—

Two clans - Konattar and Kanattar - were ruling the area round the hill at Malayakoil. There was a battle between them at Nachandupatti. Subsequently they met at Malayakoil and came to an agreement that they should each construct a cave temple at the foot of the hill in the village and that the clan which completed the construction first should be deemed to have won the battle. Both started work at the same time and two cave temples came into existence. In both the caves, the Lingams were cut out of the rock. As the konattar completed the work first, this tribe was adjudged to be the victor. The Lingam in the shrine constructed by Konattar is Sri Thiruvartu Kaleeswarar and it is 4' high. No pooja is offered to the Lingam in the cave temple of Kanattar. A separate shrine was constructed for the consort Sri Dharma Samvadhini on the western side of the rock. The stone inscriptions in the cave temple belongs to the period of Sadayavarman Kulasekara Deva Pandian (1190 to 1216). The temple therefore belongs to the late 12th century. The village is 8 miles from Thirumayam, the taluk head quarters, 6 miles from Namana Samudram railway station and 12 miles from Pudukkottai.

There is a shrine for Sri Subramaniam at the top of the hill; this was constructed much later. The height of the rock is 100' and a flight of steps was constructed by one Sri V.M.V. Veerappa Chettiar of Nachandupatti. A shorter flight of steps was constructed by the P.R.m. family of Nachandupatti. There are thus two flights of steps by which devotees can reach the shrine of Lord Subramania. Sri Sathappa Chettiar made additions to the temple of Sri Kaleeswarar and dug the tank on the eastern side of the rock. The cave temple of Sri Thiruvartu Kaleeswarar covers an area of three cents. In front of the cave are a Jadamuni, Nandhi and Sri Vinayagar. The idols of Sri Saneeswarar and the Navagrahas also have been installed. There are no festival idols in the Siva temple and no festivals are celebrated in the temple. Thai Poosam festival for 10 days is observed in Sri Subramaniam temple where

there are festival idols. About 2,000 devotees attend the festival.

Poojas are performed twice a day. Two Gurukkals who are in the enjoyment of 17.61 acres of wet and 20 cents of dry lands meet the expenses of the morning poojas. An extent of 28.80 acres of wet and 57.46 acres of dry lands is under the control of a trustee who makes a payment of Rs. 210/- per annum towards the expenses of the evening poojas. The present trustee is the direct descendent of Sri Muthukumara Pillai, Diwan of Pudukkottai State who was responsible for the development of agriculture in the state. The income under hundi collections and other items is Rs. 1,180/- per annum. There is a peacock vahanam in the Devasthanam which is painted with colours.

Five trustees manage the temple.

85 THIRUMAYAM

Sri Sathyagireeswarar Temple

The area was once a dense bamboo forest. Sri Parvathi Devi did penance here and got reunited with the Lord. She came to be known as Sri Venuvaneswari, (Venu in Sanskrit means bamboo). The Lord's name is Sri Sathyagireeswarar. Both are facing east. This is one of the rock-cut temples built by Mahendra Varma Pallavan. The Lingam is at the western end of the cave. The sanctum of the Lord, and the arthamandapam are part of the cave, the Nandhi also has been installed within it. There is a granite idol of Sri Natarajar which is 4' high. As Vinayaga's trunk is turned to the right he is known as Valampuri Vinayagar. There are several other idols which are usually found in a Siva temple. The festival idol is Sri Somaskandar. The temple is about half a mile from Thirumayam railway station on the Tiruchirapalli-Karaikkudi railway line. There are beautiful carvings in the shrine. The temple was renovated by Saathamaaran who belongs to the period of Nandivarman II. There are stone inscriptions on the rocks in the flower garden attached to the temple.

Poojas are performed 4 times a day, by a Gurukkal who is in the enjoyment of service inam lands. The temple owns jewels worth Rs. 50,000/-. The income under archana and other charges is Rs. 250/- per annum. There are several vahanas and two cars. The main annual festivals are celebrated in Chithiai and Adi when 500 devotees assemble.

The temple is managed by five trustees.

123 ARIMALAM

Sri Sellayyanar Temple

The story relating to the construction of the temple is as follows :—

About 200 years ago, while the Raja of Ramnad was riding on his horse on his way to Thanjavur, the animal laid down on the spot where the temple now stands. Threats and cajoles were of no avail. On enquiry, the Raja was told by a blacksmith that Sri Ayyanar was residing on the spot for whom a temple has to be constructed. The Raja agreed to build a shrine. The blacksmith then took some sacred ash, prayed to Sri Ayyanar and applied it to the horse which rose up and became normal. The Raja fulfilled his promise and the temple came into existence. Renovations were made about 100 years ago and again about 20 years back. The village is 11 miles from the Thirumayam railway station and the distance can be covered by bus. Bus service from Pudukkottai is also available

to reach the village. The temple covers an area of 13 cents and the main tower is 15' high.

The presiding deity is Sri Sellayyanar in a sitting posture. He is 2½' high. Sri Porkodiyal and Sri Poorna Devi, the consorts are also in a sitting pose. They are 2' and 1½' high. The other deities in the temple are Sri Vigneswarar, Subramaniam, Chinna Karuppar, Kali, Muneeswarar and Bhairavar.

Poojas are performed twice a day by Poosaries belonging to the potter community. Their office is hereditary. They are in the enjoyment of 3.10 acres of wet and 77 cents of dry lands. The yield is 15 bags of paddy; the pooja expenses are met out of this income. The vahanas consist of a silver horse (4¾' high), a wooden horse and a wooden elephant. Vaikasi Visakam and Navarathri are the annual festivals observed in the temple. About 1,000 devotees attend them.

The temple is managed by a trustee.

THIRUMAYAM

Sl. No.	L. C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
1	9	Keelathanyam	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	200	0.03	Sri Varadarajaperumal	...
2	14	Nerinjikudi	Sri Azhagaperumal temple (V)	1300	0.14	Sri Azhagaperumal Sri Ubayanachiar	...
3	17	Gudalur	Sri Peria Ayyanar temple (O)	150	0.50	Sri Peria Ayyanar	Sri Sivakami Sri Veeramahakali Sri Karuppar Sri Vinayagar
4	26	Nachandupatti	Sri Chidambareswarar temple (S)	75	0.60	Sri Chidambareswarar Sri Sivakamiambal	Sri Natarajar Sri Mahalakshmi Sri Dhakshinamurthy
5	28	Panayapatti	Sri Chockalingameenakshi Sundareswarar temple (S)	40	0.20	Sri Chockalingameenakshi Sundareswarar Sri Meenakshiamman	Sri Annamalaiyar Sri Chandikeswarar Sri Dhakshinamurthy
6	31	Valakurichi	Sri Nageswarar temple (S)	100	0.07	Sri Nageswarar	...
7	„	do	Sri Varadarajar temple (V)	100	0.08	Sri Varadarajar	...
8	„	do	Sri Kalari Peria Ayyanar temple (O)	100	0.05	Sri Kalari Peria Ayyanar	...
9	„	do	Sri Thayumana Pillayar temple (G)	100	0.02	Sri Thayumana Pillayar	...
10	„	do	Sri Veeradushtanayagi temple (F)	100	0.02	Sri Veeradushtanayagi	...
11	35	Karaiyur	Sri Ariaperumal temple (V)	200	0.04	Sri Ariaperumal	...
12	„	do	Sri Muthumariamman Temple (F)	150	1.00	Sri Muthumariamman	Sri Vinayagar Sri Karuppar Sri Bhairavar

TALUK

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)				Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.	Other immovable property		Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board									
Pudukkottai Railway station 18 miles	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Daily poojas by a hereditary Bhattachariar	No
Pudukkottai Railway station 14 miles	3.63	...	...	...	300	...	...	Twice in a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar	No
Pudukkottai Railway station 12 miles	5.00	...	...	...	250	273	Ratham	Once in a day by a hereditary Ambalakkarar	Ayyanar festival once in a year
Namana Samudram Railway station 4 miles	...	...	...	...	...	...	Rathams-2 Rishabam Peacock Mooshigam	Four times a day by a Gurukkal	No
Namana Samudram Railway station 8 miles	...	...	0.36	5-Houses	240	...	Horse Rishabams-2 Ratham	do	No
Namana Samudram Railway station	}	}	}	}	}	}	}	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
do								Once in a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar	No
do								Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Ayyanar festival once in two years
do								Twice in a day by a hereditary Poosari	No
do								Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
Pudukkottai Railway station 16 miles	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Twice in a week by a Pandaram	No
do	...	...	...	...	...	134	Bhutham Horse Yali	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Annual festival in Vaikasi

THIRUMAYAM

Sl. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
13	35	Karaiyur	Sri Sundararaja Perumal temple (V)	200	0.75	Sri Sundararaja Perumal Sridevi, Bhudevi	...
14	48	Sundaram	Sri Malaya Perumal Ayyanar temple (O)	150	0.05	Sri Malayaperumal Ayyanar	Sri Karuppar
15	„	do	Sri Thanthonreeswarar temple (S)	1300	1.00	Sri Thanthonreeswarar Sri Anandhavalliambal	...
16	„	do	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	1300	0.09	Sri Varadarajaperumal Sri Ubayanachiar	Sri Thumbikkai Alwar Sri Nammalwar Sri Garudalwar
17	„	do	Sri Veeramakaliamman temple (F)	1300	0.07	Sri Veeramakaliamman	Sri Chinna-karuppar Sri Periakaruppar Sri Sapthakannigas Sri Dhwarapalakas
18	„	do	Sri Vinayagar temple (G)			Sri Vinayagar	...
19	50	Kannaiyur	Sri Muthumariamman temple (F)	2000	0.31	Sri Muthumariamman	Sri Panaiyadi-karuppar Sri Bhairavar
20	53	Kandianatham	Sri Kuravalikadu Ayyanar temple (O)	250	0.13	Sri Kuravalikadu Ayyanar	Sri Pidari
21	54	Valayapatti H/o Ponnamaravathi Natham	Sri Valampurinathar temple (S)	70	0.34	Sri Valampurinathar Sri Vaduvagur Vazhial	Sri Muniandi Sri Chandikeswarar
22	57	Varpet	Sri Viswanathaswamy temple (S)	100	0.03	Sri Viswanathaswamy Sr Visalakshiamman	Sri Annamalaiyar Sri Dhurgai Sri Chandikeswarar
23	59	Thirukalambur	Sri Vellayappaswamy temple (S)	100	0.05	Sri Vellayappaswamy Sri Ambal	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road (9)	Wet A.C. (10)	Dry A.C. (11)	Wet and dry A.C. (12)	Other im- movable property (13)	Annual in- come from the immova- ble property Rs. (14)	Movable property Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs. (15)	Vahanas (16)	Arrangements for daily poojas (17)	Festivals (18)	
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)										
Pudukkottai Railway station 16 miles	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
Namana Samudram Railway station 12 miles	14.33	...	...	...	150	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Velar	No
Namana Samudram Railway station 13 miles	}	133.06	...	3,000	100	...	Four times a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar	No
do		...	...	...	600	225	Garuda	Twice in a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar	Vaikunta Ekadasi
do		3.43	4.10	200	20	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Pillai	No
do	1.34	1.64	...	...	...	...	...	Twice in a week by a hereditary Pillai	No
Namana Samudram Railway station 18 miles	30.26	...	...	...	300 bags of Paddy	19,582	Ratham Swan } (Sil- Lion } ver)	Thrice in a day by a Pandaram	Annual festival in Panguni
Namana Samudram Railway station 22 miles	...	...	...	...	...	400	...	Twice in a day by a hereditary Ambalakkarar	No
Namana Samudram Railway station 19 miles	30.00	...	...	...	600	...	Ratham Sooran Risbabams-2 Peacock (Silver)	Four times a day by a Gurukkal	Thai Poosam Panguni Uthiram Skandha Sashti
Namana Samudram Railway station 23 miles	...	16.00	...	...	485	250	Ratham Peacock	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
Namana Samudram Railway station 25 miles	6.01	4.00	Tamarind trees-10	...	320	25	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No	

THIRUMAYAM

Sl. No.	L. C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religions							
24	60	Vendampatti	Sri Meenakshi Chockalingeswarar temple (S)	51	0.06	Sri Meenakshi Chockalingeswarar Sri Meenakshi	Sri Natarajar Sri Durgai Sri Mahalakshmi
25	"	Melasivapuri H/o Vendampatti	Sri Meenakshi Sundareswarar temple (S)	49	3.00	Sri Meenakshi Sundareswarar Sri Meenakshiamman	Sri Chockanathar
26	65	Kulipirai	Sri Meenakshi Sundareswarar temple (S)	57	0.60	Sri Meenakshi Sundareswarar Sri Meenakshiamman	Sri Dhandayudhapani
27	68	Verachilai	Sri Sundara Vinayagar temple (G)	14	0.07	Sri Sundara Vinayagar	
28	78	Sengirai	Sri Malaikoluntheeswarar temple (S)	300	0.60	Sri Malaikoluntheeswarar Sri Amman	Sri Chandikeswarar Sri Gajalakshmi
29	"	do	Sri Sellayiamman temple (F)	50	0.05	Sri Sellayiamman	Sri Pillayar Sri Karuppar Sri Pechiamman
30	"	Alangudy H/o Sengirai	Sri Thanthoneeswarar temple (S)	150	0.22	Sri Thanthoneeswarar Sri Dharmanayagi	
31	79	Rayavaram	Sri Srinivasaperumal temple (V)	60	0.14	Sri Srinivasaperumal Sri Alamelumaigai	Sri Andal Sri Garudalwar Sri Anjaneyar
32	"	do	Sri Vanamkatha Ayyanar temple (O)	180	0.14	Sri Vanamkatha Ayyanar	Sri Pillayar Sri Periakaruppar Sri Adaikalankathar Sri Muni Sri Nondikaruppar Sri Katteri
33	85	Thirumayam	Sri Muthumariamman temple (F)	140	3.31	Sri Muthumariamman	
34	95	Kurivikondanpatti	Sri Chockalingeswarar temple (S)	30	0.50	Sri Chockalingeswarar Sri Meenakshiamman	Sri Lakshmi Sri Bhairavar Sri Suriar
35	103	Neivasal	Sri Thittani Ayyanar temple (O)	500	0.17	Sri Thittani Ayyanar	Sri Karuppar Sri Subramaniam Sri Veerabhadrar Sri Chinnakaruppar Sri Kali
36	108	Konapet	Sri Karpaga Vinayagar temple (G)	500	0.73	Sri Karpaga Vinayagar	Sri Muneeswarar Sri Umamaheswarar

TALUK (Contd.)

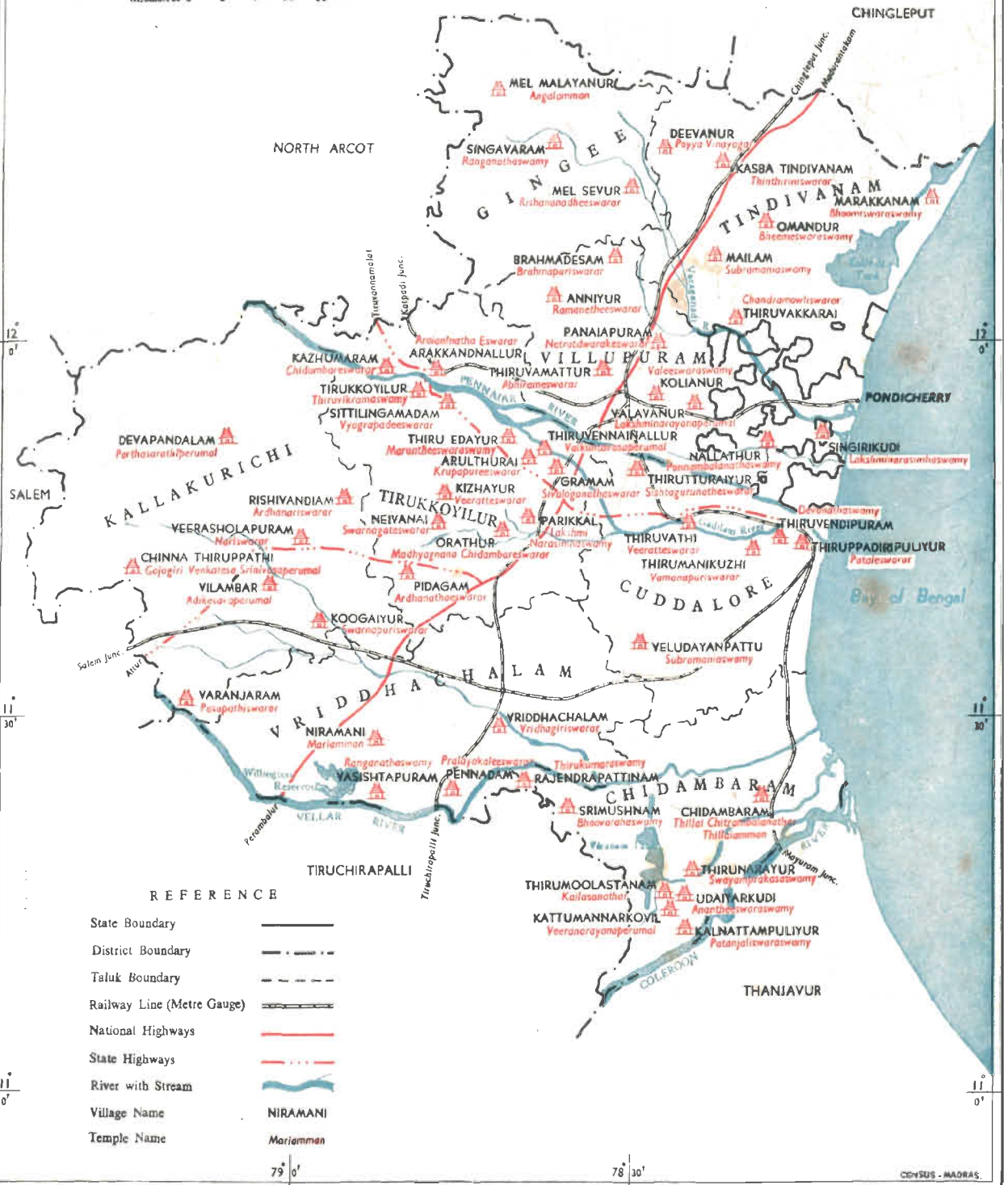
Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)		Wet Other im-		Annual in- come from the immova- ble property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet A.C.	movable dry property (13)		Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Namana Samudram Railway station 21 miles	14.00	5.00	...	...	320	1,000	Rishabams-2 Peacock Mooshigam	Four times a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Vaikasi Visakam
Pudukkottai Railway station	...	...	...	Thoppu 2 acres	2-bags of Paddy	...	Kedayam Horse Rishabams-2 Horse Peacock Mooshigam	do	Avani Moolam
Namana Samudram Railway station 8 miles	8.00	7.00	...	...	100	172	Rathams-2 Palanquin	Five times a day by a Gurukkal	Navarathri, Thiru- vathirai, Ani Thirumanjanam
Thirumayam Railway station 6 miles	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Once in a day by a Pandaram	No
Thirumayam Railway station 5 miles	30.00	10.00	...	...	700	1,100	Ratham Palanquin Rishabam(Silver) Horse Kedayam	Four times a day by a Gurukkal	Masi Magam Navarathri
do	3.50	1.50	...	...	120	25	Peacock Rishabam Yali, Horse Elephant	Once in a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar	Annual festival in Vaikasi for 10 days
do	3.50	2.00	...	...	225	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
Pudukkottai Railway station 3 miles	3.00	...	...	...	334	...	...	Once in a day by a Bhattachariar	No
do	2.00	...	...	...	200	...	Horse	Once in a day by a hereditary Velar	Annual festival in Adi
Thirumayam Railway station 5 furlongs	...	...	...	...	...	...	Ratham Horse Rishabam Lion Swan	Twice in a day by a hereditary Pandaram	Karagam festival in Panguni
Namana Samudram Railway station 15 miles	17.13	47.49	...	...	455	65	Bandicoot Rishabams-3 Horse Peacock	Five times a day by a Gurukkal	No
Thirumayam Railway station 10 miles	11.00	4.30	...	...	250	20,000	Ratham	Twice in a day by a hereditary Velar	Sivarathri
Konapet Railway station 4½ miles	8.00	...	...	3-Build- ings	800	...	...	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	No

THIRUMAYAM

Sl. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
37	108	Konapet	Sri Koppidariamman temple (F)	500	0.35	Sri Koppidariamman	Sri Periakaruppar Sri Chinnakaruppar
38	109	Adanur	Sri Kailasanathar temple (S)	250	0.05	Sri Kailasanathar Sri Perianayagi- amman	...
39	„	Kovilpatti H/o Adanur	Sri Sengaiamman temple (F)	250	0.05	Sri Sengaiamman	...
40	123	Arimalam	Sri Vilangiamman temple (F)	200	0.13	Sri Vilangiamman	Sri Paludaiyar Sri Karuppar Sri Vinayagar
41	„	do	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	200	0.24	Sri Mariamman	Sri Vinayagar Sri Kathavarayar
42	„	do	Sri Meenakshi Sundareswarar temple (S)	150	0.61	Sri Meenakshi Sundareswarar	Sri Annamalaiyar Sri Brahma Sri Durgai Sri Mahalakshmi Sri Chandikeswarar
43	„	do	Sri Srinivasaperumal temple (V)	90	0.39	Sri Srinivasaperumal Sridevi, Bhudevi	Sri Alwars Sri Vigneswarar Sri Desigar Sri Hanumar Sri Ramar Sri Lakshmanar Sri Seetha
44	128	Agavayal	Sri Viswanathaswamy temple (S)	450	0.28	Sri Viswanathar Sri Visalakshi	Sri Chandikeswarar
45	161	Embal	Sri Agastheeswarar temple (S)	150	0.45	Sri Agastheeswarar Sri Umayambigai	...
46	„	do	Sri Muthu Ayyanar temple (O)	300	0.08	Sri Ayyanar	Sri Karuppar
47	„	do	Sri Kaliyamman temple (F)	300	0.08	Sri Kaliyamman	...

PART II
SOUTH ARCOT DISTRICT

Location of Important Temples in SOUTH ARCOT DISTRICT



SOUTH ARCOT DISTRICT

INTRODUCTION

South Arcot has quite a number of ancient temples dating back to the seventh century. Sri Nataraja temple at Chidambaram belongs to a still earlier period. There are several places of interest in the district. The inscriptions in the rock-cut cave temple at Mandagapattu show that Mahendravarman, the Pallava ruler built it without bricks, timber, metal or mortar which is direct evidence that the earlier temples were constructed of perishable materials. Sri Sundaramurthy Nayanar who was born at Navalur realised his greatness at Tiruvannainallur, the birth place of Sadayappa Mudaliar, the patron of Kambar the greatest among the Tamil poets. When Mahendravarman, the Pallava ruler who was a Jain in his earlier years, tied Saint Thirunavukkarasu Nayanar (Appar) to a stone and threw him into the Bay of Bengal for having rejoined the Hindu fold, the saint reached the shore safely near Thiruppapuliur (Cuddalore N.T.). This miracle was directly responsible for the ruler himself embracing Hinduism. It was at Thiruvathigai that Appar was cured of his acute stomach pain by taking a pinch of sacred ash given by his sister Thilakavathi and became a Hindu. At Arakkandanallur when the Jains closed the sanctum of the Lord with a slab of granite, Sri Thirugnana Sambandar made the slab move away of its own accord by his divine songs. The 40 acres famous temple for Sri Nataraja (Sri Chitrambalanathar) in Chidambaram which is the seat of "Akaya Lingam" has no properties but is maintained out of "Kattalais". In the temple for Sri Ardhanareeswarar at Rishivadaim, when the Lingam is bathed in honey, the image of Sri Uma will be visible in the upper part of the Lingam. In fact almost all places included in the narrative part of the directory have some special features of interest.

The taluk wise break-up of the temples is as follows :—

<i>Name of Taluk</i>	<i>Temples</i>		<i>Total</i>
	<i>Under the Board</i>	<i>Outside the Board</i>	
1 Gingee	27	13	40
2 Tindivanam	74	2	76
3 Villupuram	108	3	111
4 Thirukoilur	99	3	102
5 Kallakurichi	70	6	76
6 Vriddhachalam	184	10	194
7 Cuddalore	143	8	151
8 Chidambaram	169	33	202
Total	874	78	952

The distribution of temples according to the presiding deity is as follows :—

<i>Presiding deities</i>	<i>Temples</i>		<i>Total</i>
	<i>Under the Board</i>	<i>Outside the Board</i>	
Siva and His consort	297	12	309
Vishnu and His consort	205	10	215
Murugan	32	4	36
Goddesses (Village deities)	156	26	182
Vinayagar	90	15	105
Others	94	11	105
Total	874	78	952

The number of Saivite temples is 450 while the Vaishnavite shrines are 215.

The following statement shows the area covered by the temples.

Extent	Temples		Total
	Under the Board	Outside the Board	
Below 5 cents	208	39	247
5 cents and above but below 20 cents ...	200	8	208
20 cents and above but below 1 acre ...	239	12	251
1 acre and above but below 2 acres ...	102	4	106
2 acres and above but below 5 acres	49	2	51
5 acres and above but below 10 acres ...	11	...	11
10 acres and above	2	...	2
Area not stated ...	63	13	76
Total	874	78	952

It may be seen from the above statement that while only 2 temples cover an area of 10 acres and more, 247 shrines are small ones covering less than 5 cents. The majority of temples namely 565, occupy an extent of 5 cents to 2 acres.

In 90 out of 300 Siva temples the presiding deity is a Swayambu Lingam, in 209 shrines the Moolavar is an installed Lingam, while in the remaining temple the presiding deity is represented by a Jothi (Lamp). The position of deities in 602 temples, excluding 50 shrines where the position is not specified, is as follows:—

Standing pose	...	407
Sitting pose	...	165
Lying pose	...	9
Picture	...	1
Ant-Hill	...	2
Trident	...	2
Others	...	61
Total	...	602

The following statement regarding poojas will be interesting:—

Name of the deity	Temples under the Board			Temples outside the Board			Total		
	No. of temples where poojas are performed	No. of temples where priest is		No. of temples where poojas are performed	Temples where the priest is		No. of temples where poojas are performed	No. of temples where the priest is	
		Brahmin	Others		Brahmin	Others		Brahmin	Others
Siva ...	287	280	7	10	9	1	297	289	8
Vishnu ...	202	183	19	10	8	2	212	191	21
Murugan ...	31	25	6	3	2	1	34	27	7
Vinayagar ...	87	50	37	13	5	8	100	55	45
Goddesses (Village deities) ...	152	38	114	23	4	19	175	42	133
Others ...	92	27	65	12	4	8	104	31	73
Total ...	851	603	248	71	32	39	922	635	287

In the majority of Siva, Vishnu and Murugan temples, the priest is a Brahmin. Out of 100 temples for Vinayagar, the priest is a Brahmin in 55 shrines. Brahmin priests are found in 73 out of 279 temples for village Goddesses and other deities. In the bigger Siva temples, after the recitation of Vedas in Sanskrit by the Gurukkals, Thevaram is sung in Tamil by Pandarams who are known as 'Othuvvars'. In Vishnu temples the Bhattachariars recite Vedas in Sanskrit and Thiruvaimozhi in Tamil.

Though the language of the Madras State is Tamil, poojas are performed in Sanskrit in all the important temples in the State. It is based on the assumption that Devas (Gods) should be worshipped in their language and that Sanskrit should be the medium of worship as it is supposed to be the language of the Gods. The historical explanation is that Sanskrit was the language of the Brahmins who held sway in the temples. The fusion of Aryan and Dravidian cultures elevated the position of Brahmins in South India and with the rise of the Vijayanagar empire, Sanskrit became universal. At the same time the practice of reciting Tamil hymns was in vogue for at least a thousand years. "From the time of Parantaka-I (907—955) there is a regular series of endowments recorded in the epigraphs of the Chola Thonda Mandalam (*i.e.* roughly Madras, Chingleput, South Arcot, Thanjavur and Tiruchirapalli districts) for the recitation of these hymns in temples to the accompaniment of instrumental music. The mention of Devara Nayakar, that is, Superintendent of Thevaram in the reign of Rajendra-I, implies a regular State Department regulating this work and securing its performance". The hymns of Nayanmars had attained the status of divine literature by the tenth century.

Regarding Vaishnavite temples also there is epigraphic evidence that at least from the time of Raja Raja Chola-I, Thiruvaimozhi was recited in Vaishnavite temples during worship. One inscription of A.D. 1242 mentions a choir of 58 Brahmins reciting Thirumozhi (Sacred word-short for Thiruvaimozhi) in Kanchipuram. This would show that Tamil was the language of worship in the temples before the rise of the Vijayanagar empire.

No ornaments are found in 639 temples. Forty-three temples have not furnished any details under the

head. The classification of the remaining 270 temples according to value of jewellery owned by them is as follows:—

Value of Jewellery	Temples		Total
	Under the Board	Outside the Board	
Rs.			
500 and below	163	7	170
501 — 1,000	43	1	44
1,001 — 5,000	34	2	36
5,001 — 10,000	8	...	8
10,001 — 50,000	7	...	7
50,001 — 100,000	1	...	1
100,001 — 500,000	4	...	4
500,001 — 1,000,000	...	...	...
Above ten lakhs	...	...	...
Total	260	10	270

The following are the five temples which own ornaments worth more than Rs. 50,000/—

Sri Subramaniaswamy temple—Mailam
 Sri Vridhagireeswarar temple—Vridhachalam
 Sri Pataleswarar temple—Thiruppapuliur
 Sri Devanadhaswamy temple—Thiruvendipuram
 Sri Bhuvarahaswamy temple—Srimushnam

Except 72 temples, the others own immovable properties. Excluding 75 temples which have not given details of income, the classification of 805 temples which derive an income from immovable properties is shown below.

Annual Income	No. of Temples		Total
	Under the Board	Outside the Board	
Rs.			
500 and below	349	38	387
501 — 1,000	193	4	197
1,001 — 5,000	182	7	189
5,001 — 10,000	20	...	20
10,001 — 50,000	12	...	12
Total	756	49	805

Of the 12 temples getting an income above Rs. 10,000/- Sri Pataleswarar temple in Thiruppapuliyur gets the highest income namely Rs. 40,000/- per annum.

Sri Subramaniaswamy temple at Mailam and Sri Varadaraja Perumal temple at Vattathurai (Chidambaram taluk) are running schools.

526 temples have no cars or vahanas. Annual festivals are celebrated in all except 394 temples. The classification of the remaining 558 shrines on the basis of number of festivals observed is as follows:—

No. of festivals in a year	Temples		Total
	Under the Board	Outside the Board	
One Festival	234	17	251
Two Festivals	95	6	101
Three Festivals	67	2	69
Four Festivals	42	...	42
5 to 10 Festivals	85	2	87
11 to 20 Festivals	7	1	8
Total	530	28	558

The size of the crowd that gathers for the festivals, exceeds 500 in 224 temples.

Out of 874 temples under the control of the Hindu Religious and Charitable Endowments Board, paid Executive Officers have been appointed by the Board for 21 temples.

There are no trustees for 75 temples. There is a single trustee for 437 temples and a Board consisting of more than one trustee is in charge of 395 temples. Particulars under this head have not been furnished by 45 temples.

Age and Architecture of temples :

Sri P. V. Jagadisa Ayyar, in his "South Indian Shrines" has observed:—

"The inscriptions recorded in temples generally supply us only with dates for the several charities

made and occasionally also for the construction of certain mandapas and tanks subsequently put up. They do not, therefore, give us any clue as to the origin of the main shrines or of the connected structures. This is always the case of the majority of South Indian temples.....Every temple has necessarily, to recognise as almost a tenet of Hinduism that the Gods worshipped within are ancient.....Consequently for securing great antiquity to the God, so old as even to be worshipped by Sun, Moon or other early sages, people purposely avoid giving the date of consecration of the temples". This is true of temples in South Arcot district. The particulars given under the age of the temples in the questionnaire are in most cases more a conjecture than any approximation to fact. An analysis of the details given under this head reveals the following position regarding the age of temples in the district:—

Before Christ	14
Upto Seventh century	15
Seventh century to 1750	221
After 1750	527
Details not given	175
Total	952

The age of 29 temples said to have been built prior to 600 A.D. cannot be correct. Some sort of shrines for worship existed in these places, and later temples were built in such places. As mentioned by Benjamin Rowland in his "The Art and Architecture of India", the Mamallapuram group of temples had architectural forbears which have failed to survive the ravages of time. There is a large gap in our knowledge of Dravidian temples prior to the 7th century A.D. "The fact that Mahendra Varman, the Pallava ruler (580 to 630 A.D.) has inscribed in the rock-cut cave temple at Mandagapattu that he built it without bricks, timber, metal or mortar shows that the early temples were built of perishable materials and all of them ceased to exist".

The Archaeological Department of the Government of India (Temple Survey Section) has not been able to furnish any information regarding the age of temples in the district. An attempt has been made to estimate the origin of a few temples with

reference to the visits of Nayanmars and Alvars, their style of architecture and other details available.

As Saints Thirunavukkarasar and/or Thirugnana Sambandar have sung about the following deities, these temples belong to the 7th century even though the existing structures may be of a later period.

1. Sri Tinthirineeswarar temple, Tindivanam, Tindivanam Taluk
 2. Sri Chandra Mouleswarar temple, Thiruvakkarai, Tindivanam Taluk
 3. Sri Netrothdwarakeswarar temple, Panaipuram, Villupuram Taluk
 4. Sri Abhirameswarar temple, Thiruvamattur, Villupuram Taluk
 5. Sri Chidambareswarar temple, Kazhumaram, Thirukoilur Taluk
 6. Sri Araiani Nathar temple, Arakkandanallur, Thirukoilur Taluk
 7. Sri Sivaloganatheswarar temple, Gramam, Thirukoilur Taluk
 8. Sri Veeretteswarar temple, Kiliyur, Thirukoilur Taluk
 9. Sri Swarnagateswarar temple, Neiveni, Thirukoilur Taluk
 10. Sri Swarnapureeswarar temple, Koogaiyur, Kallakurichi Taluk
 11. Sri Vridhagireeswarar temple, Vriddhachalam, Vriddhachalam Taluk
 12. Sri Pralayakaliswarar temple, Pennadam, Vriddhachalam Taluk
 13. Sri Ponnambalanathar temple, Nallathur, Cuddalore Taluk
 14. Sri Pataleeswarar temple, Cuddalore, Cuddalore Taluk
 15. Sri Veereteswarar temple, Thiruvathigai, Cuddalore Taluk
- (There is a panel of Sri Somaskandar on the back wall of the sanctum in this temple; it therefore belongs to the early Pallava period).
16. Sri Swayamprakasaswamy temple, Thiru Naraiyur, Vriddhachalam Taluk.

The temple of Sri Thillai Chitrambalanathar (Chidambaram) belongs to an earlier period since the material used for the sanctum is timber and as Simha Varma Pallavan (550-575) visited the temple, bathed in the tank, got relief from his skin disease and came to be known as Hiranya Varman. The inscriptions in Sri Ranganathaswamy temple, Singavaram (Gingee taluk) and in Sri Valiswaraswamy

temple at Kolianur (Villupuram taluk) show that they were built in the Pallava period. Sri Thirumoolar, who belongs to a period earlier than the Nayanmars has visited the temple at Orathur. However, the old temple was destroyed during the Carnatic wars and the existing small structure is of recent origin.

The following temples may be placed in the 8th century as Sri Sundaramurthy Nayanar has sung about them.

1. Sri Rishaba Nadheeswarar temple, Melsevur, Gingee Taluk
2. Sri Marundheeswarar temple, T.Ediyur, Thirukoilur Taluk
3. Sri Krupa Pureeswarar temple, Thiruvannainallur, Thirukoilur Taluk
4. Sri Sishta Gurunatheswarar temple, Thiruthoraiyur, Cuddalore Taluk
5. Sri Pathanjaleeswarar temple, Kalnattapuliur, Chidambaram Taluk

The temple for Sri Thiruvikramaswamy at Thirukoilur has been sung by the Alvars, who belong to a period earlier than the earliest Nayanmars. As Thirumangai Alwar has composed verses about Sri Devanathaswamy at Thiruvendipuram (Cuddalore taluk) it was a well known temple in the 8th century.

Information regarding the age of the following temples also is available.

1. Sri Angalamman temple, Mel Malayanur (Gingee Taluk) Chera period
2. Sri Poyya Vinayagar temple, Deevanur (Tindivanam Taluk) Raja Desingh period
3. Sri Bheemeswarar temple, Omandur (Tindivanam Taluk) 14th century
4. Sri Subramaniaswamy temple, Mailam (Tindivanam Taluk) 12th century
5. Sri Thillaiamman temple, Chidambaram (Chidambaram Taluk) 13th century

While the above details show that the temples belong to the 7th or 8th centuries or to an earlier date, there is no information regarding the age of the existing structures in most cases. It is possible that additions were made piecemeal. In fact in respect of Sri Chitrambalanathar temple at Chidambaram, the four main towers were built by various rulers between the 12th and 16th centuries.

GINGEE TALUK

53 MELMALAYANUR

Sri Angalamman temple

The above temple in Melmalayanur belongs to the Chera period as evidenced by the stone inscriptions in it. It is 13 miles from Gingee and 20 miles from Thiruvannamalai railway station. Sri Angalaparameswari the presiding deity is seated on a lion. Persons who are possessed by evil spirits get relief if they worship the deity. As She is an incarnation of Sri Uma, a Sivalingam has also been installed in the temple. The ant-hill in the temple is considered holy. A saint by name Sannumunivar has composed verses in praise of the deity. The temple facing north, with three pragamams, covers an area of 50 cents.

Poojas are performed twice a day by the hereditary Trustees. There are seven families, entitled to this right and a member of each of these families offers poojas for a year by rotation. The priests wear a Sivalingam in a pèndant. The main source of their income is the offering of the devotees. The temple owns modern jewellery worth about Rs. 1,500/- donated by devotees. It owns 6.09 acres of wet and 10.38 acres of dry lands which are leased out. These fetch 780 Madras measures of paddy and Rs. 100/- in cash. The temple derives an additional income of Rs. 10,000/- per year by way of hundi collections. The hundis are opened on a fixed date during the festival season, in the presence of all the trustees.

The temple owns a car, a palanquin and seven other vahanas, all made of wood. It celebrates festivals every month, throughout the year. Of these the Brahmotsavam in the month of February and March for a period of 13 days, is the main one which attracts about 50,000 devotees from the neighbouring villages and towns.

The temple is managed by a Board of seven trustees.

90 SINGAVARAM

Sri Ranganathaswamy temple

Singavaram is a village, which is 20 miles from Tindivanam railway station and 3 miles from Gingee,

the taluk headquarters. The temple belongs to the Pallava period as evidenced by the stone inscriptions. It is built over a small hillock. Sri Ranganathaswamy, His consort Sri Ranganayaki and Sri Durgai are the presiding deities of the temple. There is a Gopuram, 40' high with a base of 16' in length and 14' in breadth. The Moolvar Perumal is lying flat on his back. It is believed that this shrine has been visited by Sri Ramanujar.

Poojas are performed twice a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar. He is paid a monthly salary of Rs. 3/- and a daily allowance of one measure of rice from the revenues of the temple. He is also entitled to enjoy the offerings of the devotees.

The temple owns antique jewellery which include a few silver head-wears and four waist bands. The annual income from its immovable properties is Rs. 1,000/-. Under hundi collections, the annual income is Rs. 100/-. The hundi is opened on the Vaikunta Ekadasi day.

The temple owns a 15 years old palanquin which has been donated by the *Kattalaidhars* of Masi Magam. Brahmotsavam, Vaikunta Ekadasi and Masi Magam are the important annual festivals observed by the temple. During Masi Magam, the Perumal is taken to Pondicherry for *Theerthavari*, to Gingee for *Theppotsavam* and then brought back to Singavaram when about 1,000 devotees are present. The expenses of the festivals are met out of endowments made for the purpose.

The temple is managed by a Board of four trustees.

171 MELSEVUR

Sri Rishabanadheeswarar temple

The temple is 7 miles from the Mailam railway station and 10 miles from Gingee, the taluk headquarters. It stands on the banks of the Sankaraparan river. Buses plying between Thiruvannamalai and Tindivanam pass through the village Vallam which is at a distance of about 3 miles from here. The temple belongs to the 8th century. "Eetti Kuthi

MAP EXHIBITING THE CENTRES WHERE

THERE ARE TEMPLES IN



**DURANTHAKAM TALUK
CHINGLEPUT DISTRICT**

BAY OF BENGAL

PONDICHERRY
STATE

CUDDALORE TALUK

CUDDALORE TALUK

Pondicherry State P.S.

Location Code 190

CENSUS • MADRAS.

POLUR TALUK
NORTH ARCOT DISTRICT

WANDIWASH TALUK.
NORTH ARCOT DISTRICT.

TIRUVANNAMALAI TALUK
NORTH ARCOT DISTRICT

GINGEE TALUK

REFERENCE

State Boundary

District Boundary

Taluk Boundary — — — — —

Categories of Temples and

their Symbols.

Siva ①

Vishnu

Murugai

Ganapathi ○

Amma **Δ**

Others

Location Code	Number
190	

Pandian" a Pandya ruler performed a Kumbhabhishegam. Sri Ayyaswamy Chettiar renovated the temple about 67 years ago. There are stone inscriptions and copper sanads to this effect.

There is a legend which says that when a hunter was chasing a bull, its hoofs hit the lingam which lay buried under an ant-hill and blood oozed out. The Lingam, therefore, came to be known as Sri Rishabanathar. A devotee who desired to deposit his deceased ancestor's bones in Banaras found that they turned into flowers when they came into contact with the Sankaraparani river here. The place is therefore considered holier than Banaras. In the Puranas it is known as Thiruvudaiyur.

The temple covers an area of 2.33 acres. It has a tower, 50' high with a base of 27' x 21'. There are 2 pragamams 2 sanctums and 15 artistically carved pillars. Sri Rishabapureeswarar or Sri Rishabanathar and His consort Sri Mangalambikai are the presiding deities of the temple.

The Moolavar is a Swayambu Lingam. Its height and circumference are 6' and 12' respectively. There are a number of festival idols made of Panchalogam for Sri Vinayagar, Chandrasekarar, Somaskandar, Natarajar, Subramaniam with Valli and Devasena, Manickavasagar and Sukravara Amman. The Sthalapuranam of the temple has been written in

verse by Srimathi Asalambikai Ammal and in prose by Sri Arumuga Pavalar. Saint Sundaramoorthy Nayanar has composed songs in praise of the deity. It is stated that white ants have destroyed the Palmyrah leaves on which the songs were written. The place where he made a halt and sang is known as Sundararadinatham.

A non-hereditary Gurukkal who is paid a monthly salary in the form of paddy offers a single pooja. The only jewel which the temple owns is the gold thirumangaylam of the Amman weighing a sovereign, worth about Rs. 100/-. The immovable properties of the temple include a choultry occupied by the Gurukkal, 22.27 acres of wet and 6.16 acres of dry lands which are under lease cultivation. The annual income of the temple, inclusive of Government grant, is Rs. 1,400/-. This is spent towards the salaries of the servants and for conducting the daily poojas of the temple.

Vinayaga Chathurthi, Navarathri, Arudhra Dharisanam, Sivarathri and Karthigai Deepam are the regular annual festivals observed by the temple of which the Arudhra Dharisanam is the main one, which attracts about 500 to 1,000 devotees from the adjoining villages.

A single trustee is managing the affairs of the temple.

GINGEE

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religions							
1	9	Peruvalur	Sri Kotteeswaraswamy temple (S)	300	1.50	Sri Kotteeswaraswamy Sri Kokilambal	...
2	25	Gangapuram	Sri Varadaraja-perumal temple (V)	Not stated	1.00	Sri Varadaraja-perumal Sri Perundevi Thayar	...
3	33	Mel Olakkur	Sri Subramaniaswamy temple (M)	40	0.05	Sri Subramaniaswamy Sri Valli Sri Deivayanai	...
4	34	Veeranamur	Sri Agastheeswaraswamy temple (S)	200	0.21	Sri Agastheeswarar	...
5	"	do	Sri Karivaradaraja-perumal temple (V)	200	0.13	Sri Karivaradaraja-perumal	...
6	55	Thayanur	Sri Vaikunta Perumal temple (V)	150	1.00	Sri Vaikuntaperumal Sri Amman	Sri Anjaneyar
7	59	Avalur (Avalurpet)	Sri Muthialamman temple (F)	300	0.50	Sri Muthialamman	Sri Kathavarayan Sri Angalamman
8	"	do	Sri Mottavinay gar temple (G)	100	0.50	Sri Vinayagar	...
9	"	do	Sri Agastheeswarar temple (S)	300	2.00	Sri Agastheeswarar, Sri Dharma-samvardhini	Sri Dhakshina-moorthy Sri Navagrahas

TALUK

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board									
Polur Railway station 22 miles	16'13	26'00	...	...	2,400	25	Ratham Horse Peacock Kamadhenu Bandicoot Rishabam Sesha	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Brahmothsavam for 10 days in Panguni Skandha Sashti
Tindivanam Railway station 30 miles	2'38	8'27	...	...	Not stated 1 (Dastic allowance Rs. 736/-)	9,500	Ratham Swan Garuda Sesha Hanumar Elephant Horse, Lion	Twice in a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar	Brahmothsavam for 10 days in Vaikasi
Tindivanam Railway station 18 miles	...	...	...	...	...	...	Peacock	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	Brahmothsavam in Panguni
Tindivanam Railway station 15 miles	2'06	6'25	...	...	300	...	...	do	No
do	5'28	1'22	...	...	300	...	...	do	No
Thiruvannamalai Railway station 20 miles	7'27	5'58	...	...	2,250	...	...	Once in a day by a Bhattachariar	No
Thiruvannamalai Railway station 14 miles	...	...	...	10 Shops	1,200	...	...	Once in a day by a Poosari	Mayanakollai on Sivarathri day
do	...	3'24	...	Shandy	6,000	...	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	Vinayaga Chathurthi
do	4'71	3'80	...	...	975	250	Car, Peacock Rishabam Vimanams-2	do	Vasanthotsavam for 10 days in Chithirai

GINGEE

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
10	61	Manandal	Sri Manicka Pillayar temple (G)	100	0.20	Sri Manicka Pillayar	...
11	73	Arugavur	Sri Dhrowpathi-amman temple (F)	150	0.14	Sri Dhrowpathi-amman Sri Dharmarajar	...
12	81	Anangur	Sri Chockanatha-swamy temple (S)	200	2.00	Sri Chockanatha-swamy Sri Meenakshiamman	...
13	89	Sirukadambur H/o Krishna-puram	Sri Sanjeeviroyar temple (V)	500	0.07	Sri Sanjeeviroyar	...
14	89	Sakkarapuram H/o Krishna-puram	Sri Ekambareswarar temple (S)	300	0.10	Sri Ekambareswarar, Sri Kamakshiamman	Sri Dhakshina-moorthy Sri Navagrahas
15	91	Melacheri	Sri Mathaleswarar temple (S)	Not stated	0.30	Sri Mathaleswarar	...
16	92	Sevalapurai	Sri Agastheeswaraswamy temple (S)	800	0.76	Sri Agastheeswarar	...
17	..	do	Sri Venkatesaperumal temple (V)	800	0.30	Sri Venkatesaperumal	...
18	101	Viramanallur H/o Semmedu	Sri Sundareswarar temple (S)	1000	1.25	Sri Sundareswarar Sri Meenakshi-amman	Sri Mahavishnu Sri Amman

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Thiruvannamalai Railway station 18 miles	0.50	...	...	...	125	150	Bandicoot Horse Garuda Vimanams-2	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	Vinayaga Chathurthi
Tindivanam Railway station 13 miles	...	4.87	...	...	500	100	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Gounder	Brahmothsavam once in 3 years
Tindivanam Railway station 15 miles	10.93	19.21	...	...	80 kalams of paddy & Rs. 200/-	...	...	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Arudhra Dharisanam Navarathri Sivarathri Panguni Uthiram Annabishegam
Tindivanam Railway station 18 miles	2.56	14.11	...	...	Income does not accrue	...	...	Once in a week by a hereditary Poosari	No
Tindivanam Railway station 17 miles	1.44	...	...	...	20 kalams of paddy	...	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No
Tindivanam Railway station 22 miles	5.44	...	...	...	2,000	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
Tindivanam Railway station 25 miles	12.15	10.15	...	...	4,000	...	...	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Navarathri Arudhra Dharisanam
do	12.30	10.40	...	...	3,000	...	...	Twice in a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar	Navarathri Garuda Sevai
Thiruvannamalai Railway station 14 miles	4.39	19.95	...	...	300	...	...	Once in a day by a Poosari	Thiruvathirai Karthigai Deepam, Thiru Udal in Thai

GINGEE

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
19	102	Sathiamangalam	Sri Kothandarama-swamy temple (V)	600	0.09	Sri Kothandaramar Sri Sita Devi	Sri Lakshmanar Sri Anjaneyar
20	136	Devadanampettai	Sri Dhrowpathiamman temple (F)	100	0.02	Sri Dhrowpathiamman	...
21	142	Pakkam	Sri Neelamega Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	150	0.20	Sri Neelamega Varadarajaperumal	...
22	156	Ananthapuram	Sri Dhandayuthapani-swamy temple (M)	60	1.00	Sri Dhandayuthapani swamy	...
23	„	do	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	150	0.50	Sri Varadarajaperumal Sri Perundevi Thayar	...
24	185	Thenpudur	Sri Govindarajaperumal temple (V)	100	0.48	Sri Govindarajaperumal Sri Devi, Bhudevi	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Concl.)									
Tindivanam Railway station 24 miles	5.94	13.88	...	...	600	22	Horse Garuda Hanumar	Once in a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar	Navarathri Tamil New Year's day, Vaikunta Ekadasi
Thiruvannamalai Railway station	0.64	4.00	...	...	300	...	...	Twice in a day by a hereditary Pillai	No
Thiruvannamalai Railway station 17 miles	Extent	not stated	...	...	2,000	...	...	Twice in a day by a Bhattachariar	Vaikunta Ekadasi
Villupuram Railway station 17 miles	...	...	...	5-Buildings	400	2,500	Peacock Kamadhenu	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Thai Poosam
do	...	1.21	...	Garden 50 cents & 1-House	360	274	Elephant Garuda Lion Horse	Thrice in a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar	Gokulashtami Garuda Sevai
Mailam Railway station 4 miles	1.06	13.74	...	...	300	...	...	Once in a day by a Gounder	No

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples outside the Hindu Religious							
1	51	Valathy	Sri Arugar temple (S)	150	0.50	Sri Arugar	...
2	56	Nochalur, H/o Kovil-puraiyur	Sri Lakshminarayana Perumal temple (V)	300	Not stated	Sri Lakshminarayana Perumal	Sri Pattabiramar
3	"	do	Sri Dhrowpathi- amman temple (F)			Sri Panchali amman	...
4	"	do	Sri Chandramoulees- warar temple (S)			Sri Chandramoulees- warar	...
5	63	Thorapadi	Sri Arugar temple (S)	Not stated	Not stated	Sri Arugar (alias) Sri Pushpa Dhanthar	...
6	64	Eyyakunam	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	150	0.02	Sri Mariamman	...
7	"	Embalam H/o Eyyakunam	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	175	0.02	Sri Mariamman	...
8	"	Kathapputhur H/o Eyyakunam	Sri Vinayagar temple (G)	150	0.01	Sri Vinayagar	...
9	93	Vadapalai	Sri Venugopalaswamy temple (V)	45	0.06	Sri Venugopalaswamy	...
10	94	Thenpalai	Sri Pillayar temple (G)	320	0.03	Sri Pillayar	...
11	"	do	Sri Pidariamman temple (F)		0.08	Sri Pidariamman	...
12	"	do	Sri Perumal temple (V)		0.04	Sri Perumal	...
13	"	do	Sri Mariamman temple (F)		0.03	Sri Mariamman	...

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other im- movable property	Annual in- come from the im- movable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)

Tindivanam Railway station 25 miles	3'00	5'00	300	...	Ratham Elephant Horse	Twice in a day by a Poosari	Navarathri
Thiruvannamalai Railway station 18 miles	0'62	0'84	100	Once in a day by a Bhattachariar	Sri Rama Navami
do	Once in a day by a Poosari	Fire festival once in 10 years
do	No	No
Thiruvannamalai Railway station 22 miles	3'00	4'00	200	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	No
Thiruvannamalai Railway station	No	Amman festival once in a year
do	No	do
do	No	No
Tindivanam Railway station 25 miles	6'05	3'30	1,000	Once in a day by a Bhattachariar	Tamil New Year's day, Garuda Sevai, Karthigai Deepam Gokulashtami Navarathri Pongal

[illegible]

TINDIVANAM TALUK

103 TINDIVANAM

Sri Thinthirineeswarar temple

Tindivanam which is 76 miles from Madras on the main trunk road is an important railway station between Madras and Villupuram. It is connected by bus service with many centres. All the long distance Madras State Transport buses run by the Government of Madras pass through this place. The temple for Sri Thinthirineeswarar is an ancient one, since Appar has sung about the deity. Sages Thindi, Mundi, Kingily, Kilalai and Thirumoolar have worshipped this deity on their way to attend the horse sacrifice performed by Sri Brahma at Kanchipuram. The present shrine is said to be about 1,000 years old. There are two Lingams in the temple of which one is a Swayambu. The Devi's name is Sri Maragadambigai.

The main gopuram has seven tiers with a base of 50' x 30'. The area covered by the temple is about 1½ acres. Poojas are performed twice a day by a hereditary Gurukkal who is paid a monthly salary of Rs. 7/- and half a measure of rice. The temple has jewels worth about Rs. 4,000/- donated by devotees. Its income from immovable properties is Rs. 6,000/- per annum which is utilised for its maintenance. Under archana charges the annual income does not exceed Rs. 100/-. The temple owns a car and several Vahanas. The car is in a state of disrepair.

The annual festivals observed in the temple are :—

1. Brahmothsavam in Chithirai
2. Thirumanjanam in Ani
3. Deepam in Karthigai
4. Poosam in Thai
5. Magam in Masi
6. Uthiram in Panguni
7. Sivarathri in Masi
8. Arudhra Dharisanam in Margazhi and
9. Annabishegam in Ippasi

Of the above, the Brahmothsavam, Arudhra Dhari-sanam and Annabishegam are the main festivals when numerous devotees visit this place and worship the deity. The third and fourth days of Brahmothsavam when the God and Goddess are taken round in procession are specially important.

The temple is managed by a Board of three trustees.

108 DEEVANUR

Sri Poyya Vinayagar temple

Deevanur is 7 miles from Tindivanam on the road to Gingee. The temple for Sri Poyya Vinayagar with a small gopuram was built when Desingh was the ruler at Gingee. A pepper merchant with a cartload of pepper made a halt near the tank in front of the shrine. The priest asked the merchant to give him some pepper for use in the temple kitchen, to which the latter replied that the bags contained black gram and not pepper. When he reached his shop and opened the bags he found only black gram. He repented for his falsehood and prayed to Sri Vigneswarar that if the bags were converted again into pepper he would donate half the sale proceeds to the temple. His prayer was granted and he fulfilled his promise. From that date no one would utter any untruth before the God who came to be known as Sri Poyya Vinayagar.

The Moolavar has no definite form. There are two festival idols in a standing pose; they are 2' high. Poojas are performed by a priest belonging to Vanniar caste whose office is hereditary; he is paid a monthly salary. The jewels in the temple are worth about Rs. 1,650/-; of these the two silver kavachams worth Rs. 1,250/- were donated by Dr. Guruswamy Mudaliar of Madras and the Zamindar of Choonampet. The temple owns 7.59 acres of wet and 20 acres of dry lands which are under lease cultivation; they fetch an annual income of Rs. 2,500/-. The income from hundi and archana charges is about Rs. 1,500/- per annum. The hundi is opened by the trustee on

every Monday and Friday. The temple owns a palanquin and a horse vahanam made of wood ; the latter was made in 1962. Brahmotsavam in the month of Chithirai is the only festival observed in the temple. The car festival is also celebrated then when 15,000 devotees from villages within a radius of 10 miles attend.

A hereditary trustee is managing the affairs of the temple.

131 MARAKKANAM or MERKANAM

Sri Bhoomeswaraswamy temple

Marakkanam is 22 miles from Tindivanam and there is a bus every one hour between these two places. It is connected by bus service with Madras, Villupuram and Cuddalore also. The temple was built by a Chola ruler about 1,000 years ago. There are stone inscriptions relating to the Chola period. On the forehead of the Moolavar there is a brassband of 2' in width similar to the one tied round the "Marakkal" a measure used for measuring grains. There are two stories regarding the presiding deity :—

(i) A Saivite devotee placed a marakkal upside down and worshipped it ; as the marakkal was turned into the presiding deity, the place came to be known as Marakkanam which is a corrupt term for marakkal kanom (மரக்கால் காணம்).

(ii) A devotee had a dream about the presence of the Lingam under the ground ; while digging the ground to take out the Lingam, the crow bar hit it and blood oozed out. He installed it after fixing up a band to cover up the wound.

According to legend the deity was worshipped by Manmatha after he was restored to life and by sage Kanvar, foster-father of Sakunthala.

The main gopuram is unfinished. There are two pragarams and the stone pillars have fine carvings. The consort is Sri Girijambigai who is installed in a separate sanctum. The other deities in the temple are Sri Vinayagar, Shunmugar, Bhairavar and Navagrahas. There are numerous festival idols. Among these can

be seen an idol of Sri Somaskandamoorthy which was taken out of the temple tank ; there is no pooja for this idol.

A hereditary Gurukkal who is paid a monthly salary, offers poojas four times daily. There are a few articles of jewellery. The temple owns a salt-bed, a market place and some wet and dry lands ; these fetch an annual income of Rs. 11,600/- which is used for its maintenance. There are several wooden vahanas. Arudhra Dharisanam is the main annual festival ; only local devotees attend it.

The temple is managed by a Board of three trustees.

143 OMANDUR

Sri Bheemeswaraswamy temple

The village is six miles from Tindivanam on the road to Pondicherry. The temple was originally built by Raja Raja Chola. In 1355 A.D. it was renovated by Raja Narayana Sambuvarayar. There are stone inscriptions to this effect.

In 1954 a Kumbhabhishegam was performed after completely renovating the shrine. The popular belief is that those who are unmarried get wedded if they worship the deity. There is no gopuram but there is a vimanam which is 30' high. The stone pillars have fine carvings. The installed Lingam Sri Bheemeswarar is 6' high. There are festival idols for Panchamoorthys.

A non-hereditary Gurukkal who is paid a monthly salary offers poojas daily. There are no jewels in the temple. It owns 6.53 acres of wet and 18.41 acres of dry lands which fetch an annual income of Rs. 1,000/- ; the amount is spent for daily poojas. There are lion and bandicoot vahanas made of wood, which are about 50 years old. There are no annual festivals, but special abishegams are done for fifteen days in a year.

The temple is managed by a trustee appointed by the Hindu Religious and Charitable Endowments Board.

164 MAILAM

Sri Subramaniaswamy temple

The temple is $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from the Mailam railway station and 8 miles from Tindivanam. Some of the buses plying between Pondicherry and Tindivanam pass through the village. A devotee of Siva, Sangukannar was doing penance on the Mailam hill, which is 130' high. When Soorapadman was destroyed by Sri Muruga, he turned into a cock and a peacock; the latter came to this place, did penance in favour of Sri Muruga and became His Mount. The place came to be known as Mailam and the shape of the hill is like a peacock. Both Sri Valli and Devasena sought the devotee's aid to get united with Lord Subramania. Sri Muruga in the guise of a young prince came there and attempted to enter the devotee's hut. The devotee prevented Him from doing so as there were young maidens inside. As soon as the prince's body came into contact with the devotee, the latter attained "Gnana", realized who the visitor was and offered Him worship. The Lord gave him Dharsan. The wedding of the Lord with Sri Valli and Devasena was celebrated and Sri Subramaniam stayed on the hill to bless the devotees. A small temple was built originally; the copper plates and other records in the temple show that its age is about 800 years. Additions were made later and separate sanctums were built for Sri Siva, Vinayagar and Uthsavamurthy. The area covered by the temple is about 87 cents. There is a gopuram with five tiers. The presiding deity is Sri Subramaniam with Valli and Devasena. Saint Arunagirinathar has composed songs praising the deity.

Four poojas are done by non-hereditary priests who get a monthly salary and an allowance of 30 measures of rice. The value of ornaments exceeds Rs. 100,000/-. The temple owns immovable properties which fetch 700 kalams of paddy and Rs. 10,000/- in

cash. The Devasthanam is running a High School and a Higher Elementary School. From hundis and archanas the collections exceed Rs. 25,000/- per annum. The hundis are opened twice or thrice a year in the presence of the trustee and an officer of the H.R. & C.E. Board.

Among the several vahanas, mention may be made of a gold plated peacock and silver plated peacock, horse, bhutham and palanquin. Special festivals are observed on Karthigai asterism days in the months of Adi, Karthigai and Thai. The Brahmotsavam in Panguni for 11 days is the main festival. The Uthiram asterism falls on the 10th day of the festival. About 30,000 devotees attend it.

The temple is under the control of the Hindu Religious and Charitable Endowments Board and managed by Sri Sivagnana Balaswamigal, the hereditary trustee.

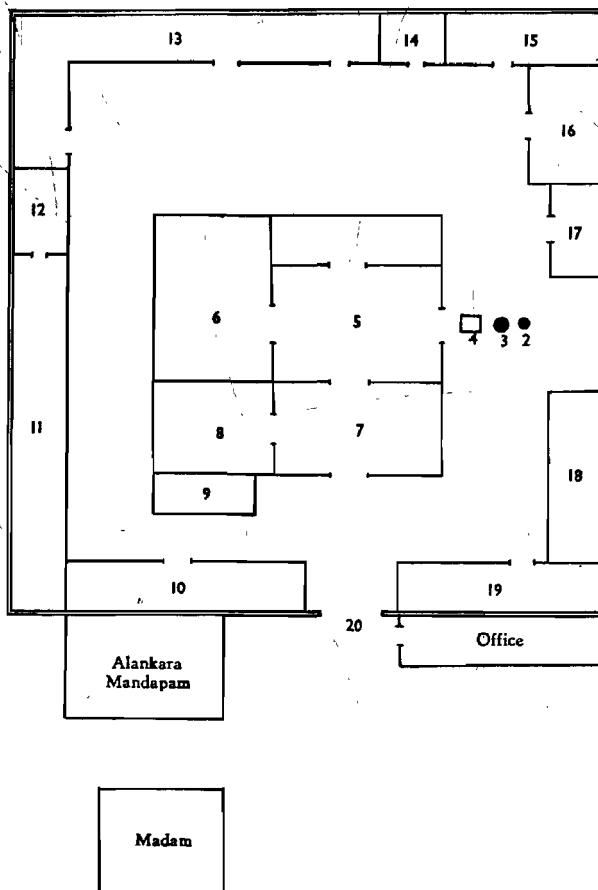
247 THERUVAKKARAI or
THIRUVAKKARAI**Sri Chandramouleeswarar (alias)
Sri Chandrasekarar temple**

The temple belongs to the 7th century since Sambandar has composed songs about the deity. Renovations were effected between 1915 and 1920 at a cost of Rupees One lakh. There are several stone inscriptions in the shrine. The Moolavar Lingam which is not a Swayambu has three faces and is known as "Mukha-lingam". Its height and circumference are 5' x 15' respectively. Sri Vadivambigai is the name of the consort. There is a separate sanctum for Sri Kali (who killed Vakraasuran), in the south-east corner and She is a powerful deity. Any one uttering a falsehood in Her sannidhi will meet with dire consequences. The

SRI SUBRAMANIASWAMY HILL TEMPLE

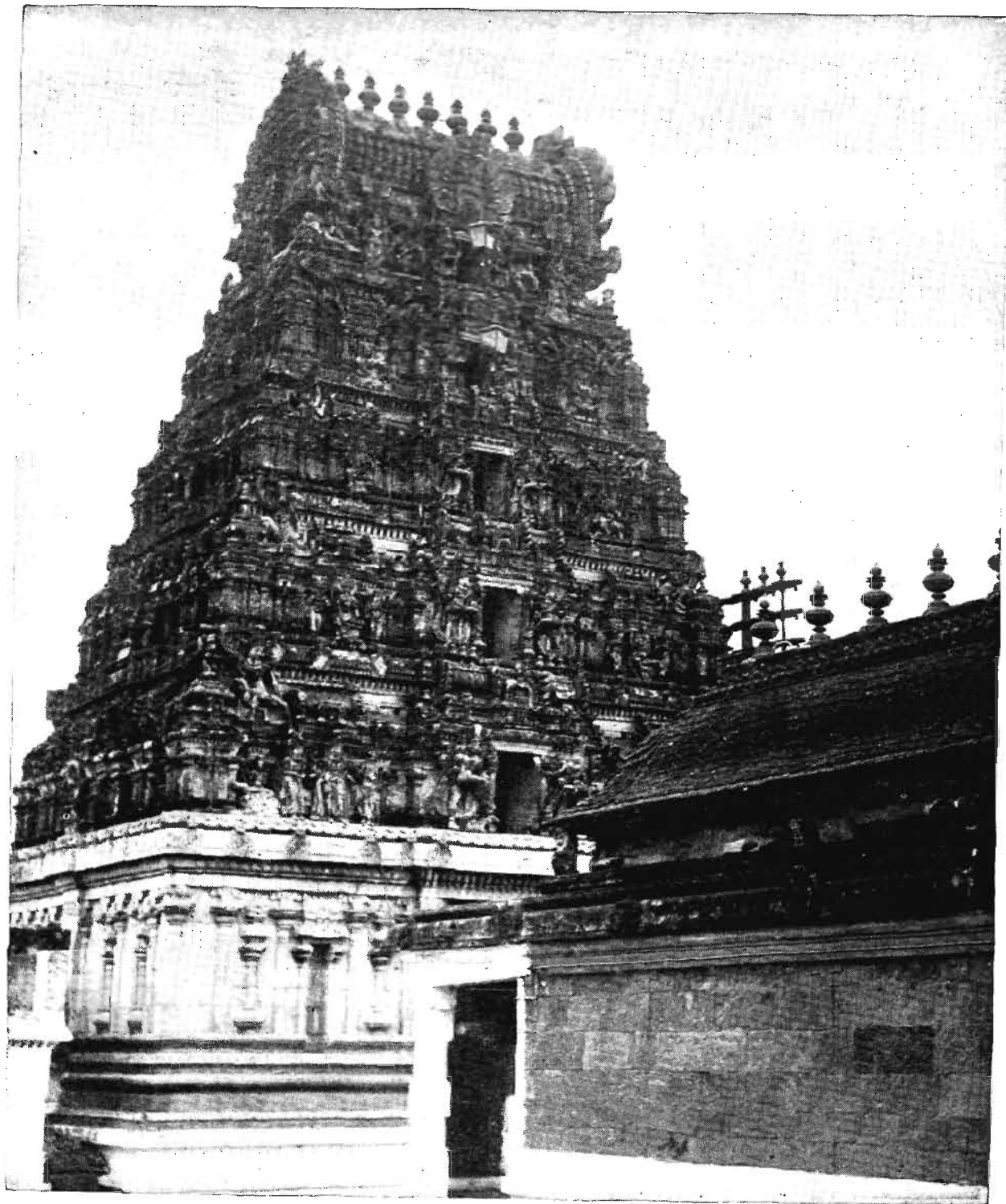
MAILAM

(Not to Scale)

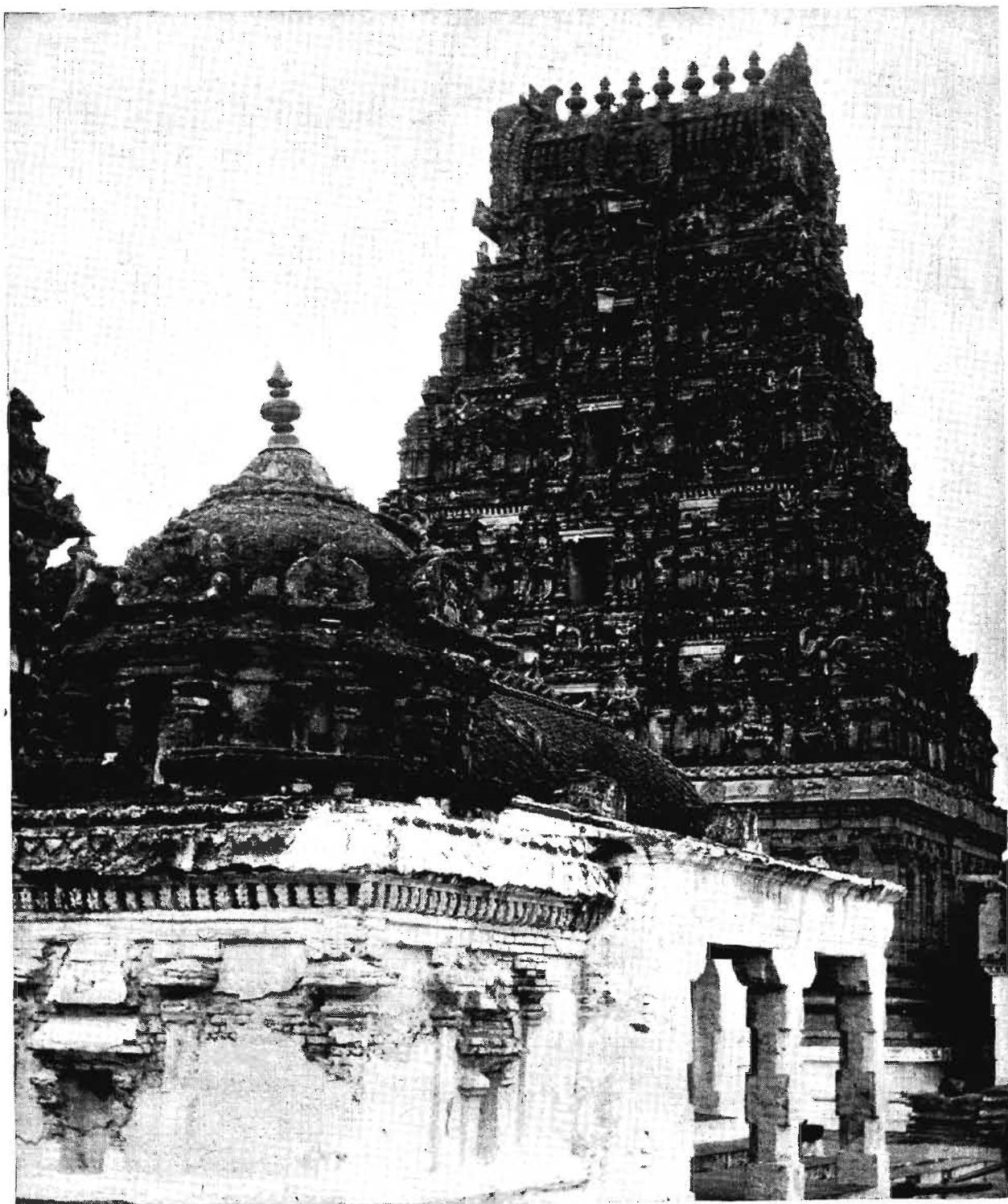


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Gopuram and Vimanam view: Sri Subramaniaswamy Temple, Mailam.



Gopuram view : Sri Subramaniaswamy Temple, Mailam.

temple covers an area of 3 acres and has a 85' high gopuram with seven tiers. There are two pragarams and in the second there is a separate shrine for Sri Varadarajaperumal. There are several uthsavamurthies. To reach the temple which is 17 miles from Tindivanam, one has to alight at Perumbakkam on the Tindivanam—Pondicherry road via Mailam and travel 4 miles south, in a cart.

Saint Arunagirinathar has visited the shrine.

Poojas are performed twice a day by a non-hereditary Gurukkal who is paid a monthly salary and

provided with free quarters. The ornaments in the shrine worth Rs. 3,000/- were donated by devotees. It owns 10 acres of wet, 15 acres of dry, 3 acres of garden lands and three houses which fetch an income of Rs. 3,430/- per annum; the amount is utilised for its maintenance. The vahanas include two rishabams, a peacock and a lion. The main annual festival is celebrated on the day following the Mattu Pongal when 5,000 devotees are present.

The temple is managed by three trustees appointed by the Hindu Religious and Charitable Endowments Board.

TINDIVANAM

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Year)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
1	7	Dadapuram	Sri Manicka Eswarar temple (S)	1000	0.33	Sri Manicka Eswarar Sri Kamakshiamman	...
2	"	do	Sri Karivaradaraja-perumal temple (V)	1000	0.25	Sri Karivaradaraja-perumal Sridevi, Bhudevi	...
3		Olakkur	Sri Agastheeswarar temple (S)	1000	1.50	Sri Agastheeswarar Sri Kamakshiamman	Sri Dhakshinamoorthi
4	"	do	Sri Sundara Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	200	0.10	Sri Sundara Varadarajaperumal	...
5	18	Ongur	Sri Varadaraja-perumal temple (V)	200	0.28	Sri Varadaraja-perumal	...
6	49	Thanial	Sri Kailasanathar temple (S)	Not stated	0.60	Sri Kailasanathar	...
7	71	Nolambur	Sri Pattabiramaswamy temple (V)	42	0.04	Sri Pattabiramaswamy	...
8	72	Kilsevir	Sri Jambunadheswarar temple (S)	250	2.00	Sri Jambunadheswarar Sri Kokilambal	...
9	95	Perumukkal	Sri Mukkiachaleswarar temple (S)	1000	1.19	Sri Mukkiachaleswarar	...
10	"	do	Sri Govindarajaperumal temple (V)	1000	0.43	Sri Govindarajaperumal	...
11	103	Tindivanam	Sri Samundeeswari Amman temple (F)	54	0.06	Sri Samundeeswari Amman	...

TALUK

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board									
Tindivanam Railway station 10 miles	7.05	10.38	...	...	Not stated	...	...	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	No
do	2.66	4.20	...	...	do	...	...	Once in a day by a Bhattachariar	Thai Poosam
Olakkur Railway station	1.50	5.00	...	...	500	...	Rishabam	No	No
do	1.78	15.00	...	...	Not stated	...	...	Once in a day by a Bhattachariar	Pongal
Thozhuppedu Railway station 3 miles	2.98	9.32	...	Vacant plot 27 cents	750	...	...	Twice in a day by a Bhattachariar	No
Tindivanam Railway station 9 miles	6.72	25.68	...	...	1,500	...	Ratham	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Vinayaga Chathurthi Arudhra Dharisanam Annabishegam
Tindivanam Railway station 6½ miles	4.10	4.05	...	...	600	...	Kedayam	Once in a day by a Reddiar	Sri Rama Navami
Panchalam Railway station 5 miles	12.00	15.00	...	...	2,500	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
Tindivanam Railway station 7 miles	1.00	2.00	...	...	465 (Dastic allowance)	...	Rishabam Garuda	Once in a day by a Archagar	Masi Magam
do									
Tindivanam Railway station	0.22	...	...	1-Shop	150	200	...	Once in a day by a Devangar	Navarathri

TINDIVANAM

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the village	Name of the temple	Age of the temples (Year)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal deity	Other important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
12	103	Tindivanam	Sri Kamakshiamman temple (S)	400	0.33	Sri Kamakshiamman Sri Ekambaraswarar	...
13	"	do	Sri Lakshmi Narasimhaswamy temple (V)	600	0.50	Sri Lakshmi Nara- simhaswamy Sri Kanagavallithayar	Sri Andal Sri Sanjeevirayar
14	"	do	Sri Kannika Parameswari temple (F)	80	0.11	Sri Kannika Parameswari	Sri Ramar Sri Lakshmanar Sri Sita Sri Hanumar Sri Vinayagar
15	"	do	Sri Selva Vinayagar temple (G)	70	Not stated	Sri Selva Vinayagar	...
16	"	do	Sri Subramaniaswamy temple (M)	45	0.03	Sri Subramaniaswamy Sri Valli, Sri Deivayanai	...
17	"	Kidangal H/o Tindi- vanam	Sri Anbanayaga Eswarar temple (S)	700	0.17	Sri Anbanayaga Eswarar Sri Aram Valartba Nayagi	...
18	"	Avarapakkam H/o Tindi- vanam	Sri Angala Parameswari temple (F)	200	Not stated	Sri Angala Parameswari	...
19	108	Deevanur	Sri Poyya Vinayagar temple (G)	300	0.50	Sri Poyya Vinayagar	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Tindivanam Railway station	2:49	...	...	3-Vacant plots	350	225	Rishabam Horse Vimanam Lion Surya Prabai	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	Navarathri
do	Extent not stated			Shops	9,000	10,000	Ratham Palanquin	Twice in a day by a hereditary Archagar	Brahmothsavam in Vaikasi Sri Jayanthi Adi Pooram Karthigai Deepam Masi Magam Panguni Uthiram
Tindivanam Railway station 1 mile	...	...	...	1-House 1-Garden & Shops	Not stated	8,500	...	Twice in a day by a hereditary Archagar	Sri Rama Navami Navarathri
do	...	...	...	3-Shops	684	1,000	...	Daily poojas by a hereditary Gurukkal	Vinayaga Chathurthi
do	...	...	...	3-Houses 1-Garden & Vacant plot	1,000	Not stated	...	do	Skandha Sashti
Tindivanam Railway station ½ mile	7:42	8:35	...	...	45 Kalams of paddy & Rs. 750/-	...	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	Arudhra Dharisanam Sivarathri
Tindivanam Railway station 1 mile	...	...	...	4-Shops	500	...	...	Twice in a day by a hereditary Sembadavan	Brahmothsavam in Masi
Tindivanam Railway station 7 miles	...	...	27:22	...	200	600	Ratham Horse Bandicoot	Twice in a day by a Gounder	Brahmothsavam in Chithirai Vinayaga Chathurthi Masi Magam Sivarathri

TEMPLES OF MADRAS STATE
TINDIVANAM

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religions							
20	111	Peramandur	Sri Adivaraha Perumal temple (V)	350	0.18	Sri Adivaraha Perumal	Sri Srinivasa Perumal
21	"	do	Sri Bhuvaneswarar temple (S)	250	0.40	Sri Bhuvaneswarar	...
22	115	Molasur	Sri Dhrowpathiamman temple (F)	70	0.07	Sri Dhrowpathiamman Sri Arjunar	Sri Venugopalaswamy
23	122	Mannur	Sri Adavalleeswarar temple (S)	Not stated	2.73	Sri Adavalleeswarar	...
24	127	Nadukuppam	Sri Dhrowpathiamman temple (F)	do	0.10	Sri Dhrowpathiamman	...
25	"	do	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	do	0.05	Sri Mariamman	...
26	128	Alathur	Sri Kothanda Ramaswamy temple (V)	500	1.50	Sri Kothanda Ramaswamy Sri Sita Devi	Sri Vettai Venkataramana Perumal Sri Nachiars Sri Vigneswarar Sri Andal Sr Vishnu Senar

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Mallam Railway station 4 miles	5'04	16'91	...	1-House & 1-Garden	800	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar	Sri Jayanthi Adi Pooram Sri Rama Navami Vaikunta Ekadasi Navarathri Karthigai Deepam
do	5'28	15'02	...	...	750	...	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	Arudhra Dharisanam Sivarathri Vinayaga Chathurthi Navarathri
Tindivanam Railway station 4 miles	2'35	9'39	...	...	18 Kalams of paddy & Rs. 30/-	...	...	Once in a day by a Poosari	No
Tindivanam Railway station 14 miles	12'65	27'87	...	...	5,615	...	Rishabam Peacock	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	Karthigai Deepam
Tindivanam Railway station 18 miles	Extent	not stated	...	...	300	11'00	Lion Horse Elephant Indira vimanam Ratham	Once in a day by a hereditary Vanniar	Brahmothsavam in Ani
do	Extent	not stated	...	...	100	11	...	Once in a week by a hereditary Vanniar	Brahmothsavam in Vaikasi
Tindivanam Railway station 17 miles	6'88	9'34	...	...	150 Kalams of paddy & Rs 100/- (Dastic allowance Rs. 50/-)	2,100	Car Serpent Lion Garuda Hanuman Elephant Horse Vimanam Surya Prabai Chandra Prabai Palanquin	Twice in a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar	Garudasevai Navarathri Karthigai Deepam Vaikunta Ekadasi Thai Poosam Masi Magam Panguni Uthiram Adi Pooram Chithrapournami Sri Rama Navami

TINDIVANAM

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
27	131	Merkanam	Sri Varadaraja-perumal temple (V)	500	1.00	Sri Varadaraja-perumal	...
28	134	Panichamedu	Sri Gangaianman temple (F)	61	0.02	Sri Gangaianman	Sri Muthalamman Sri Ponniamman
29	138	Vangaram	Sri Pidari temple (F)	40	0.04	Sri Pidariamman	...
30	"	do	Sri Dhrowpathiamman temple (F)	40	0.04	Sri Dhrowpathiamman	...
31	142	Thenkodi-pakkam	Sri Siddhi Vinayagar temple (G)	Not stated	0.03	Sri Siddhi Vinayagar	...
32	143	Omandur	Sri Bheemeswarar temple (S)	Not stated	1.00	Sri Bheemeswarar Sri Ksheerambigai	...
33	"	do	Sri Vaikunta Narayanaswamy temple (V)	1000	0.13	Sri Vaikunta Narayanaswamy Sri Devi, Bhudevi	...
34	144	Annamputhur	Sri Varadaraja-perumal temple (V)	Not stated	0.01	Sri Varadaraja-perumal Sri Devi, Bhudevi	...
35	151	Rettanai	Sri Alagia Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	835	0.30	Sri Alagia Varadarajaperumal Sri Devi, Bhudevi	...
36	156	Nedimozhia-nur	Sri Ramalingeswarar temple (S)	Not stated	0.25	Sri Ramalingeswarar Sri Amman	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Tindivanam Railway station 22 miles	...	...	...	Salt Pan (Extent not stated)	Not stated	Value not stated	Garuda	Twice in a day by a Bhattachariar	Vaikunta Ekadasi
Pondicherry Railway station 16 miles	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Not stated	Amman festival in Adi
Tindivanam Railway station 20 miles	...	...	...	Palmyra grove 64 cents	10	...	...	Once in a week by a Poosari	Annual festival for 3 days in Vaikasi
do	2'00	1'00	...	...	8 kalams of paddy	...	...	Once in a day by a Poosari	Annual festival for 10 days in Chithirai
Tindivanam Railway station 7 miles	1'00	7'00	...	...	7 bags of paddy & Rs. 116/-	...	...	No	No
Tindivanam Railway station 5½ miles	13'30	Extent not stated	...	...	Not stated	1,000	Bandicoot Kedayam Lion Peacock	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	Vinayaga Chathurthi Navarathri Sivarathri Karthigai Deepam
do	6'69	18'45	...	...	100	...	...	Once in a day by a Bhattachariar	Gokulashtami Vaikunta Ekadasi Karthigai Deepam
Tindivanam Railway station 7 miles	9'11	14'07	...	...	70 bags of paddy & Rs. 250/-	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar	Sri Jayanthi Navarathri
Mailam Railway station 5 miles	5'20	16'72	...	...	425	229	Garuda Horse Kedayam	do	Uriadi festival in Avani, Vaikunta Ekadasi
Perani Railway station 2½ miles	0'83	0'68	...	...	400	...	...	No	No

TINDIVANAM

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity.	Other important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
37	156	do	Sri Varadaraja-perumal temple (V)	...	0.25	Sri Varadaraja-perumal	...
38	157	Alagramam	Sri Veetrirundha Perumal temple (V)	300	Not stated	Sri Veetrirundha Perumal Sri Kanagavallithayar	...
39	„	do	Sri Emadhandeeswarar temple (S)	300	0.20	Sri Emadhandeeswarar Sri Kamakshiamman	...
40	175	Kumalam-pattu	Sri Venkatachalapathy Perumal temple (V)	100	1.50	Sri Venkatachalapathy Perumal Sri Thayar	...
41	176	Uppuvelur (Velur)	Sri Thirumugeeswarar temple (S)	400	1.26	Sri Thirumugeeswarar	...
42	176	do	Sri Dhrowpathiamman temple (F)	50	0.15	Sri Dhrowpathiamman	...
43	182	Anumandai	Sri Angalamman temple (F)	170	0.14	Sri Anga'amman	Sri Veerabhadran Sri Pavadairayan
44	„	do	Sri Vinayagar temple (G)	Not stated	0.02	Sri Vinayagar	...
45	„	do	Sri Vinayagar temple (G)	6	0.02	Sri Vinayagar	...
46	185	Koonimedu	Sri Adikesava Perumal temple (V)	200	0.20	Sri Adikesava Perumal Kanagavalli Thayar	...
47	187	Pudupakkam	Sri Lakshmi Narayana Perumal temple (V)	100	0.20	Sri Lakshmi Narayana Perumal Sri Devi, Bhudevi	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Perani Railway station 2½ miles	0.69	1.73	...	...	400	...	...	No	No
Mailam Railway station 2 miles	4.81*	0.37	...	...	Not stated	...	Garuda Serpent	Once in a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar	No
do	6.56	...	...	...	do	...	...	Once in a day by an Archagar	No
Tindivanam Railway station 17 miles	10.00	2.00	...	...	50 kalams of paddy	120	Horse Elephant Garuda	Once in a day by a Bhattachariar	Vaikunta Ekadasi Garuda Sevai
Tindivanam Railway station 18 miles	2.72	0.90	...	...	700	...	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No
do	...	...	1.00	...	200	50	...	Once in a day by a Poosari	Fire festival in Adi
Pondicherry Railway station 15 miles	0.64	15.59	...	...	300	...	Car Ratham	Once in a day by a hereditary Poosari	Panguni Uthiram
do	}	Extent	not stated	...	300	...	...	do	Vinayaga Chathurthi
do									
Pondicherry Railway station 12 miles	3.01	3.02	...	...	20 kalams of paddy	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar	No
Mailam Railway station 12 miles	0.87	12.00	...	...	800	...	Garuda	Thrice in a day by a Vanniar	Garuda Sevai

TINDIVANAM

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
48	189	Kiliyanur	Sri Agastheeswarar temple (S)	600	3 00	Sri Agastheeswarar	...
49	„	do	Sri Vaikuntavasa Perumal temple (V)	1000	5 00	Sri Vaikuntaperumal Sri Ubaya Nachiar	...
50	201	Perani	Sri Chennakesava Perumal temple (V)	Not stated	0 14	Sri Chennakesava Perumal	...
51	205	Padirapuliur	Sri Kailasanatha-swamy temple (S)	do	0 25	Sri Kailasanathar Sri Amman	...
52	„	do	Sri Adikesava Perumal temple (V)	do	0 25	Sri Adikesava Perumal	...
53	211	Kanniyam	Sri Lakshmi Narayana Perumal temple (V)	200	0 10	Sri Lakshminarayana Perumal Sri Ubaya Nachiar	...
54	219	Thailapuram	Sri Dhrowpathiamman temple (F)	60	0 20	Sri Dhrowpathiamman Sri Dharmarajar Sri Arjunar	Sri Vinayagar
55	„	do	Sri Koothandavar temple (O)	80	0 10	Sri Koothandavar	...
56	227	Kilputhu-pattu	Sri Manjineeswarar temple (S)	500	0 77	Sri Manjineeswarar Sri Pooraniamman	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
do	12'10	16'49	...	...	1,410	...	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	Panguni Uthiram
do	3'18	1'00	...	...	325	...	...	Twice in a day by a Bhattachariar	Vaikunta Ekadasi Garuda Sevai Sri Rama Navami
Perani Railway station 6 furlongs	4'43	7'48	...	...	35 kalamas of paddy & Rs. 250/-	...	Garuda	Once in a day by a Bhattachariar	Garuda Sevai Sri Jayanthi Navarathri Vaikunta Ekadasi Masi Magam
Perani Railway station 3½ miles	2'00	1'00	...	...	400	...	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	Sivarathri Karthigai Deepam Thiruvathirai Pongal, Vinayaga Chathurthi
do								Once in a day by a Bhattachariar	Vaikunta Ekadasi Sri Rama Navami
Mailam Railway station 7 miles	3'90	15'77	...	...	1,000	...	Garuda	Once in a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar	Garuda Sevai Sri Jayanthi Navarathri Karthigai Deepam Vaikunta Ekadasi Pongal
Tindivanam Railway station 13 miles	...	...	3'00	...	220	...	...	Twice in a day by a Poosari	Brahmothsavam in Chithirai
do	...	...	...	...	...	...	Car	do	Chithrapournami
Pondicherry Railway station 9 miles	19'65	62'39	...	...	Income does not accrue to the temple	500	Palanquin	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No

TINDIVANAM

S. No	L.C. No.	Name of the village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
57	232	Olindiam-Pattu	Sri Arasaleeswaraswamy temple (S)	Not stated	2.50	Sri Arasaleeswarar	...
58	238	Eraiyur	Sri Lakshminarayana Perumal temple (V)	50	Not stated	Sri Lakshminarayana Perumal Sri Ubhaya Nachiar	...
59	239	Nemili	Sri Pattabiramaswamy temple (V)	50	0.25	Sri Pattabiramaswamy	...
60	253	Vanur	Sri Thazhuva Kozhundheeswarar temple (S)	500	0.23	Sri Thazhuva Kozhundheeswarar (alias) Alingana-paleeswarar Sri Dharmasamvardhini	Sri Dhakshinamurthi Sri Surya Sri Chandikeswarar Sri Bhairavar
61	„	do	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	400	0.12	Sri Varadarajar	...
62	254	Pulichapallam	Eswarar temple (S)	Not stated	1.00	Sri Sundara Jotheeswarar Sri Anandavalli	Sri Dhakshinamurthi Sri Suryar

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Pondicherry Railway station 10 miles	...	...	3'30	...	15 kalam of paddy	3,000	Rathams-3 Lion Serpent Rishabams-2 Elephant Vimanam Horse Bandicoot Peacock	Thrice in a day by a Gurukkal	Brahmothsavam in Vaikasi, Ani Thirumanjanam Adi Pooram Vinayaga Chathurthi Navarathri Karthigai Deepam Thiruvathirai Thai Poosam Masi Magam Annabishegam
Mailam Railway station 10 miles	2'61	11'00	...	...	Not stated	...	Ratham Garuda	Once in a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar	No
do	2'09	...	...	...	do	...	...	do	No
Pondicherry Railway station 10 miles	Extent	not	stated	...	400	...	...	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Tamil New Year's day Arudhra Dharisanam Vinayaga Chathurthi Navarathri Karthigai Deepam Pongal Thai Poosam Sivarathri
Kondamangalam Railway station	4'66	19'40	...	...	750	...	Garuda	Once in a day by a Bhattachariar	No
Mailam Railway station 10 miles	4'66	21'98	...	...	1,000	...	Cars-2 Ratham Rishabam Elephant Horse Peacock Bandicoot Lion Vimanams-2	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Ani Thirumanjanam

TINDIVANAM

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
63	254	Pulichapallam	Sri Alagiavaradaraja Perumal temple (V)	300	0.75	Sri Alagiavaradarajar Sri Perundevi Nayagi Sridevi, Bhudevi	Sri Nagarajar Sri Ganesar Sri Garudalwar
64	257	Irumbai	Sri Madhapureeswarar temple (S)	Not stated	1.00	Sri Madhapureeswarar Sri Sivagamiyamm	Sri Arunachaleswarar Sri Brahma Sri Durgai Sri Navagrahas Sri Suryar Sri Bhairavar Sri Chandrar Sri Dhakshinamurthy
65	258	Pillai Chavadi H/o Bommaya Palayam	Sri Dhrowpathiamman temple (F)	300	2.00	Sri Dhrowpathiamman	...
66	259	Kottakuppam	Sri Dhrowpathiamman temple (F)	Not stated	Not stated	Sri Dhrowpathiamman	...
67	263	Kadapperi-kuppam	Sri Dhrowpathiamman temple (F)	150	0.13	Sri Dhrowpathiamman	Sri Vinayagar
68	..	do	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	150	0.12	Sri Mariamman	Sri Ellaipidari Sri Ayyanar
69	264	Perambai	Sri Lakshminarayana Perumal temple (V)	150	0.40	Sri Lakshminarayana Perumal Sri Perundevi Thayar	Sri Varadarajar Sri Andal Sri Desigar Sri Nammalwar Sri Udayavar

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Concl'd.)									
Mailam Railway station 10 miles	...	19.72	...	...	500	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar	Vaikunta Ekadasi
Pondicherry Railway station 7 miles	5.50	18.00	...	1-Choultry	2,500	2,000	Vimanam Rishabam	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
Pondicherry Railway station 5½ miles	...	16.00	...	...	300	500	Car Garuda Hanuman Kedayam	Twice in a day by a Vanniar	Vasanthotsavam in Vaikasi Uriyadi in Avani Vaikunta Ekadasi Vijaya Dhasami
Pondicherry Railway station 2 miles	0.36	3.05	...	...	200	...	...	No	No
Villianur Railway station 5 miles	6.00	6.00	...	...	600	150	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Vanniar	Annual festival in Panguni
do	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	do	Annual festival in Adi
Cuddalore Railway station 12 miles	3.48	2.64	...	...	900	...	Vimanam Prabai	Twice in a day by a Bhattachariar	Vaikunta Ekadasi Pongal

TINDIVANAM

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)

Temples outside the Hindu Religious

1	103	Kidangal H/o Tindi- vanam	Sri Kamakshiamman temple (S)	100	0'08	Sri Kamakshiamman	...
2	142	Thenkodi- pakkam	Sri Amar Sidhi Vinayagar temple (G)	16	0'01	Sri Amar Sidhi Vinayagar	...

TALUK (Concl'd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other im- movable property	Annual in- come from the immova- ble property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet	Dry	Wet and dry			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
	A.C.	A.C.	A.C.						
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)

and Charitable Endowments Board

Tindivanam Railway station 2 furlongs	1'60	...	...	...	15 kalams of paddy	...	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No
Tindivanam Railway station 7 miles	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Twice in a week by a Gounder	Vinayaga Chathurthi

VILLUPURAM TALUK

6 BRAHMADESAM

Sri Brahmapureswarar temple

The village is six miles from Perani railway station and 13 miles from Villupuram, the taluk headquarters. The temple was built by the Pallavas. During Hyder Ali's reign, the outer walls and several mandapas were pulled down; but the sanctums of the Lord and the consort are intact. The hereditary trustee effected some repairs in 1909 and 1946. There are several inscriptions on the walls of the temple. It covers an area of 4.01 acres. The presiding deity was worshipped by Sri Brahma and other Devas. He is, therefore, a "Devarusha" (தேவருஷ) Lingam and came to be known as Sri Brahmapureswarar. The name of the Devi is Sri Brigannayaki. There are festival idols for the Lord, Devi, Sri Vigneswarar, Subramaniam and Valli, Devasena.

One pooja is offered daily by a hereditary Gurukkal who is paid a monthly salary. The temple owns 21.19 acres of wet and dry lands which fetch an annual income of Rs. 1,600/-. There are three vahanas which are not in use, as no festivals are observed now.

A single hereditary trustee is managing the affairs of the temple.

50 ANNIYUR

Sri Ramanatheswarar temple

The special features of this ancient temple are that the Lingam was worshipped by Sri Rama. Sri Sundaramurthy Nayanar brought about the reconciliation of the Lord and Devi when there was some misunderstanding between the Divine pair. This event is celebrated on the Thiruvathirai asterism day in Margazhi month.

Anniyur is 13 miles from Villupuram, and bus facilities are available to reach it. It is said that the temple belongs to the Pallava period. There are stone inscriptions. Extensive renovations were made by the then trustees at the beginning of the present century. The main gopuram is in a state of disrepair at present.

The temple covers an area of 53 cents. The name of the Moolavar is Sri Ramanatheswarar and His consort is Sri Thiripurasundari. The other Gods in the temple are Sri Vigneswarar, Subramaniam and His consorts and Navagrahas. Apart from the four Nayanmars, Thirugnana Sambandar has been installed separately. There are uthsavamoorthys for Sri Vinayagar, Arumugar, Somaskandar, Chandrasekharar, Natarajar and Sivakami Devi, Parasakthi and Sundaramurthy Nayanar.

The hereditary Gurukkal who is paid Rs. 330/- per annum offers two poojas daily. The annual income from the immovable properties is only Rs. 150/- but the Government are giving a grant of Rs. 865/- per annum. Though there are several vahanas they are not put to use as no festivals are celebrated at present.

The temple is managed by a single trustee.

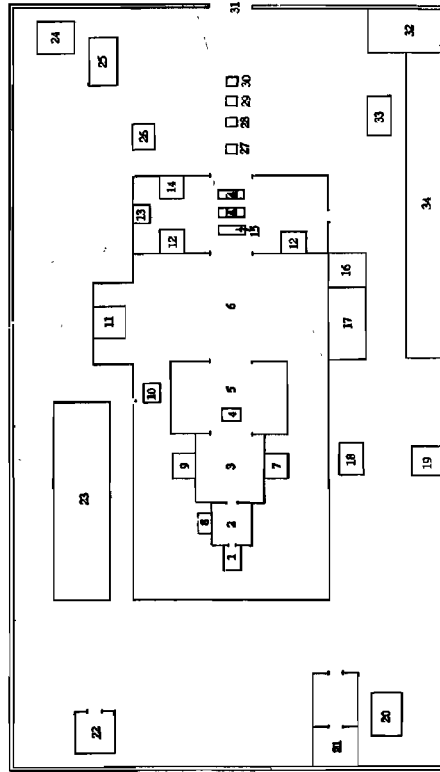
77 PANAYAPURAM

Sri Netrothdwarakeswarar temple

The village was known as Araperunallur and Thiruppurawar in ancient days. Sibi Chakravarthy who gave himself up to a hunter (God in disguise) to save the life of a pigeon (Indra as a bird) which sought his protection, had a fort here. In the stone inscriptions, the place is mentioned as Paravaipuram while during the days of Sambandar it was known as Thiripurawar Panangattur. It is two miles from the Mundiambakkam railway station and six miles from Villupuram. It is at the junction of two main roads which cross each other.

The temple has been in existence from the early Chola period as evidenced by the several stone inscriptions. As Sambandar has composed 11 verses about the presiding deity it was a well known temple in the 7th century. From 1945 onwards, renovation work is in progress and as such no festivals are celebrated for the past 18 years. The presiding deity which is a Swayambu Lingam, is known as Sri Panangatteesan, Kanneentha Easan and Netrothdwarakeswarar. The names of the Devi are: Sri Puravammai, Sathyambikai

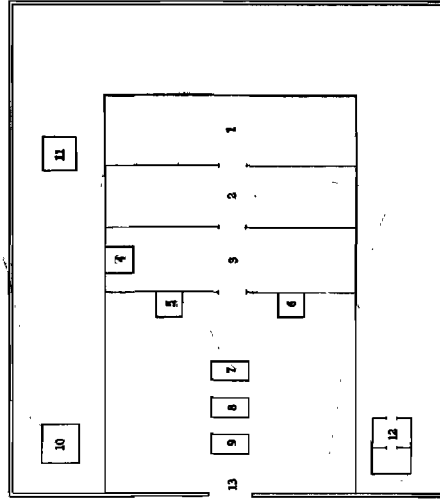
SRI ABIRAMESWARAR TEMPLE THIRUVAMATHUR (Not to Scale)



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| 6 Maha Mandapam | 23 Brahmotsava Mandapam |
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SRI MUTHAMBIGAI TEMPLE THIRUVAMATHUR (Not to Scale)



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and Meyyambikai. Any one who makes a false vow before Her will meet with calamity within eight days.

The temple covers an area of 73 cents. Its gopuram is 60' high with a 30' x 25' base. The temple is so designed that in the month of Chithirai, the sun's beams fall on the Moolavar for 7 days and then on the Goddess for 6 days. Sri Sambandar stayed in the village for 13 days to observe this phenomenon before composing his songs.

In addition to the Lingam, there is a stone idol of Sri Bikshadanar of exquisite beauty. The uthsava-moorthys are made of copper.

The hereditary Gurukkal who is paid a monthly salary offers two poojas daily in the morning and night. The ornaments in the temple are worth Rs. 1,000/-. Its immovable properties, worth about Rupees one lakh, fetch an income of Rs. 4,150/- per annum. The temple owns a car, a palanquin and a vimanam. Prior to 1945, the following festivals were celebrated.

1. Niramani (Sandanakappu of Amman) in Chithirai
2. Surya Pooja in Chithirai
3. Ani Thirumanjanam
4. Adi Pooram
5. Avani Moolam
6. Navarathri in Purattasi
7. Pongal in Thai
8. Masi Magam
9. Panguni Uthiram

Three trustees are managing the temple. During the days of Sibi Chakravarthy, a milch cow used to milk herself on the Lingam.

113 THIRUVAMATHUR

Sri Abhirameswarar temple

Though Appar, Sambandar and Sundarar have visited this temple and sung about the deity, very little is known about it at present. While a Pallava Ruler built it, the Cholas have made several endowments. There are numerous stone inscriptions testifying

to the gifts made by Paranthaka I, Raja Raja I, Rajendra Chola I and Kulothunga I. Cows with horns are a familiar sight now. But in the olden days they had no horns and hence they were unable to defend themselves when attacked by wild beasts. They prayed to the Lord and got the horns and hence the place came to be known as Amathur. A stone slab in the temple known as "Thiruvattapparai" has divine powers. According to legend Sri Rama and Sugriva vowed eternal friendship before this slab. In the recent past the divine power of the slab was witnessed by the following incident.

There were two brothers in the village, of whom the elder was a wicked man. With a view to deprive his younger brother of his legitimate share of the ancestral properties, the elder brother sold all the properties and converted the sale proceeds into precious stones which he put into a hollow rod. At the instance of the villagers the younger asked his brother to give him his share of the properties or in the alternative to go to the Thiruvattapparai and swear that he did not appropriate his brother's share. The elder who had no faith in the divine power of the stone agreed to it; both the brothers and a few villagers went near the slab. Just before swearing, the elder gave the hollow rod where he had secreted the precious stones, to his younger brother and took the following oath:—"Our ancestral properties are with my younger brother; I do not have anything". Thereafter he took back his rod and went his way. The younger brother and the villagers were astounded that no calamity befell the elder brother who made fun of the whole incident. Just then a huge black serpent made its appearance and bit him. He died on the spot. The younger brother inherited the precious stones.

The village is 3 miles to the south-west of Villupuram and a cart track connects the two places. The presiding deity Sri Abhirameswarar is a Swayambu Lingam. His consort is Sri Muthambikai. Extensive renovations were made owing to the efforts of Sri M. D. Ramaswamy Chettiar between 1956-'60 and a Kumbhabishegam was celebrated in 1960. There are separate shrines for the Lord and His consort opposite to each other which occupy an area of 2½ acres and 35 cents respectively. The main gopuram of the Siva temple is left unfinished while that of the Devi is 80' high. The height of the Lingam is 10'; the Amman is a majestic figure of 9' in a standing pose.

Apart from the three Nayanmars mentioned above, the temple has been sung by the following also.

1. Rettai Pulavars
2. Arunagirinathar
3. Ramalingaswamigal
4. Dhandapaniswamiga
5. Kripanandavarior

Sri Dhandapaniswamigal stayed in the village for 64 years till his death.

Poojas are offered twice a day by a non-hereditary Adisaiva priest who is paid a monthly salary. The temple has jewels worth Rs. 3,000/-. It owns 30 acres of wet and dry lands, which fetch an income of Rs. 1,500/- per annum. A fee is collected for marriages performed in the temple and the income under this head is Rs. 2,000/- per annum. There are vahanas and palanquins as well as a car. The main festivals are Skandha Sashti and Panguni Uthiram which attract a crowd of 5,000.

The temple is managed by a Board of three trustees.

153 KOLIANUR

Sri Valeeswaraswamy temple

The temple which belongs to the Pallava period has several stone inscriptions. According to legend, the presiding deity was worshipped by Vaali, the monkey king and by the Devas. There are 4 towers of which 2 are 40' high and 2 are 15' in height. Dhandapaniswamigal has sung about Sri Murugan about 70 years ago. Sri Valeeswaraswamy, the presiding deity is a pradhishtha Lingam facing west. The temple covers an area of about 40 cents. The village which is 4 miles from Villupuram and is served by a railway station of the same name which is at a distance of half a mile.

The non-hereditary Gurukkal who is paid a monthly salary of Rs. 15/- and a daily allowance of one Madras measure of rice, offers two poojas daily. The ornaments in the shrine are worth Rs. 350/-. It owns 3.64 acres of wet and 12 acres of dry lands

which fetch an annual income of Rs. 1,500/-. The vahanas in the temple are:—

Rishabams	...	2
Bandicoot	...	1
Peacock	...	1
Elephant	...	1
Soorapadman	...	1
Vimanams	...	3

They are all 100 years old and made of wood.

The main festivals are :—

1. Brahmothsavam and Skandha Sashti in Ippasi
2. Kiruthigai in Karthigai
3. Swathi in Adi
4. Arudhra Dharisanam in Margazhi
5. Poosam in Thai
6. Birth days of the 4 Nayanmars

About 1,000 devotees attend these festivals.

The temple is managed by three trustees.

176 VALAVANUR

Sri Lakshminarayana Perumal temple

The special feature of the shrine is that Sri Anjaneya whose idol is facing the presiding deity is said to have special powers and reputed to grant the prayers of devotees. The area is known as Prowda Desa Maharajapuram, and the temple was built by the local ruler about 500 years ago. The village is a railway station and is 6 miles from Villupuram on the Pondicherry road. Numerous buses plying between Pondicherry and Villupuram pass through the village. The presiding deity Sri Lakshminarayana Perumal is 3' high. His consort Sri Vedavalli Thayar is 2½' in height. There are festival idols for Sri Perumal, Sri Thayar, Sri Navaneetha Krishnan and Sri Andal. The temple covers an area of 50 cents.

Two Bhattachariars who are in the enjoyment of service inam lands perform two poojas daily. The jewels are worth about Rs. 200/- and the value of silver vessels is Rs. 500/-. The temple owns 30 acres of wet and dry lands which fetch an annual income of Rs. 1,000/-. The vahanas include a swan, a lion,

a serpent (sesha), garuda, elephant, Anjaneya and a horse. All these are 40 years old and made of wood. The main annual festival is Vaikunta Ekadasi. About 500 devotees attend it.

There is no Board of trustees. The priests manage the affairs of the temple.

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
1	1	Se. Kunnathur	Sri Nadukkam Theertha Eswarar temple (S)	Not stated	0.04	Sri Nadukkam Theertha Eswarar Sri Parvathavardhini	...
2	4	Ennayiram	Sri Alagia Narasimha-perumal temple (V)	400	0.65	Sri Vaikuntavasa Perumal Sridevi, Bhudevi	Sri Ramanujar Sri Venugopalaswamy Sri Varahamurthi Perumal
3	5	Esa'am	Sri Ramanatheswarar temple (S)	200	0.32	Sri Ramanatheswarar Sri Thiripurasundari	...
4	6	Brahmadesam	Sri Pillayar temple (G)	150	0.75	Sri Pillayar	...
5	11	Sangeetha-mangalam	Sri Mavurutteeswarar temple (S)	500	1.00	Sri Mavurutteeswarar Sri Athithulyanayaki Amman	Sri Suryan Sri Kala Bhairavar
6	18	Thenpair	Sri Agastheeswarar temple (S)	120	0.01	Sri Agastheeswarar	...
7	23	Vikravandi	Sri Bhuvaneswarar temple (S)	1000	0.84	Sri Bhuvaneswarar	...
8	"	do	Sri Agastheeswarar temple (S)	Not stated	1.30	Sri Agastheeswarar	...
9	"	do	Sri Varadaraja-perumal temple (V)	500	0.24	Sri Varadaraja-perumal	...
10	25	Asoor	Sri Thiruvallanthurai Eswarar temple (S)	300	0.20	Sri Thiruvallanthurai Eswarar Sri Alagia Amman	Sri Dhakshinamurthi Sri Chandikeswarar Sri Saneeswarar

TALUK

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)

and Charitable Endowments Board

Perani Railway station 7 miles	8.88	9.42	...	...	238	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
Perani Railway station 5 miles	12.46	17.71	...	...	72 kalamas of paddy & Rs. 150/-	...	Garuda	Once in a day by a Bhattachariar	Vaikunta Ekadasi Gokulashtami
Perani Railway station 3 miles	1.50	3.50	...	...	24 kalamas of paddy & Rs. 25/-	...	Vimanam	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	Thiruvathirai Kedhari Gowri Nonbu
Perani Railway station 5 miles	2.14	1.37	...	...	250	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
Villupuram Railway station 15 miles	24.24	5.54	...	...	2,736	7	Rishabam Ratham	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Mahasivarathri Thai Poosam
Vikravandi Railway station 5 miles	3.31	4.79	...	...	40 kalamas of paddy & Rs. 345/-	300	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	Theerthavari in Thai
Vikravandi Railway station 7 furlongs	9.01	2.56	...	...	500	...	Rishabam	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Thai Poosam
do	1.57	3.11	...	5-Shops	1,050	...	Rishabam Peacock	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Theerthavari in Thai
Vikravandi Railway station	5.51	4.09	...	...	500	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar	No
Vikravandi Railway station 4 miles	7.64	10.57	...	...	1,000	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No

VILLUPURAM

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
11	25	Asoor	Sri Varadaraja-perumal temple (V)	300	0.14	Sri Varadaraja-perumal	...
12	27	Narasinganur	Sri Dhrowpathiamman temple (F)	100	0.20	Sri Dhrowpathiamman	...
13	"	do	Sri Vinayagar temple (G)	100	0.01	Sri Vinayagar	...
14	"	do	Sri Ayyanar temple (O)	100	0.01	Sri Ayyanar	...
15	"	do	Sri Pidari temple (F)	100	0.01	Sri Pidari	...
16	"	do	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	100	0.01	Sri Mariamman	...
17	"	do	Sri Siva temple (S)	100	0.10	Sri Eswarar	...
18	31	Kalyanam-poondi	Sri Ranganathaswamy temple (V)	500	1.00	Sri Ranganathar Sri Ranganayaki	Sri Ubayanachiar Sri Andal Sri Venugopalan Sri Rukmani Sri Sathyabama Sri Garudar
19	35	Panamalai	Sri Chennakesava Perumal temple (V)	1000	1.00	Sri Chennakesava Perumal Sridevi, Bhudevi	...
20	"	do	Sri Thalagireeswarar temple (S)	1300	1.50	Sri Thalagireeswarar Sri Thalambal Amman	Sri Chandikeswarar Sri Durgai Sri Bhairavar
21	47	Porur	Sri Kailasanathaswamy temple (S)	150	0.32	Sri Kailasanathaswamy Sri Karpagavalli	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet	Dry	Wet and dry			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
	A.C.	A.C.	A.C.						
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Vikravandi Railway station 4 miles	5'47"	11'63"	...	...	1,000	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Garuda Sevai Karthigai Deepam
Perani Railway station 7 miles	0'39"	1'40"	...	...	6 kalamas of paddy	...	Horse Garuda	Once in a day by a Gounder	No
do	0'13"	0'60"	...	...	2 kalamas of paddy	...	...	Once in a week by a hereditary Gounder	No
do	0'42"	1'28"	...	...	2 kalamas of paddy	...	...	do	No
do	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	do	No
do	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	do	No
do	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	do	No
Villupuram Railway station 13 miles	12'14"	26'47"	...	...	2,640	...	Vimanam Horse Garuda	Twice in a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar	Garuda Sevai Sri Jayanthi Vijaya Dhasami Karthigai Deepam Vaikunta Ekadasi
Villupuram Railway station 18 miles	6'59"	14'65"	...	...	1,500	60	Horse	Once in a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar	Annual festival in Thai
do	10'09"	21'21"	...	...	550	...	Horse	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	do
Villupuram Railway station 12 miles	13'00"	17'00"	...	...	1,500	37	Rishabam Peacock	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	No

VILLUPURAM

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
22	50	Anniyur	Sri Varadaraja-perumal temple (V)	Not stated	0.38	Sri Varadaraja-perumal Sridevi, Bhudevi	Sri Andal Sri Anjaneyar Sri Alwars
23	53	Kanjanur	Sri Ramalingaswamy temple (S)	150	1.00	Sri Ramalingeswarar Sri Soundharyanayaki	...
24	„	do	Sri Lakshminarayana Perumal temple (V)	600	1.00	Sri Lakshminarayana Perumal Sri Kanagavalli Thayar	Sri Andal Sri Desigar Sri Garudar
25	58	Sathanur	Sri Varadaraja-perumal temple (V)	50	0.25	Sri Varadaraja-perumal	...
26	„	do	Sri Thiruvaleeswarar temple (S)	80	0.46	Sri Thiruvaleeswarar	...
27	59	Thumbur	Sri Nagathamman temple (F)	5	0.10	Sri Nagathamman	...
28	65	Kakkanur	Sri Adimoola Perumal temple (V)	100	Below 0.01	Sri Adimoola Perumal	Sri Hanumar
29	„	do	Sri Ayyanar temple (O)	Not stated	Not stated	Sri Ayyanar	...
30	„	do	Sri Vinayagar temple (G)	100	0.02	Sri Vinayagar	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Villupuram Railway station 13 miles	3.20	6.16	...	...	150	78	Garuda Naga Hanumar Horse	Twice in a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar	No
Villupuram Railway station 10 miles	6.46	3.95	...	...	300	500	Vimanams-2 Rishabam Bandicoot Peacock Horse Lion Bhutham	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Annual festival in Thai
do	9.28	4.60	...	...	700	200	Garuda Naga Hanumar Vimanam	Twice in a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar	Sri Rama Navami Garuda Sevai Adi Pooram Vaikunta Ekadasi
Vikravandi Railway station 3½ miles	3.68	5.51	...	...	40 kalams of paddy & Rs. 100/-	...	...	Once in a day by a Bhattachariar	No
do	5.70	8.14	...	...	50 kalams of paddy & Rs. 150/-	...	Rishabam Horse	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	No
Mundiampakkam Railway station 3 miles	...	...	2.66	...	150	...	...	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Annual festival for 8 days in Chithirai
Villupuram Railway station 11 miles	2.15	8.55	...	...	10 bags of paddy & Rs. 150/-	...	...	Once in a day by a Bhattachariar	Navarathri
do	1.37	1.38	...	...	7 bags of paddy & Rs. 60/-	...	...	Once in a day by a Gounder	No
do	1.08	1.91	...	...	6 bags of paddy & Rs. 50/-	...	...	Once in a day by a Pandaram	Vinayaga Chathurthi

VILLUPURAM

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
31	65	Kakkanur	Sri Selliamman temple (F)	Not stated	Not stated	Sri Selliamman	...
32	67	Chellankuppam H/o Kedar	Sri Selva Vinayagar temple (G)	40	0.25	Sri Selva Vinayagar	...
33	"	Kedar	Sri Alagianathar temple (S)	Not stated	0.20	Sri Alagianathar Sri Agilandeswari	Sri Chandikeswarar
34	"	do	Sri Pillayar temple (G)	Not stated	0.02	Sri Pillayar	...
35	69	Veeramur	Sri Vinayagar temple (G)	100	0.10	Sri Vinayagar	...
36	"	do	Sri Ayyanar temple (O)	130	0.50	Sri Ayyanar	...
37	"	do	Sri Chithanathaswamy temple (S)	500	0.40	Sri Chithanathaswamy	...
38	"	do	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	65	0.75	Sri Mariamman	...
39	"	do	Sri Pidariamman temple (F)	Not stated	0.02	Sri Pidariamman	...
40	81	Avadayarattu	Sri Sundara Vinayagar temple (G)	60	0.03	Sri Sundara Vinayagar	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Villupuram Railway station 11 miles	0.68	1.12	...	...	4 bags of paddy & Rs. 50/-	...	...	Once in a day by a Gounder	No
Mampazhapattu Railway station 4 miles	...	...	16.00	...	750	...	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	Vinayaga Chathurthi
do	4.46	2.97	...	...	500	...	...	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	No
do	0.80	0.32	...	...	100	...	...	do	No
Mampazhapattu Railway station 6 miles	0.75	...	...	...	100	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Pandaram	Vinayaga Chathurthi Annual festival in Chithirai
do	...	...	5.00	...	1,250	500	Horse Elephant Lion Bandicoot	Twice in a day by a hereditary Vellalar	Annual festival for 4 days in Chithirai
do	...	...	4.00	...	400	...	...	No	No
do	...	...	4.00	...	500	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Udayar	Annual festival in Chithirai
do	...	...	2.00	...	150	...	...	No	No
Vikravandi Railway station 2 miles	5.30	9.17	...	...	200	350	Bandicoot Kedayam	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Karthigai Deepam Parivettai festival in Thai

S. No	L.C. No.	Name of the village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religions							
41	86	Madhurai Pakkam	Sri Viswanatha-swamy temple (S)	60	0.10	Sri Viswanatha-swamy Sri Visalakshiamman	...
42	„	do	Sri Adikesava-perumal (alias) Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	150	0.33	Sri Adikesava-perumal Sridevi, Bhudevi	...
43	87	Moongilpattu	Sri Sengalaniamman temple (F)	Not stated	0.14	Sri Sengalaniamman	...
44	„	do	Sri Hariharaputhra-swamy temple (O)	500	0.04	Sri Hariharaputhra-swamy	...
45	„	do	Sri Lakshminarayana-swamy temple (V)	40	1.15	Sri Lakshminarayana Perumal Sridevi, Bhudevi	...
46	91	Vakkur	Sri Kalivaradaraja-perumal temple (V)	1000	0.16	Sri Kalivaradaraja-perumal	...
47	„	do	Sri Thirumoolanatheswarar temple (S)	1000	0.19	Sri Thirumoolanatheswarar Sri Aramvalartha-nayakiamman	Sri Saneeswarar
48	92	Siruvallikuppam	Sri Dhrowpathiamman temple (F)	500	0.08	Sri Dhrowpathiamman Sri Dharmarajar Sri Arjunar	Sri Parthasarathi Perumal
49	96	Thennamadevi	Sri Hariharaputhra Ayyanar temple (O)	100	0.15	Sri Hariharaputhra Ayyanar Sri Pooraniamman	...

TALUK Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Mundiampakkam Railway station 7 miles	8.03	9.31	...	...	1,000	...	...	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Karthigai Deepam Arudhra Dharisanam
do	4.48	11.35	...	...	1,500	...	Garuda	Twice in a day by a Bhattachariar	Garuda Sevai Gokulashtami Vaikunta Ekadasi Navarathri
Mundiampakkam Railway station 8 miles	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Gounder	Annual festival in Adi
do	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	do	do
do	...	...	4.00	...	50 kalams of paddy	...	Garuda	Once in a day by a Bhattachariar	Garuda Sevai Vaikunta Ekadasi Karthigai Deepam
Vikravandi Railway station 6 miles	15.80	...	...	...	1,000	750	Garuda Horse Elephant Hanumar Vimanam	do	Vaikunta Ekadasi Navarathri Theerthavari Garuda Sevai Vaikasi Visakam
do	...	...	15.60	...	2,000	...	Rishabam	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	Navarathri Maha Sivarathri
Mundiampakkam Railway station 4 miles	0.19	...	...	16-Tamarind trees	70	...	Car Horse Lion	Once in a day by a hereditary Gounder	Annual festival for 18 days in Chithirai
Villupuram Railway station 4 miles	...	...	1.50	...	50	100	...	do	Ayyanar festival in Adi

VILLUPURAM

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
50	101	Kangianoor	Sri Lakshminarayana Perumal (alias) Kalyana Varadaraja-perumal temple (V)	50	0.30	Sri Lakshminarayana Perumal (alias) Kalyana Varadarajaperumal Sri Perundevi Thayar	...
51	120	V. Muthur	Sri Abirameswarar temple (S)	Not stated	0.40	Sri Abirameswarar Sri Muthambigai	...
52	121	Kumulam	Sri Srinivasa Perumal temple (V)	500	3.00	Sri Srinivasa Perumal	...
53	122	Vadanur	Sri Meenakshi Sundareswarar temple (S)	Not stated	1.00	Sri Meenakshi Sundareswarar	...
54	125	Thiruman-galam	Sri Aravamutha Perumal temple (V)	1000	1.00	Sri Aravamutha Perumal Sri Komalavalli Thayar	...
55	"	Pudukuppam H/o Thirumangalam	Sri Poongodiamman temple (F)	300	0.10	Sri Poongodiamman	...
56	127	Kodukkur	Sri Lakshminarayana Perumal temple (V)	250	0.33	Sri Lakshminarayana Perumal Sri Kanagavalli Thayar	Sri Andal Sri Anjaneyar Sri Garudar

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Mampazhapattu Railway station 2½ miles	3'63	3'74	...	...	Two cart-loads of paddy & Rs. 600/-	150	Garuda	Once in a day by a Bhattachariar	Annual festival in Ani Vaikunta Ekadasi
Valavanur Railway station 4 miles	3'52	9'17	...	...	1,200	25	Rishabam Peacock Bandicoot Vimanam	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Navarathri Karthigai Deepam Sivarathri Arudhra Dharisanam
Pallineliyanur Railway station 9 miles	...	...	1'33	...	250	10	Car Palanquin Garuda Elephant Horse	Twice in a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar	Brahmothsavam in Purattasi
Pallineliyanur Railway station 6 miles	4'00	9'00	...	...	1,000	25	Rishabam Peacock Vimanams-2	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Karthigai Deepam Navarathri Arudhra Dharisanam
Mundiampakkam Railway station 11 miles	...	...	12'00	...	1,500	200	Garuda Horse Surya Prabai	Twice in a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar	Gokulashtami Vijaya Dhasami Karthigai Deepam Vaikunta Ekadasi Pongal
Mundiampakkam Railway station 10 miles	...	...	1'24	...	5 bags of paddy	...	Kamadhenu Bhutham Kedayam Swan Elephant Lion Horses-2	Once in a day by a hereditary Vanniar	Brahmothsavam for 10 days in Chithirai
Mundiampakkam Railway station 8 miles	33'62	38'60	...	5-Houses & grove 19'04 acres	3,250	2,500	Swan Lion Hanumar Garuda Naga Horses-3 Elephant Vimanam	Twice in a day by a Bhattachariar	Navarathri Karthigai Deepam Gokulashtami Pongal Theerthavari Masi Magam Vaikunta Ekadasi

VILLUPURAM

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temples (Year)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal deity	Other important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
57	134	Periababu Samudram	Sri Venugopalaswamy temple (V)	Not stated	0.10	Sri Venugopala-swamy	...
58	136	Chinnababu Samudram	Sri Dhrowpathi-amman temple (F)	1000	0.05	Sri Dhrowpathi-amman	...
59	„	do	Sri Prasanna Venkata-chalapathy temple (V)	200	0.13	Sri Prasanna Venkatachalapathy	...
60	142	Pallipudu-pattu	Sri Somanatheeswarar temple (S)	Not stated	0.40	Sri Somanathaswamy Sri Visalakshiamman	Sri Chandikeswarar Sri Suryar
61	„	do	Sri Lakshminarayana Perumal temple (V)	100	0.13	Sri Lakshminarayana Perumal	...
62	150	Periakudumian kuppam H/o Elangadu	Sri Jalathuvazhi Amman temple (F)	200	0.05	Sri Jalathuvazhi Amman	...
63	„	do	Sri Karpaga Vinayagar temple (G)	60	0.10	Sri Karpaga Vinayagar	...
64	153	Kolliyanur	Sri Angalamman temple (F)	300	0.04	Sri Angalamman	...
65	„	do	Sri Puthulayiamman temple (F)	500	1.00	Sri Puthulayiamman	Sri Mariamman
66	„	do	Sri Varadaraja-perumal temple (V)	350	0.31	Sri Varadaraja-perumal Sridevi, Bhudevi	Sri Venugopalaswamy Sri Nachiars Sri Hanumar

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Chinnababu Samudram Railway station 1½ miles	...	...	5'00	...	500	...	...	Once in a day by a Bhattachariar	No
Chinnababu Samudram Railway station 1 mile	0'60	3'00	...	...	500	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Vanniar	Brahmothsavam in Panguni
do	1'81	7'18	...	...	250	...	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No
Pallineliyanur Railway station 3 miles	3'45	8'43	...	...	800	17	Rishabam	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Arudhira Dharisanam
do	3'41	6'00	...	...	600	100	Vimanam	Twice in a day by a Bhattachariar	Navarathri Karthigai Deepam Vaikunta Ekadasi
Valavanur Railway station 2 miles	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Vanniar	No
do	...	0'61	...	...	50	...	...	do	No
Kolliyanur Railway station	...	...	5'32	...	700	...	...	do	No
do	Extent	not stated	...	...	12,000	1,500	Cars-2 Palanquin Vahanams-6	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Brahmothsavam in Chithirai
do	4'14	10'49	...	Tamarind grove 1'89 acres	1,500	...	Vimanam	Once in a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar	Garuda Sevai Adi Pooram Vaikunta Ekadasi Sri Rama Navami

VILLUPURAM

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religions							
67	155	Salaiagaram	Sri Kailasanathar temple (S)	200	0.35	Sri Kailasanathaswamy	...
68	157	Villupuram	Sri Vaikuntavasa Perumal temple (V)	500	Not stated	Sri Vaikuntavasa Perumal Sri Janakavalli Thayar	...
69	..	do	Sri Muthumariamman temple (F)	100	0.35	Sri Muthumariamman	Sri Vinayagar Sri Kathavarayar
70	..	do	Sri Kailasanathaswamy temple (S)	300	1.50	Sri Kailasanathaswamy	...
71	..	do	Sri Ayyanar temple (O)	60	0.19	Sri Ayyanar	...
72	..	do	Sri Anjaneyaswamy temple (V)	50	0.05	Sri Anjaneyaswamy	...
73	161	Perumbakkam	Sri Venkata Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	100	1.00	Sri Venkata Varadarajaperumal Sri Perundevi Thayar	Sri Viswakshenar Sri Desigar Sri Nammalwar Sri Andal

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Kolliyanur Railway station $\frac{1}{2}$ mile	1.97	3.92	...	...	13 kalams of paddy & Rs. 200/-	...	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No
Villupuram Railway station	...	2.00	...	House-sites	2,000	300	Palanquins-2 Hanumar Surya Prabai Garuda Horse Naga	Twice in a day by a Bhattachariar	VaikuntaEkadasi Gokulashtami Navarathri Brahmothsavam in Vaikasi
do	...	...	...	...	...	...	Swan Bhutham Naga Lion Horse Kamadhenu Bandicoot Vimanam Ratham	Twice in a day by a Poosari	Brahmothsavam in Adi
do	8.06	...	...	...	500 (Dastic allowance Rs. 450/-)	500	Palanquin Rishabams-3 Horse Surya Prabai Naga	Four times a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Brahmothsavam for 10 days in Chithirai Vasanhotsavam Vinayaga Chathurthi Karthigai Deepam Arudhra Dharisanam Sivarathri
do	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Poosari	Annual festival in Adi
do	...	...	...	2-Houses	360	100	...	Twice in a day by a hereditary Royar	Laksha Deepam
Venkatesapuram Railway station 6 furlongs	14.22	0.66	...	...	130 kalams of paddy	51	Palanquin	Twice in a day by a Bhattachariar	Navarathri Vaikunta Ekadasi Theerthavari Adi Pooram

VILLUPURAM

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
74	161	Perumbak-kam	Sri Kailasanatha-swamy temple (S)	70	0.50	Sri Kailasanatha-swamy Sri Kamakshiamman	...
75	164	Thali	Sri Angalamman temple (F)	500	1.25	Sri Angalamman	...
76	167	Orukodi H/o Sathiapattu	Sri Abirameswarar temple (S)	100	0.14	Sri Abirameswarar Sri Muthalambigai	...
77	170	Valudureddi	Sri Venugopalaswamy (alias) Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	150	1.00	Sri Venugopala-swamy (alias) Varadarajaperumal	...
78	172	Panampattu	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	Not stated	Not stated	Sri Varadarajaperumal Sri Ubhayanachiar	...
79	176	Valavanur	Sri Jagannatha Eswarar temple (S)	800	1.33	Sri Jagannatha Eswarar Sri Abirameswari	...
80	"	Kunara-kuppam H/o Valavanur	Sri Dharmarajar temple (O)	108	0.40	Sri Dharmarajar Sri Dhrowpathiamman	Sri Kannan
81	"	do	Sri Kalivaradarajaperumal temple (V)	200	1.20	Sri Kalivaradarajaperumal	...
82	"	do	Sri Padaleeswarar temple (S)	55	1.00	Sri Padaleeswarar	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet	Dry	Wet and dry			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
	A.C.	A.C.	A.C.						
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Venkatesapuram Railway station 6 furlongs	7.82	0.17	...	...	60 kalams of paddy	...	...	No	No
Mampazhapattu Railway station 3 miles	...	...	2.99	...	250	...	Horse Lion	Once in a day by a hereditary Naidu	Annual festival for 9 days in Panguni
Venkatesapuram Railway station 1 mile	...	...	8.03	...	30 kalams of paddy & Rs. 100/-	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Vanniar	No
Villupuram Railway station 2 miles	...	...	7.98	20 Tamarind trees	20 bags of paddy & Rs. 1,000/-	...	...	No	No
Villupuram Railway station 2½ miles	Extent	not	stated	...	600	...	Vimanam	Once in a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar	Vaikunta Ekadasi
Valavanur Railway station	Extent	not	stated	...	120 kalams of paddy & Rs. 500/-	950	Rishabam Peacock Vimanams-2	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Annabishegam Karthigai Deepam Arudhra Dharisanam
Valavanur Railway station 2 furlongs	...	...	12.73	...	1,300	300	Elephant Garuda Vimanam	Twice in a day by a Vanniar	Firewalking festival in Vaikasi
do	...	...	15.00	...	40 kalams of paddy & Rs. 200/-	500	Garuda Indra- Vimnams-2	Twice in a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar	Vaikunta Ekadasi Navarathri Garuda Sevai
do	...	...	15.00	...	900	755	Rishabams-3 Ratham	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Adi Pooram Avani Moolam Mahasivarathri Ani Thirumanjanam Arudhra Dharisanam

VILLUPURAM

S.No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
83	176	Kumara-kuppam H/o Valavanur	Sri Subramaniaswamy temple (M)	90	1.00	Sri Shanmugaswamy	Sri Natarajar Sri Saneeswarar Sri Idumban
84	178	Siruvanthadu	Sri Lakshminarayana Perumal temple (V)	Not stated	Not stated	Sri Lakshminarayana Perumal	...
85	„	do	Sri Azhakeswara-swamy temple (S)	do	do	Sri Azhakeswara-swamy	...
86	179	Villianur H/o Pan-chamadevi	Sri Villeeswarar temple (S)	do	0.50	Sri Villeeswarar	...
87	„	do	Sri Lakshminarayana Perumal temple (V)	100	0.06	Sri Lakshminarayana Perumal	...
88	182	Anangur	Sri Agilanarayana Perumal temple (V)	Not stated	Not stated	Sri Agilanarayana Perumal	...
89	187	Maragatha-puram	Sri Agastheeswarar temple (S)	150	2.00	Sri Agastheeswarar Sri Maragathambal	...
90	188	Pidagam	Sri Varadaraja-perumal temple (V)	100	0.07	Sri Varadaraja-perumal	...
91	190	Veliyambakam	Sri Mannatheeswarar temple (S)	300	1.50	Sri Mannatheeswarar Sri Pachaiveliamman	...
92	198	Vadavam-balam	Sri Kasiviswanatha-swamy temple (S)	150	0.01	Sri Kasiviswanatha-swamy	...
93	„	do	Sri Venugopalswamy temple (V)	120	0.01	Sri Venugopalswamy	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Valavanur Railway station 2 furlongs	Extent	not	stated	...	2,000	Not stated	Ratham Vimanam Bandicoot Peacocks-2 Rishabam Naga	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Skandha Sashti
Valavanur Railway station 3½ miles	Extent	not	stated	...	500	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
do									
Serndanur Railway station 3 miles	3'69	14'12	...	Vacant plot 15 cents	800	100	Rishabam Surya Prabai	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Ani Thiru- manjanam Thiruvathirai Sivarathri
Serndanur Railway station 3½ miles	...	...	16'00	...	800	...	Vimanam	Once in a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar	Adi Pooram Vaikunta Ekadasi
Serndanur Railway station 2½ miles	Extent	not	stated	...	1,000	50	Kedayam	do	Vaikunta Ekadasi Theerthavari in Thai
Kandambakkam Railway station 2½ miles	13'04	1'67	...	...	70 kalams of paddy & Rs. 100/-	500	Rishabam	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Navarathri Masi Magam Thai Poosam
Kandambakkam Railway station 1 mile	...	...	3'00	...	300	...	...	Once in a day by a Vanniar	No
Kandampakkam Railway station 3 miles	...	1'66	...	20 Iluppai trees	150	...	Horse Peacock	Once in a day by a hereditary Vanniar	Brahmothsavam in Panguni
Serndanur Railway station 3½ miles	1'65	3'57	...	...	300	...	...	No	No
do	3'19	2'64	...	...	350	...	Garuda	Once in a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar	Navarathri Vaikunta Ekadasi Theerthavari in Thai

VILLUPURAM

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
94	200	Muksha-kulam	Sri Lakhminarayana Perumal temple (V)	Not stated	0 10	Sri Lakshminarayana Perumal	...
95	205	Rambakkam	Sri Thripurantheeswarar temple (S)	do	0 50	Sri Thripurantheeswarar	...
96	206	Sorappur	Sri Lakshminarayana Perumal temple (V)	100	0 02	Sri Lakshminarayana Perumal Sri Kanagavalli Thayar	Sri Ramar Sri Anjaneyar
97	207	Veeranam	Sri Swaroopa Vinayagar temple (G)	500	0 10	Sri Swaroopa Vinayagar	...
98	208	Mittamandagapattu	Sri Chockanathar temple (S)	1,000	0 22	Sri Chockanathar Sri Meenakshiamman	...
99	210	Pakkam	Sri Lakshminarayana Perumal temple (V)	Not stated	0 16	Sri Lakshminarayana Perumal	...
100		do	Sri Brahmapureeswarar temple (S)	150	0 36	Sri Brahmapureeswarar	..
101	211	Krishnapuram	Sri Subramaniaswamy temple (M)	500	0 01	Sri Subramaniaswamy	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Valavanur Railway station 3½ miles	Extent	not	stated	...	200	...	...	Thrice in a day by a Bhattachariar	No
Pallineliyanur Railway station 6 miles	...	...	14'00	...	2,000	...	Peacock Rishabam Ratham	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Navarathri Karthigai Deepam Arudhra Dharisanam Mahasivarathri
do	5'45	11'03	...	...	1,100	685	...	Twice in a day by a Bhattachariar	No
do	...	3'08	...	Tamarind grove 87 cents	300	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Vanniar	No
Pallineliyanur Railway station 3½ miles	Extent	not	stated	...	4,000	200	Bandicoot Surya Prabai Bhutham Nagam Elephant Car Palanquin Peacock Swan Horse Rishabam	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Vijaya Dasami Karthigai Deepam Arudhra Dharisanam
Pallineliyanur Railway station 5 miles	5'42	10'31	...	...	2,000	...	Palanquin Garuda	Thrice in a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar	No
do	12'44	17'63	...	...	500	1,000	Rishabam Peacock Bandicoot	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Navarathri Mahasivarathri Arudhra Dharisanam
Nellikuppam Railway station	4'00	1'00	...	...	500	200	...	do	Vijaya Dasami Thai Poosam Skandha Sashti

VILLUPURAM

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)

Temples under the Hindu Religious

102	213	Melpathi Sornavur	Sri Varadaraja-perumal temple (V)	30	0.40	Sri Varadaraja-perumal Sri Andal	Sri Anjaneyar
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Temples outside the Hindu Religious

1	6	Brahma-desam	Sri Pataleswarar temple (S)	1000	1.50	Sri Pataleswarar Sri Parvathavardhini	...
2	150	Elangadu	Sri Perundevi Thayar temple (V)	17	Below 0.01	Sri Perundevi Thayar	...
3	182	Anagur	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	Not stated	Not stated	Sri Muthalavazhi Mariamman	...

TALUK (Concl'd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet	Dry	Wet and dry			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels)	Vahanas		
	A.C.	A.C.	A.C.			Rs.			
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)

and Charitable Endowments Board (Concl'd.)

Melpattabakkam Railway station 3 miles	10'29	6'51	78½ kalams of paddy & Rs. 800/-	...	Garuda Horse Naga	Twice in a day by a Bhatta- chariar	Vaikunta Ekadasi Karthigai Deepam Theerthavari in Thai
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and Charitable Endowments Board

Perani Railway station 6 miles	3'80	6'80	30 kalams of paddy	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
Valavanur Railway station 2 miles	Extent	not	stated	1-House	1,500	150	...	Twice in a day by a Bhatta- chariar	No
Villupuram Railway station 2½ miles	1'31	...	...	...	1,000	...	Car Ratham Horse Kedayam Nagam Swan Lion	Once in a day by a hereditary Poosar.	Car festival Theerthavari in Thai

THIRUKOILUR TALUK

54 KAZHUMARAM (KALUMALAM)

Sri Chidambareswarar temple

The village is 6 miles from Thirukoilur railway station and lies on the Tiruvannamalai-Thirukoilur road. Buses ply between the two centres at short intervals. The temple is a mile away from the main road. Stone inscriptions are found inside the temple. According to legend the temple was constructed, when Samanars (*i.e.*) Jains were suspended on gibbets as capital punishment and hence the name of the village. Sri Chidambareswarar and His consort Sri Sivakamiamman are the presiding deities of the temple. It covers an area of 31 cents and has a 20' high gopuram.

The Lingam here is an installed one. As it was worshipped by Banasuran, it is known as Banalingam. There is an under-ground passage the entrance of which is in the Western outer wall. The four great Nayanmars have visited the shrine and composed verses in praise of the deity. There is a stone inscription bearing the song "Poombalaiveesum" composed by Sri Sundaramurthy Nayanar.

Poojas are performed twice a day by a hereditary Gurukkal who is paid a monthly salary from the temple revenues. It owns landed properties to the extent of 39 acres of wet and dry lands which are leased out for rent and the income is spent towards the maintenance of the temple. There are as many as 9 vahanas, all made of wood, some of which are 200 years old.

Of the several festivals, Sri Parvathi Kalyanam during the Panguni Uthiram and Narakasura Samhara Uthsavam during Purattasi (Navarathri) for 9 days are the main ones which attract about 500 devotees from the neighbouring villages.

The temple is managed by a Board of three trustees.

59 THIRUKOILUR

Sri Thiruvikramaswamy temple

The above Vishnu temple in Thirukoilur which is one of the ancient shrines of South India, is on the

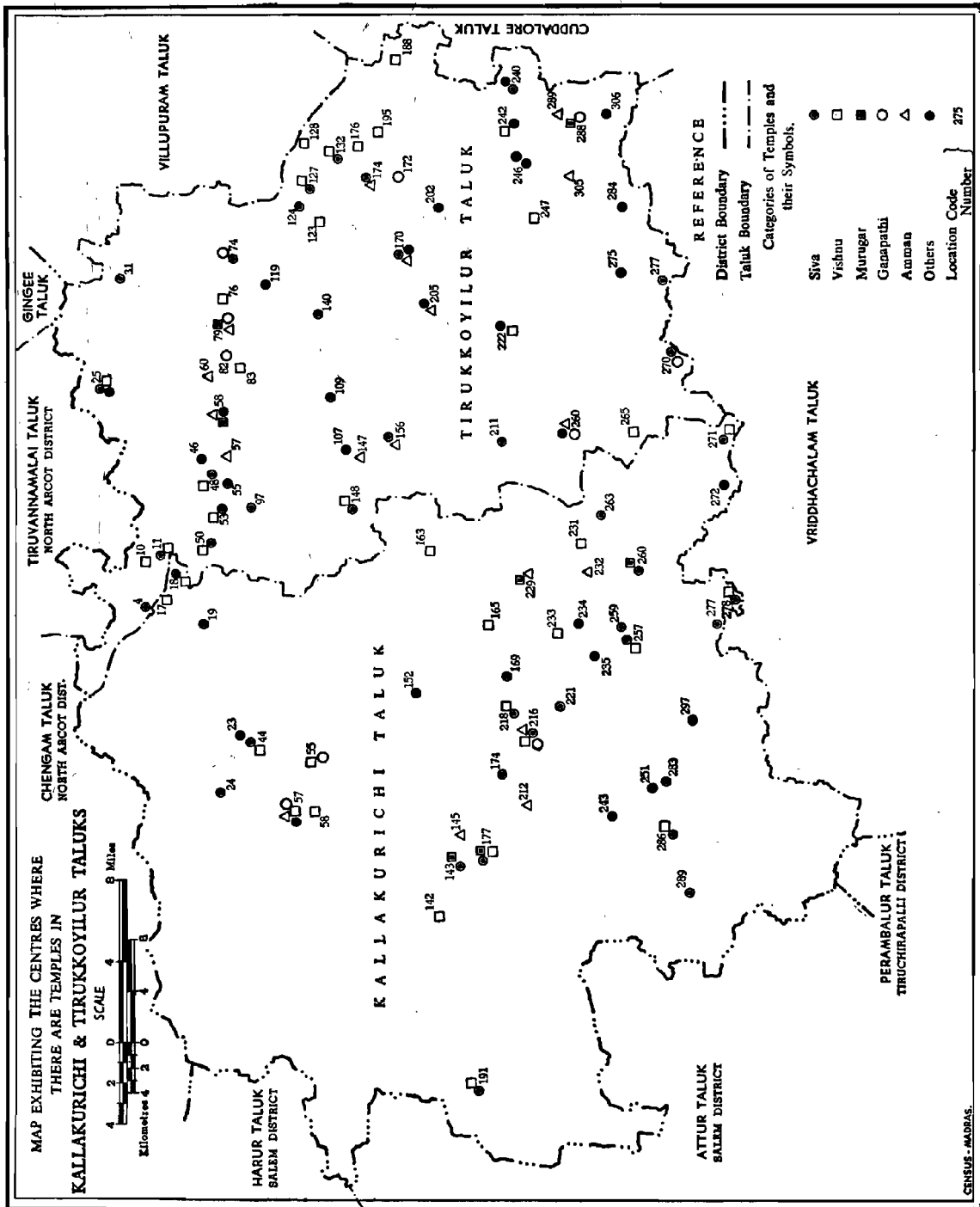
45th mile, on the Cuddalore—Chittoor trunk road. In 1961, it was renovated by raising subscriptions from the public.

Sri Ulagalandha Perumal or Thiruvikrama and Poongovil Thayar are the presiding deities of the temple. The shrine which has a pagoda covers an area of 5 acres and has three praharams. The idol of the Moolavar is made of wood; it is in a standing pose with the left leg on the ground and the right lifted up. The Lord gave dharsan to Mrikandu Maharishi as Sri Thiruvikrama. Alwars, namely Peyalwar, Bhudhathalwar and Poigai Alwar have sung about the deity. At the entrance of the first prakaram is the idol of Sri Durgambal who is supposed to guard the temple. This is of special significance since in Vishnu temples, we do not usually find Durga images. The festival idol is 3' high.

The three Alwars mentioned above reached Thirukoilur one night; they had not met one another till then. With a view to bring them all together, the Lord brought forth torrential rains and all the three took shelter in the tiny hermitage of sage Mrikandu. The space was just sufficient for three people to stand and all the three felt the presence of a fourth person. The Lord gave them dharsan and each composed 100 verses in praise of the deity. It is here that the three Alwars sang in Tamil for the first time and the Vaishnavites consider this place to be specially sacred.

Poojas are performed twice a day by hereditary Battachariars, who are paid a monthly salary. The temple owns jewellery, worth about Rs. 50,000/- donated by devotees, of which the gold kavachams of the uthsavars *viz.*, Sri Rama, Krishna, Perumal, Thayar and Manavala Mamunivar deserve special mention. There are 3 acres of wet land, belonging to the temple which yield an annual income of Rs. 500/-. Besides, it gets an income of Rs. 20,000/- from hundis and archana charges.

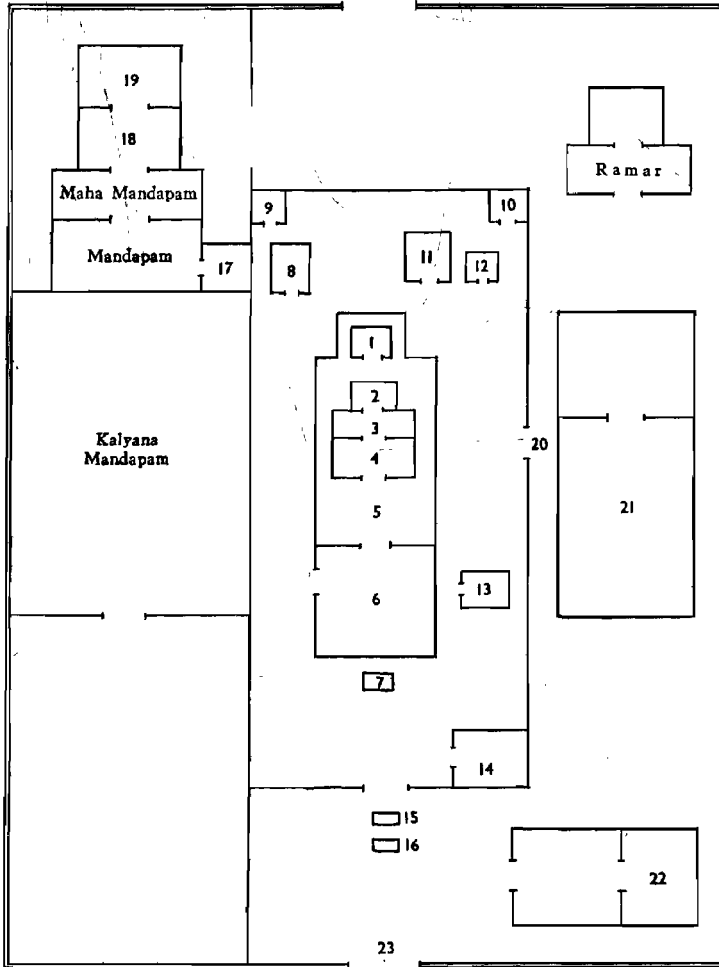
There is an old car made of wood and a wooden palanquin with gold gilt, in the temple. Panguni Uthiram, Manavala Mamuni Uthsavam in the month of Ippasi and Vaikunta Ekadasi Uthsavam are the regular annual festivals observed of which the Panguni



SRI THIRUVIKRAMASWAMY TEMPLE

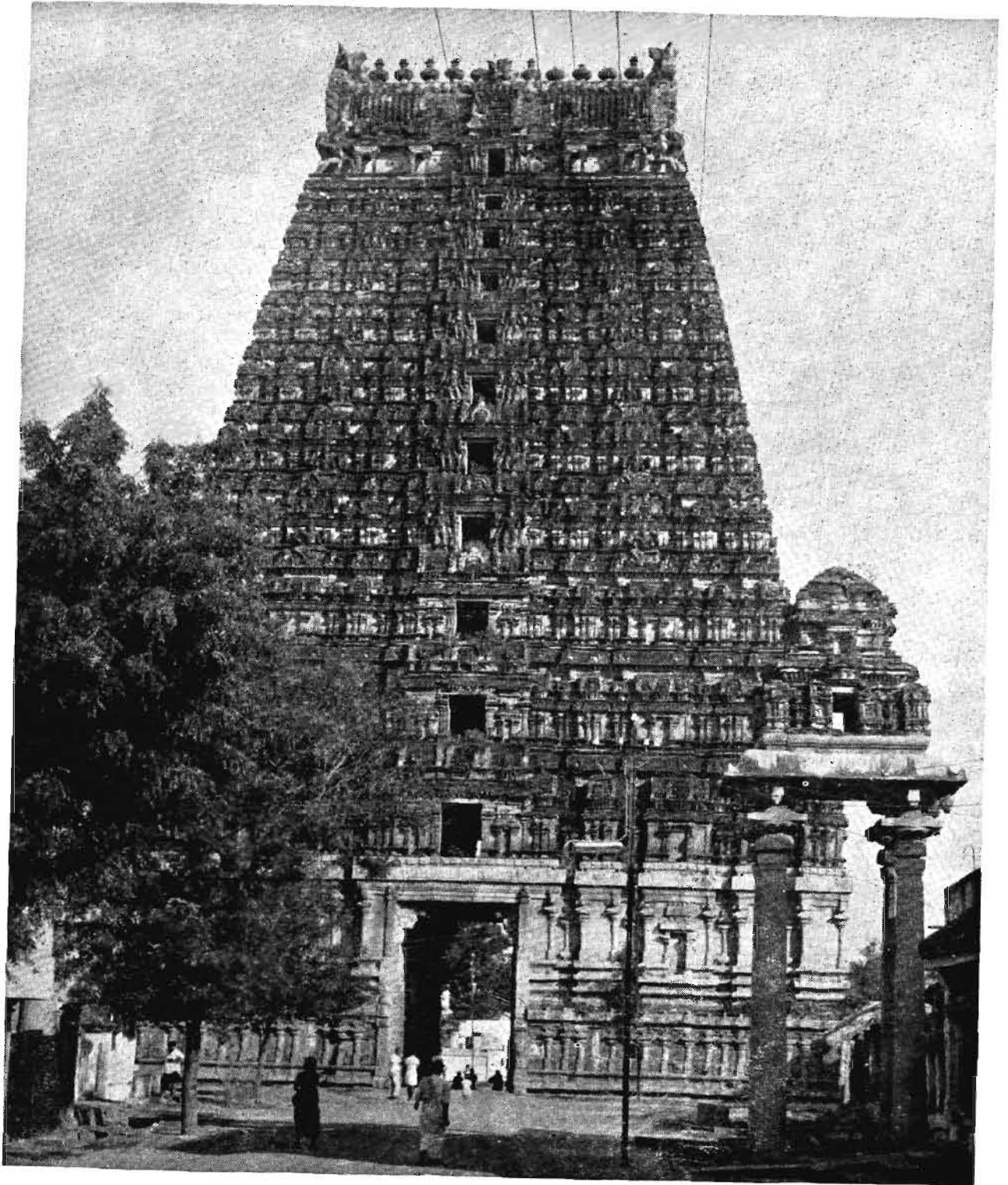
TIRUKKOYILUR

(Not to Scale)



INDEX TO NUMBERS

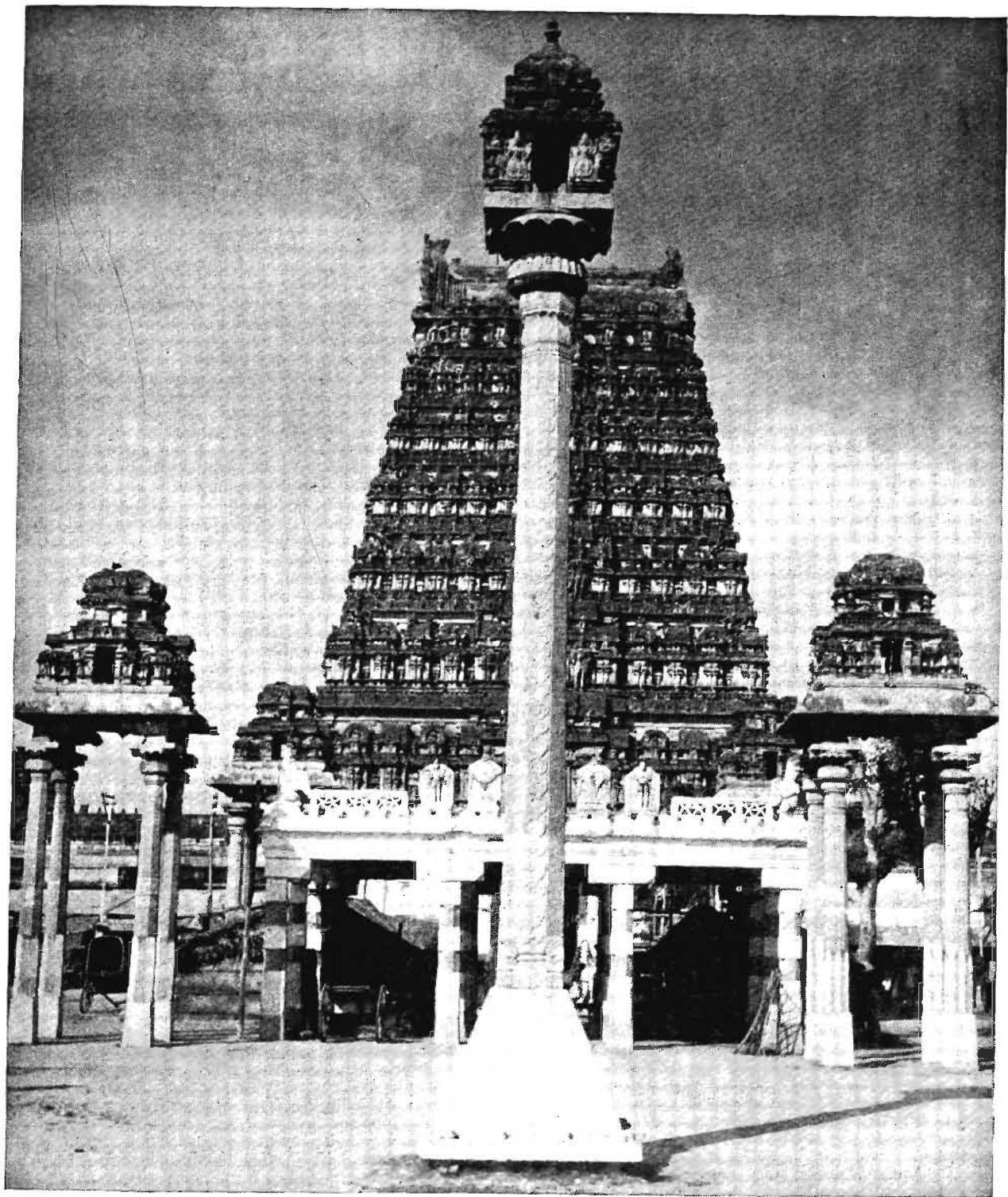
- 1 Vamanar
- 2 Thiruvikramaswamy Moolavar
- 3 Artha Mandapam
- 4 Msha Mandapam
- 5 Mandapam
- 6 Pandiyan Mandapam
- 7 Balipeedam
- 8 Lakshminarayanawamy
- 9 Vahana Mandapam
- 10 Lakshminarasimbaswamy
- 11 Andal Sannithi
- 12 Udayavar
- 13 Senai Mudaliar Sannithi
- 14 Manavalamamunigal
- 15 Dwajasthambam
- 16 Balipeedam
- 17 Chakrathalwar
- 18 Artha Mandapam
- 19 Pushpavalli Thayar
- 20 Swargavasal
- 21 Varadharajar
- 22 Venugopal Sannithi
- 23 Main Entrance



The frontage of the massive Gopuram : Sri Thiruvikrama Swamy Temple, Thirukoilur



Gopuram view with the tank : Sri Thiruvikrama Swamy Temple, Thirukoilur.



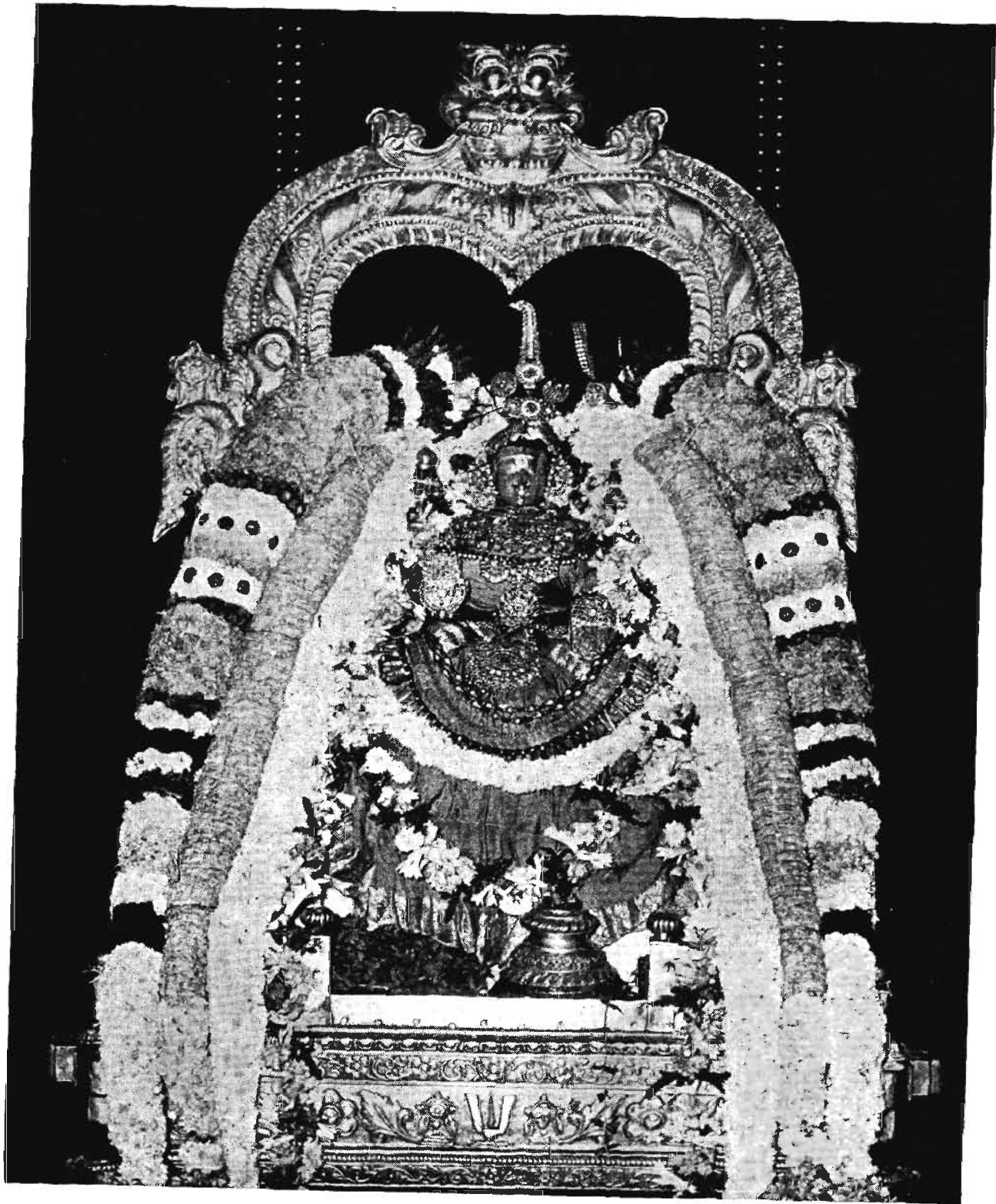
A stone pillar with artistic carvings atop, in front of the temple pagoda : Sri Thiruvikrama Swamy Temple Thirukoilur.



Sri Thiruvikramaswamy (Moolavar and Uthsavar): Sri Thiruvikrama Swamy Temple, Thirukoilur.



Sri Poongovil Thayar (Moolavar): Sri Thiruvikrama Swamy Temple, Thirukoilur.



Sri Poongovil Thayar (Uthsavar): Sri Thiruvikrama Swamy Temple, Thirukoilur.



Sri Durgambal : Sri Thiruvikrama Swamy Temple, Thirukoilur.



Sri Anjaneyar : Sri Thiruvikrama Swamy Temple, Thirukoilur.

Uthiram is the main one, which attracts about 5,000 devotees from the neighbouring villages and towns.

A single trustee, is in charge of the temple.

60 ARAKKANDANALLUR

Sri Araianinatha Eswarar temple

(அரையணிநாத ஈஸ்வரர்)

The temple which is built on a rock of 30' in height is close to the Thirukoilur railway station. When Jainism was the ruling religion in Tamil Nad, the Samanas closed the sanctum in the temple with a stone to prevent the worship of the Lingam. When Thirugnana Sambandar came to know of it, he visited this place and sang in praise of the deity. The stone slab moved away of its own accord. On seeing this miracle, the local ruler killed the Samanas on the gibbet. The temple belongs to the 7th century. It covers an area of 65 cents. The main tower is 160' in height and there are three praharams in the shrine. The Lingam is an installed one. The presiding deities are Sri Araianinatheswarar and Sri Arulnayaki. The Devi is installed in a separate sanctum and is facing east. The Lord is facing west and is 4' high. In a cave on the rock near the temple, there are six rooms and the popular belief is that the Pancha Pandavas have stayed here for a while. The tank close to the cave is said to have come into existence when Bheema struck the rock with his mace so that Dhrowpathi could take her bath in it.

Poojas are offered twice a day by a hereditary Gurukkal who is paid a monthly salary. The ornaments in the temple are worth about Rs. 2,000/-. The immovable properties comprise 5.02 acres of wet and 10.68 acres of dry lands which fetch an annual income of Rs. 2,500/-.

No festivals are celebrated at present. Three trustees manage the affairs of the temple.

118 SITILINGAMADAM

Sri Vyagrapadeeswarar temple

As the temple was built by sage Vyagrapadar, the presiding deity is known as Sri Vyagrapadeeswarar. The stone inscriptions show that rulers of Tamil Nad have rebuilt it. Renovations were made about 50 years ago and again in 1956 by two devotees. When

Sundarar went to Kovalveerattanam from Thiru Edayar and passed through this village without composing verses about the deity, Lord Vinayaga intercepted him and asked him to do so. Sundarar expressed his inability as the place was inhabited by Siddhars whose greatness could not be properly assessed. Thereafter Lord Vinayaga requested him to sing verses atleast in praise of Him. Immediately Sundarar sang a "Padhigam" praising Sri Vinayagar, worshipped Him and proceeded on his way. There is a separate shrine here for Sri Vinayagar, who is called as Vathadum (வாதடும்) Vinayagar and the place where the conversation took place is known as Sundaresapuram. The temple is 7 miles from Thirukoilur and connected by bus service. It covers an area of 1.05 acres. Sri Vyagrapadeeswarar, the presiding deity is a Swayambu Lingam and is 3' high. His consort is Sri Neela Visalakshi and Her idol is 5' in height.

Poojas are performed twice a day by a hereditary Gurukkal who is in the enjoyment of some manyam lands. The temple has antique jewellery worth about Rs. 200/- donated by a devotee some 50 years ago. It owns about 35.79 acres of both wet and dry lands which fetch an annual income of Rs. 1,000/- and it is spent towards the maintenance of the temple.

The temple owns a car and as many as 13 vahanas which are made of wood; they are 60 years old. Chithirai Brahmothsavam, Ani Thirumanjanam, Adi Pooram, Navarathri, Annabishegam, Karthigai Deepam, Danurmadha Uthsavam, Masi Magam, Panguni Uthiram and Skandha Sashti are the regular annual festivals observed by the temple of which the Brahmothsavam in Chithirai for a period of 10 days is the main one; about 1,000 devotees from the adjoining villages attend it.

Arjuna had a dharsan of the Lord after his penance here. Several Siddhars have lived in this village in the past. A saint is residing here at present.

A single trustee is in charge of the temple.

123 THIRU EDAYUR (T. EDIYUR)

Sri Maruntheeswaraswamy temple

According to legend the above temple was built by Sri Brahma; Devas have worshipped the deity. The Cholas, Pandyas and the Vijayanagar rulers have made renovations. The shrine is 6 miles from Thiruvannainallur Road railway station and can be reached by buses also. There are 18 stone inscriptions

relating to the Chola period. The temple covers an area of about 41 cents. One Kailasa Gurukkal, the priest of the temple, effected some repairs about 100 years ago.

Sri Maruntheeswarar and His consort Sri Gnanambigai are the principal deities of the temple. Sri Maruntheeswarar is a Swayambu Lingam and is 5' high.

The Moolavar is facing west while the Devi is facing east in "Thirukkalyanakolam" (wedding); the temple tank is located in front of the Amman sannidhi. Sundaramurthy Nayanar has visited the temple and composed songs in praise of the Lord. The temple belongs either to the eighth century or earlier.

Poojas are performed twice a day by a hereditary Adi Saiva Gurukkal who is in the enjoyment of some manyam lands. The temple has jewellery worth about Rs. 200/- donated by a Gurukkal some 100 years ago. It owns about 9.02 acres of wet and 11.46 acres of dry lands which fetch an annual income of Rs. 1,000/- and it is spent towards the poojas of the temple and for its maintenance.

The temple owns a palanquin, a rishabam and peacock vahanams which are made of wood and donated by a Gurukkal some 100 years ago.

Theerthavari uthsavam on the fifth day of Thai, Panguni Uthiram and Arudhra Dharisanam are the important annual festivals observed by the temple which attract about 300 devotees from the adjacent villages.

A single hereditary trustee who is also the hereditary priest is in charge of the temple.

174 THIRUVENNAINALLUR

(i) Sri Krupapureeswarar temple

Sadayappa Mudaliar, the patron of Kambar, the great Tamil poet, was born at Thiruvennainallur. The above temple dedicated to Lord Siva was in existence in the eighth century since Sundaramurthy Nayanar has praised the Lord in his famous song "Pitha Piraisoodi". There are several stone inscriptions relating to the twelfth and thirteenth centuries. The shrine is 13 miles from Villupuram on the Thirukoilur road. It occupies an area of one square furlong or 10 acres. The presiding deity of the temple is Sri Krupapureeswarar, who is also called as Sri 'Thaduthatkondanathar', (தடுத்தாட்கொண்ட நாதர்). The idol of the

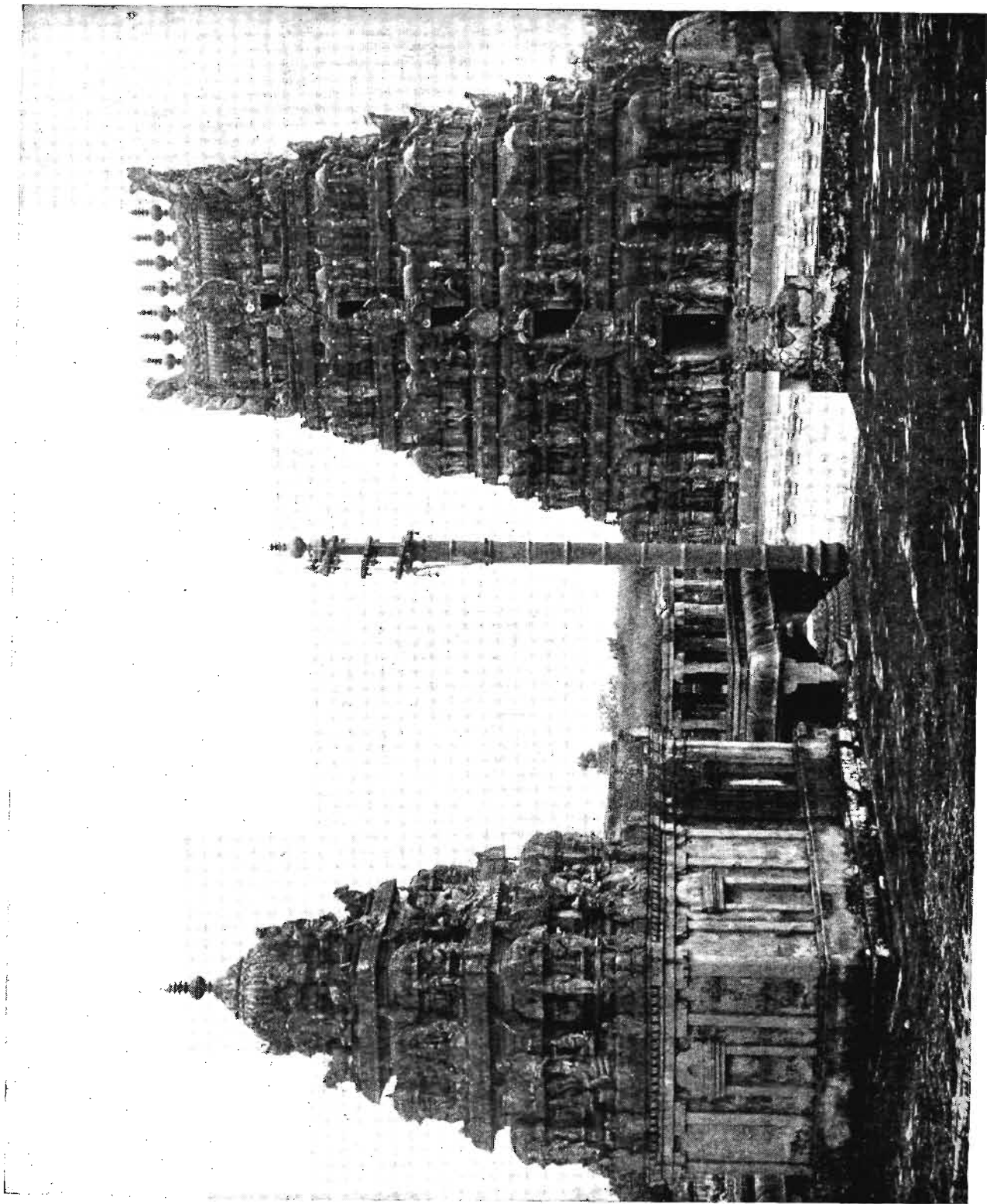
Polla Vinayagar here is a Swayambu. It was here that Sri Mangalambigai attained mukthi (salvation) after doing severe penance.

Of the four poojas offered daily, the "Arthajama-kattalai" which is performed between 8 and 8.30 p.m. deserves special mention. This was instituted by one Sri Narayanaswamy Chettiar of Thiruvennainallur about 15 years ago. He was keeping awake at nights and could not sleep. After he endowed properties for the above Kattalai, he could sleep during nights and his health improved considerably. The routine relating to this Kattalai is that Sri Mangalambigai is adorned with jewels and suitably decorated and placed on the "Oonjal" in the "Palliyarai", after which Lord Krupapureeswarar is similarly adorned and placed on the Oonjal along with the Ambal, in the Palliyarai. Then milk is offered and the door locked. Every morning the "Palliyarai" is opened and the God and Goddess are taken to their usual seats.

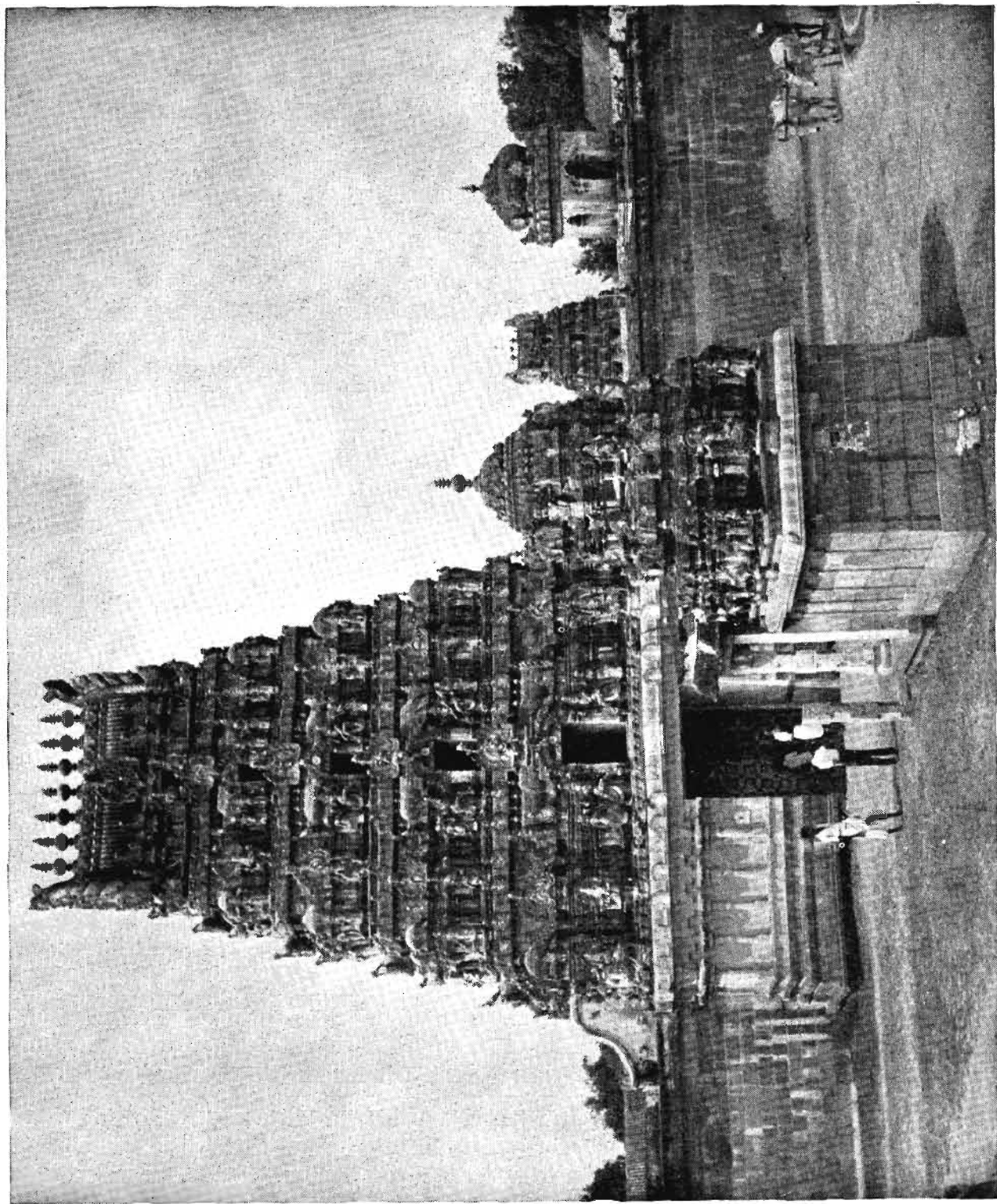
The temple owns 13.33 acres of wet land in the Mazhayampattu village fetching an income of Rs. 1,350/- per annum which have been endowed for meeting the expenses connected with the performance of the "Arthajamakattalai". The Thiruvaduthurai Adheenam meets the expenses of the noon poojas; the expenses of evening poojas are met out of the Vaiyapuri Chettiar kattalai.

The Gurukkal is paid a monthly salary. The total annual income of the temple is Rs. 3,540/-. The Brahmotsavam in the month of Panguni which is the main festival, attracts 2,000 devotees. It is celebrated for 12 days. The first, fifth and seventh days of the festival relating to the stopping of the marriage of Sundaramurthy Nayanar are important days of the festival.

Story:—Navalur, the birth place of Sri Sundaramurthy Nayanar is about 8 miles south east of Thiruvennainallur. The saint's original name was Nambi Aroorar and he was brought up by the local chieftain. His wedding was arranged to take place at Puthur, an adjacent village. On the wedding day, an old Brahmin made his appearance and objected to the marriage on the ground that the bride-groom should serve as his slave in accordance with the terms of a deed executed by his grandfather. He also produced the deed of palmyrah leaves. Nambi Aroorar got vexed and tore off the document. The old man then



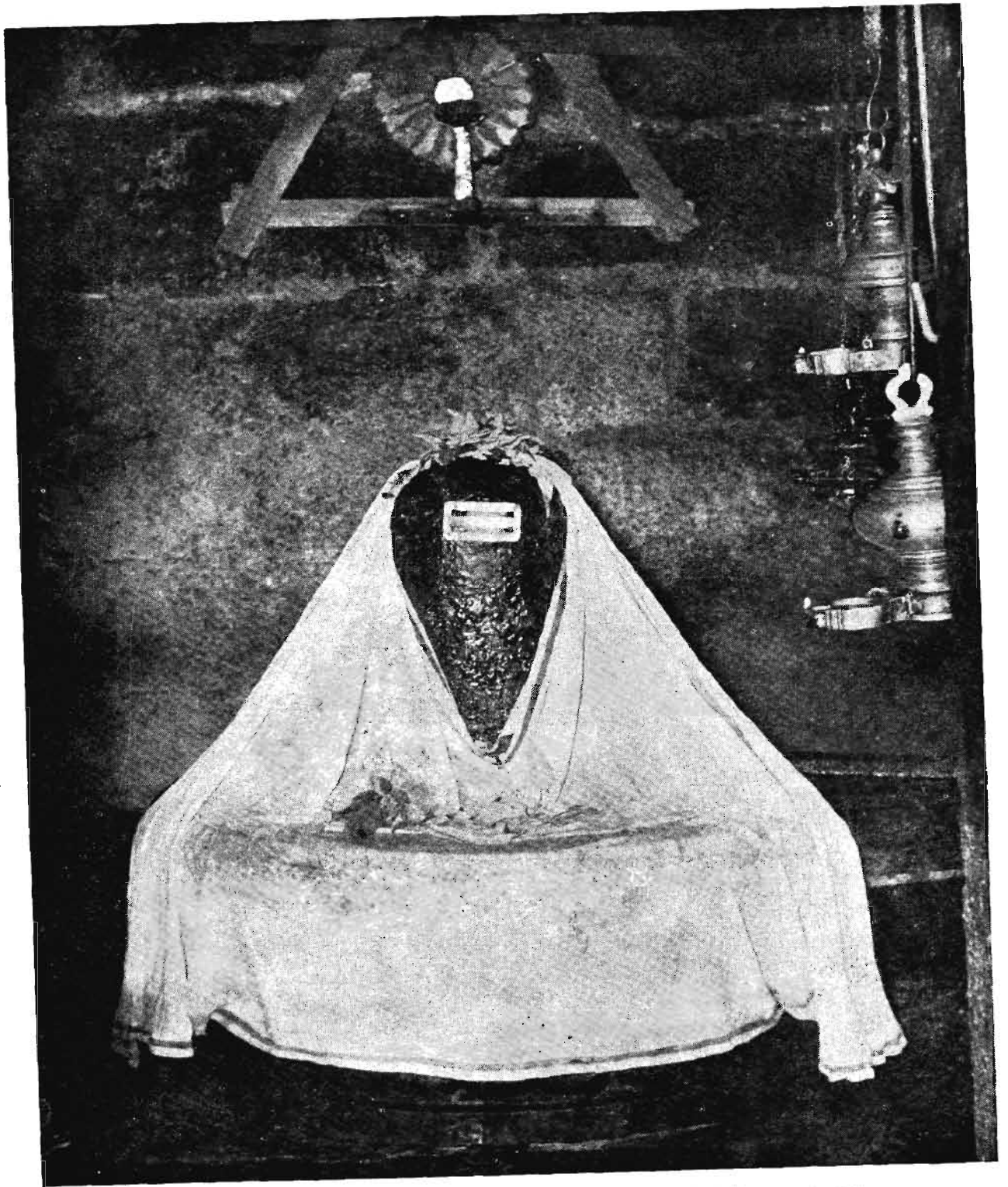
A closer view of the Vimanam and Gopuram with the Dwajasthambam : Sri Krupapureswarar Temple, Thiruvannainallur.



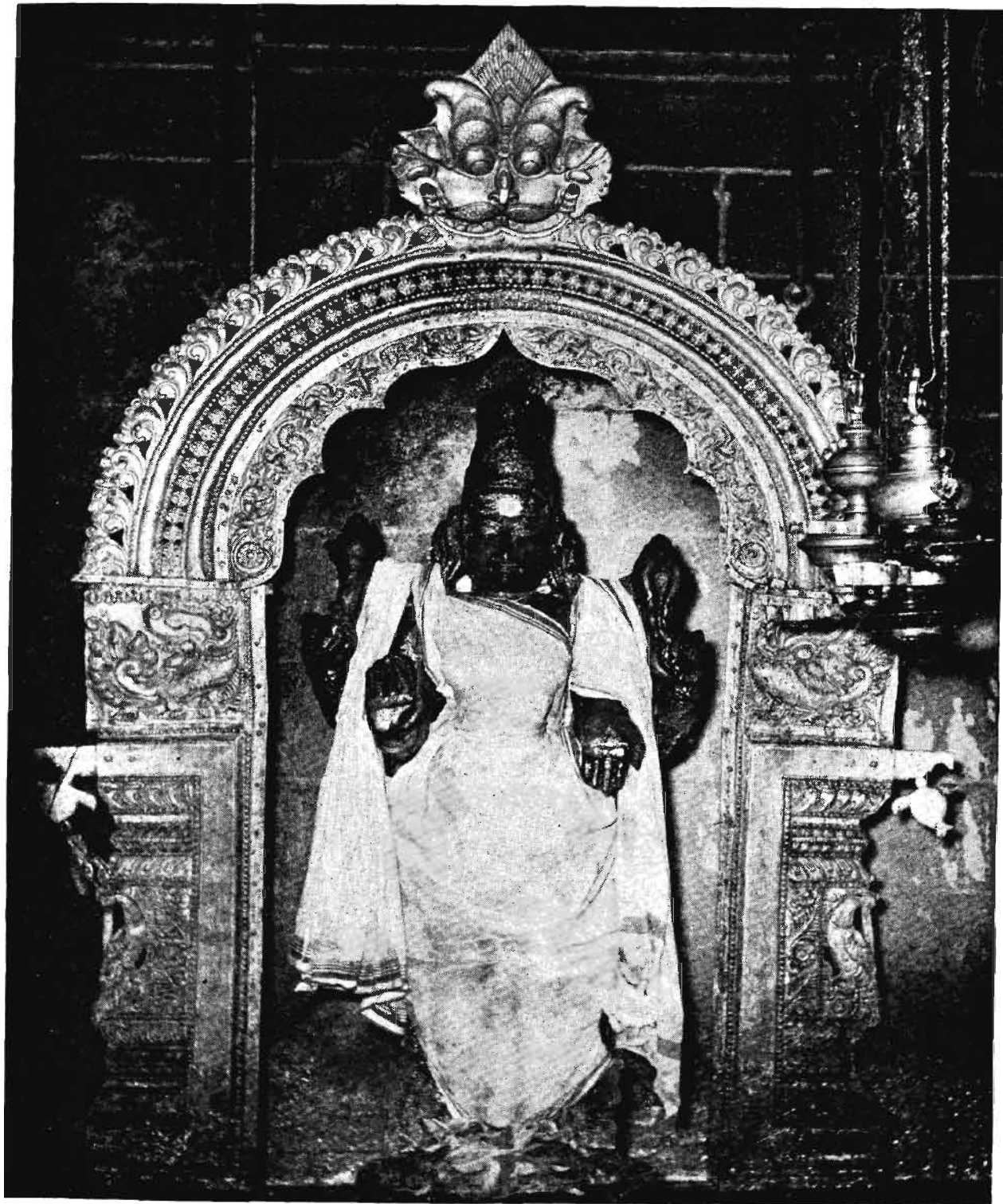
The main entrance to the temple : Sri Krupapureswarar Temple, Thiruvannamallur.



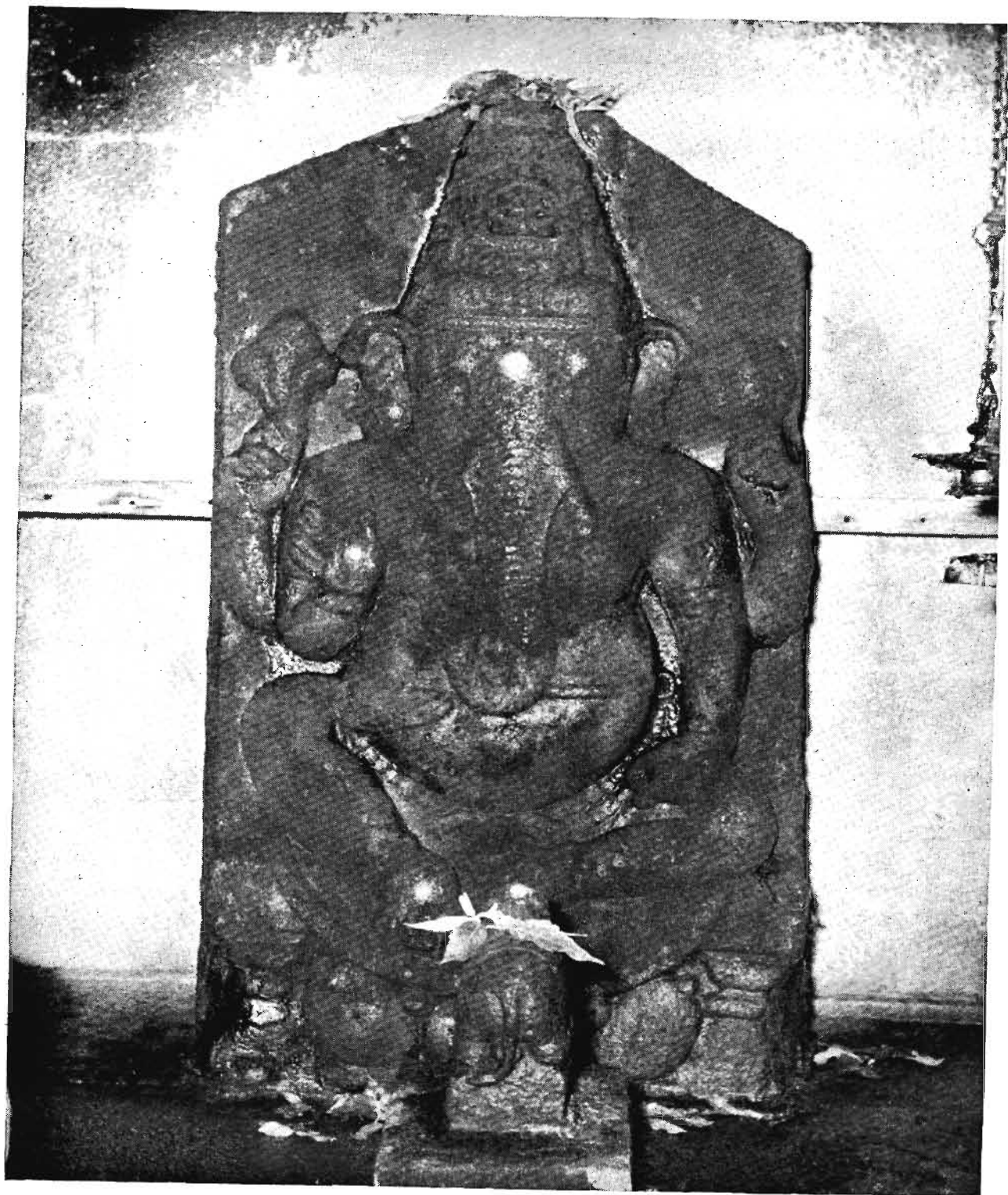
A view of the Amman's Shrine : Sri Krupapureswarar Temple, Thiruvannamallur.



Sri Krupapureswarar (Moolavar): Sri Krupapureswarar Temple, Thiruvennaiallur.



Sri Mangalambigai (Moolavar): Sri Krupapureswarar Temple, Thiruvennainallur.



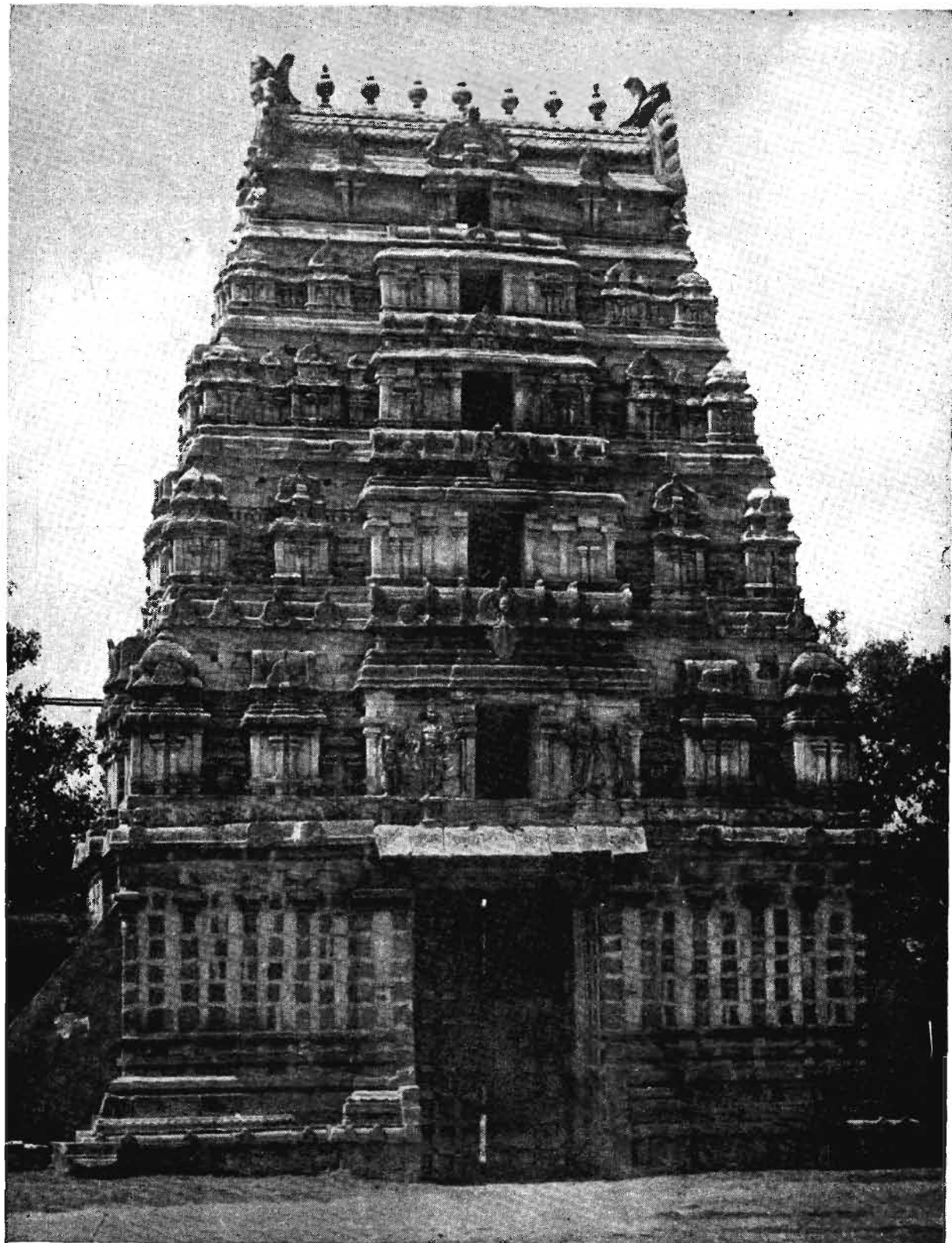
Sri Polla Vinayagar, Sri Krupapureswarar Temple, Thiruvannainallur.



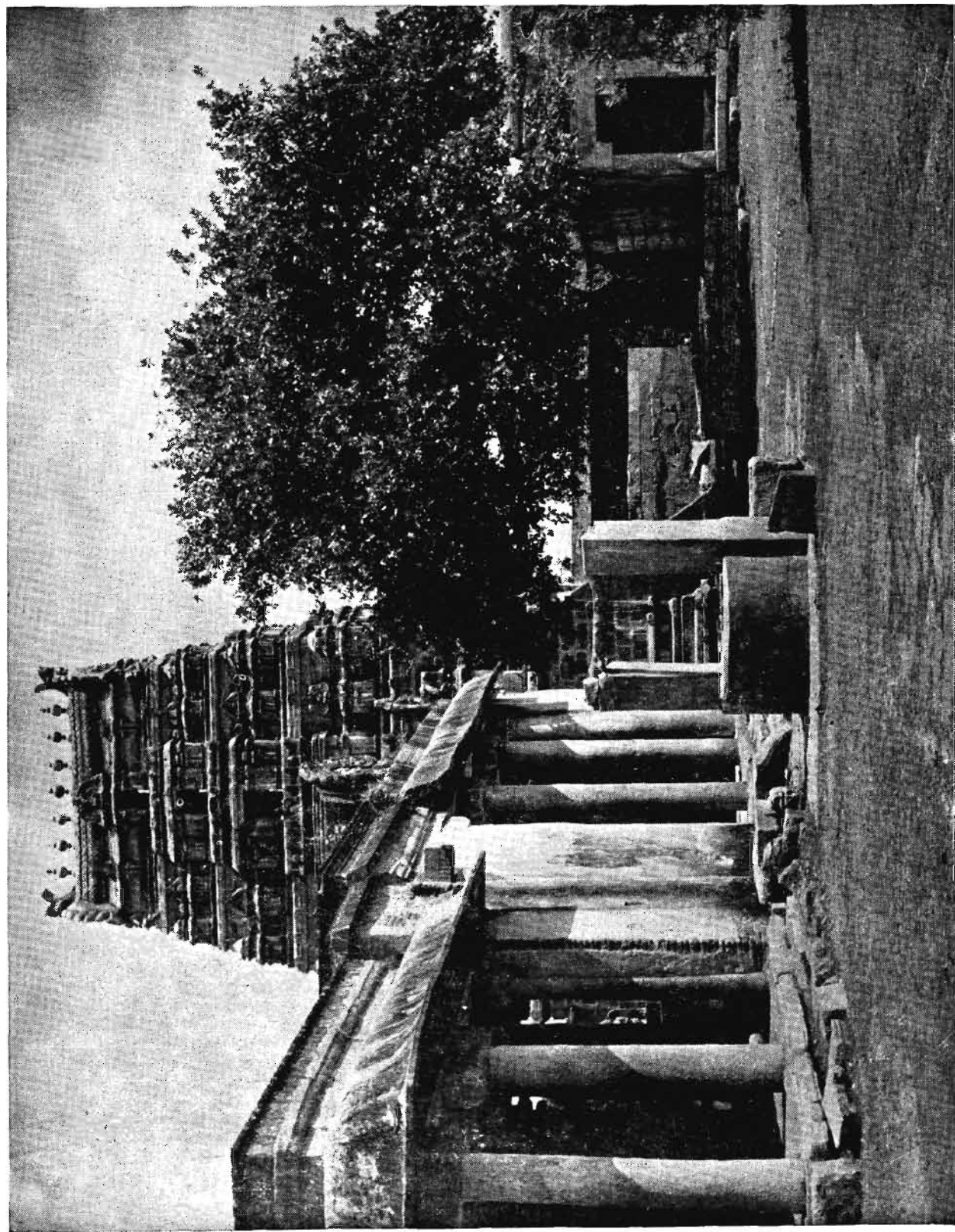
The Sthalapuranam of the temple; Sri Krupapureswarar Temple, Thiruvannainallur.



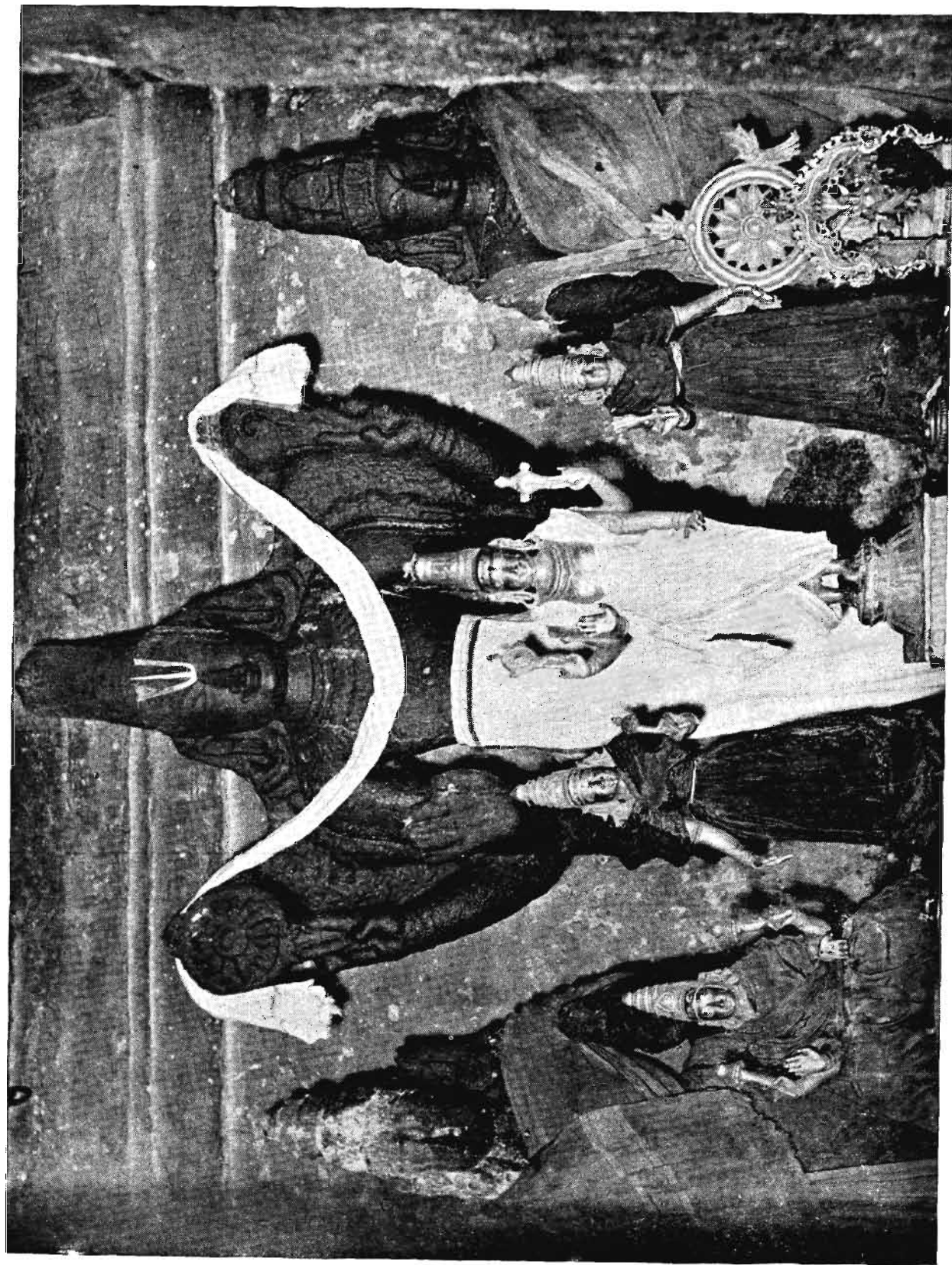
Saint Sundaramoorthy Nayanar (Uthsavar) : Sri Krupapureeswarar Temple, Thiruvannainallur



Gopuram view : Sri Vaikuntavasa Perumal Temple, Thiruvannamallur.



The Sthala Viruksham of the temple: Sri Vaikuntavasa Perumal Temple, Thiruvannamallur.



Sri Vaikuntavasa Perumal with Sri Devi and Bhudevi (Moolavar and Uthsavar): Sri Vaikuntavasa Perumal Temple, Thiruvennainallur



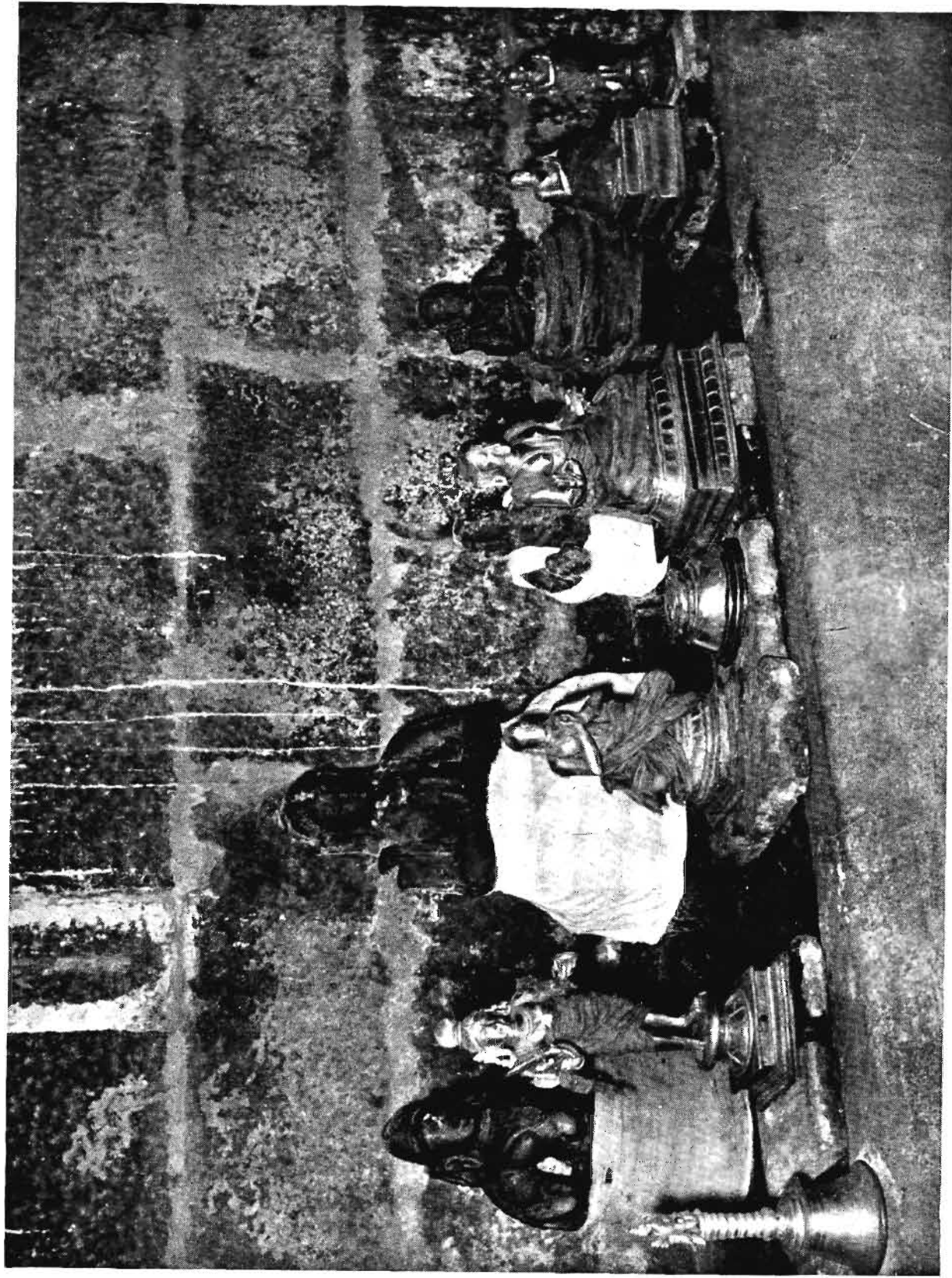
Sri Tanakavalli Thayar (Moolavar): Sri Vaikuntavasa Perumal Temple, Thiruvennainallur.



Sri Venugopala Swamy : Sri Vaikuntavasa Perumal Temple, Thiruvannainallur.



Sri Sandalya Maharishi : Sri Vaikuntavasa Perumal Temple, Thiruvennainallur.



The Alvars : Sri Vaikuntavasa Perumal Temple, Thiruvannainallur.

observed that the document destroyed was only a copy and that the original was in Thiruvennainallur. Nambi Aroorar who desired to see it followed the old man to Thiruvennainallur.

The latter entered the temple and disappeared after stating "This is my house". Nambi Aroorar immediately realised that it was God Himself who appeared as an old man and prevented his marriage so that he might become a saint. The Lord is therefore known as "Thaduthatkonda Nathar".

As Sri Mangalambigai did penance in a fort raised with cow's butter and attained salvation, the place is known as Vennainallur.

There are a number of vahanas which have been presented by "Ubhayadars".

Five trustees manage the affairs of the temple.

(ii) Sri Vaikuntavasa Perumal temple

According to legend Saandalya maharishi who could not get a vision of the Lord in other places had his desire fulfilled here, since Sri Mahavishnu gave him dharsan with Sri devi and Bhudevi. The temple is an ancient one; there is no information regarding its age. There are stone inscriptions in the front mandapam and in the outer walls. In all Vishnu temples, the idol of Garuda will be installed in front of the sanctum. In this temple the image of Saandalya maharishi takes the place of Garuda. He is in a standing pose with folded hands. The temple covers an area of about half an acre; it has a tower, 50' high. There are separate sanctums for the Lord, His consort Sri Janakavalli Thayar, Andal, Vishvakshenar and Anjaneya. The Moolavar is 5' high while His consort is 4' in height. The other idols in the temple are Thirumangai Alwar, Bashyakar and Desigar. There are several festival idols. The temple is under the control of the Ahobila Mutt.

Poojas are performed twice a day by a Bhattachariar who is paid a monthly salary of Rs. 15/- and one Madras measure of rice daily. The ornaments are worth Rs. 100/-; there are no immovable properties for the temple except a few specific endowments. The Government grant is Rs. 568.30 per annum. There are a palanquin and four vahanas made of wood. The main festivals are Vaikunta

Ekadasi and Gokulashtami. Only the local residents attend them.

The Head of the Ahobila Mutt is the hereditary trustee of the temple.

195 GRAMAM

Sri Sivaloganadha Eswarar temple

The village is about 6 furlongs from Thiruvennainallur Road railway station. It is also connected by bus service. The district and the taluk head quarters are 27 and 18 miles away respectively. The stone inscriptions on the Northern walls of the sanctum show that the present structure is about 1,000 years old. Since Appar has sung about the deity, the temple belongs to the seventh century. The place was then known as Thirumundisanam. According to legend Sri Brahma and Devendran have worshipped the deity. There are 4 sanctums for Sri Sivaloganadha Eswarar, Amman, Lord Subramania and Vinayaga. The Lingam is an installed one. There are several festival idols made of panchalagam.

Poojas are performed twice a day by a hereditary Gurukkal who is paid a monthly salary from the temple revenues. The temple owns silver vessels worth about Rs. 200/-. The landed properties of the temple include 2.94 acres of wet and 12.58 acres of dry lands which fetch an annual income of Rs. 1,200/-. The Government grant is Rs. 894/- per annum.

The temple owns a palanquin and 8 vahanas which are all made of wood. The Appar vizha in the month of Chithirai and Arudhra Dharisanam in Margazhi are the two main annual festivals observed by the temple. According to the puranas, in the Dhwa-parayugam the local ruler who came to this area for hunting, found a beautiful "red lotus" in the tank. Being attracted by its beauty the king ordered his servants to bring the lotus flower to him. When they tried to pluck the flower, it slipped from their hands and went round and round the tank. The king got enraged at this and shot an arrow at it. To his amazement he found blood gushing out of the flower and the tank became blood-red in colour. On examining the flower he was surprised to see a Lingamoorthy in the form of an arrow in it, and he built a temple and installed the Lingam in it.

The temple is managed by a Board of two trustees.

206 KIZHAYUR (KILLIYUR)

Sri Veeratteswarar temple

The temple is 3 furlongs from Thirukoilur, the head quarters of the taluk. It was built some 800 years ago and renovations were made in 1912 by Sri Vairavan Chettiar of Devakottai and a Kumbhabishegam was performed. There are inscriptions on the walls of the temple. It covers an area of 3 acres. It has a Rajagopuram which is 70' high and two prakarams. Sri Veeratteswaraswamy and Sri Brahannayaki Ambal are the presiding deities of the temple. The Moolavar is a 7' high Swayambu Lingam. The Amman's idol is about 3' in height. There are also festival idols for the Lord, Ambal and Subramaniam. This is the second out of the eight Veerattanams relating to the destruction of Andhagasura. Appar, Thirugnana Sambandar and Arunagirinathar have visited this shrine and composed verses in praise of the deity. The idol of Sri Ganapathy worshipped by Avvaiyar is installed in this shrine. It is, therefore, of great antiquity though the existing structure is 800 years old.

Poojas are performed four times a day by a non-hereditary Gurukkal who is paid a monthly salary. He is also entitled to enjoy the offerings of the devotees. The temple has jewellery worth about Rs. 6,000/- donated by devotees.

The temple owns about 20.49 acres of wet and 34.37 acres of dry lands which are under lease cultivation. The former fetch 1,000 kalams of paddy and the latter Rs. 500/- per annum. This amount is spent towards the poojas and festivals of the temple and for its maintenance.

The main annual festival is Brahmothsavam which is celebrated for 13 days in Masi. The 6th day of the festival is important when Sri Andhagasura Samharamurthy is taken round the streets in procession; 2,000 devotees attend the festival.

The temple is administered by a Board of three trustees.

221 NEIVANAI

Sri Swarnagateswarar temple

The above temple covering an area of 2 acres has been sung by Sambandar. It is $8\frac{1}{2}$ miles south-west of Ulundurpet railway station and bus facilities are

available to reach it. The two towers in the temple have beautiful plaster figures. There are stone inscriptions on the walls. Though this is an ancient temple which was visited by Thirugnana Sambandar who has composed 11 verses, very little is known about it now. Residents outside the village are not aware of its existence. The presiding deities are Sri Swarnagateswarar, a pradhishtha Lingam and Sri Neelaimalakanni. The sub-deities are Sri Subramaniam and Vinayagar.

Poojas are performed twice a day by the hereditary Gurukkal who is paid a monthly salary. The immovable properties fetch an income of Rs. 400/- per annum. There are 4 vahanas made of wood. Masi Magam is the main festival, which is attended by about 500 to 600 devotees.

Three trustees manage the affairs of the temple.

226 ORATHUR

Sri Madhyagnanachidambareswarar temple

The present uninspiring temple structure, where there are a Lingam and idols of Sri Vigneswarar and Chandikeswarar covers only an area of 150 sq. ft. But in the past there was a Siva temple in the shape of "Pranavam" and Thirumoolar who belongs to a period earlier than the four Nayanmars, has visited it. Sages Patanjali and Vyagrapadar and Agasthiyar with his 12 pupils have worshipped the deity. It was patronised by Ugra Pandian, Paranthakan and Malayaman. Appar and Sundarar are among the Nayanmars who have visited the temple. In its heydays there were two idols of Nataraja; in the east there were several Lingams, in the north Sri Saraswathi and Agasthiyar with his 12 disciples, and in the south Sri Kala Bhairavar and Agni (fire God). In the artificial mound closeby, there was a temple of Sri Gnana-dhandayuthapani. These and other interesting details of the temple are contained in the manuscript sthalapuranam of the temple compiled by Sri Kasivasi Natarajaswamikal. Arrangements are under way to get it printed. In the recent past Sri Ramalingaswamikal has visited the shrine. It is surmised that the ancient extensive temple, the age of which is not known, was destroyed during Carnatic wars, and the existing small shrine is of recent origin. At present there is a beautiful pradhishtha Lingam, Sri Moolanathar of $2\frac{1}{2}$ ' in height in the temple which is 6 miles from Ulundurpet. Bus facilities are available to reach it.

A non-Brahmin priest offers one pooja daily. The temple has neither jewels nor immovable properties; there are no vahanas or car. It is maintained out of the subscriptions raised from the public. Except abishegams on special occasions, no festivals are celebrated.

The temple is managed by a Committee elected by the villagers; it is outside the Hindu Religious and Charitable Endowments Board.

229 PARIKKAL

Sri Lakshminarasimhaswamy temple

Lord Vishnu took the form of Narasimha for a second time to kill Prakalasuran who was residing in the area and giving trouble to devotees. The fury of the Lord did not abate after the destruction of the asura, and the devotees were at a loss as to what to do. Just then Sridevi approached Him and sat on His lap. Immediately the Lord became a Santhamurthy with a smiling face. The devotees raised a temple for Sri Mahavishnu and named Him as Sri Lakshmi Narasimha. It is claimed that the temple was built in the remote past and as such there is no information regarding its age. In the fifties it was renovated by the trustees.

The temple is 2 miles from Villupuram on the Tiruchirapalli road. It covers an area of $1\frac{1}{2}$ acres and has four prakarams and two sanctums. The presiding deity is in sitting posture with Sridevi on His left lap.

Poojas are offered twice a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar who gets a monthly salary and a share of the offerings of devotees. The ornaments in the shrine are worth about Rs. 1,500/-. It owns 10 acres of lands which fetch an income of Rs. 1,000/- per annum. From hundis which are opened twice a year in the presence of all the trustees, the annual income is Rs. 1,000/-. Under archana charges an income of Rs. 500/- accrues to the temple. There are 11 wooden vahanas, a car and a palanquin.

Brahmothsavam in the month of Vaikasi is celebrated for 12 days. The important days are the 5th day (Garuda Sevai), 9th day (Car festival) and 12th day (Floating festival). About 10,000 people from places far and near attend the festival.

The temple is managed by three trustees.

260 PIDAGAM

Sri Ardhanatha Eswarar temple

The village was originally a forest known as Piplaranyam. Raja Raja Chola, while on a hunting expedition in the forest, found a Lingam, built a temple and installed it. The Lingam is therefore, a Swayambu. According to legend, Devendran and Mrikandu Rishi have worshipped the Lingam in the past. The village is 10 miles from Ulundurpet and can be reached by buses. The temple which covers an area of 5 acres has a tower, the height of which is 150'. The base is 30' square. There are altogether 5 prakarams. The consort is Sri Brahannayaki. An interesting feature of this temple is that both the Lord and Nandhi are facing west. Originally the Nandhi was facing east and the story for his turning west is as follows: Two asuras Kaarandan and Valluru were giving trouble to one and all in the area. The local Ruler decided to get rid of them and requested the Lord to help him in his attempt. The Lord appeared in a dream and said that if he found the Nandhi looking towards west, it was an indication that he had His blessings and would succeed in killing the asuras. Next morning when the king visited the shrine he found that the Nandhi which was facing the Lord on the previous night was looking westwards. Assured of the Lord's help, he gave battle to the asuras and killed them.

Poojas are performed four times a day by two Gurukkals who serve in the temple for 15 days in a month by turns. They are paid a monthly salary. The ornaments in the temple are worth about Rs. 700/-. The immovable properties comprise 3 acres of dry land which fetch an annual income of Rs. 25/-. The annual grant by the Government by way of dhastatic allowance is Rs. 1,162.32. For weddings celebrated in the temple a fee of Rs. 6/- is collected and the income under this head is Rs. 200/- per annum. There are a car, a palanquin, and 11 vahanas, all made of wood. The annual festivals are:—Ani Thirumanjanam, Neramani in Adi, Vinayaga Chathurthi, Navarathri, Annabishegam in Ippasi, Karthigai Deepam, Arudhra Dharisanam and Thai Poosam. A handful of local people attend these festivals. Brahmothsavam, the main festival, has not been observed for the last 20 years.

The temple is managed by three trustees.

THIRUKOILUR

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal deity	Other important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
1	4	Jambai	Sri Jambunatheeswarar temple (S)	1500	0·07	Sri Jambulingeswarar Sri Agilandeswari	...
2	10	Sithapat- tanam	Sri Lakshminarayana Perumal temple (V)	1000	0·30	Sri Lakshminarayana Perumal Sri Kanagavalli Thayar	...
3	11	Manalur- pettai	Sri Varadaraja- perumal temple (V)	2000	1·93	Sri Varadaraja- perumal Sri Perundevi Thayar	...
4	"	do	Sri Agasthees- warar temple (S)	1500	0·59	Sri Agasthees- warar Sri Sivakama Sundari	...
5	25	Veerapandi	Sri Athithulya Nathaswamy temple (S)	400	1·32	Sri Athithuiya Natheswarar Sri Soundharya Kanagambigai	...
6	"	do	Sri Dharmarajaswamy temple (O)	200	0·01	Sri Dharmarajar Sri Dhrowpathiamman	...
7	"	do	Sri Karivaradaraja- perumal temple (V)	200	0·02	Sri Karivaradaraja perumal	...
8	"	do	Sri Sanjeevirayar temple (V)	200	0·01	Sri Veera Hanunar	...
9	31	Madavila- gam H/o Kandachi- puram	Sri Ramanatheswarar temple (S)	30	0·66	Sri Ramanatheswarar Sri Gnanambigai	...

TALUK

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet	Dry	Wet and dry			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
	A.C.	A.C.	A.C.			(15)	(16)		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board									
Thirukoilur Railway station 12 miles	...	3.23	...	...	100	960	Rishabam Horse Peacock	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	No
Thirukoilur Railway station 10 miles	2.00	4.00	...	...	750	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar	Navarathri Vaikunta Ekadasi Sri Jayanthi
do	Extent	not	stated	...	1,270	80	Vimanam Garuda Horse	Twice in a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar	Brahmothsavam in Chithirai Garuda Sevai Sri Jayanthi Vaikunta Ekadasi
do	7.96	21.09	...	...	1,000	50	Rishabam Bandicoot Peacock	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Brahmothsavam for 10 days in Vaikasi Karthigai Deepam Thiruvathirai Panguni Uthiram
Athichanur Railway station 1½ miles	18.05	24.92	...	...	1,500	...	Vimanam	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Navarathri Arudhra Dharisanam Theerthavari in Thai
do	1.65	1.40	...	...	Not stated	50	Ratham	Once in a day by a hereditary Gounder	Vasanthotsavam
do	18.14	23.21	...	...	do	...	Vimanam	Twice in a day by a Bhattachariar	Theerthavari Gokulashtami Navarathri Garuda Sevai
do	0.92	1.34	...	...	do	...	...	Once in a day by a Bhattachariar	No
Mugaiyur Railway station 5 miles	...	...	7.00	...	500	...	Car Peacock Rishabam	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	Brahmothsavam for 10 days in Thai Skandha Sashti Thai Poosam

THIRUKOILUR

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
10	46	Kuladeepa Mangalam	Sri Kailasanathar temple (S)	100	0.20	Sri Kailasanathar	...
11	48	Velandi	Sri Arunachaleeswarar temple (S)	200	0.50	Sri Arunachaleeswarar	...
12	„	do	Sri Lakshminarayana Perumal temple (V)	50	0.16	Sri Lakshminarayana Perumal	...
13	50	Koovanur	Sri Agastheeswarar temple (S)	500	0.47	Sri Agastheeswarar Sri Karpurambal	...
14	53	Tagadi	Sri Alagianatheswarar temple (S)	Not stated	0.50	Sri Alagianatheswarar	...
15	„	do	Sri Lakshminarayana Perumal temple (V)	do	0.07	Sri Lakshminarayana Perumal	...
16	55	Mudiyanur	Sri Arunachaleeswarar temple (S)	do	0.75	Sri Arunachaleeswarar	...
17	57	Karadi	Sri Selliamman temple (F)	do	1.00	Sri Selliamman	Sri Ayyanar Sri Vinayagar
18	58	T. Keeranur	Sri Dharmarajar temple (O)	160	Below 0.01	Sri Dharmarajar Sri Dhrowpathiamman	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Arakandanallur Railway station 4 miles	6.33	9.83	...	...	913	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Karthigai Deepam Vinayaga Chathurthi Navarathri Theerthavari Panguni Uthiram Skandha Sashti
Thirukoilur Railway station 6 miles	8.89	10.61	...	...	2,400	Value not stated	Rishabam	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Panguni Uthiram Vasanthotsavam Navarathri Karthigai Deepam Theerthavari in Thai
do	2.54	3.32	...	...	320	...	...	Once in a day by a Bhattachariar	Vaikunta Ekadasi Sri Jayanthi
Arakandanallur Railway station 10 miles	11.06	18.16	...	...	2,000	100	Rishabam Bandicoot Elephant Horse Bhutham	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Panguni Uthiram Navarathri Sivarathri Ani Thirumanjanam Thiruvathirai
Thirukoilur Railway station 7 miles	4.22	6.76	...	...	1,800	...	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	Thai Poosam Panguni Uthiram Karthigai Deepam
do	1.36	1.23	...	...	500	...	...	do	No
Thirukoilur Railway station 5½ miles	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	No	No
Arakandanallur Railway station 5 miles	6.35	11.23	...	...	1,100	Value not stated	...	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Pongal Karthigai Deepam
Thirukoilur Railway station 3 miles	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Mudaliar	No

THIRUKOILUR

S. No	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
19	58	T. Keeranur	Sri Subramania-swamy temple (M)	50	0.04	Sri Subramaniaswamy	...
20	60	Arakanda-nallur	Sri Dhrowpathi-amman temple (F)	150	0.15	Sri Dhrowpathi-amman	Sri Subramaniam
21	74	Kodungal	Sri Kamakshiamman temple (S)	Not stated	0.02	Sri Kamakshiamman	...
22	„	do	Sri Vinayagar temple (G)	do	0.02	Sri Vinayagar	...
23	76	Paranur	Sri Venugopala-swamy temple (V)	do	0.12	Sri Venugopala-swamy	...
24	79	V. Puthur	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	200	0.25	Sri Mariamman	...
25	„	do	Sri Pidari temple (F)	200	0.11	Sri Pidari	Sri Ayyanar
26	„	do	Sri Pillayar temple (G)	200	0.06	Sri Pillayar	...
27	„	do	Sri Subramania-swamy temple (M)	30	0.01	Sri Subramania-swamy	...
28	82	Nerkunam	Sri Pillayar temple (G)	100	0.15	Sri Pillayar	...
29	83	Ariyur	Sri Navaneetha Krishnan temple (V)	Not stated	0.20	Sri Navaneetha Krishnan	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Thirukoilur Railway station 2½ miles	2.12	5.49	...	...	Not stated	...	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	Panguni Uthiram
Thirukoilur Railway station ¾ mile	0.33	1.00	...	Iluppai grove	200	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Chettiar	Amman festival in Masi
Mudayar Railway station 2½ miles	5.76	...	...	...	400	Value not stated	Swan	Once in a day by a Udayar	No
do	0.34	1.97	...	...	150	do	Bandicoot	Once in a day by a Pillai	Vinayaga Chathurthi
do	2.02	...	...	...	200	...	...	Once in a day by a Bhattachariar	No
Thirukoilur Railway station 3½ miles	2.62	2.61	...	...	...	10	Peacock Swan Horse Elephant Car Ratham Bhutham	Once in a day by a Pillai	Vasanthotsavam Fire festival
do	0.65	0.34	...	...	Not stated	...	...	do	Vasanthotsavam
do	0.34	0.30	...	...	do	...	...	do	do
do	1.64	...	...	...	do	...	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	Panguni Uthiram Karthigai Deepam
Thirukoilur Railway station 4 miles	6.65	...	...	...	360	...	...	Once in a day by a Bhattachariar	No
Thirukoilur Railway station 3 miles	11.12	4.92	...	...	1,958	...	...	do	No

THIRUKOILUR

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
30	97	Tirupala-pandal	Sri Madheeswara-nathar temple (S)	1850	1.42	Sri Madheeswara-nathar Sri Kanagambigai	...
31	107	Ariyur	Sri Rajarajeswarar temple (S)	400	0.18	Sri Rajarajeswarar Sri Rajarajeswari	...
32	109	Palangoor	Sri Kailasanathes-warar temple (S)	100	0.48	Sri Kailasanathes-warar	Sri Pidari Sri Ayyanar
33	119	C. Meyyur	Sri Agastheeswarar temple (S)	100	2.20	Sri Agastheeswarar Sri Ambujambal	...
34	123	T. Ediyur	Sri Adikesava Perumal temple (V)	850	1.24	Sri Adikesava Perumal Sri Komalavalli Thayar	...
35	124	Paiyur	Sri Devagireeswarar temple (S)	300	0.25	Sri Devagireeswarar	...
36	127	Sirumadurai	Sri Chockanathes-warar temple (S)	300	Not stated	Sri Chockanatheswarar Sri Meenakshiamman	...
37	"	do	Sri Gopalakrishna Perumal temple (V)	300	0.35	Sri Gopalakrishna Perumal Sri Radha Sri Rukmani	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Arakandanallur Railway station 7½ miles	...	...	...	...	...	100	Peacock Crow Bandicoot	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Adi Pooram Avani Moolam Navarathri Karthigai Deepam Pancha Paruvam Vasanthotsavam in Chithirai
Thirukoilur Railway station 9 miles	3'54	5'59	...	...	500	...	...	Once in a day by an Archagar	Vijaya Dhasami Panguni Uthiram Chithrapournami
Thirukoilur Railway station 8 miles	12'33	42'90	...	...	1,500	25	Horse Peacock Bandicoot	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No
Mugaiyur Railway station 3 miles	1'82	2'18	9'83	...	1,500	50	Swan Bandicoot Rishabam	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Navarathri Karthigai Deepam Vinayaga Chathurthi Skandha Sashti
Thiruvannainallur Road Railway station 6 miles	8'76	13'10	...	...	700	245	Palanquin Garuda Horse Kedayam Naga	Twice in a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar	Vaikunta Ekadasi Sri Rama Navami Navarathri Karthigai Deepam Theerthavari in Thai
Mampazhapattu Railway station 5 miles	2'73	13'36	...	...	1,000	...	...	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
Thiruvannainallur Road Railway station	3'98	2'46	...	...	880	...	Palanquin Rishabam	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Pittukuman- chumandha festival in Avani
do	3'68	2'22	...	...	700	...	Garuda	Once in a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar	Vaikunta Ekadasi Garuda Sevai

THIRUKOILUR

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
38	128	Enadi-mangalam	Sri Lakshminarasimhaswamy temple (V)	75	0.02	Sri Lakshminarasimhaswamy	Sri Varadarajar Sri Nachiars
39	„	do	Sri Lakshminarasimha Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	75	0.30	Sri Lakshminarasimha Varadarajaperumal	Sri Anjaneyar
40	132	Emappur	Sri Pattabiramaswamy temple (V)	53	0.34	Sri Pattabiramaswamy Sri Sita Devi	Sri Lakshmanan Sri Hanuman
41	„	do	Sri Vedapureswarar temple (S)	1000	0.40	Sri Vedapureswarar Sri Balambigai	Sri Chandikeswarar
42	140	Kadiyur	Sri Ekambareswarar temple (S)	200	0.08	Sri Ekambareswarar	...
43	147	Sengankottai	Sri Kailasanathar temple (S)	Not stated	0.24	Sri Kailasanathar Sri Kamakshiamman	...
44	„	do	Sri Sengazhianiamman temple (F)	do	3.00	Sri Sengazhianiamman	...
45	148	Solavandipuram	Sri Kailasanathar temple (S)	300	1.33	Sri Kailasanathar	...
46	„	do	Sri Lakshminarayana Perumal temple (V)	100	0.08	Sri Lakshminarayana Perumal	...
47	155	Kattusellur	Sri Chidambareswarar temple (S)	Not stated	0.44	Sri Chidambareswarar	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet	Dry	Wet and dry			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels)	Vahanas		
	A.C.	A.C.	A.C.			Rs.			
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Mampazhapattu Railway station 5 miles	7'42	1'39	...	...	950	250	Palanquin Garuda	Once in a day by a Bhatta-chariar	Navarathri Vaikunta Ekadasi Theerthavari in Thai
Thiruvennainallur Road Railway station 8 miles	8'00	...	...	...	1,500	100	Palanquin Garuda	do	Vaikunta Ekadasi Sri Jayanthi Navarathri Vaikasi Visakam
Thiruvennainallur Road Railway station 4 miles	...	...	13'34	...	1,100	100	...	Thrice in a day by a Bhatta-chariar	No
Thiruvennainallur Road Railway station 5 miles	2'45	4'66	...	...	750	200	...	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	No
Arakandanallur Railway station 11 miles	5'60	2'67	...	...	300	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
Arakandanallur Railway station 10 miles	2'66	15'14	...	...	Not stated	...	...	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	No
do	...	...	...	...	...	...	Ratham Lion Horse Mahishasuran	do	No
Thirukoilur Railway station 13 miles	5'15	21'59	...	...	Not stated	...	Rishabam	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No
do	1'37	4'71	...	...	180	...	Garuda	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
Thirukoilur Railway station 10 miles	2'79	3'62	...	...	300	...	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No

THIRUKOILUR

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
48	156	Kattusellur	Sri Pidari temple (F)	40	0.44	Sri Pidari	Sri Vembuli Amman Sri Kali
49	170	Amoor	Sri Sanjeevirayar temple (V)	300	0.04	Sri Sanjeevirayar	...
50	„	do	Sri Margasahaya Eswarar temple (S)	800	0.72	Sri Margasahaya Eswarar Sri Maragadhambigai	...
51	„	do	Sri Asaliyamman temple (F)	Not stated	0.10	Sri Asaliyamman	...
52	172	Saravana-pakkam	Sri Selva Vinayagar temple (G)	100	0.05	Sri Selva Vinayagar	...
53	174	Thirunel-vennai H/o Thiru-vennainallur	Sri Swarnagadeswarar temple (S)	350	0.75	Sri Swarnagadeswarar	...
54	„	Thiruvennai-nallur	Sri Dhrowpathiamman temple (F)	100	2.58	Sri Dhrowpathiamman (alias) Panchali Amman	...
55	176	Kannaram-pattu	Sri Lakshminarayana Perumal temple (V)	150	0.12	Sri Lakshminarayana Perumal	...
56	188	Melathaniya-lampattu	Sri Veera Raghava Perumal temple (V)	200	1.50	Sri Veera Raghava Perumal	...
57	195	Gramam	Sri Adikesava Perumal temple (V)	Not stated	0.69	Sri Adikesava Perumal	...
58	202	Koovagam	Sri Koothandavar temple (O)	do	0.10	Sri Koothandavar	...

TALUK (Condt.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet	Dry	Wet and dry			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
	A.C.	A.C.	A.C.			(15)	(16)		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Condt.)									
Thirukoilur Railway station 13 miles	1'06	2'69	...	...	150	...	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	Navarathri
Thiruvannainallur Road Railway station 10 miles	3'90	5'23	...	...	300	...	...	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	No
do	18'31	29'23	...	...	1,500	10	Car	do	Vijaya Dhasami Arudhra Dharisanam Annabiahbegam Karthigai Deepam
do	2'10	2'50	...	...	3,000	...	Lion	Once in a day by a hereditary Gounder	Amman festival in Chithirai or Adi
Thiruvannainallur Road Railway station 3 miles	4'56	0'85	...	...	600	100	...	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Skandha Sashti
Ulundurpet Railway station 10 miles	8'00	18'00	...	...	400	...	Rishabam Horse Bandicoot	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Masi Magam
Thiruvannainallur Road Railway station 4 miles	1'05	...	...	...	160	200	...	Once in a day by a Poosari	Fire festival in Panguni
Thiruvannainallur Road Railway station	1'66	1'12	...	...	500	...	...	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	No
Thiruvannainallur Road Railway station 3 miles	...	...	9'00	...	700	...	...	Twice in a day by a Bhatta- chariar	Sri Rama Navami
Thiruvannainallur Road Railway station 6 furlongs	...	...	...	...	894 (Dastic allowance)	500	...	do	No
Parikkal Railway station 2½ miles	Extent	not	stated	...	600	...	Car	Twice in a day by a hereditary Poosari	Annual festival in Chithirai

THIRUKOILUR

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
59	205	Malayandi Kunnathur	Sri Ayyanar temple (O)	100	0.05	Sri Ayyanar	...
60	"	do	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	100	0.03	Sri Mariamman	...
61	"	do	Sri Pidari temple (F)	100	Below 0.01	Sri Pidari	...
62	211	Kunjaram	Sri Sailanatheswarar temple (S)	1000	2.33	Sri Sailanatheswarar Sri Amirdhambigai	Sri Dhakshinamurthi Sri Chandikeswarar Sri Bhairavar
63	222	Adanur	Sri Arunachaleswarar temple (S)	Not stated	0.45	Sri Arunachaleswarar Sri Abidhakujobal	...
64	"	Pachapalayam H/o Adanur	Sri Venkatesaperumal temple (V)	300	5.00	Sri Venkatesaperumal	...
65	240	Iswarakandanallur	Sri Thirumoola Natheswarar temple (S)	300	0.21	Sri Thirumoola Natheswarar	...
66	"	do	Sri Hariharaputhraswamy temple (O)	Not stated	0.15	Sri Hariharaputhraswamy	...
67	242	Thirunavalur	Sri Saneeswarar temple (S)	1000	7.00	Sri Baktha Saneeswarar Sri Manonmani Amman	...
68	"	do	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)			Sri Varadarajaperumal Sridevi, Bhudevi	Sri Gajalakshmi

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Ulundurpet Railway station 14 miles	1.25	2.00	...	...	100	1,000	Horse	Pooja on festival days by a hereditary Gounder	Ayyanar festival in Adi or Avani
do	...	...	...	...	...	300	...	Pooja on festival days by a hereditary Asari	Mariamman festival in Adi or Avani
do	1.25	2.00	...	...	100	1,500	Lion	Pooja on festival days by a hereditary Gounder	Pidari festival in Adi or Avani
Ulundurpet Railway station 13 miles	4.24	9.35	...	...	1,000	...	...	Once in a day: by a hereditary Gurukkal	Karthigai Deepam Sivarathri Thiruvathirai Arudhra Dharisanam
Ulundurpet Railway station 8 miles	...	...	16.43	...	500	15	Rishabam	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Navarathri
Ulundurpet Railway station 6 miles	7.66	24.11	...	...	400	...	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	Gokulashtami Navarathri Vaikunta Ekadasi Panguni Uthiram
Parikkal Railway station 5 miles	19.72	16.08	...	...	800	...	Rishabam	Twice in a day by a hereditary Archagar	Navarathri
do	...	...	6.65	...	500	...	...	Once in a day by a Poosari	No
Parikkal Railway station 3 miles	}	}	10.00	...	900	...	Car Garuda Rishabams-2 Elephant Bhutham Surya Prabai	Four times a day by a Gurukkal	Brahmothsavam for 12 days in Chithirai Adi Pooram Arudhura Dharisanam
do							Peacock Bandicoot Horse Naga	Twice in a day by a Bhatta-chariar	Vaikunta Ekadasi Garuda Sevai

THIRUKOILUR

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
69	246	Serndaman-galam	Sri Apathsahaya Eswarar temple (S)	2000	4.00	Sri Apathsahaya Eswarar Sri Brahannayagi	...
70	„	Thimma-reddipala-yam H/o Sernda-mangalam	Sri Sanjeevirayar temple (V)	1000	0.43	Sri Sanjeevirayar	Sri Kothandaramar Sri Seethalakshmi Sri Lakshmanar
71	247	Padur	Sri Prasanna Venkatesa Perumal temple (V)	Not stated	Not stated	Sri Prasanna Venkatesa Perumal Sri Alamelumangai Thayar	...
72	260	Elavanur kottai H/o Pida-gam	Sri Vinayagar temple (G)	100	0.10	Sri Vinayagar	...
73	„	do	Sri Pidari temple (F)	700	0.05	Sri Pidariamman	...
74	„	do	Sri Sanjeevirayar temple (V)	Not stated	1.00	Sri Sanjeevirayar	...
75	„	do	Sri Erasakkali Amman temple (F)	300	1.00	Sri Erasakkali Amman	...
76	265	Parindal	Sri Srinivasa Perumal temple (V)	50	0.20	Sri Srinivasa Perumal	...
77	270	Pali	Sri Kailasanathar temple (S)	250	0.50	Sri Kailasanathar (alias) Kalatheeswarar	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Parikkal Railway station 9 miles	Extent	not	stated	...	750	...	...	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
Parikkal Railway station 5 miles	...	6'86	...	...	250	...	...	Once in a day by a Bhatta- chariar	No
Padur Railway station $\frac{3}{4}$ mile	7'01	5'99	...	...	1,500	897	Garuda Elephant Horse Hanumar Palanquin Car Vimanam Sesha	Thrice in a day by a Bhatta- chariar	Brahmothsavam in Purattasi
Ulundurpet Railway station 10 miles	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	No	No
Ulundurpet Railway station 9 miles	...	2'21	...	...	...	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
Ulundurpet Railway station 10 miles	...	3'00	...	...	25	...	Horse	Once in a day by a Bhatta- chariar	Gokulashtami Navarathri Karthigai Deepam
Ulundurpet Railway station 9 miles	1'06	15'53	...	...	416	5	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
Kuttakudi Railway station 7 miles	8'00	10'00	...	...	1,000	...	Horses-2 Garuda Vimanam	Once in a day by a Bhatta- chariar	Navarathri Vaikunta Ekadasi Koodaravalli
Ulundurpet Railway station 6 miles	6'29	18'41	...	...	Not stated	...	Rishabam Horse Peacock Bandicoot Vimanam	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Thai Poosam Panguni Uthiram Karthigai Deepam Sivarathri

THIRUKOILUR

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
78	270	Pali	Sri Pillayar temple (G)	250	0.06	Sri Pillayar	...
79	275	Ulundurpet	Sri Meshapureeswarar temple (S)	300	0.46	Sri Meshapureeswarar	...
80	277	A. Kurumbur	Sri Kasi Viswanathar temple (S)	200	0.02	Sri Kasi Viswanathar Sri Visalakshiamman	...
81	284	Madhiyanur	Sri Arunachaleswarar temple (S)	200	0.66	Sri Arunachaleswarar	...
82	288	Andikuli	Sri Vinayagar temple (G)	63	0.02	Sri Vinayagar	...
83	"	Vinaya-kuppam H/o Andikuli	Sri Subramaniaswamy temple (M)	90	0.30	Sri Subramaniaswamy Sri Valli Sri Deivayanai	Sri Kasiviswanathar Sri Visalakshiamman
84	289	Sendanadu	Sri Dhrowpathiamman temple (F)	150	0.44	Sri Dhrowpathiamman	...
85	305	Kotadi (R. F.)	Sri Selliamman temple (F)	200	1.00	Sri Selliamman	...
Temples outside the Hindu Religious							
1	50	Koovanur	Sri Karivaradaraja-perumal temple (V)	300	Below 0.01	Sri Karivaradaraja-perumal	...
2	306	Kallamedu (R. F.)	Sri Thillai Apparswamy temple (O)	100	0.01	Sri Thillai Apparswamy	...

TALUK (Concl'd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Concl'd.)									
Ulundurpet Railway station 6 miles	1'29	12'36	...	...	Not stated	...	Bandicoot Horse	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No
Ulundurpet Railway station 2 miles	...	...	4'00	...	500	300	Car	Four times a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
Poovanur Railway station 6 miles	3'39	8'57	...	...	500	...	Rishabam	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No
Ulundurpet Railway station 2½ miles	Extent	not	stated	...	750	...	...	do	Ani Thirumanjanam Arudhra Dharisanam
Parikkal Railway station 6 miles	1'00	6'00	...	...	250	...	Bandicoot	do	Vinayaga Chathurthi Karthigai Deepam
Ulundurpet Railway station 7 miles	...	...	14'16	...	900	12'50	Bandicoot Peacock Sooran	do	Thai Poosam
do	...	...	12'34	...	500	75	Car Ratham Palanquin Garuda Elephant Horse Swan Bandicoot Kedayam	Once in a day by a Poosari	Karthigai Deepam Navarathri Vaikunta Ekadasi
Thirukoilur Railway station 5 miles	2'46	4'70	...	...	600	Value not stated	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No

and Charitable Endowments Board

Arakandanallur Railway station 10 miles	2'65	...	...	...	400	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
Ulundurpet Railway station 7 miles	...	...	5'61	...	130	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Padayachi	Sivarathri

KALLAKURICHI TALUK

56 DEVAPANDALAM

Sri Parthasarathy Perumal temple

The origin of the temple is not known though a hoary antiquity is claimed. When Pandavas were exiled for 12 years, Sri Krishna gave Dhrowpathi a vessel known as "Akshaya patram" which would provide food to any number of persons once a day. It is claimed that it was here that the vessel was given by the Lord to the wife of Pandavas. The place was originally known as Panduvanam which became corrupted as Pandalam and subsequently it came to be known as Devapandalam. The village is 12 miles from Kallakurichi, and bus facilities are available to reach it. The temple design is similar to that of the Perumal shrine in Thirukoilur and it covers an area of 1.34 acres. There is no gopuram. Sri Parthasarathy, the presiding deity is 4' high and has a whip in his right hand.

The hereditary Bhattachariar who offers two poojas daily puts on an yellow "Namam" (caste mark) between two white ones. He is paid a monthly salary out of the Government grant since the income from immovable property is less than Rs. 150/- per annum. There are no ornaments but there are vahanas and a chariot in the temple. Vaikunta Ekadasi is the main annual festival and 10,000 devotees attend it.

The temple is managed by a single trustee.

163 RISHIVANDIAM

Sri Ardhanareeswarar temple

Rishivandiam, which is 14 miles from Kallakurichi is connected by bus service with the taluk headquarters. The temple covering an area of a little over one Kani (1 kani = 1.33 acres) was built by the Vijayanagar rulers. The Moolavar is a Swayambu Lingam which was worshipped by Sri Rama, sage Agasthiya and sage Namasivaya. When Indra and other Devas bathed the deity with honey, they had a dharsan of Sri Uma in the left half of the Lingam. The God is therefore known as Sri Ardhanareeswarar. Even today, if the Lingam is given a bath with honey,

devotees can have a dharsan of Sri Uma in the Lingam. The Gopuram is 150' high with a 30' x 25' base. In the Kalyanamandapam, there are five pillars cut out of a single block of stone emitting different tunes. In one of the pillars of the mandapam there is a yali and a stone ball can be seen rolling in its mouth. The consort Sri Muthambikai is installed in a separate sanctum. In the western prakaram of the Amman temple are installed the Agasthiyalingam, Brahmalingam, Sri Viswanathar and Sri Visalakshi. According to a stone inscription, the place was known as Rajanarayana pattinam and the tax levied on all articles of trade coming into and going out of the village belonged to this temple.

Poojas are performed four times a day by a Gurukkal, who is paid a monthly salary. The ornaments in the temple are worth about Rs. 500/-. The immovable properties to the extent of 50 acres of wet and dry lands fetch an annual income of Rs. 4,000/-. From the fees collected for weddings celebrated in the temple and archanas, the income is Rs. 1,000/- per annum. There is a car in the temple which is used for procession on the 10th day of Brahmothsavam observed in the month of Ani. About 5,000 devotees attend this festival.

Two trustees manage the affairs of the temple.

Miracles:

(i) Barren couples get children if they worship the Lord on the new moon days falling on Mondays after bathing in the temple tank known as Gnana-bodha Pushkarani.

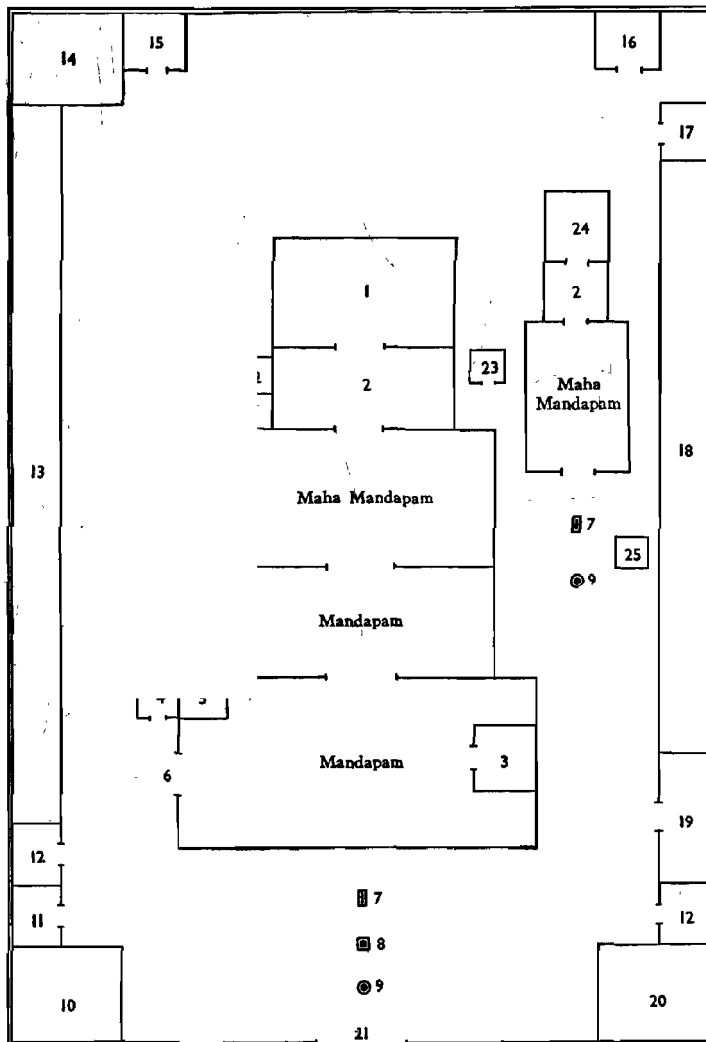
(ii) A cobra wound itself on the neck of the Ambal on a Friday in August 1961. Such an event is considered specially sacred.

(iii) Guha Namasivayar, a saivite devotee was passing through this village on his way to Chidambaram from Tiruvannamalai. He became hungry and composed a song praying the Amman to give him food; the Devi gave him dharsan and served him food from a gold cup.

SRI ARTHANARISHWARAR TEMPLE

RISHIVANDIYAM

(Not to Scale)



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209 CHINNATHIRUPPATHI

Sri Gajagiri Venkatesa Srinivasa Perumal temple

The temple is built on a small hill and covers an area of 10 acres. It belongs to the Pallava period but renovations were done by a Vijayanagar ruler as evidenced by stone inscriptions and copper plates. The village is 15 miles from Kallakurichi, on the Vadakanandal—Mayambadi bus route. The principal deities are Sri Venkatesa Perumal, Sri Srinivasa Perumal, Sri Alamelu Mangai Thayar and Nachiyar. Priests of Nambiyar community, belonging to a hill tribe, offer two poojas daily; their service is honorary; they have lands of their own. But during the annual car festival in the last week of Purattasi, Brahmin priests of the adjacent Perumal temple offer poojas and conduct the festival. The jewels are worth Rs. 25,000/-. The temple has no lands but contributions are collected annually from the villagers to meet the expenditure of the temple as shown below:

For every married male and female	Rs. 2.12
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For every male of above 10 years	Re. 0.50
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For every plough owned by villagers	Re. 0.75
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Some additional levies are also made from time to time. The collections are about Rs. 20,000/- per annum. In addition 200 Madras measures of rice are also collected. The income from hundis during the car festival is between Rs. 1,000/- to Rs. 2,000/-. The cattle offered by devotees to the deity are disposed off in auction and this fetches an income of Rs. 500/- per annum.

There are four vahanas and a car. On the 8th day of the annual car festival, the event relating to the attainment of salvation by Thirumangai, known as "Vedar pari" (வேடர் பரி) is celebrated. The story is as follows:—Thirumangai Alwar was born as a hunter and his means of livelihood was highway robbery. When Sri Mahavishnu appeared before him as Mohini, a beautiful maiden, he desired to marry Her. The latter agreed on condition that he fed 1,000 persons daily; he did so. One day when he had no money to buy rice and other articles, he stole the jewels in the temple, disposed them off and served food to 1,000 persons. The God was pleased with his steadfastness, and gave him dharsan. Thirumangai attained "Gnanam" and in due course, salvation. About 2,000 to 3,000 persons attend the festival.

The temple is under the control of the Hindu Religious and Charitable Endowments Board.

223 VEERASHOLAPURAM

Sri Nariswarar temple

The above temple was constructed by King Mallikarjunan, in memory of his mother. When she died, her body was cremated and the bones were collected and placed in a pot. Desiring to deposit the bones in the holy Ganges, he left for Benaras with the pot. En-route, he made a halt here on the banks of Manimuthar to take a bath. While he was bathing, the bones turned into jasmine flowers, but he was not aware of it. When he reached Benaras with the pot and opened it, he found only bones. His guards, however informed him that there were jasmines in the pot on the banks of Manimuthar. The king came back to this river and finding that the bones had turned into flowers, he deposited them in the river, considering it to be more holy than the Ganges. He also built a temple and installed a Lingam which is 4' high and 11' in circumference. Sri Nariswarar and His consort Sri Anupambikai in separate sanctums are the presiding deities of the temple. There is an idol of Sri Surya Narayanamurthy in the shrine. It covers an area of 1 acre. The village is 6 miles from Kallakurichi on the main road to Salem.

The hereditary Gurukkal who is paid a monthly salary offers two poojas daily. The temple owns 14.90 acres of wet and 62.90 acres of dry lands which are under the management of the trustee. These fetch an annual income of Rs. 1,000/-. Among the vahanas are a rishabam, a peacock, a kamadhenu, a swan, a bandicoot, a horse and an elephant. There is also a car. The annual festivals are Masi Magam, Panguni Uthiram and Thiruvathirai in Margazhi. About 2,000 devotees attend the festivals.

The temple is managed by a single trustee.

236 VILAMBAR

Sri Adikesava Perumal temple

The presiding deity Sri Adikesava Perumal is a powerful God as evidenced by the following incidents.

(i) In July 1941, the festival idol was mounted on the elephant vahanam and placed on a chariot which was taken round in procession. Though it passed over the body of a five year old child, he was not injured in any way. He is still alive.

(ii) Owing to drought conditions, there was no water in the village tank in 1946 at the time of Brahmotsavam. When a special prayer was offered, there were copious rains and the tank got filled up.

(iii) In 1947, though there were very heavy rains on the car festival day, the car did not get drenched.

(iv) In the same year a woman who uttered a falsehood in temple lost her eyesight.

(v) On 28-5-1958 while the deity was taken round in procession a bundle of hay caught fire from a spark emanating from the fire-works preceding the procession. Though the flames rose to a height of 10', they were suddenly extinguished without any human effort.

The temple which was built about 700 years ago, covers an area of 45 cents. There are stone inscriptions on its walls. The gopuram is unfinished. The consort is Sri Kokanadhavalli Thayar. The village is $5\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Kallakurichi and there is a cart track between the two centres.

A non-hereditary Bhattachariar offers two poojas daily in the morning and evening. The jewels in the temple are worth Rs. 250/-. It gets an annual income of about Rs. 1,000/- from its immovable properties. The car was burnt in March 1959 when there was a fire accident in the village. The palanquin is in a state of disrepair. The vahanas include a chariot, garudas (big and small), Anjaneyas (big and small), Indra vimanam, a swan, a horse, sesha and an Elephant. The important annual festival is Brahmotsavam in the month of Vaikasi. The car festival is celebrated on the full moon day in Vaikasi. About 15,000 devotees attend the festival.

A single trustee manages the affairs of the temple.

275 VARANJARAM

Sri Pasupatheeswarar temple

The temple belongs to the Chola period. A Chola ruler who was afflicted with white leprosy was cured of his disease on his bathing in the temple tank.

To the north of the temple is the river Gomuka which came into existence when a cow pierced the ground with its horns. As the Swayambu Lingam was bathed in milk by cows of their own accord it came to be known as Sri Pasupatheeswarar. His consort is Sri Balambigai.

The village is 12 miles from Kallakurichi on the Vridhachalam road. The temple covers an area of one acre and has a gopuram and two prakarams. The hereditary Gurukkal offers poojas four times daily. The jewels are worth Rs. 150/-. The temple owns 14 acres of dry and 1.08 acres of wet lands which fetch an annual income of Rs. 300/-. It gets an annual grant of Rs. 923.25 from the Government.

There are several vahanas and a car in the temple. Panguni Pooram is the main annual festival which is attended by about 1,000 devotees.

A hereditary trustee manages the temple.

307 KOOGAIYUR

Sri Swarnapureeswarar temple

The Lingam in the temple was installed by sage Vasishtha and worshipped by Guru (Jupiter), one of the Navagrahas. During the construction of the temple the chief sthapaty's son died of snake-bite. One Siddhar, a holy man who was residing there, brought him back to life. The sthapaty, therefore took a special interest in the construction of the temple to show his gratitude to the Lord who restored his son's life through the siddhar. As Appar has sung about the deity, the temple belongs to the 7th century A. D.

The village is $7\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Chinnasalem railway station and 3 miles from Kural, up to which buses are plying. The distance of 3 miles from there can be covered by carts. It is 19 miles from Kallakurichi, the taluk headquarters.

The temple covers an area of 80 cents. The presiding deity Sri Swarnapureeswarar is a

Pradhishta Lingam and is 3' high. The hereditary Gurukkal who is paid a monthly salary offers two poojas daily at 10 a.m. and 8 p.m. There are jewels worth Rs. 450/- in the temple. The annual income is about Rs. 1,000/- from its immovable properties.

There are several vahanas which are not put to use at present as no festivals are celebrated since renovation work has been taken up.

The temple is managed by five trustees.

KALLAKURICHI

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religions							
1	17	Thiruvaran-gam	Sri Ranganathar temple (V)	Not stated	0.50	Sri Ranganathaswamy	...
2	18	Kallipadi	Sri Lakshminarayana Perumal temple (V)	20	0.03	Sri Lakshminarayana Perumal	Sri Vinayagar Sri Garudar Sri Anjaneyar
3	„	do	Sri Mathru Bhudhes-warar temple (S)	Not stated	0.24	Sri Mathru Bhudhes-warar	...
4	19	Seerpanan-dal	Sri Balasundareswarar temple (S)	200	7.01	Sri Balasundareswarar Sri Soundaryavalli-amman	...
5	23	Pakkam	Sri Soleeswarar temple (S)	Not stated	0.16	Sri Soleeswarar Sri Sugundha-kundalambigai	Sri Dhakshinamurthi Sri Chandikeswarar
6	24	Rowthanallur	Sri Viragapuleeswarar temple (S)	do	0.01	Sri Viragapuleeswarar	...
7	44	Kaduvanur	Sri Soleeswarar temple (S)	1000	0.50	Sri Soleeswaraswamy	...
8	„	do	Sri Varadaraja-perumal temple (V)	1000	0.50	Sri Varadaraja-perumal	...
9	55	Su. Kolathur	Sri Lakshminarayana Perumal temple (V)	150	0.03	Sri Lakshminarayana-swamy Sri Lakshmi	...
10	„	do	Sri Vinayagar temple (G)	150	Below 0.01	Sri Vinayagar	...

TALUK

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board									
Arakandanallur Railway station 12 miles	2:17	7:82	...	...	1,000	3,250	Car Palanquin Vahanas-9	Twice in a day by a Bhatta-chariar	Vaikunta Ekadasi Brahmotsavam in Masi
Arakandanallur Railway station 11 miles	1:30	4:36	...	...	10 kalams of paddy & Rs. 225/-	...	...	Once in a day by a Bhatta-chariar	Purattasi 3rd Saturday
do	2:28	19:94	...	...	25 kalams of paddy & Rs. 300/-	265	Vimanam	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Karthigai Deepam Thiruvathirai
Arakandanallur Railway station	5:39	15:52	...	...	75 kalams of paddy & Rs. 750/-	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Karthigai Deepam Thiruvathirai Sivarathri
Thirukoilur Railway station 21 miles	8:00	17:00	...	...	300	...	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	Karthigai Deepam Sivarathri Thiruvathirai
Thirukoilur Railway station 24 miles	15:13	17:37	...	...	600	...	...	do	No
Thirukoilur Railway station 21 miles	2:85	5:68	...	...	20 bags of paddy	...	...	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	No
do	1:55	2:88	...	...	20 bags of paddy	...	...	do	No
Thirukoilur Railway station 22 miles	12:00	28:00	...	...	1,000	...	...	Twice in a day by a Bhatta-chariar	Ani Thiruman-janam
do	2:00	2:00	...	...	100	...	...	do	Vinayaga Chathurthi

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religions							
11	57	Soundara-valli-palayam	Sri Vinayagar temple (G)	Not stated	Not stated	Sri Vinayagar	...
12	„	do	Sri Ammachiyar temple (F)	do	do	Sri Ammachiyar	...
13	„	do	Sri Dharmarajar temple (O)	do	do	Sri Dharmarajar	...
14	„	do	Sri Narasimha Perumal temple (V)	do	do	Sri Narasimha Perumal	...
15	58	Thyagaraja-puram	Sri Lakshminarayana Perumal temple (V)	120	0'13	Sri Lakshminarayana Perumal	...
16	142	Eduthavol-natham	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	100	Not stated	Sri Varadarajaperumal	...
17	143	Mathur	Sri Kandhaswamy temple (M)	120	0'10	Sri Dhandayuthapani-swamy	Sri Idumban
18		do	Sri Viswanathaswamy temple (S)	300	0'15	Sri Viswanathaswamy Sri Parvathi	Sri Dhakshinamurthi Sri Chandikeswarar
19	145	Madavacheri	Sri Selliamman temple (F)	Not stated	0'01	Sri Selliamman	...
20	152	Palayasiru-vangur	Sri Neelakandeswarar temple (S)	50	0'08	Sri Neelakandeswarar Sri Visalakshiamman	...
21	163	Rishi-vandiam	Sri Rajanarayana Perumal temple (V)	400	0'25	Sri Rajanarayana Perumal	...
22	165	Pallagacheri	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	100	0'06	Sri Varadarajaperumal Sridevi, Bhudevi	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Chinna Salem Railway station	0.16	0.67	...	...	400	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Poosari	No
do	0.21	0.47	...	...		...	...	do	Annual festival in Vaikasi
do	0.41	1.37	...	...		50	...	do	No
do	0.56	0.32	...	...		...	...	do	No
Thirukoilur Railway station 23 miles	...	...	7.81	...	16 bags of paddy	250	...	do	No
Thirukoilur Railway station 15 miles	...	...	12.97	...	Income does not accrue	20	Car	do	Masi Magam
Chinna Salem Railway station 12 miles	...	5.05	...	...	100	100	Car Palan-quina-2 Ratham Peacock	Once in a day by a hereditary Padayachi	Panguni Uthiram
do	...	...	27.33	...	10,000	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Karthigai Deepam Thiruvathirai Vinayaga Chathurthi Annabishegam
do	2.45	6.48	...	...	30 bags of paddy	500	Ratham Swan	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	Amman festival in Adi or Avani
Chinna Salem Railway station 15 miles	3.02	19.13	...	...	850	...	...	do	Arudhra Dharisanam Panguni Uthiram
Thirukoilur Railway station 15 miles	2.00	...	...	...	400	...	Garuda	Twice in a day by a Bhatta-chariar	Vaikunta Ekadasi
Ulundurpet Railway station 21 miles	3.00	10.00	...	...	600	...	Kedayam	do	Vijaya Dhasami Vaikunta Ekadasi Sri Jayanthi

KALLAKURICHI

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
23	169	Thandalai	Sri Swayambunathar temple (S)	200	0.06	Sri Swayambunathar Sri Agilandeswari	Sri Dhakshinamurthi Sri Chandikeswarar
24	174	Somandar-kudi	Sri Somanatheswarar temple (S)	150	1.50	Sri Somanatheswarar	...
25	177	Vadakanandal	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	100	0.10	Sri Varadarajaperumal Sridevi, Bhudevi	...
26	„	do	Sri Uma Maheswarar temple (S)	400	2.75	Sri Uma Maheswarar	...
27	„	Kachirapalayam H/o Vadakanandal	Sri Subramaniam temple (M)	200	0.26	Sri Subramaniam Sri Valli, Sri Deivayanai	...
28	„	do	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	300	7.00	Sri Varadarajaperumal Sridevi, Bhudevi	...
29	191	Sathanur	Sri Valeswarar temple (S)	300	1.00	Sri Valeswarar	...
30	„	do	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	300	Not stated	Sri Varadarajaperumal	...
31	212	Nallattur	Sri Pudupattu Mariamman temple (F)	75	0.04	Sri Mariamman	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Chinna Salem Railway station 9 miles	...	...	20	...	500	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Karthigai Deepam Annabishegam Thiruvathirai
Chinna Salem Railway station 13 miles	5'00	...	...	...	75 kalams of paddy	1,500	...	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Ani Thirumanjanam Arudhra Dharisanam
Chinna Salem Railway station 11 miles	2'59	12'54	...	...	1,000	...	Garuda	Twice in a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar	Navarathri Sri Jayanthi Vaikunta Ekadasi Karthigai Deepam
do	2'63	19'81	...	...	2,000	...	Car Palanquin Rathams-2	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Brahmothsavam in Chithirai Masi Magam
Chinna Salem Railway station 12 miles	0'59	1'31	...	...	300	300	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Panguni Uthiram Thai Poosam
do	4'18	39'77	...	...	4,500	200	Car Horse Garuda Kedayam Hanumar Swan Sesha	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Brahmothsavam in Vaikasi
Pukkiravari Railway station 2 miles	Extent	not stated	...	...	250	Not stated	Ratham	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Karthigai Deepam Annabishegam Masi Magam
do	Extent	not stated	...	...	200	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Madhva	Vaikunta Ekadasi
Chinna Salem Railway station 12 miles	3'49	0'80	...	...	750	...	Car Ratham	Twice in a day by a Poosari	Mariamman festival in Panguni

KALLAKURICHI

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
32	216	Kallakurichi	Sri Chidambareswarar temple (S)	100	Not stated	Sri Chidambareswaraswamy	...
33	"	do	Sri Sakthi Vinayagar temple (G)	100	do	Sri Sakthi Vinayagar	...
34	"	do	Sri Thillai Govindaraja Perumal temple (V)	100	do	Sri Thillai Govindaraja Perumal	...
35	218	Siruvangur	Sri Abathsahaya Eswarar temple (S)	300	1'00	Sri Abathsahaya Eswarar	...
36	"	do	Sri Kari Varadaraja-perumal temple (V)	300	3'00	Sri Kari Varadaraja-perumal	...
37	221	Thenkeeranur	Sri Arunachaleswarar temple (S)	100	1'00	Sri Arunachaleswarar	Sri Varadaraja-perumal
38	229	Thiagadurgam	Sri Kannika Parameswari Amman temple (F)	Not stated	0'14	Sri Kannika Parameswari Amman	Sri Ramar Sri Sita Devi Sri Lakshmanar
39	"	do	Sri Subramaniaswamy temple (M)	100	0'45	Sri Subramaniam Sri Valli Sri Deivayanai	Sri Vinayagar
40	231	Thiyagai	Sri Kamba Perumal temple (O)	Not stated	1'38	Sri Kamba Perumal	...
41	232	Sithalur	Sri Angalamman temple (F)	do	0'04	Sri Angala Parameswari	...
42	233	Madam	Sri Varadaraja-perumal temple (V)	95	0'03	Sri Varadaraja-perumal	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Chinna Salem Railway station 9 miles	8.08	11.30	...	...	500	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
do	1.36	...	...	...	250	...	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	Vinayaga Chaturthi Karthigai Deepam
do	9.31	12.44	...	...	500	...	...	Once in a day by a Bhatta-chariar	No
Chinna Salem Railway station 10 miles	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Arudhra Dharisanam
do	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Twice in a day by a Bhatta-chariar	Sri Jayanthi
do	4.53	14.43	...	...	2,000	...	...	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
Chinna Salem Railway station 18 miles	...	...	...	3-Plots & 7-Shops	1,500	...	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	Sri Rama Navami Thiruvathirai
do	0.50	...	...	...	100	20	...	Twice in a week by a hereditary Poosari	Panguni Uthiram
Asakalathur Railway station 7 miles	1.16	4.90	...	...	250	...	...	Pooja performed by a Poosari	No
do	0.40	14.30	...	...	600	150	Cars-2 Palanquin Ratham	Once in a day by a hereditary Sembadavar	Amman festival in Masi
Asakalathur Railway station	Extent	not	stated	...	200	...	...	No	No

KALLAKURICHI

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
43	234	Mudiyanur	Sri Arunachaleswarar temple (S)	400	0.40	Sri Arunachaleswarar Sri Unnamalai Amman	...
44	235	Malaikottalam	Sri Komaleeswarar (alias) Ekambareswarar temple (S)	80	0.60	Sri Komaleeswarar	...
45	243	Namasivayapuram	Sri Ardhanareeswarar temple (S)	150	0.14	Sri Ardhanareeswarar	...
46	251	Kaniyamur	Sri Kanaga Soleeswarar temple (S)	300	0.04	Sri Kanaga Soleeswarar Sri Soundarya Nayaki	...
47	257	Kanangur	Sri Ramanatheeswarar temple (S)	300	0.28	Sri Ramanatheeswarar	...
48	"	do	Sri Varadaraja-perumal temple (V)	300	0.01	Sri Varadaraja-perumal	...
49	259	Porasakurichi	Sri Somanatheeswarar temple (S)	100	0.01	Sri Somanatheeswarar Sri Sivakamasundari	...
50	260	Nagalur	Sri Ardhanareeswarar temple (S)	500	0.10	Sri Ardhanareeswarar Sri Muthambigai	Sri Ponniamman Sri Ayyanar Sri Varadaraja-perumal
51	"	do	Sri Subramaniam temple (M)	500	0.10	Sri Subramaniam Sri Valli Sri Deivayanai	Sri Mariamman
52	263	Kudianallur	Sri Kailasanathar temple (S)	150	0.50	Sri Kailasanathar Sri Kamakshiamman	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Asakalathur Railway station 7 miles	Extent	not	stated	...	2,500	20,575	Bandicoot Rishabam Peacock Swan Garudas-2 Sesha Horse Bhutham	Four times a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Brahmothsavam in Chithirai Karthigai Deepam Sivarathri Annabishegam Navarathri
Pukkiravari Railway station 5 miles	1'85	8'49	...	...	225	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
Chinna Salem Railway station 5 miles	6'03	30'91	...	...	300	...	...	Twice in a week by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
Chinna Salem Railway station 3 miles	3'00	26'60	...	...	100	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Annabishegam Karthigai Deepam
Asakalathur Railway station	Extent	not	stated	...	90	25	Ratham Rishabam Bandicoot	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
Asakalathur Railway station 6 miles	Extent	not	stated	...	100	25	Garuda	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
do	3'00	12'00	...	...	60 kalams of paddy	100	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
Kuttakudi Railway station 7 miles	6'14	7'23	...	...	2,000	...	Car Ratham Elephant Garuda Peacock	do	No
do	1'47	0'84	...	...			Swan Lion Bandicoot	Once in a day by a hereditary Pandaram	No
do	Extent	not	stated	...			...	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No

KALLAKURICHI

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
53	271	Ernji	Sri Kailasanathar temple (S)	100	0.16	Sri Kailasanathar	...
54	..	do	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	100	0.16	Sri Varadarajaperumal	...
55	272	Koothakudi	Sri Arunachaleswarar temple (S)	100	0.16	Sri Arunachaleswarar	Sri Pidariamman
56	277	Magarur H/o Iyyanur	Sri Kailasanathar temple (S)	Not stated	0.28	Sri Kailasanathar Sri Peria Nayaki	...
57	278	Asakalathur	Sri Logapaleswarar temple (S)	200	0.26	Sri Logapaleswarar Sri Anuroopa Nayaki	Sri Navagrahas Sri Dhakshinamurthi Sri Suryar Sri Chandrar Sri Natarajar Sri Bhairavar
58	..	do	Sri Varadaraja-perumal temple (V)	150	0.04	Sri Varadaraja-perumal Sridevi Sri Neela Devi	Sri Ramar Sri Sita Devi Sri Lakshmanar Sri Hanuman Sri Krishnar
59	283	Pethanur	Sri Chockanatheswarar temple (S)	100	0.12	Sri Chockanatheswarar	...
60	286	Chinna Salem	Sri Gangadhareeswarar temple (S)	250	0.41	Sri Gangadhareeswarar Sri Kamakshiamman	...
61	..	do	Sri Varadaraja-perumal temple (V)	250	0.25	Sri Varadaraja-perumal Sridevi, Bhudevi	...
62	289	Then Pon-parappi H/o Mel-rariappanur	Sri Swarnapureeswarar temple (S)	600	0.63	Sri Swarnapureeswarar Sri Swarnambigai	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Kuttakudi Railway station 1 mile	1'66	7'00	...	...	600	...	...	Pooja performed by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
do	1'66	7'00	...	...	600	...	...	Pooja performed by a Bhatta-chariar	No
do	6'27	26'40	...	...	1,000	...	...	Pooja performed by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
Asakalathur Railway station 3 miles	7'40	21'60	...	...	500	...	Rishabam Peacock	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	No
Asakalathur Railway station 2½ miles	Extent	not	stated	...	350	...	Rathams-2 Palanquin	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	Navarathri Masi Magam Arudhra Dharisanam
do	Extent	not	stated	...	400	...	Garuda	Twice in a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar	Sri Rama Navami Vaikunta Ekadasi Sri Jayanthi
Siruvathur Railway station 1 mile	1'17	7'66	...	...	20 kalamas of paddy	...	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No
Chinna Salem Railway station 1 mile	...	1'55	...	...	Not stated	Value not stated	Car Rishabams-2 Bandicoot Peacock Bhutham Horses-2 Swan Garuda Manjam	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Arudhra Dharisanam Masi Magam Ani Thiruman-janam Theerthavari
do	2'00	...	...	...	10 bags of paddy	...		Twice in a day by a Bhatta-chariar	Vaikunta Ekadasi Sri Jayanthi
Melnariappanur Railway station 1 mile	2'70	31'17	...	...	40 bags of paddy	3	Rishabam	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No

KALLAKURICHI

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)

Temples under the Hindu Religious

63	297	Olagianallur	Sri Ardhanareeswarar temple (S)	800	1.20	Sri Ardhanareeswarar Sri Peria Nayaki	Sri Natarajar Sri Bhairavar
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Temples outside the Hindu Religious

1	57	Oorangani H/o Soundaravalli- palayam	Sri Vinayagar temple (G)	Not stated	Not stated	Sri Vinayagar	...
2	"	do	Sri Ammachiyar temple (F)	do	do	Sri Ammachiyar	...
3	"	do	Sri Pidari temple (F)	do	do	Sri Pidari	...
4	"	do	Sri Sanjeevirayar temple (V)	do	do	Sri Sanjeevirayar	...
5	216	Kallakurichi	Sri Kannika Parameswari temple (F)	do	do	Sri Kannika Parameswari	...
6	"	do	Sri Pillayar temple (G)	100	do	Sri Pillayar	...

TALUK (Concl'd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet	Dry	Wet and dry			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels)	Vahanas		
	A.C.	A.C.	A.C.			Rs.			
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)

and Charitable Endowments Board (Concl'd.)

Pukkiravari Railway station 2 miles	Iluppai grove 13 acres	50	Twice in a day; by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
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and Charitable Endowments Board

Chinna Salem Railway station	0.25	0.18	400	Pooja performed by a hereditary Poosari	No
do	0.97	0.52	...	...		10	...	do	Annual festival in Vaikasi
do	1.32	0.07	...	...		...	...	Pooja performed by a hereditary Bhattachariar	No
do	0.69	1.54	...	...		...	...	do	No
Chinna Salem Railway station 9 miles	1.16	...	...	...	200	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
do	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bandicoot	do	No

VRIDDHACHALAM TALUK

141 NIRAMANI

Sri Mariamman temple

The village is 7 miles from Kuttakudi railway station. The district and the taluk headquarters are 57 and 16 miles away respectively. The presiding deity of the temple is Sri Mariamman. Sri Kamba Perumal is the other important deity. The villagers believe that the Mariamman is a powerful deity capable of giving vision to the blind, and fulfilling the prayers of devotees. The village is therefore named as 'Niramani'. (Niramani means *niravamani i.e. without any want*).

Goddess Mariamman is represented by a clay idol, which is 5' in height and 4' in breadth. It is stated that this image was not installed by any human agency. She is considered to be an incarnation of Sri Parvathi. There are also uthsava idols for the Amman, Vinayagar, Kathavarayan and Ayyanar. Sri Kamba Perumal is represented by a wooden pillar. According to the Puranas, the Lord appeared as Sri Narasimhamurthy from a pillar and destroyed Hiranyan. The pillar is symbolical of Sri Narasimhaswamy.

A single pooja is performed daily for the Mariamman by a Poosari of Udaiyavar caste; a Bhattachariar offers poojas to the Kamba Perumal. In the Mariamman temple special poojas are performed on Fridays accompanied by a beating of a small drum. The post of the Poosari is hereditary while that of the Bhattachariar is selective on merit and both of them are paid a monthly salary. The temple owns antique jewellery worth Rs. 1,500/-. The annual income from its immovable properties is Rs. 3,500/-. It is learnt that the temple also owns some inam lands, which are involved in litigation. It gets an income of Rs. 1,500/- every year from hundi collections during the festival season. It owns an artistically carved car, the height of which is 16', two rathams, a swan, a serpent and an elephant all made of wood.

Thai Poosam, Chithrapournami, Tamil New Year's day, 18th day of Adi, the car festival in Vaikasi are the annual festivals observed by the temple. The

New Year's day and 18th day of Adi are the main festivals for Sri Mariamman. The important festival for Sri Kamba Perumal is called "Thappai kottum uthsavam" during the month of Purattasi, when Pongal is offered and a street drama is enacted at night. This festival commemorates the avathar of Sri Perumal as a drummer to destroy Dhantavakra, an asura. These festivals attract over 3,000 devotees.

The temple is managed by a Board of three trustees.

155 VRIDDHACHALAM

Sri Vriddhagireeswarar temple

Sri Vriddhagireeswarar temple in Vriddhachalam is located on the bank of the river Manimuthar. The main temple is facing east *i.e. the river itself*. Lord Vriddhagireeswarar and His consort Sri Vridhambigai are the presiding deities of the temple. It is a very ancient one sung by the four great saints namely, Appar, Sambandar, Sundarar and Manickavasagar. This shrine is one among the 22 Siva temples, where the Nayanmars have sung in praise of the Lord. The place, Vriddhachalam is otherwise known as Tirumudukundram. It is said that the place was once a hill touching the Heaven and the Lord gave it a push and brought it to the ground level as prayed for by the Devas. In support of this, the main Siva temple stands on a higher level than the Pillayar temple and there is stone below the ground level all round the prakaram. This is a "Moksha Sthalam" and more sacred than Benaras. People come to this place and bury the bones of the dead.

The temple has compound walls on the four sides with towers at cardinal points with plaster figures depicting stories from Puranas. The area covered by the temple is 4 acres. The outermost prakaram is known as the Kailasa prakaram. The Nandhi mandapam near the main entrance was constructed by a Chola king in memory of Sembian Mahadevi, a Chola princess. It is understood that the temple was constructed by Vibachit Maharishi by distributing Vanni leaves to the coolies, which turned into rupees,

MAP EXHIBITING THE CENTRES WHERE THERE ARE TEMPLES IN

VRIDDHACHALAM TALUK



KALLAKURICHI TALUK

CUDDALORE
TALUK

TIRUKKOYILUR TALUK

CHIDAMBARAM TALUK

UDAIYARPALAYAM TALUK
TIRUCHIRAPALLI DISTRICT

PERAMBALUR
TALUK
TIRUCHIRAPALLI
DISTRICT

REFERENCE

District Boundary ————
Taluk Boundary - - - - -

Categories of Temples and
their Symbols.

- Siva ●
- Vishnu □
- Murugar ■
- Ganapathi ○
- Annan △
- Others ●

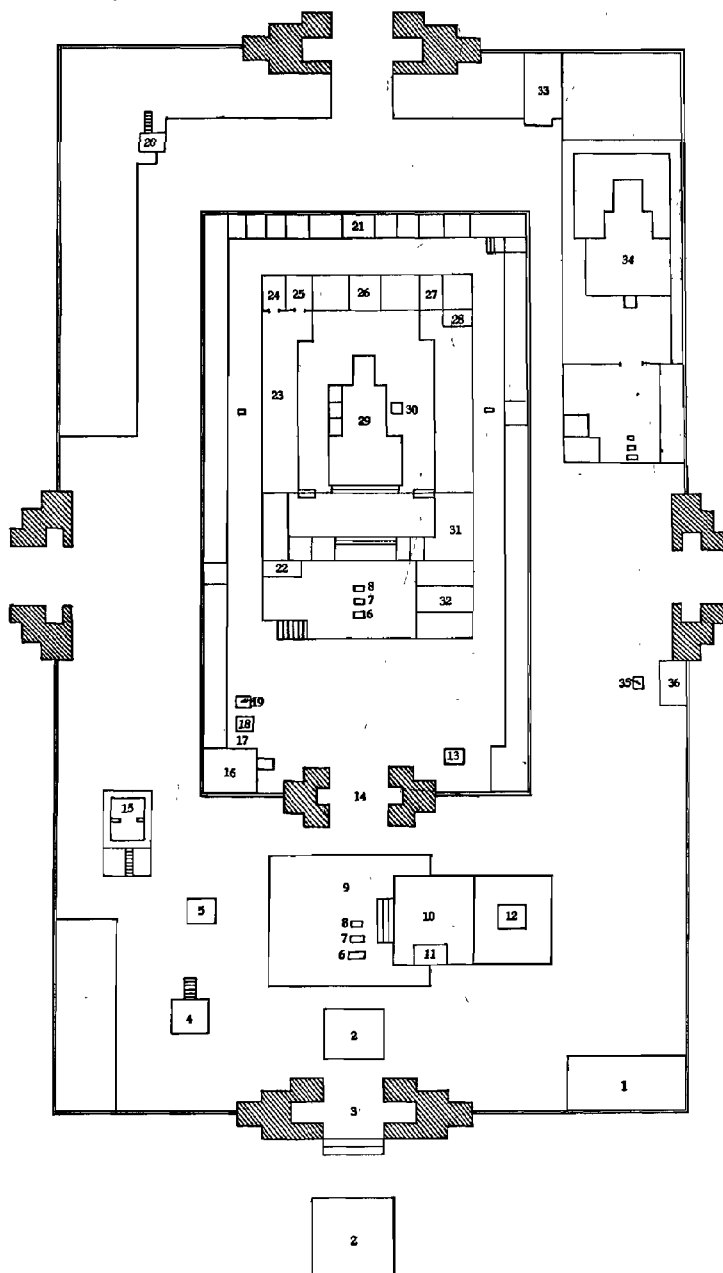
Location Code Number 133

CENSUS MADRAS

SRI VIRUDHAGIRISWARAR TEMPLE

VRIDDHACHALAM

(Not to Scale)



INDEX TO NUMBERS

- 1 Vahana Mandapam
- 2 Sixteen Pillars Mandapam
- 3 Raja Gopuram
- 4 Agnithiertham
- 5 Vibactithu Mandapam
- 6 Balipeedam
- 7 Dwajasthambam
- 8 Nandhi
- 9 Thirukalyana Mandapam
- 10 Chithra Mandapam
- 11 Devasthanam Office
- 12 Yagasalai
- 13 Navagrahas
- 14 Nadu Gopuram
- 15 Akathu Vinayagar Sannithi
- 16 Madapalli
- 17 Vanni Tree
- 18 Vibactithu Maharishi
- 19 Nithyananda Koopam (Well)
- 20 Chakrathiertham
- 21 Shanmugar Sannithi
- 22 Periyamayagar Sannithi
- 23 Arubathumooavar
- 24 Mathuraiatha Vinayagar
- 25 Chinna Nayagar
- 26 Mudumadhavaperumal
- 27 Balambigai
- 28 Palliarai
- 29 Palamalaiathar Sannithi
- 30 Chandikeswarar
- 31 Bairavar
- 32 Natarajar Sannithi
- 33 Agama Mandapam
- 34 Vridhambigai Sannithi
- 35 Varunathiertham
- 36 Amman Mudapalli

according to their measure of devotion. To commemorate this, on the 6th day of the Brahmotsavam the rituals relating to pooja of the deity are done for the Maharishi also.

There is a separate shrine for Sri Vridhambigai (Peria Nayaki). There are various other Gods including Sri Meenakshi, Sri Sundareswarar, Sri Arunachaleswarar etc. There is a Perumal temple within the precincts of the shrine.

Poojas are performed daily by members of three Sivacharya families and two Sthanika families, whose office is hereditary. Even though they are paid only a nominal salary, they are entitled to enjoy the sum realised by the sale of archanai and aradhanai tickets.

The temple owns antique jewellery worth about Rs. 75,000/-.

It has immovable properties which consist of 450 acres of dry and garden lands. The income from these lands is not appreciable. It gets an annual income of Rs. 600/- from hundi collections.

There are a number of silver vahanas like swan, rishabam, peacock and some wooden vahanas. The temple owns 5 cars.

The Masi Brahmotsavam, Adi Pooram and Vaikasi Vasanthotsavam for a period of 10 days each are the important annual festivals observed by the temple of which the Masi Brahmotsavam is the main one. The special feature of the Brahmotsavam is rishabavahana procession on the 6th day; the deity leaves the shrine at 1 p.m. and returns only at day-break on the following day.

The temple is administered by a Board of five trustees and a paid Executive Officer.

Legend:

There is an idol of Maathuraitha Pillayar (மாத்தூரைத்த பிள்ளையார்) in the shrine. Sundaramurthy Nayanar who was visiting all the Siva temples did not think it worthwhile to visit this shrine as the Lord and His consort were very old. The Lord sent for him and gave him dharsan with Sri Balambigai for whom there is a separate shrine and also presented him with

12,000 gold coins to be spent on repairs to the tank at Thiruvarur in Thanjavur district. As the highways were not safe in those days, Sundaramurthy Nayanar threw the gold coins in the river after they were verified and counted by the Pillayar who also tested their gold content. These coins made their appearance in the Thiruvarur tank from which he took them. There is a similar Maathuraitha Pillayar at Thiruvarur in whose presence he received the gold coins.

VASISHTAPURAM (Hamlet of 207 Tittagudi)

Sri Ranganathaswamy temple

Vasishtapuram is 19 miles from Vriddhachalam the taluk headquarters, on the main road to Tittagudi. It is 6½ miles from Pennadam railway station. The village is named after the Sage Vasishta who worshipped the deity here. According to legend the temple was in existence even prior to the Srirangam temple; there is no information regarding the age of the temple. The temple covers an area of 68 cents, and Sri Ranganathaswamy and His consort Thiru Magizhdavalli are the principal deities of the temple. The Moolavar, Perumal is in a lying posture. The festival idol of Sri Sundararaja Perumal is 3½' in height and made of panchalogan.

Poojas are performed twice a day by a non-hereditary Bhattachariar who is paid a monthly salary from the temple revenues. The temple owns antique jewellery worth about Rs. 3,000/- which has been donated by devotees. It also owns about 122 acres of wet and dry lands which are leased out for a rental income of Rs. 3,000/- per annum and the sum is spent towards poojas and festivals of the temple. There is a car, a ratham and a palanquin, all made of wood.

Brahmotsavam in Vaikasi, Sri Jayanthi, Vijaya Dhasami, Karthigai Deepam, Vaikunta Ekadasi in Margazhi, Sankaranthi and the Ippasi Manavala Mamuni Sathumurai are the regular annual festivals observed by the temple of which the Brahmotsavam is the main one, which attracts about 1,000 devotees, from the neighbouring villages and towns.

The temple is managed by a Board of three trustees.

236 PENNADAM

Sri Pralayakaleswarar temple

The temple is at a distance of one mile from Pennadam railway station and 11 miles from Vriddhachalam, on the road to Perambalur. The village Pennadam appears in inscriptions under the names, Pennagadam and Mudikonda Chadurvedi Mangalam and the deity is called Tiruthunganai Madamudayar (திருதுங்கணை மாடமுடையார்) apparently from the formation of the sanctum in the Gajaprishta style, which resembles the hind portion of a recumbent or sleeping elephant. The present name of the village is popularly derived from the tradition that the God was worshipped by a Gandharva lady (penn) a cow (A) and an elephant (kadam) (பெண் + ஆ + கடம்) and hence the name of the village. The origin of this temple is not known. However as Appar and Sambandar have sung about the deity, it belongs to the early Pallava period. There are stone inscriptions relating to Chola and Vijayanagar periods on the walls of the temple. Kumbhabishegams were performed on 8-6-1919 and 10-2-1941 after effecting renovations. The temple is facing east and has a gopuram with five tiers. It covers an area of 4.01 acres.

Sri Pralayakaleswarar and His consort Sri Aamodanambal are the presiding deities of the temple. To the north of the sanctum is a small artificial hill where Sri Sundaeswarar, a Lingam with 16 facets has been installed. Since the Lord controlled the 'pralayam' (deluge) He is known as Sri Pralayakaleswarar. Nandhi swallowed the flood waters as if they were a mere drop. Hence he is also facing east instead of facing the Lord. The Lingam here is a Swayambu. There are also uthsava idols for Sri Somaskandar, Vinayagar, Subramaniam, Ambal, Natarajar, Sivakamiamman, Manickavasagar etc. There are altogether 13 idols of Sri Vigneswarar within and outside the shrine. After Appar who embraced Jainism for a while returned to the Hindu fold, he visited the temple and prayed to the Lord that saivite marks might be made on his body so that he might once-for-all forget all about Jainism. A Siva gana made a trident-bull mark on his shoulders.

Poojas are performed four times a day by a hereditary Gurukkal who is paid a monthly salary of Rs. 10/- and a daily allowance of two measures of rice.

The temple owns antique jewellery worth about Rs. 3,000/- donated by devotees. The immovable properties of the temple include 70 houses, 20 shops, 30 vacant plots and 40 acres of wet and dry lands which fetch an annual income of Rs. 9,000/-. The amount is utilised towards the salaries of the temple servants, for the conduct of poojas and festivals of the temple and for its maintenance.

There are 3 chariots and as many as 20 vahanas all made of wood. Chithirai Paruvam (Brahmothsavam), Adi Pooram, Karthigai Deepam, Skandha Sashti in Ippasi, Thiruvathirai in Margazhi, Thai Poosam, Sankaranthi and Panguni Uthiram are the annual festivals observed by the temple, of which the Chithirai Paruvam (Brahmothsavam) for a period of 10 days is the main one; it attracts about 1,000 devotees from the adjoining villages and towns.

The temple is managed by an Executive Officer and a Board of three trustees.

245 RAJENDRAPATTINAM
(ERUKKATHAMPULIYUR)**Sri Thirukumaraswamy temple**

The village is 8 miles from Vriddhachalam which is the nearest railway station, and is connected by bus service. Sri Thirukumaresar and His consort Sri Vinaamulaiamman are the presiding deities of this ancient temple. The origin of this shrine is not known. According to legend the temple was renovated by a Pandya king by name Narendran who was blessed with children. The temple covers an area of about 4 acres. It has a 40' high Rajagopuram and a 30' high vimanam. There are two prakarams, 3 mandapams, 50 stone pillars and a sanctum.

The Lingam is a Swayambu which is about 3' in height. There are a number of festival idols for various deities like Sri Subramaniam with Valli and Deivayanai, Kasi Visalakshi, Vinayagar, Natarajar etc. A novel feature of this temple is that many of the Naimisaranaiya munivars lived here in the form of trees. The hunters began to cut the trees and sell them, as fuel to eke out their livelihood; the Lord converted all the trees as "Vellerukku" trees which are useless for purposes of fuel. This place is called also as Erukkathampuliyur.

Poojas are performed four times a day by a non-hereditary Gurukkal, who is paid a monthly salary and an allowance in the shape of paddy. The temple has antique jewellery worth about Rs. 850/- donated by devotees. It owns 49 acres and $2\frac{1}{2}$ cents of wet and dry lands, 5 gardens and 40.86 acres of uncultivable dry lands. These fetch an annual income of about Rs. 5,000/- which is utilised towards the salaries of the temple servants, poojas and festivals of the temple.

The temple owns a 20' high car, a palanquin and 12 vahanas. All these are made of wood and are 50 years old. The annual festivals celebrated are :— Ani Thirumanjanam, Avani Moolam, Navarathri, Deepavali, Annabishegam in Ippasi, Karthigai Deepam and Thai Poosam. Only local residents take part in them.

The temple is administered by an Executive Officer appointed by the Hindu Religious and Charitable Endowments Board.

Legends :

(i) The Devas who worshipped Pazhamalai-nathar at Thirumudhukunram requested Him to name

a Saivite holy place where one could attain salvation. The Lord mentioned Erukkathampuliyur; and the Devas came to this place and worshipped the deity. The village is also known as Ganesuram.

(ii) In the mount Kailas, while the Lord was explaining the meaning of the Vedas to Sri Uma, the latter was inattentive. He therefore cursed Her to be born as a fisherwoman. Sri Subramaniam who got vexed at His father's curse threw away the palmyrah leaf containing the vedas in the sea. He was cursed to be born as a dumb child; He was known as Kumaresan. He got the power of speech after worshipping the deity at Erukkathampuliyur. The place is known as Kumaresuram.

(iii) A hunter killed a tiger which was about to devour a Brahmin who was doing penance here. He was born as a sage with tiger's legs and worshipped the deity; the place is also known as Puliyur.

(iv) A Ruler of Madura got a son after worshipping the Lord here, as the child was named Rajendran, the village is called Rajendrapuram.

(v) Swetan, king of Ujjain who became a leper got rid of his disease after bathing in the holy tank at Erukkathampuliyur.

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
1	3	Narayur	Sri Chidambareswarar temple (S)	150	0·25	Sri Chidambareswarar	...
2	„	do	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	150	0·15	Sri Varadarajaperumal	...
3	4	Sirupakkam	Sri Soleeswarar temple (S)	100	0·10	Sri Soleeswarar	...
4	„	do	Sri Ranganathar temple (V)	100	0·10	Sri Ranganathaswamy	...
5	18	Ivadukudi	Sri Vinayagar temple (G)	200	Below 0·01	Sri Vinayagar	...
6	„	do	Sri Ayyanar temple (O)	200	0·23	Sri Ayyanar	...
7	„	do	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	200	0·01	Sri Mariamman	...
8	„	do	Sri Selliamman temple (F)	200	0·04	Sri Selliamman	...
9	20	Pinjanur	Sri Viswanathaswamy temple (S)	200	0·12	Sri Viswanathaswamy	...
10	„	do	Sri Venugopalaswamy temple (V)	200	0·11	Sri Venugopalaswamy	...
11	21	Valasai	Sri Viswanathaswamy temple (S)	200	0·15	Sri Viswanathaswamy	...

TALUK

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board									
Kuttakudi Railway station 14 miles	6'34	35'34	...	...	400	...	...	Daily pooja by a Gurukkal	Mahasivarathri Annabishegam
do	3'96	13'37	...	...	300	500	Garuda	do	Sri Jayanthi Vaikunta Ekadasi
Pukkiravari Railway station	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Daily pooja by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
do	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Pooja performed by a hereditary Bhattachariar	No
Kuttakudi Railway station 1 mile	}	}	}	}	}	}	}	Once in a week by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
do								Once in a week by a hereditary Pandaram	Ayyanar festival in Avani
do								do	No
do								do	No
Mukhasaparur Railway station 3 miles	}	}	}	}	}	}	}	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No
do								Twice in a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar	Vaikunta Ekadasi Sri Jayanthi
Mukhasaparur Railway station 4 miles	...	...	15'00	...	700	...	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	Panguni Uthiram Annabishegam

VRIDDHACHALAM

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
12	22	Edachithur	Sri Anantheeswarar temple (S)	60	Not stated	Sri Anantheeswarar	...
13	25	Kattuparur	Sri Adikesava Perumal temple (V)	200	0.37	Sri Adikesava Perumal	...
14	35	Ko. Pavalan-gudi	Sri Angalamman temple (F)	150	0.08	Sri Angalamman	...
15	42	Nadiapattu	Sri Lakshminarayana Perumal temple (V)	1000	0.50	Sri Lakshminarayana Perumal	Sri Garudar Sri Anjaneyar
16	44	Iruppu	Sri Pidari Arasi Amman temple (F)	60	Not stated	Sri Pidari Arasi Amman	Sri Vinayagar Sri Veera Ayyanar
17	48	Kolliruppu	Sri Sidhi Vinayagar temple (G)	100	0.04	Sri Sidhi Vinayagar	...
18	„	do	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	100	0.03	Sri Mariamman	...
19	50	Mudanai	Sri Mudhukunreswarar temple (S)	800	2.00	Sri Mudhukunreswarar	Sri Sembakuth- ayyanar
20	54	Gopura- puram H/o Erusala- kuppam	Sri Adisaktheeswarar temple (S)	500	8.00	Sri Adisaktheeswarar Sri Adisaktheeswari	Sri Chandikeswarar Sri Bhairavar Sri Arunachalees- warar
21	57	Periavada- vadi	Sri Adi Ganesar temple (G)	30	0.01	Sri Adi Ganesar	...

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VRIDDHACHALAM

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
22	61	Memathur	Sri Selliamman temple (F)	30	Not stated	Sri Selliamman	...
23	„	do	Sri Ayyanar temple (O)	30	do	Sri Ayyanar	...
24	„	do	Sri Dharmarajar temple (O)	30	do	Sri Dharmarajar	...
25	„	do	Sri Vinayagar temple (G)	30	0.01	Sri Vinayagar	...
26	63	Nallur	Sri Vilva Vaneswarar temple (S)	300	1.50	Sri Vilva Vaneswarar	...
27	65	Sepakkam	Sri Meenakshi Sundareswaraswamy temple (S)	300	0.33	Sri Meenakshi Sundareswarar	...
28	66	Kattumailur	Sri Thirukkaranthondreswarar temple (S)	Not stated	1.16	Sri Thirukkaranthondreswarar	...
29	69	Poinapadi	Sri Ayyanar temple (O)	150	0.05	Sri Ayyanar Sri Poorani Sri Porkalai	Sri Selliamman
30	76	Lakshmanapuram-Korakkavadi	Sri Tholeeswarar temple (S)	Not stated	0.25	Sri Tholeeswarar	...
31	„	do	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	do	0.10	Sri Varadarajaperumal	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Mukhasaparur Railway station ½ mile	...	9.60	...	...	655	...	...	Twice in a week by a hereditary Poosari	No
do	...	11.13	...	...			
do	...	7.94	...	...			
do	...	7.19	...	...			
Mukhasaparur Railway station 3 miles	...	...	33.23	...	600	2,000	Cars-4 Vahanas-8	Four times a day by a Gurukkal	Brahmothsavam in Masi
Kuttakudi Railway station 3 miles	2.73	37.65	...	...	700	...	...	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Brahmothsavam in Panguni
Kuttakudi Railway station 5 miles	...	...	73.44	...	1,000	...	Car Rishabam Peacock Swan Bandicoot	do	Chithrapournami Sivarathri Navarathri Karthigai Deepam Thiruvathirai Pongal
Kuttakudi Railway station 12 miles	0.68	2.37	...	105-Neem trees & 30-Tamarind trees	475	811	Car Elephant Horse Swan Lion Rishabam Chapparam	Thrice in a day by a hereditary Poosari	Ayyanar festival in Vaikasi
Chinna Salem Railway station 12 miles	13.06	14.17	...	...	Not stated	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
do	0.97	8.93	...	...	do	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar	No

VRIDDHACHALAM

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
32	89	Sirunesalur	Sri Ayyanar temple (O)	300	0.32	Sri Ayyanar	...
33	„	do	Sri Pidari temple (F)	300	0.05	Sri Pidari	...
34	„	do	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	300	0.25	Sri Varadarajaperumal	...
35	„	do	Sri Vinayagar temple (G)	300	Below 0.01	Sri Vinayagar	...
36	90	Veppur	Sri Vilva Vaneswarar temple (S)	600	0.17	Sri Vilva Vaneswarar	Sri Brahma Sri Dhakshinamurthi Sri Durgai Sri Bhairavar
37	95	Sathiam	Sri Ayyanar temple (O)	200	0.02	Sri Ayyanar	...
38	„	do	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	200	0.04	Sri Mariamman	...
39	„	do	Sri Vilvarutheeswarar temple (S)	200	0.03	Sri Vilvarutheeswarar Sri Thripurasundari Amman	...
40	97	Paravalur	Sri Sundareswarar temple (S)	Not stated	Not stated	Sri Sundareswarar	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Kuttakudi Railway station 6 miles	0.99	13.71	...	...	700	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Poosari	No
do	...	3.26	...	...					No
do	0.72	7.83	...	...					Brahmothsavam in Vaikasi
do	0.40	1.42	...	...					No
Kuttakudi Railway station 5 miles	7.24	47.67	...	...	800	...	Rishabam	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
Mukhasaparur Railway station 3 miles	Extent	not	stated	...	300	...	...	Three days in a week by a hereditary Poosari	No
do								Three days in a week by a hereditary Pandaram	No
Mukhasaparur Railway station 4 miles	Extent	not	stated	...	500	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Chithra- pournami Karthigai Deepam Navarathri Annabishegam
Vriddhachalam Railway station	2.84	10.96	...	...	350 kalamas of paddy	...	...	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No

TEMPLES OF MADRAS STATE
VRIDDHACHALAM

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
41	99	Vayalur	Sri Ayyanar temple (O)	Not stated	Below 0.01	Sri Ayyanar	...
42	"	do	Sri Pidari temple (F)	do	Below 0.01	Sri Pidari	...
43	"	do	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	do	0.09	Sri Mariamman	...
44	"	do	Sri Dhrowpathiamman temple (F)			Sri Dhrowpathiamman	...
45	"	do	Sri Vinayagar temple (G)	do	Below 0.01	Sri Vinayagar	...
46	105	Kandiyan-kuppam	Sri Ayyanar temple (O)	75	Below 0.01	Sri Ayyanar	Sri Vinayagar
47	"	do	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	75	0.02	Sri Mariamman	Sri Maduraiveeran
48	106	Ja. Nachiar-pettai	Sri Ayyanar temple (O)	100	2.50	Sri Ayyanar	Sri Vinayagar Sri Veeran
49	108	Manavala-nallur	Sri Kolanjiappar temple (M)	200	2.00	Sri Kolanjiappar	Sri Vinayagar Sri Idumban Sri Kadamban Sri Muniappar Sri Veeranar
50	109	Ko. Mangalam	Sri Pillayar temple (G)	Not stated	0.02	Sri Pillayar	Sri Subramaniam
51	"	do	Sri Dhrowpathiamman temple (F)	do	0.10	Sri Dhrowpathiamman	Sri Ayyanar Sri Mariamman Sri Selliamman

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
Vriddhachalam Railway station 2 miles									
do									
do	Extent	not	stated	...	Not stated	...	Elephant Horse Swan	Only on important days by a hereditary Padayachi	No
do									
do									
Vriddhachalam Railway station 1½ miles	...	4.98	...	Tamarind grove 3.13 acres	200	...	Horse	do	Panguni Uthiram
do									
Vriddhachalam Railway station	...	...	10.00	...	2,000	...	...	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	No
Vriddhachalam Railway station 1 mile	7.67	2.81	...	...	1,200	5,000	...	Four times a day by two Gurukkals	Brahmothsavam in Panguni Thai Poosam
Vriddhachalam Railway station 3 miles									
do	Extent	not	stated	...	500	...	...	Only on important days by a hereditary Pandaram	Chithra-pournami Amman festival in Vaikasi

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
52	110	Thoravalur	Sri Mannarswamy temple (O)	200	Not stated	Sri Mannarswamy	Sri Agni Veeran Sri Semmuni
53	„	do	Sri Vaidyanathaswamy temple (S)	100	0.15	Sri Vaidyanathaswamy Sri Thaiyalnayagi	...
54	111	Vilangattur	Sri Vinayagar temple (G)	40	0.01	Sri Vinayagar	..
55	„	do	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	40	0.01	Sri Mariamman	...
56	„	do	Sri Ayyanar temple (O)	40	0.01	Sri Ayyanar	...
57	„	do	Sri Selliamman temple (F)	40	0.01	Sri Selliamman	...
58	„	do	Sri Muniyanar temple (O)	40	0.02	Sri Muniyanar	...
59	„	do	Sri Varadaraja-perumal temple (V)	40	0.01	Sri Varadarajaperumal	...
60	115	T. Podaiyur	Sri Pasupatheeswaraswamy temple (S)	200	0.15	Sri Pasupatheeswaraswamy Sri Agilandeeswari	Sri Dhakshinamurthi
61	„	do	Sri Vinayagar temple (G)	150	0.05	Sri Vinayagar	...
62	„	do	Sri Ayyanar temple (O)	150	0.10	Sri Ayyanar	...
63	„	do	Sri Pidari temple (F)	150	0.03	Sri Pidari	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Vriddhachalam Railway station 4 miles	0.90	2.68	...	...	300	...	Horse Swan Kedayam Rishabam	Twice in a day by a hereditary Poosari	Annual festival in Avani
do	3.66	6.00	...	...	75 kalams of paddy	...	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No
Vriddhachalam Railway station 6 miles	...	2.90	...	...	1,000	50	Bandicoot	Once in a day by a hereditary Pandaram	No
do	...	...	...	...			Swan		
do	...	4.74	...	...			Rishabam		
do	...	4.82	...	...			Lion		
do	...	2.83	...	...			...
do	...	6.55	...	...			Garuda		
Talanallur Railway station 5 miles	3.01	2.72	...	...	35 kalams of paddy	...	Cars-2	Four times a day by a Gurukkal	Thai Poosam
do	...	5.19	...	...	250	...	...	Once in a week by a hereditary Pandaram	Annual festival in Chithirai
do	...	3.38	...	...			...
do	...	3.39	...	...			...

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
64	120	Avatti	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	200	0.02	Sri Varadarajaperumal	...
65	125	Eluthur	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	250	0.02	Sri Mariamman	...
66	"	do	Sri Thoppu Vinayagar temple (G)	250	0.02	Sri Vinayagar	...
67	"	do	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	250	0.08	Sri Varadarajaperumal	...
68	"	do	Sri Annamalai Eswarar temple (S)	250	0.08	Sri Annamalai Eswarar	...
69	127	Tholudur	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	1000	0.05	Sri Varadarajaperumal Sri Lakshmi	...
70	"	do	Sri Maduranta Tholeeswarar temple (S)	1000	0.08	Sri Tholeeswarar Sri Brigannayaki	...
71	128	Mel Kalpoondi H/o Vadakarampoondi	Sri Ayyanar temple (O)	100	0.32	Sri Ayyanar Sri Poorani Sri Pushkalai	...
72	"	do	Sri Subramaniam temple (M)	150	0.08	Sri Subramaniaswamy Sri Valli, Sri Deivayanai	Sri Tholeeswarar Sri Vinayagar
73	130	Ramanatham— Perangiam	Sri Jotheeswaraswamy temple (S)	500	0.06	Sri Jotheeswarar	...
74	"	do	Sri Selva Vinayagar temple (G)	1000	0.60	Sri Vinayagar	Sri Subramaniam Sri Mariamman

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Kuttakudi Railway station 10 miles	3.82	1.22	...	...	500	50	Garuda	Once in a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar	Karthigai Deepam Tamil New year's day
Kuttakudi Railway station 14 miles	...	0.75	...	...	30	100	...	Twice in a week by a hereditary Poosari	No
do	...	0.81	...	...	50	...	Bandicoot	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No
do	2.78	5.99	...	...	350	200	Garuda	Once in a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar	Vaikunta Ekadasi Sri Rama Navami
do	1.58	7.66	...	...	400	150	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Karthigai Deepam Thiruvathirai
Pennadam Railway station 15 miles	12.00	20.00	...	1-House	1,300	35	Garuda Ratham	Twice in a day by a Bhattachariar	Vaikunta Ekadasi Gokulashtami
do						52	Rishabam	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Panguni Uthiram Chithra-pournami Thiruvathirai
Pennadam Railway station 22 miles	4.00	12.00	...	...	450	...	Cars-2	Once in a day by a hereditary Poosari	No
do	1.27	10.88	...	...	500	...	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	Panguni Uthiram
Pennadam Railway station 14 miles	Extent	not stated	...	...	800	...	...	Daily pooja by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
Pennadam Railway station 16 miles	Extent	not stated	...	...	350	...	Car Ratham	do	Car festival in Panguni & Chithirai

VRIDDHACHALAM

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
75	131	Arangur	Sri Arunachaleswarar temple (S)	Not stated	0.60	Sri Arunachaleswarar	...
76	133	Akkanur	Sri Selva Vinayagar temple (G)	100	0.01	Sri Selva Vinayagar	...
77	134	Edacheruvoi	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	70	0.10	Sri Varadarajaperumal	...
78	135	Kilacheruvoi	Sri Ayyanar temple (O)	Not stated	Not stated	Sri Ayyanar	Sri Kodumudiamman Sri Karuppannan Sri Muniandavar
79	„	do	Sri Sanjeeviraya-perumal temple (V)	do	0.03	Sri Sanjeeviraya-perumal	...
80	138	Keeranur H/o Kiladanur	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	200	0.01	Sri Varadarajaperumal	...
81	„	do	Sri Vinayagar temple (G)	200	Below 0.01	Sri Vinayagar	...
82	„	do	Sri Ayyanar temple (O)	200	1.14	Sri Ayyanar	Sri Pidari
83	„	Kiladanur	Sri Choleeswarar temple (S)	Not stated	0.12	Sri Choleeswarar Sri Ambal	...
84	139	Severi	Sri Chidambareswarar temple (S)	do	0.22	Sri Chidambareswarar	...
85	„	do	Sri Pidari temple (F)	do	0.30	Sri Pidari	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet	Dry	Wet and dry			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels)	Vahanas		
	A.C.	A.C.	A.C.			Rs.			
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Pennadam Railway station 16 miles	Extent	not	stated	...	850	200	...	Daily Pooja by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
Pennadam Railway station 14 miles	0.33	0.93	...	...	100	...	...	Twice in a day by a hereditary Pandaram	No
Pennadam Railway station 11 miles	17.14	10.59	...	...	5,000	Value not stated	Car Ratham Palanquin Garuda	Daily Pooja by a Bhattachariar	Vaikunta Ekadasi Sri Rama Navami Rathotsavam Garuda Sevai
Pennadam Railway station 9 miles	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Once in a day by a Padayachi	No
do	0.62	1.53	...	...	150	50	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	Garuda Sevai
Pennadam Railway station 15 miles	}	...	10.27	...	921	...	Horses-3 Bandicoot Elephant Lion	Once in a day by a hereditary Pandaram	Annual festival in Chithirai
do									No
do									Annual festival for 8 days in Valkasi
Pennadam Railway station	...	6.00	...	...	100	...	...	Once in a week by a Gurukkal	Karthigai Deepam
Pennadam Railway station 13 miles	7.05	37.13	...	...	4,400	620	...	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Chithra-pournami
do	...	...	3.57	...	350	...	...	Twice in a week by a hereditary Poosari	No

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
86	139	Severi	Sri Ayyanar temple (O)	Not stated	0.96	Sri Ayyanar	...
87	„	do	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	do	0.06	Sri Varadarajaperumal	...
88	„	do	Sri Sundara Vinayagar temple (G)	do	0.01	Sri Vinayagar	...
89	140	Nedun- gulam H/o Kumarai	Sri Chidambareswarar temple (S)	100	0.05	Sri Chidambareswarar	...
90	„	do	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	100	0.05	Sri Varadarajaperumal Sridevi, Bhudevi	...
91	„	do	Sri Ayyanar temple (O)	100	0.05	Sri Ayyanar	...
92	„	do	Sri Pidari Selliamman temple (F)	100	0.05	Sri Pidari Selliamman	...
93	„	do	Sri Vinayagar temple (G)	100	0.05	Sri Vinayagar	...
94	145	Siruman- galam	Sri Selliamman temple (F)	Not stated	0.60	Sri Selliamman	Sri Ayyanar Sri Mariamman Sri Vinayagar
95	147	Edaiyur	Sri Sundareswarar temple (S)	100	0.10	Sri Sundareswarar Sri Ambal	...
96	151	Sathakudal Melpathi	Sri Kailasanathar temple (S)	50	1.00	Sri Kailasanathar Sri Sivakamiamman	...
97	152	Sathakudal Kilpathi	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	61	0.14	Sri Varadarajaperumal	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet	Dry	Wet and dry			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
	A.C.	A.C.	A.C.						
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)

and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)

Pennadam Railway station 13 miles	...	...	3.59	...	350	...	...	Twice in a week by a hereditary Poosari	No
do	...	...	5.56	...	550	...	...	Twice in a day by a Bhatta- chariar	No
do	...	...	5.11	...	500	...	...	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Vinayaga Chathurthi
Pennadam Railway station 14 miles	}	}	}	}	}	}	}	}	}
do									
do									
do									
do	...	53.90	...	...	Income does not accure	...	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No
Talanallur Railway station 3 miles	1.57	16.07	...	...	1,000	10,000	Rathams-3 Vahanas-4	Once in a day by a hereditary Poosari	Brahmothsavam in Chithirai
Vriddhachalam Railway station 10 miles	...	30.00	...	...	384	...	...	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	No
Talanallur Railway station 1½ miles	16.00	...	...	1-House	350 kalams of paddy	200	Peacock	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
do	2.78	...	...	...	500	...	Garuda	Twice in a day by a Bhatta- chariar	No

VRIDDHACHALAM

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
98	155	Vriddha-chalam	Sri Kannika Parameswari temple (F)	100	0.10	Sri Kannika Parameswari	...
99	„	do	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	100	0.20	Sri Mariamman	...
100	„	do	Sri Koothadum Pillayar temple (G)	Not stated	0.06	Sri Koothadum Pillayar	...
101	„	do	Sri Sidhi Vinayagar temple (G)	100	0.05	Sri Sidhi Vinayagar	...
102	165	Agaram	Sri Kothandarama-swamy temple (V)	1,000	1.50	Sri Kothandarama-swamy Sri Sita Devi	Sri Lakshmanar Sri Manavala-mamuni Sri Hanumar Sri Garudar
103	166	Uthangal	Sri Muneeswaraswamy temple (O)	1,000	Not stated	Sri Muneeswaraswamy	...
104	168	Vadakkuvellore	Sri Kasi Viswanatha-swamy temple (S)	500	do	Sri Viswanathaswamy Sri Visalakshi	...
105	173	Seplanatham	Sri Nallaraghavaperumal Ayyanar temple (O)	50	Below 0.01	Sri Ayyanar	Sri Vinayagar Sri Subramaniam Sri Mariamman Sri Kathavarayan
106	174	Kottagam	Sri Veppankattu Ayyanar temple (O)	60	0.05	Sri Veppankattu Ayyanar	...
107	187	Kumaramangalam	Sri Vinayagar temple (G)	90	0.05	Sri Vinayagar	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet	Dry	Wet and dry			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
	A.C.	A.C.	A.C.						
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Vriddhachalam Railway station	...	...	...	...	...	1,000	...	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Navarathri
do	...	2'94	...	...	Not stated	100	Swan	Once in a day by a hereditary Poosari	Sedal in Adi
do	2'37	5'05	...	...	150	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
Vriddhachalam Railway station 1 mile	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bandicoot	Thrice in a day by a Gurukkal	Vinayaga Chathurthi
Uttangal Mangalam Railway station 2 miles	...	1'30	...	...	200	Value not stated	Palanquin Garuda Naga Horse	Twice in a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar	Brahmothsavam in Panguni Vaikunta Ekadasi
Uttangal Mangalam Railway station 1 mile	...	7'51	...	...	200	...	...	Daily pooja by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
Neyveli Railway station 1 mile	1'61	3'64	...	...	200	...	...	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	No
Vadalur Railway station 3 miles	18'93	10'00	...	...	724	...	Peacock Bandicoot Swan Horse	Once in a day by a Padayachi	Panguni Uthiram Vinayaga Chathurthi Navarathri Amman festival in Adi .
Neyveli Railway station 3 miles	1'35	7'95	...	...	500	...	Horse Elephant	Daily Pooja by a Poosari	Navarathri
Vriddhachalam Railway station 6 miles	1'51	7'03	...	...	1,500	50	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	Annual festival in Chithirai

VRIDDHACHALAM

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
108	189	Karman-gudi	Sri Thirumoolanathar temple (S)	80	0.50	Sri Thirumoolanathar Sri Soundaryanayaki	Sri Dhakshinamurthi Sri Chandikeswarar Sri Suryar Sri Bhairavar
109	"	do	Sri Varadaraja-perumal temple (V)	80	0.25	Sri Varadaraja-perumal Sridevi, Bhudevi	...
110	193	Peralayur	Sri Varadaraja-perumal temple (V)	50	0.02	Sri Varadaraja-perumal Sridevi, Bhudevi	...
111	"	do	Sri Ayyanar temple (O)	Not stated	Not stated	Sri Ayyanar	...
112	"	do	Sri Vinayagar temple (G)	do	do	Sri Vinayagar	...
113	"	do	Sri Pidari temple (F)	do	do	Sri Pidari	...
114	"	do	Sri Ponni Mariamman temple (F)	do	Below 0.01	Sri Ponni Mariamman	...
115	194	Sathivadi	Sri Alandurai Eswarar temple (S)	100	0.21	Sri Alandurai Eswarar	...
116	"	do	Sri Azhagaperumal temple (V)	100	0.21	Sri Azhagaperumal (alias) Venu-gopalaswamy	...
117	"	do	Sri Sidhi Vinayagar temple (G)	20	0.04	Sri Sidhi Vinayagar	...
118	196	Deevalur	Sri Agastheeswarar temple (S)	100	0.52	Sri Agastheeswarar	Sri Suryar Sri Bhairavar

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Vriddhachalam Railway station 4 miles	6.95	14.08	...	...	2,200	...	Peacock Rishabam	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
do	4.16	8.39	...	...	900	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar	Gokulashtami Vaikunta Ekadasi
Talanalhur Railway station 3 miles	...	...	5.00	...	450	...	Palanquin	Once in a day by a Bhattachariar	Vaikunta Ekadasi Theerthavari
do	4.00	...	...	...	300.	...	...	Only on important days by a Pandaram	No
do									
do									
do									
Vriddhachalam Railway station 3 miles	...	...	27.81	...	1,000 Madras measures of paddy & Rs. 500/-	...	Rishabam Bandicoot	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Annabishegam in Ippasi Thai Poosam
do	...	...	19.45	...		...	...	Twice in a day by a Bhattachariar	No
do	...	4.65	...	...	500 Madras measures of paddy	200	Bandicoot	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	Vinayaga Chathurthi Theerthavari
Talanalhur Railway station 1 mile	Extent	not	stated	...	1,000	...	Manjam	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No

VRIDDHACHALAM

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
119	196	Deevatur	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	40	Below 0·01	Sri Varadarajaperumal Sridevi, Bhudevi	...
120	197	Talanallur	Sri Vinayagar temple (G)	60	0·08	Sri Vinayagar	Sri Varadarajaperumal
121	199	Erappavur	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	50	0·60	Sri Varadarajaperumal	...
122	200	Marudathur	Sri Ayyanar temple (O)	100	0·05	Sri Ayyanar	Sri Vinayagar
123	205	Perumulai	Sri Muthiaswamy temple (O)	200	0·37	Sri Muthiaswamy	...
124	„	do	Sri Someswaraswamy temple (S)	200	0·15	Sri Someswaraswamy	...
125	206	Pulivalam	Sri Chidambareswarar temple (S)	100	0·02	Sri Chidambareswarar	...
126	207	Tittagudi	Sri Subramaniaswamy temple (M)	500	0·31	Sri Subramaniaswamy	...
127	„	do	Sri Vaidyanathaswamy temple (S)	Not stated	3·03	Sri Vaidyanathaswamy Sri Asanambigai	...
128	„	do	Sri Nanuthioruvar (alias) Pradhigireeswarar temple (S)	do	0·10	Sri Pradhigireeswarar	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Talanallur Railway station 1 mile	Extent	not	stated	...	600	...	...	Once in a day by a Bhatta-chariar	No
Talanallur Railway station	6'00	...	100	...	Bandicoot	Only on important days by a hereditary Pandaram	No
Talanallur Railway station 4 miles	20'00	...	100	...	...	do	No
Pennadam Railway station 5 miles	...	0'77	...	...	...	...	...	Once in a week by a hereditary Pandaram	No
Pennadam Railway station 10 miles	13'56	...	1,500	500	Horses-3	Twice in a day by a Poosari	Panguni Uthiram Brahmothsavam in Avani
do	12'99	...	800	...	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No
do	14'20	...	300	...	...	do	No
Pennadam Railway station 9 miles	6'00	...	1,000	...	...	do	Skandha Sashti
do	184'00	28-Shops	10,000	5,000	Cars-3	Four times a day by a Gurukkal	Adi Pooram Panguni Uthiram Thiruvathirai
do	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No

TEMPLES OF MADRAS STATE
VRIDDHA CHALAM

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S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
129	209	Kottaram H/o Puthira-mangalam	Sri Vinayagar temple (G)	50	Below 0·01	Sri Vinayagar	...
130	"	do	Sri Kambakaliaperumal temple (V)	25	0·02	Sri Kambakaliaperumal	...
131	"	do	Sri Ayyanar temple (O)	100	Below 0·01	Sri Ayyanar	Sri Karuppannan
132	"	do	Sri Mariammam temple (F)	100	Below 0·01	Sri Mariammam	Sri Kathavarayan
133	210	Vaiyankudi	Sri Pasupatheeswarar temple (S)	100	0·15	Sri Pasupatheeswarar	...
134	"	do	Sri Ayyanar temple (O)	100	Below 0·01	Sri Ayyanar	...
135	"	do	Sri Varadaraja-perumal temple (V)	100	0·10	Sri Varadaraja-perumal	...
136	211	Adamangalam	Sri Amirdhagadeswarar temple (S)	Not stated	0·17	Sri Amirdhagadeswarar Sri Amirthanayaki	...
137	"	do	Sri Ayyanar temple (O)	60	0·10	Sri Ayyanar	Sri Pidari
138	212	Tholar H/o Putheri	Sri Theerthapureeswarar temple (S)	200	0·17	Sri Theerthapureeswarar	...
139	213	Arugeri	Sri Ayyanar temple (O)	60	1·10	Sri Ayyanar	Sri Pidari Sri Selliamman Sri Dharmarajar Sri Dhrowpathi- amman Sri Kullakaruppar

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)

and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)

Pennadam Railway station 4 miles	...	0.72	...	...	Not stated	...	Bandicoot	Only on important days by a Pandaram	Vinayaga Chathurthi
do	...	...	400	...	Not stated	...	...	Only on important days by a Konar	No
do	...	15.00	...	...	20 bags of paddy	...	Horses-2 Elephant	Only on important days by a Pandaram	No
do	...	...	1.33	...	Not stated	...	Swan	do	No
Pennadam Railway station 6 miles	...	...	14.40	...	420 kalams of paddy	...	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No
do	...	...	1.43	...	40 kalams of paddy	...	...	No	No
do	...	...	7.41	...	180 kalams of paddy	...	Car	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No
Pennadam Railway station 9 miles	...	...	19.18	...	400 kalams of paddy	Not stated	...	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	No
do	...	...	2.78	...	300	...	...	Once in a day by a Pandaram	No
Pennadam Railway station 2 miles	...	...	22.35	...	1,500	...	...	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Tamil New Year's day
Pennadam Railway station 3 miles	...	...	13.00	...	500	...	...	No	Fire walking festival in Chithirai

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal deity	Other important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
140	220	O. Keeranur	Sri Sanjeevirayar temple (V)	50	0.04	Sri Sanjeevirayar	...
141	"	do	Sri Vinayagar temple (G)			Sri Vinayagar	...
142	"	do	Sri Ayyanar temple (O)			Sri Ayyanar	...
143	222	Venkarumbur	Sri Kailasanathar temple (S)	160	1.00	Sri Kailasanathar Sri Sivakamiamman	...
144	227	Pe. Kollathankurichi	Sri Subramaniaswamy temple (M)	100	0.10	Sri Subramaniaswamy Sri Valli, Sri Deivayanai	...
145	"	do	Sri Vinayagar temple (G)	100	0.03	Sri Vinayagar	...
146	"	do	Sri Pidari Selliamman temple (F)	100	Not stated	Sri Pidariamman	...
147	228	Kothattai	Sri Vinayagar temple (G)	Not stated	do	Sri Vinayagar	...
148	"	do	Sri Ayyanar temple (O)	do	4.81	Sri Ayyanar	Sri Mariamman
149	229	Eraiyyur	Sri Azhagiamanavala Perumal temple (V)	do	0.40	Sri Azhagiamanavala Perumal	Sri Varadarajaperumal
150	"	do	Sri Dhagamtheertheeswarar temple (S)	400	1.56	Sri Dhagamtheertheeswarar Sri Annapooraniamman	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Talanallur Railway station 2 miles	2.64	3.91	...	...	1,000	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Poosari	No
do	...	2.54	...	...			
do	...	1.23	...	...			
Talanallur Railway station 3 miles	...	...	6.00	...	500	...	...	Once in a week by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
Pennadam Railway station 1½ miles	...	...	1.33	...	30 kalams of paddy	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Pandaram	No
do	...	...	2.66	...	50 kalams of paddy	4	Bandicoot	do	Annual festival for 8½ days in Chithirai
do	2.66	...	...	...	50 kalams of paddy	Not stated	Lion	do	do
Pennadam Railway station 1 mile	...	...	2.84	...	300	...	...	Daily Pooja by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
do	...	...	2.55	...	250	...	...	Daily pooja by a Pandaram	No
Pennadam Railway station ¾ mile	...	...	6.53	...	Not stated	...	Garuda	Daily Pooja by a Bhattachariar	Uriyadi Tamil New Year's day Sri Rama Navami Vaikunta Ekadasi
Pennadam Railway station 1 mile	17.93	5.90	...	1-Madam	3,000	150	Palanquin	Four times a day by a Gurukkal	No

VRIDDHACHALAM

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
151	230	Gudalore	Sri Chockanathaswamy temple (S)	100	0.30	Sri Chockanathaswamy Sri Meenakshiamman	Sri Chandikeswarar Sri Dhakshinamurthi
152	"	do	Sri Ayyanar temple (O)	200	3.40	Sri Ayyanar	Sri Pidari Sri Mariamman Sri Selliamman
153	"	do	Sri Varadaraja-perumal temple (V)	150	0.20	Sri Varadaraja-perumal	...
154	232	Pattur	Sri Ayyanar temple (O)	100	0.03	Sri Ayyanar	...
155	"	do	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	150	0.02	Sri Mariamman	...
156	"	do	Sri Subramaniaswamy temple (M)	100	0.05	Sri Subramaniaswamy	...
157	"	do	Sri Selva Vinayagar temple (G)	30	0.01	Sri Vinayagar	...
158	"	do	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	35	0.04	Sri Varadarajaperumal	...
159	233	Avinangudi—Neivasal	Sri Sanjeeviraya Perumal temple (V)	Not stated	0.06	Sri Sanjeeviraya Perumal	Sri Anjaneyar
160	"	do	Sri Viswanathaswamy temple (S)	200	0.19	Sri Viswanathaswamy Sri Visalakshiamman	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Pennadam Railway station 1½ miles	3'80	...	200	100	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
Pennadam Railway station 2 miles	Extent	not	stated	...	400	...	...	Daily pooja by a Gurukkal	No
do	Extent	not	stated	...	300	...	Garuda	Once in a day by a Bhatta-chariar	Gokulashtami Vaikunta Ekadasi Sri Rama Navami
Pennadam Railway station 4½ miles	2'58	...	90 kalams of paddy	35	Elephant	Once in a week by a hereditary Poosari	No
do	50	Swan	do	No
do	do	No
do	...	1'46	...	...	54 kalams of paddy	10	Rishabam	Daily pooja by a Gurukkal	No
do	...	0'64	...	...	18 kalams of paddy	...	Ratham Garuda	Once in a week by a hereditary Poosari	Sri Jayanthi
Pennadam Railway station 3½ miles	...	6'67	...	...	240 kalams of paddy	...	Garuda	Daily pooja by a Bhatta-chariar	No
do	13'54	...	321 kalams of paddy	60	...	Daily pooja by a Gurukkal	No

VRIDDHACHALAM

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
161	234	Thiruvattadurai	Sri Theerthapureswarar temple (S)	300	Not stated	Sri Theerthapureswarar Sri Thripurasundari- amman	...
162	236	Pennadam	Sri Ellaiamman temple (F)	250	0.27	Sri Ellaiamman	...
163	242	Therkuvadakkuputhur	Sri Lakshminarayana Perumal temple (V)	300	0.17	Sri Lakshminarayana Perumal	Sri Hanumar Sri Nammalwar Sri Yakshikar
164	..	do	Sri Jaya Kailasanathaswamy temple (S)	200	0.16	Sri Jaya Kailasanathaswamy Sri Akilandeswari	Sri Dhakshinamurthi
165	251	Koliyur H/o Tholur	Sri Venugopalaswamy temple (V)	200	0.35	Sri Venugopalaswamy Sri Radha Sri Rukmani	...
166	..	do	Sri Alandurai Eswarar temple (S)	100	0.30	Sri Alandurai Eswarar Sri Soundaryanayaki	Sri Chandikeswarar Sri Durgaiamman
167	254	Devangudi	Sri Selva Vinayagar temple (G)	50	0.03	Sri Selva Vinayagar	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Pennadam Railway station 4 miles	...	...	30'00	...	4,000	800	Car Palanquins-2 Bhuthams-2 Rishabam Horses-4 Elephant Naga Bandicoot Swan Peacock	Four times a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Masi Magam
Pennadam Railway station 1½ miles	3'00	3'00	...	...	80 kalams of paddy	...	Horse	Twice in a week by a Poosari	Annual festival for 16 days in Chithirai
Vriddhachalam Railway station 6 miles	18'21	4'50	...	...	500 kalams of paddy & Rs. 50/-	120	Palanquin Garuda	Thrice in a day by a Bhattachariar	No
do	12'02	5'61	...	...	270 kalams of paddy & Rs. 136/-	35	Palanquin	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Thai Poosam
Pennadam Railway station 6 miles	...	...	5'00	...	40 kalams of paddy & Rs. 25/-	200	Garuda	Once in a day by a Bhattachariar	Purattasi 5th Saturday Karthigai Deepam Sri Jayanthi Tamil New Year's day
do	4'00	26'00	...	...	3,000	100	...	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Tamil New Year's day Ani Thirumanjanam Vinayaga Chathurthi Karthigai Deepam Pongal Panguni Uthiram Mahasivarathri
Uttangal Mangalam Railway station 5 miles	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Once in a day by a Poosari	No

VRIDDHACHALAM

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
168	254	Devangudi	Sri Kothandaramaswamy temple (V)	50	0.02	Sri Kothandaramaswamy	...
169	259	Dharmannallur	Sri Dharmapureeswarar temple (S)	60	0.05	Sri Dharmapureeswarar	Sri Varadaraja-Perumal
170	"	Vilakapadi H/o Dharmannallur	Sri Ayyanar temple (O)	Not stated	0.50	Sri Ayyanar	Sri Pidari Sri Selliamman
171	"	do	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	do	0.15	Sri Mariamman	...
172	261	Perundurai-Ottimedu	Sri Ayyanar temple (O)	60	1.00	Sri Ayyanar	...
173	"	do	Sri Selliamman temple (F)	60	0.10	Sri Selliamman	...
174	"	do	Sri Vinayagar temple (G)	60	Not stated	Sri Vinayagar	...
175	263	Kavanur	Sri Viswanathaswamy temple (S)	45	0.10	Sri Viswanathaswamy Sri Visalakshi	...
176	"	do	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	400	0.10	Sri Varadarajaperumal Sridevi, Bhudevi	Sri Ayyanar
Temples outside the Hindu Religious							
1	90	Veppur	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	600	0.05	Sri Varadarajaperumal	...
2	106	Ja. Nachiar-pettai	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	125	0.01	Sri Mariamman	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet	Dry	Wet and dry			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
	A.C.	A.C.	A.C.						
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Concl'd.)									
Uttangal Mangalam Railway station 5 miles	Extent	not	stated	...	500	...	...	Twice in a day by a Bhatta-chariar	Sri Rama Navami Vaikunta Ekadasi
Neyveli Railway station 8 miles	8.54	18.94	...	...	1,200	...	...	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	No
do	0.66	1.87	...	...	2,890	...	...	Daily pooja by a Poosari	Panguni Uthiram
Uttangal Mangalam Railway station 9 miles	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	No	No
Uttangal Mangalam Railway station 10 miles	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Only on important days by an Asari	No
do	...	3.78	...	...	Not stated	...	Yali Horse	do	No
do	...	0.87	...	...	160	...	...	do	No
Uttangal Mangalam Railway station 9 miles	...	...	...	...	...	200	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No
do	...	...	...	...	...	...	Horse	do	No

and Charitable Endowments Board

Kuttakudi Railway station 5 miles	...	15.55	...	...	Not stated	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
Vridhachalam Railway station	...	...	2.94	...	85	...	...	Daily pooja by a Poosari	Amman festival in Adi

VRIDDHACHALAM

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other Important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples outside the Hindu Religious							
3	110	Thoravalur	Sri Selliamman temple (F)	200	Not stated	Sri Selliamman	Sri Pillayar Sri Kathayi Sri Kanjamalai
4	135	Kilacheruvai	Sri Pidari temple (F)	150	4.74	Sri Selliamman	...
5	"	do	Sri Kailasanathar temple (S)	Not stated	Not stated	Sri Kailasanathar	...
6	187	Kumaramangalam	Sri Dhrowpathiamman temple (F)	90	do	Sri Dhrowpathiamman	...
7	"	do	Sri Kaliyamman temple (F)	90	0.03	Sri Kaliyamman	...
8	211	Adamangalam	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	Not stated	0.09	Sri Varadarajaperumal	...
9	249	Mellapalayur	Sri Ayyanar temple (O)	do	0.90	Sri Ayyanar	...
10	"	do	Sri Vinayagar temple (G)	do	Below 0.01	Sri Vinayagar	...

TALUK (Concl'd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Concl'd.)									
Vriddhachalam Railway station 4 miles	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Twice in a day by a hereditary Poosari	Fire festival in Avani
Pennadam Railway station 9 miles	...	1'37	...	...	60	...	Lion Car	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	Car festival in Vaikasi
do	1'39	2'40	...	...	200	...	...	do	Annabishegam Karthigai Deepam
Vriddhachalam Railway station 6 miles	0'54	1'43	...	...	500	...	...	No	No
do	0'99	1'64	...	...	2,000	150	Lion	Once in a day by a hereditary Padayachi	No
Pennadam Railway station 9 miles	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Once in a day by a Bhatta-chariar	Sri Jayanthi
Vriddhachalam Railway station	...	2'60	...	...	100	...	Ratham Swan Peacock Lion	Twice in a week by a hereditary Poosari	Ayyanar festival in Adi
do	...	5'06	...	...					Vinayaga Chathurthi

CUDDALORE TALUK

2 NALLATHUR

Sri Ponnambalanathaswamy temple

Though the age of the temple is not known, it was in existence in the 7th century since Appar has sung about the deity. It occupies an area of 2 acres. Appar who was a Jain was converted to Hinduism at Thiruvathigai by his sister Thilakavathi. He was invited to visit Nallathur; but as he was unable to do so, he composed his verses at Thiruvathigai praising the deity of Nallathur. The village is 11 miles from Cuddalore and can be reached by buses plying between Pondicherry and Villupuram via Madhuakkarai. In the olden days, the residents were minting money by the manufacture and sale of blue dyes and as gold coins were in circulation, the deity was named as Sri Ponnambalanathar or Sri Swarnapureeswarar; He is Pradhishta Lingam. His consort is Sri Thripurasundari. The gopuram is in an unfinished state and the pillars in the temple have fine carvings. Sri Sivaprakasaswamy who resided here worshipping the deity, was buried opposite to the temple when he died.

The hereditary Gurukkal offers two poojas daily. The jewels are worth Rs. 200/-. The properties endowed by Muslim rulers are under the enjoyment of some individuals. From its inam lands, the temple gets an income of Rs. 1,000/- per annum. The vahanas include a rishabam, a peacock and a bandicoot, which are made of wood. The main festivals are Kiruthigai, Skandha Sashti and Thai Poosam. Local devotees attend them.

The Navagrahas who have been installed under a Vanni tree are considered very powerful.

10 x 2

Five trustees manage the affairs of the temple.

11 SINGIRIKUDI

Sri Lakshminarasimhaswamy temple

The general belief is that the temple was built by an ancestor of Desingh, the famous ruler of Gingee.

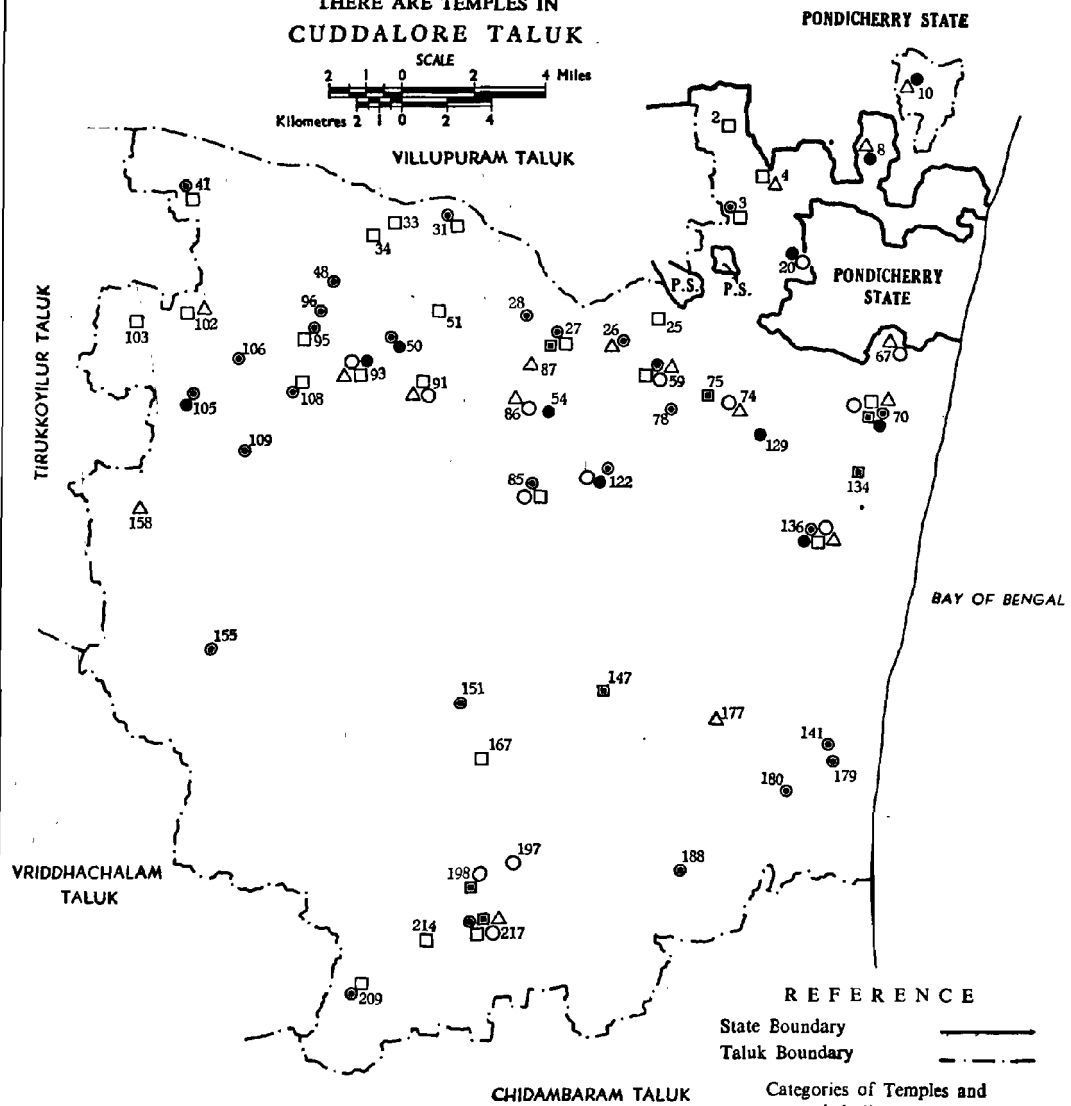
There is no information regarding the actual age of the temple. The presiding deity Sri Narasimhaswamy who is 8' high is an "Ugramurthy" with 16 arms, holding various weapons in each of them. He is depicted as drawing out the intestines of Hiranyakasipu, the asura ruler. By His side are Prahalada, the latter's mother and Sukrachariar, the preceptor of Asuras. It is stated that the idol was not installed by any human agency and that it came into existence of its own accord. A farmer who was cultivating the temple lands did not deliver the entire produce to the temple; he therefore became blind. He was advised to pay a penalty and pray for the Lord's pardon for his dishonest act. He did so and got back his eyesight. The Lord gave dharsan to sage Vasishta who was doing penance here. Brigu maharishi, Garuda and Indra also had a dharsan of the God here.

The Village is 9 miles from Cuddalore and can be reached by bus. The temple was renovated in 1920. It covers an area of 1.75 acres. The main gopuram is 106' high with a 25' x 15' base.

Poojas are performed five times a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar who is paid a monthly salary. The ornaments in the temple are worth Rs. 3,700/-. The property of the temple comprises 34.55 acres of wet, 9.30 acres of dry and 14.26 acres of vacant and garden lands, which fetch an annual income of Rs. 3,000/-. Besides, the temple owns 40 acres manyam lands in the Pondicherry Union territory. These are under the management of five trustees appointed by the Union Government. There are a number of vahanas and a car. The latter is 150 years old while the others were made about 50 to 60 years back. Brahmothsavam in the month of Chithirai-Vaikasi is the main festival. Sri Narasimha Jayanthi is celebrated on the 9th day when the deity is taken round in procession in the car. About 5,000 devotees are present for the car festival.

An Executive Officer and a single trustee manage the affairs of the temple.

MAP EXHIBITING THE CENTRES WHERE
THERE ARE TEMPLES IN
CUDDALORE TALUK



REFERENCE

State Boundary —————
Taluk Boundary - - - - -

Categories of Temples and
their Symbols.

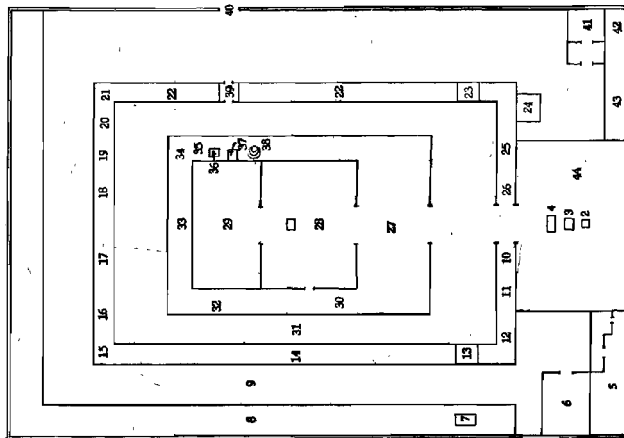
Siva	●
Visbnu	□
Murugar	■
Ganapathi	○
Amman	△
Others	●
Location Code Number	188
Pondicherry State	P.S.

INDEX TO NUMBERS

- 1 Raja Gopuram
- 2 Balipeedam
- 3 Dwajastambam
- 4 Nandhi
- 5 Rooms
- 6 Office Room
- 7 Room
- 8 Garden
- 9 Outer Prakaram
- 10 Chaudran
- 11 Appar (Moolavar)
- 12 Appar (Uthavar)
- 13 Pillars
- 14 Sixty Three Nayanmars
- 15 Valampuri Vinayagar
- 16 Somaskandhar, Nayagi
- 17 Nalvar & Uthavar
- 18 Chandra Sekhar
- 19 Sivalingam & Murugar
- 20 Shanmugar
- 21 Lakshmi
- 22 Vahanas
- 23 Netarajar
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- 33 Arunachaleswarar
- 34 Padhiri Tree
- 35 Arundhava Nayagi Peddam
- 36 Sandigswarar
- 37 Durgai
- 38 Well
- 39 Entrance
- 40 Entrance to Annam Sannidhi
- 41 Alankara Mandapam
- 42 Yagasalai
- 43 Rooms
- 44 Mahi Mandapam
- 45 Mandapam with Twenty Four Pillars
- 46 Tank

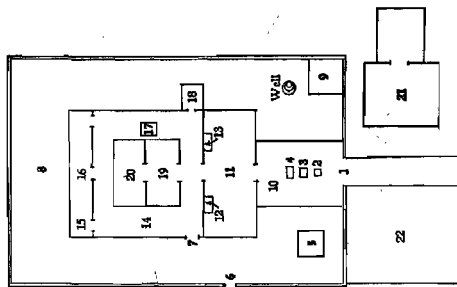
SRI PADALESWARAR TEMPLE

CUDDALORE
(Not to Scale)



SRI PERIANAYAGI AMMAN TEMPLE

CUDDALORE
(Not to Scale)

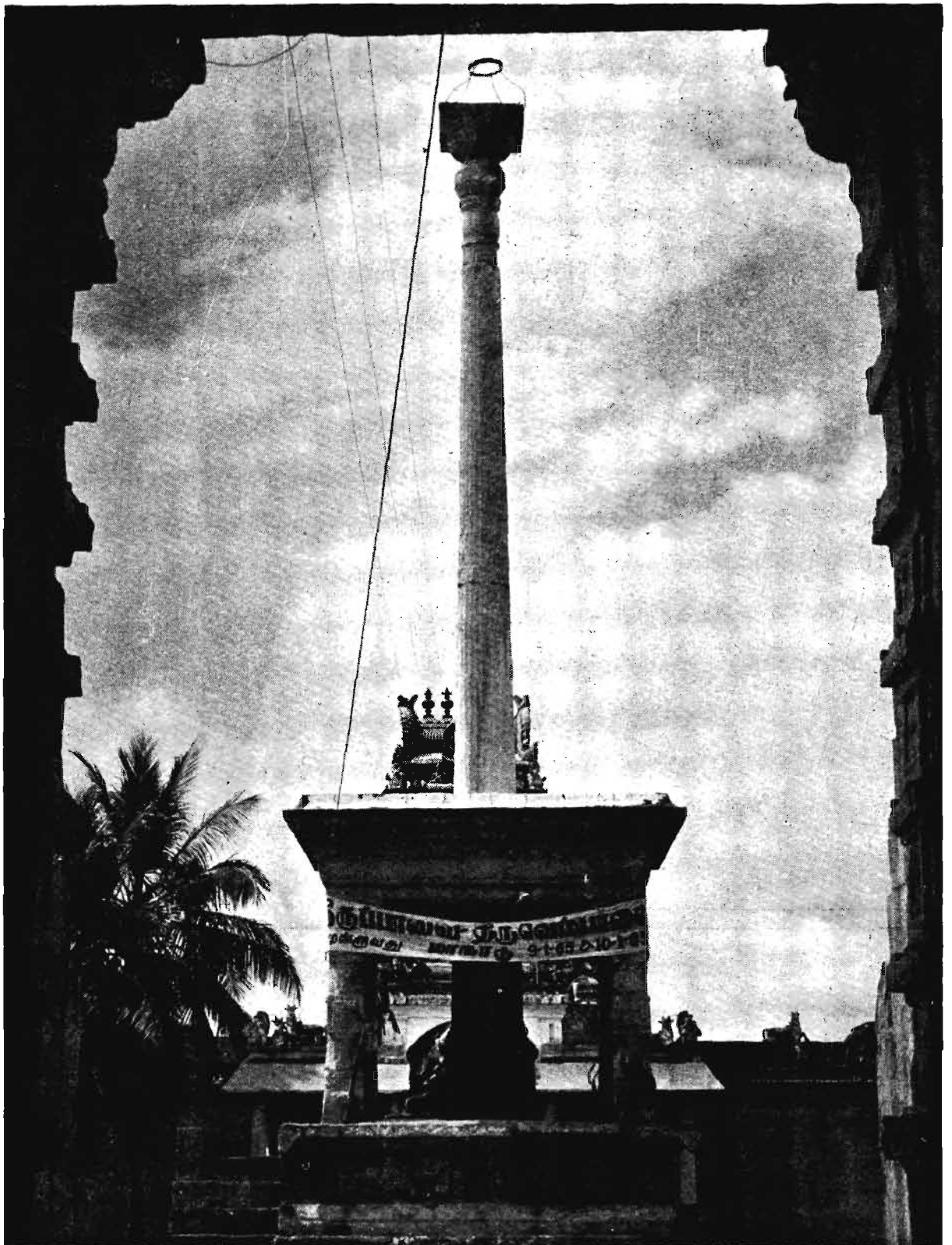


INDEX TO NUMBERS

- 1 Raja Gopuram
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- 14 Inner Prakaram
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- 16 Visweswarar
- 17 Sandigswarar
- 18 Parasakthi
- 19 Artha Mandapam
- 20 Periyasayagi
- 21 Pidari Amman
- 22 Elephant Mandapam



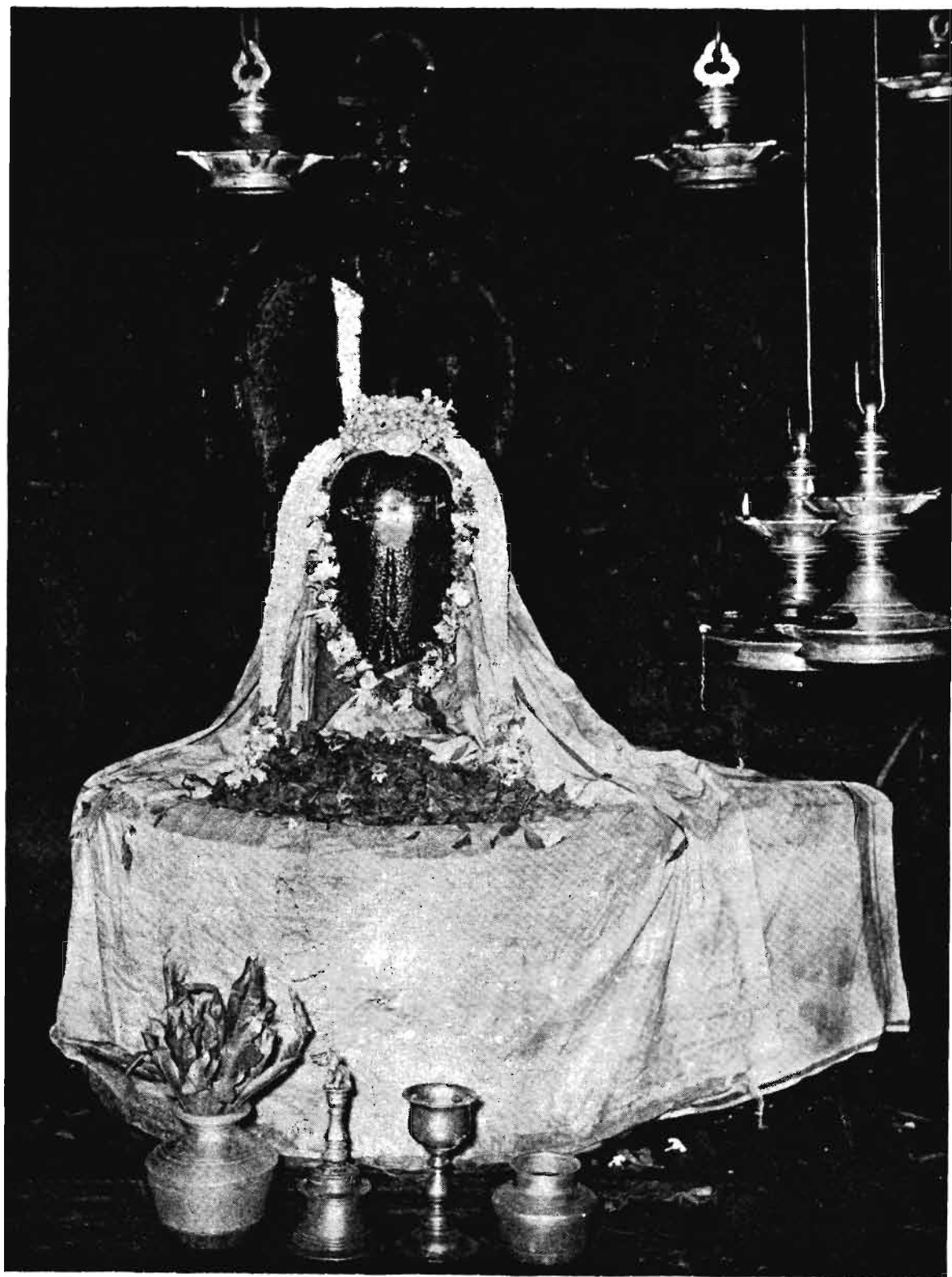
Gopuram view with the Mandapam : Sri Pataleswarar Temple, Cuddalore (Padiri Puliur).



A view of the Dwajasthambam, Sri Pataleswarar Temple, Cuddalore (Padiri Puliyur).



The Sthalapuranam of the Temple : Sri Pataleswarar Temple, Cuddalore (Padiri Puliur).



Sri Pataleswarar Moolavar) : Sri Pataleswarar Temple, Cuddalore (Padiri Puliyur).



Sri Brahannayaki Amman (Moolavar) : Sri Pataleswarar Temple, Cuddalore (Padiri Puliur).

45 THIRUTHORAIYUR or THIRUTTURAIYUR**Sri Sishta Gurunatheswarar temple**

The village is 2 miles from the railway station of the same name. It is 20 miles from Cuddalore and can be reached by bus. There is no information regarding the age of the temple but as Sundarar has sung about the deity it was in existence in the 8th century. The deity was originally known as Sri Pasupatheswarar. After Sundarar composed his Thevaram, the God himself became his preceptor and came to be known as Sri Sishta Gurunatheswarar. The Lingam was worshipped by Suryan, Brahma, Vishnu, Ramar, Sita, Bhccman, Agasthiyar and Naradar. In addition to the Lingam, there is a 2' high idol of the Lord. His consort is Sri Sivaloganayaki. The other deities in the temple are Narthana Ganapathi, Varadaraja Perumal, Subramaniam with Valli and Deivayanai, Arunachaleswarar, Somaskandar and Sundaramurthy Nayanar.

The hereditary Gurukkal who is paid a salary of Rs. 10/- per mensem offers poojas daily. He is in the enjoyment of 4.73 acres of inam lands. The jewels are worth less than Rs. 200/-. The immovable properties comprise 8.01 acres of wet, 28.54 acres of dry and 18.10 acres of garden lands which fetch an annual income of Rs. 2,500/-.

There are nine vahanas and a small car. Vijaya Dasami in Purattasi and Annabishegam in Ippasi are the main festivals when about 200 devotees are present.

A single trustee appointed by the Hindu Religious and Charitable Endowments Board manages the affairs of the temple.

70 CUDDALORE (PADIRIPULIYUR)**Sri Pataleswarar temple**

The temple is at a distance of a quarter of a mile from the Cuddalore New Town railway station. As Sambandar and Appar have sung in praise of the deity, the shrine should have been in existence in the 7th century A. D. However, except the main tower, the entire temple was renovated early in the 20th century. All the architectural beauty of the temple

was lost in this renovation. The "Sthala Viruksham" is Padiri tree. As Sage Vyagrapadar did penance here, the place came to be known as Padiripuliyur. The presiding deity Sri Pataleswarar is an Aarisha Lingam. The presence of the Lingam was known when a milch cow milked herself daily at a particular spot from where it was removed and duly installed by rishis. His consort is Sri Brahannayaki. At the Mount Kailas, Uma playfully closed the eyes of the Lord with Her palms and the entire universe was plunged in darkness. To expiate Her folly She descended to this world with Sri Indrani, Kowmari, Vaishnavi, Maheswari, Brahmi, Vaaraahi and Chamundi. After a severe penance, She was re-united with the Lord. As She commenced Her penance without propitiating Sri Vigneswara, He hid himself in the trunk of the Padiri tree and tried to place obstacles in the fulfilment of Her desire. Hence Sri Vigneswara has no shape; only His trunk which is bent to the right is visible. There are separate sanctums with separate entrances for the Lord and His consort. The main tower has five tiers. The interior of the vimanam of the Lord and Devi is covered with copper plates.

Poojas are performed four times a day by the hereditary Gurukkal who is paid a monthly salary. He is entitled to take the offerings of the devotees. The ornaments in the temple are worth more than Rs. 4 lakhs. The immovable properties comprise 125 acres of wet and dry lands and 60 buildings. These fetch an annual income of Rs. 40,000/- which is utilised for its maintenance. The income from hundis and archana charges is about Rs. 750/- per annum. Among the vahanas are three silver rishabams and a gold Kailasa vahanam. A silver car 20' high and a gold palanquin are also owned by the temple. All these were presented by devotees. Among the several festivals the main ones are the Brahmothsavam in Vaikasi and Sangabishegam in the first Monday in Karthigai month. The silver car is used for the procession on the 6th day of the Brahmothsavam. More than a lakh of devotees witness these festivals.

The temple is managed by an Executive Officer and three trustees.

Legends and stories

(i) Ubamanyu is the son of Vyagrapada rishi; while offering worship, his feet inadvertently hit the Devi who cursed him to become a hare. He

regained his human form, when his body came into contact with the branches of the Padiri tree.

(ii) While Manganar, a sage, was plucking flowers to be offered to the deity, he received scratches from the prickly bushes in the garden, but instead of blood, scented water gushed out of his body. In sheer ecstasy he began dancing and his feet hit the head of Sage Toomappar who was doing penance there. He cursed Manganar to become a hare; the curse was lifted and he regained his form after he witnessed the lighting of lamps in the shrine on Mondays in the month of Karthigai.

(iii) Appar (Thirunavukkarasar) became a Jain and was known as Dharmasenar. His sister Thilakavathi prayed to the Lord that her brother should return to Hinduism. Dharmasenar who got a severe pain in his stomach could not be cured by the Jain doctors but got relief by taking a pinch of sacred ash given by his sister and smearing it over his belly. He was convinced of the greatness of Hinduism and became a Saivite again. The Jains could not brook this. On account of their inducement, king Mahendravarman, who was then a Jain tried to kill him by various means. By the grace of the Lord, Appar was unhurt. The king then lashed him to a stone and threw him in the Bay of Bengal. The rope gave way, the stone became a boat and Appar safely reached the shore near Thiruppapuliur; this place is now known as Kuppam. A festival is celebrated on the Anuradha asterism day in the month of Chithirai to commemorate this miracle.

(iv) When Manickavasagar came to this place to worship the Lord, Gadilam was in floods and he could not cross it to reach the temple. As he stayed on without taking food till he could worship the deity, the Lord changed the course of the river. It was originally flowing on the South of the town but was diverted to the North.

91 THIRUVATHI or THIRUVATHIGAI

Sri Veeratteswarar temple

The place which is 15 miles from Cuddalore and $\frac{1}{2}$ mile from the Panruti railway station has a close link with Padiripuliur. It was here that Appar, who, as a Jain was known as Dharmasenar, was cured of his acute pain in the stomach by merely taking the sacred ash given by his sister Thilakavathi and

returned to the Hindu fold. According to legend it was at this place that Lord Siva, as Sri Thripurantaka, by a mere smile, turned to ashes the three asuras Vidyumali, Tharakakshan and Kamalakshan. During the Sanga period, one Adhiaman who was ruling here, gave Avvaiyar an amla fruit (gooseberry) and was blessed by her. Apparently the place came to be known as Adhikai after the above famous ruler.

The presiding deity Sri Veeratteswarar is a Swayambu Lingam with 16 facets. On the back wall of the sanctum is the panel of Somaskandar. The temple, therefore, belongs to the early Pallava period since the above panel disappeared towards the close of Pallava period. The consort Sri Thripurasundari or Sri Periyannayaki has a separate sanctum on the right of the Lord's, though ordinarily it is on the left in all the other temples. The temple covers an area of 7.50 acres; the main gopuram is 110' high with a 36' square base. The idols of Thilakavathi and Appar have also been installed. The presence of a Buddha idol within the temple indicates that Appar had to overcome not only the Jains but also the Buddhists. The plaster idol of Sri Thripurantaka in the main vimanam is of exquisite beauty.

The hereditary Gurukkal who is paid a monthly salary offers four poojas daily. The ornaments in the temple are worth about Rs. 1,500/-. It has 10.50 acres of dry lands which fetch an annual income of Rs. 1,000/-. The income from hundis and archana charges is about Rs. 200/- per annum. The temple has a car and a vimanam which are very old. The annual festivals are Appar festival for 10 days, Brahmothsavam for 10 days, Vasanhotsavam for 10 days and Adi Pooram for 10 days. About 1,000 devotees attend these festivals.

Three trustees manage the affairs of the temple.

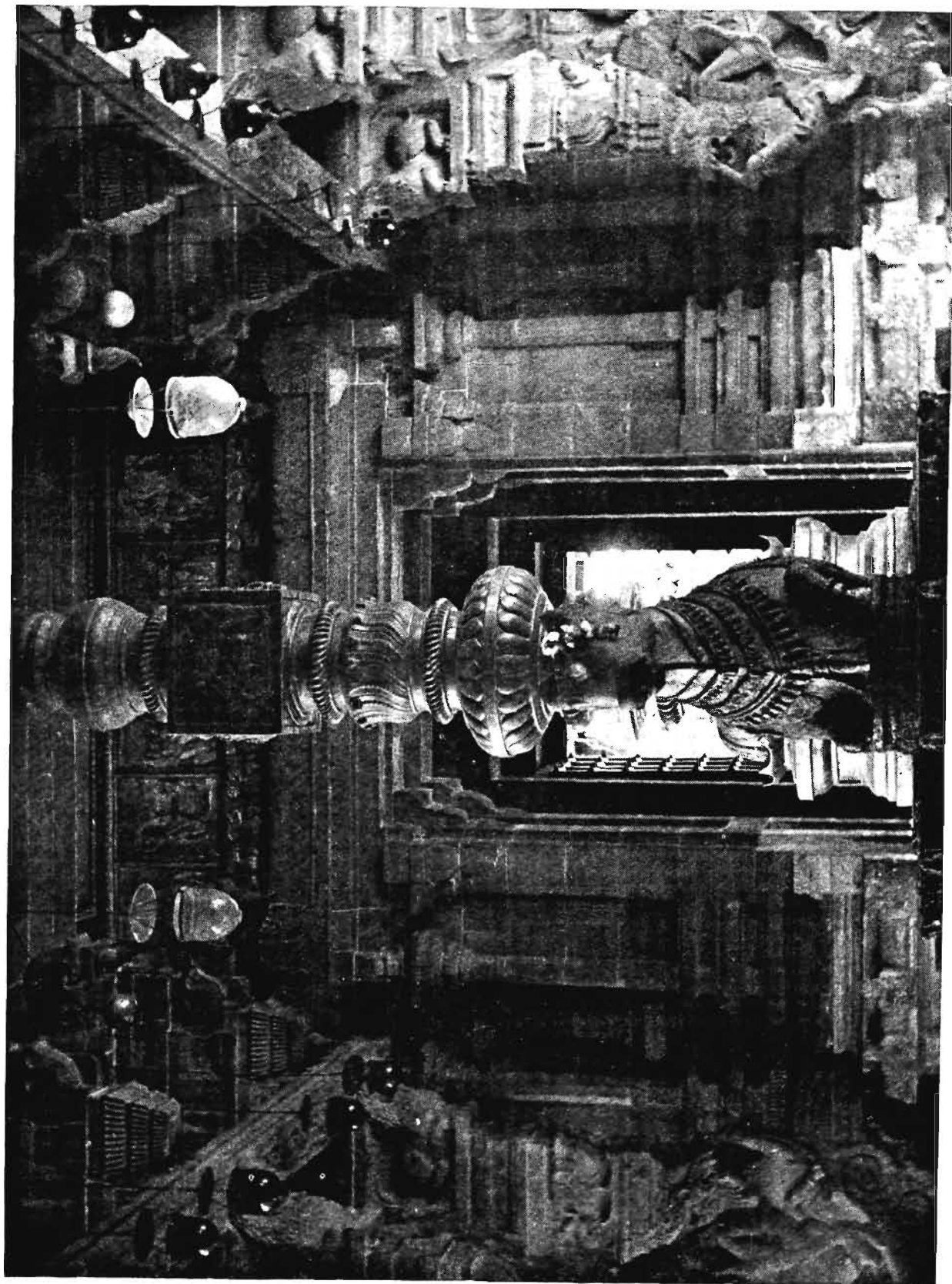
126 THIRUMAMANIKULI (திருமாமணிகுழி)

Sri Vamanapuriswarar temple

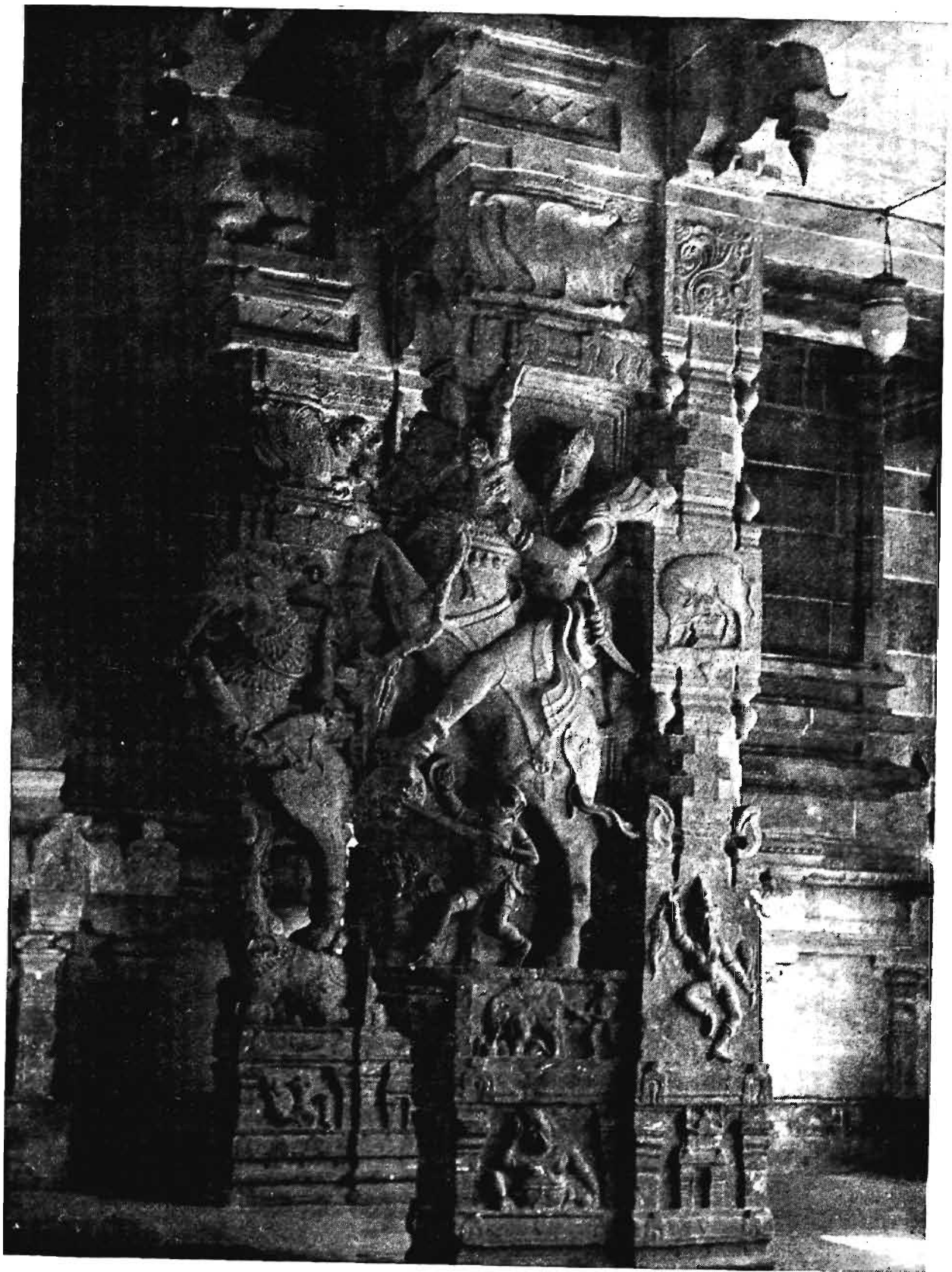
The village is 2 miles to the south of Karamanikuppam railway station and 6 miles from Cuddalore. Though the temple is an ancient one and there are numerous inscriptions relating to the Chola, Pandya and Vijayanagar periods, very little is known about it at present. Some of the stone inscriptions show that Sri Natarajar of Chidambaram was the family deity of the Chola rulers and that they held a coronation



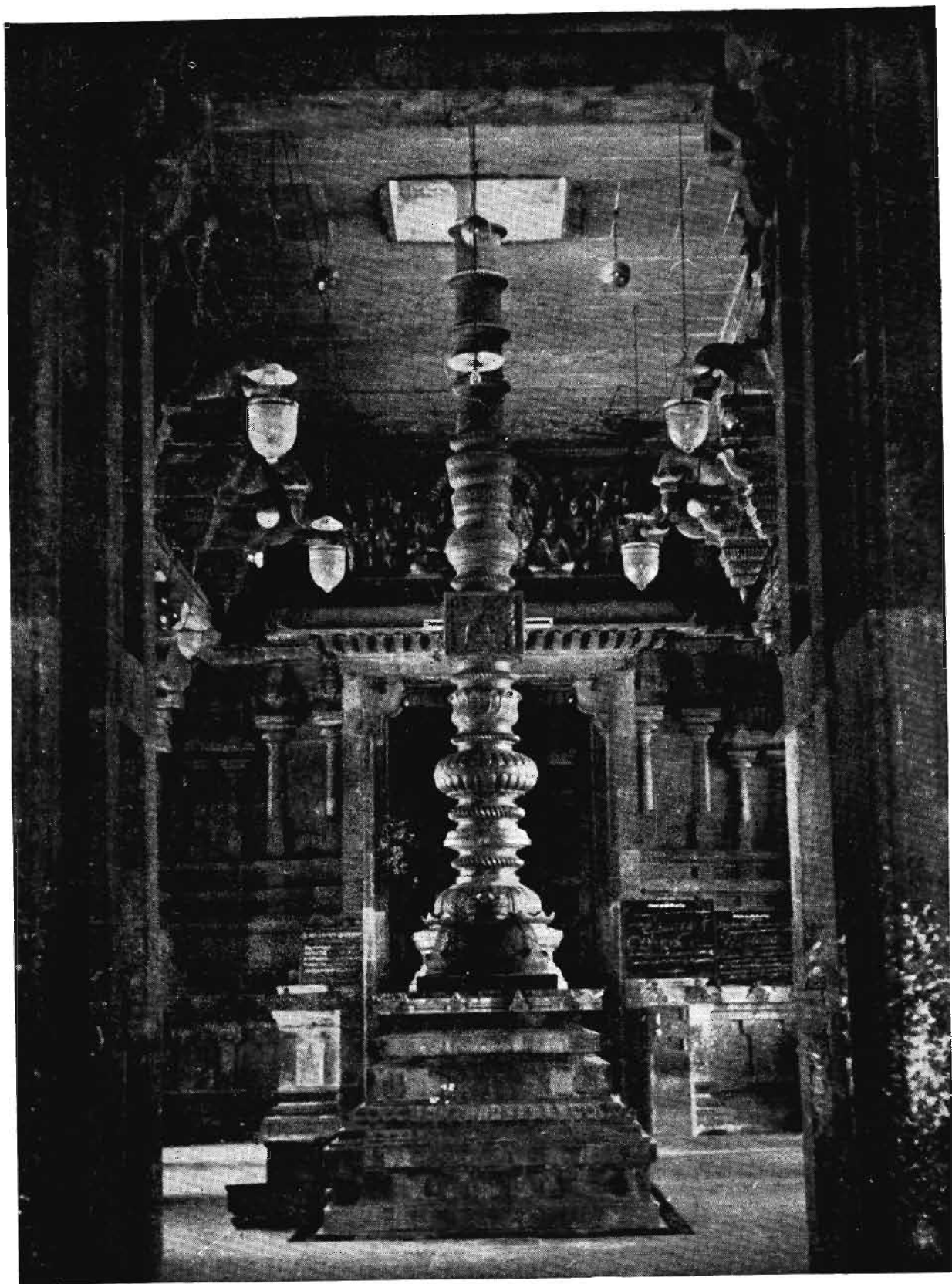
Sri Vinayagar : Sri Pataleswarar Temple, Cuddalore (Padiri Puliyur).



The Big Nandhi and the Dwajastambam : Sri Pataleswarar Temple, Cuddalore (Padiri Puliyur).



An artistically carved Pillar : Sri Pataleswarar Temple, Cuddalore (Padiri Puliur).



A view of the Bali Peedam and the Dwajasthambam: Sri Pataleswarar Temple, Cuddalore (Padiri Puliur).

darbar at Chidambaram. After sending Mahabali to the world Sri Vishnu as Vamana incarnation, worshipped the Lord here who, therefore, came to be known as Sri Vamanapuriswarar. As the Lord did not desire to be disturbed while Sri Vamana was offering poojas, the former installed Bheema Rudra, one of the Ekadasa Rudras at the entrance to give dharsan to the devotees. The first Deeparadhanai is performed for Bheema Rudra a picture of whom made of fine silk, is hung before the Lingam. "Maani" (மாணி) in Tamil means bachelor. As Vamana was a bachelor the place is called Mani Kuli. The Lingam is a Swayambu.

The consort is Sri Ambujakshi. The temple covers an area of 1.27 acres and has a gopuram. As Sambandar has visited the temple it was in existence in the 7th century. Poojas are offered daily by a Gurukkal who is paid a small monthly salary and a daily allowance in kind. The temple owns 12.65 acres of wet lands which yield 500 kalams of paddy (1 kalam = 20 Madras measures). From its dry lands the extent of which is 28.48 acres, the annual income is Rs. 500/-. No festivals are observed from 1953 onwards, though Brahmothsavam in Karthigai month and Adi Pooram festivals were celebrated formerly. The palanquin and other vahanas are not put to use at present.

The Executive Officer of Sri Pataleswarar temple, Thiruppapuliur is in charge of this temple also. There is at present a single trustee who manages its affairs.

129 THIRUVENDIPURAM

Sri Devanathaswamy temple

The temple belongs to the 8th century A. D. since it has been sung by Thirumangai Alwar. Ramanujar, Vedanta Desigar and Pillaiperumal Ayyangar have visited the shrine and composed verses praising the deity. Sri Maha Vishnu gave dharsan to Rishi Markandeya and Bhudevi at this place. Sri Vedanta Desigar completed several works here of which the Hayagriva Stotram is one. There are several stone inscriptions relating to the Chola and Pandya periods. The temple is 3 miles from Cuddalore on the Panruti road and is easily accessible by bus or jutka, or riksha. The presiding deity Sri Devanathar is in a standing pose. His consort is Sri Sengamalathayar. The festival idol is a combination of the Hindu triad. There is a Vilva tree in the temple to signify the Saivite

aspect of the deity. The temple covers an area of about 1.50 acres; there is no gopuram at the entrance.

The hereditary Bhattachariar who is not paid any monthly salary, offers four poojas daily; he takes the food offerings of the deity and the offerings by devotees. The jewels in the temple are worth about Rs. 1,25,000/-. The immovable properties of the temple comprise 104.62 acres of wet and 129.17 acres of dry lands and 2 houses from which an annual income of about Rs. 25,000/- accrues. Under archana and other charges, the income is Rs. 3,700/- per annum. There are a number of vahanas, a car and a gold gilded palanquin. The lion and horse vahanas are silver plated and the others are made of wood. The annual festivals are Brahmothsavam in Chithirai month and Masi Magam. About 10,000 devotees take part in these festivals.

An Executive Officer and five trustees appointed by the Hindu Religious and Charitable Endowments Board manage the temple.

163 VELUDAYANPATTU

Sri Subramaniaswamy temple

The temple has become very popular after the formation of the Neyveli Township which is close by. It is 22 miles from Cuddalore and 4 miles from Vadalur. The Moolavar was taken out of an anthill over which cows were letting out their milk of their own accord. The temple is said to be at least 800 years old. Sri Subramaniam the presiding deity has been sung by Sri Ramalingaswamigal. The God appears in the dream of pious devotees and grants their prayers. Some individuals have made additions to the temple in the twenties of the present century.

A paid Gurukkal offers three poojas daily. The ornaments in the temple are worth Rs. 1,500/-. Hundi collections and archana charges fetch an annual income of Rs. 7,000/- from which the expenses of the temple including the salary of the priest are met. A car and chariot owned by the temple are used for the processions during the festivals. Brahmothsavam in Panguni is celebrated for 12 days, the residents of several villages meet the expenses by turns. About 50,000 devotees visit the temple on the Panguni Uthiram day.

Five trustees manage the temple.

CUDDALORE

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
1	2	Nallathur	Sri Lakshminarayana Perumal temple (V)	1500	0.30	Sri Lakshminarayana Perumal	Sri Varadaraja-perumal Sri Thayar Sri Ramar
2	3	Thukkanam-pakkam	Sri Thirumalai Koluntheswarar temple (S)	400	0.09	Sri Thirumalai Koluntheswarar	...
3	"	do	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)			Sri Varadarajaperumal	...
4	4	Thennam-pakkam	Sri Azhagar temple (O)	Not stated	Not stated	Sri Azhagar	...
5	"	do	Sri Dhrowpathiamman temple (F)			Sri Dhrowpathiamman	...
6	"	do	Sri Mariamman temple (F)			Sri Mariamman	...
7	"	do	Sri Pillayar temple (G)			Sri Pillayar	...
8	"	do	Sri Ponniamman temple (F)			Sri Ponniamman	...
9	8	Pudukadai	Sri Veerabhadraswamy temple (O)	155	0.20	Sri Veerabhadraswamy	...
10	"	Vadapuram H/o Pudukadai	Sri Muthalamman temple (F)	Not stated	0.40	Sri Muthalamman	Sri Vinayagar

TALUK

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board									
Chinnababu Samudram Railway station 3 miles	8.20	5.84	2.27	1-House	2,000	500	Garuda	Twice in a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar	Sri Rama Navami Vaikunta Ekadasi Sri Jayanthi
Nellikuppam Railway station 5 miles	2.85	3.56	7.48	...	20 bags of paddy & Rs. 300/-	...	No	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	Arudhra Dharisanam Sivarathri Vaikunta Ekadasi
do	1.27	1.15							Ani Thirumanjanam
Thiruppappuliur Railway station 9 miles	...	5.95	...	...	300	...	Kedayam Horse Palanquin Lion Bandicoot	Once in a day by a hereditary Vanniar	Azhagar festival in Chithirai
do									Fire festival in Vaikasi
do									No
do									No
Cuddalore Railway station 9 miles	3.00	7.31	...	...	1,000	...	Rishabams-2 Garuda	Once in a day by a hereditary Pandaram	Masi Magam Adi Pooram
Villianur Railway station 4 miles	...	...	7.00	...	24 bags of paddy & Rs. 200/-	Value not stated	Horse	do	Navarathri Amman festival in Adi

CUDDALORE

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
11	10	Kilinjikupam	Sri Senguni Mariamman temple (F)	60	0.03	Sri Senguni Mariamman	...
12	„	do	Sri Ayyanar temple (O)			Sri Ayyanar	...
13	25	Vanpakkam	Sri Lakshminarayana Perumal temple (V)	Not stated	0.02	Sri Lakshminarayana Perumal	...
14	26	Thirukandeswaram	Sri Nandanapatheswarar temple (S)	do	3.00	Sri Nandanapatheswarar Sri Ashtadanambigai	...
15	„	Visvanathapuram H/o Thirukandeswaram	Sri Dhrowpathiamman temple (F)	100	1.50	Sri Dhrowpathiamman	Sri Vinayagar Sri Mariamman
16	27	Melpattampakkam	Sri Vettai Venkataraya-swamy temple (V)	200	1.00	Sri Vettai Venkataraya-swamy	Sri Varadaraja-perumal
17	„	do	Sri Sivasubramaniam temple (M)	60	1.00	Sri Sivasubramaniam	...
18	„	do	Sri Sivaloganathar temple (S)	300	1.50	Sri Sivaloganathar	...
19	28	Kongarayanur	Sri Singaranatheeswarar temple (S)	300	Not stated	Sri Singaranatheeswarar Sri Kamakshiamman	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Cuddalore Railway station 10 miles	...	...	1'25	}	150	...	...	Once in a day by a Poosari	Masi Magam
do	...	...	2'54						
Nellikuppam Railway station 2 miles	...	...	3'32	...	8 bags of paddy	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar	No
Nellikuppam Railway station 1½ miles	...	...	30'00	2-Houses	3,000	500	Car Palanquins-2 Ratham Rishabam Others-12	Thrice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Brahmothsavam Sivarathri Navarathri Karthigai Deepam
Nellikuppam Railway station 2½ miles	0'50	6'00	...	...	750	500	Swan Garuda Bandicoot Vimanas-2 Palanquin	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gounder	Brahmothsavam in Ani Theerthavari Sri Jayanthi
Melpattampakkam Railway station 1½ miles	1'45	6'08	...	...	750	100	Palanquin Garuda Sesha	Twice in a day by a Bhattachariar	Theerthavari Vaikunta Ekadasi
do	Extent	not	stated	...	1,000	100	Palanquin Peacock Ajam Bandicoot Elephant Vimanam	Thrice in a day by a Gurukkal	Soorasamharam Theerthavari
do	1'01	1'92	...	...	1,000	...	Rishabam	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Theerthavari Sivarathri
Melpattampakkam Railway station 1 mile	2'04	6'00	...	Grove 46 cents	1 kalam of paddy & Rs. 500/-	...	Palanquin Peacock Kedayam Surya Prabai	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Skandha Sashti

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religions							
20	31	Melkumaramangalam	Sri Srinivasa Perumal temple (V)	300	0.12	Sri Srinivasa Perumal Sri Bhuminela Nayaki	...
21	"	do	Sri Rakshatheeswarar temple (S)	600	0.60	Sri Rakshatheeswarar Sri Brahannayagi	...
22	33	Pulavanur	Sri Kalyana Venkatesa Perumal temple (V)	100	Not stated	Sri Kalyana Venkatesa Perumal	Sri Selva Vinayagar Sri Dhrowpathi- amman Sri Mariamman
23	34	Kandarva-kottai	Sri Kothandaramaswamy temple (V)	200	0.25	Sri Kothandarama- swamy Sri Sita Devi	Sri Varadaraja- perumal Sri Somanathes- warar
24	41	Aviyanur	Sri Kothandaramaswamy temple (V)	200	0.08	Sri Kothandarama- swamy Sri Sita Devi	Sri Lakshmanar Sri Anjaneyar Sri Lakshminara- yana Perumal
25	"	do	Sri Ashtamurtheeswarar temple (S)	200	0.05	Sri Ashtamurtheeswarar Sri Ambal	...
26	48	Panapakkam	Sri Thirukameswarar temple (S)	400	0.20	Sri Thirukameswarar Sri Kokilambal	...
27	50	Pungunam	Sri Dharmeswarar temple (S)	150	0.22	Sri Dharmeswarar	...
28	"	Lakshmi-narayana-puram H/o Pungunam	Sri Poomudi Ayyanar temple (O)	Not stated	Not stated	Sri Poomudi Ayyanar	...
29	51	Maligai-medu	Sri Srinivasa Perumal temple (V)	200	0.25	Sri Srinivasa Perumal Sridevi, Bhudevi	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Panruti Railway station 6 miles	1'56	1'32	...	...	22 bags of paddy	75	Palanquin Garuda	Once in a day by a Bhattachariar	Theerthavari Vaikunta Ekadasi
do	3'56	3'21	...	...	1,000	...	Rishabam	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Skandha Sashti Theerthavari Arudhra Dharisanam Ani Thirumanjanam
Thiruthuraiyur Railway station 2 miles	2'27	2'56	...	...	250	...	...	Daily pooja by a hereditary Bhattachariar	Navarathri Vaikunta Ekadasi
Thiruthuraiyur Railway station 1½ miles	2'75	7'09	...	...	750	...	Vimanam	Once in a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar	Sri Rama Navami Gokulashtami Vaikunta Ekadasi Punarpoosam
Serndanur Railway station 1½ miles	5'32	...	...	...	2,160	...	...	No	No
do	1'66	...	...	...	20 kalams of paddy	...	...	No	No
Thiruthuraiyur Railway station 1 mile	...	...	9'57	...	700	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
Panruti Railway station 1 mile	...	...	6'00	...	600	...	Rishabam	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Skandha Sashti
do	...	...	4'00	...	400	...	Ratham Palanquin	do	Brahmothsavam in Ani
Panruti Railway station 3 miles	3'00	4'00	...	...	1,000	105	Kedayam	Once in a day by a Bhattachariar	Uriyadi Navarathri Panguni Uthiram Vaikunta Ekadasi

CUDDALORE

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
30	54	Palur	Sri Sanjeevirayaswamy temple (V)	200	0.50	Sri Sanjeevirayaswamy	...
31	59	Nellikuppam	Sri Dharmarajar temple (O)	200	0.20	Sri Dharmarajar	...
32	"	do	Sri Vinayagar temple (G)			Sri Vinayagar	...
33	"	do	Sri Ramar temple (V)	100	0.07	Sri Ramar Sri Sita Devi	Sri Vinayagar
34	"	do	Sri Bhuloganathaswamy temple (S)	80	Not stated	Sri Bhuloganathaswamy Sri Bhuvanambigai	Sri Venkatachala- pathy Sri Alamelumangai
35	"	Cholavalli H/o Nelli- kuppam	Sri Dhrowpathiamman temple (F)	100	1.00	Sri Dhrowpathiamman	...
36	"	do	Sri Dharmarajar temple (O)			Sri Dharmarajar	...
37	"	do	Sri Kailasanathar temple (S)	300	0.22	Sri Kailasanathar Sri Agilandeswari	...
38	67	Uchimedu	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	100	0.03	Sri Mariamman	...
39	"	do	Sri Pillayar temple (G)	100	0.02	Sri Pillayar	...
40	70	Cuddalore	Sri Parvathavedasamedha Ramalingaswamy temple (S)	50	0.09	Sri Parvathavedasamedha Ramalingaswamy	...

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet	Dry	Wet and dry			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
	A.C.	A.C.	A.C.						
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)

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TEMPLES OF MADRAS STATE
CUDDALORE.

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
41	70	Cuddalore	Sri Pachaivazhiamman temple (F)	100	1.00	Sri Pachaivazhiamman	Sri Ayyanar
42	"	do	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	100	0.57	Sri Mariamman	...
43	"	do	Sri Kalliamman temple (F)			Sri Kalliamman	...
44	"	do	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	100	0.50	Sri Mariamman	Sri Kathavarayan Sri Pavadairayan
45	"	do	Sri Gangaparameswari- amman temple (F)	100	0.05	Sri Gangaparameswari- amman	...
46	"	do	Sri Gurumani Vinaya- gar temple (G)	100	0.63	Sri Gurumani Vinayagar	...
47	"	do	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	100	0.98	Sri Mariamman	...
48	"	do	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	100	0.05	Sri Mariamman	...
49	"	do	Sri Kalliamman temple (F)	100	0.30	Sri Kalliamman	...
50	"	do	Sri Muthukumara- swamy temple (M)	300	0.95	Sri Muthukumara- swamy	...
51	"	do	Sri Kasi Viswanathar temple (S)	150	0.51	Sri Kasi Viswanathar	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Cuddalore Railway station 3 furlongs	0.60	1.00	...	...	200	...	...	Twice in a day by a Poosari	No
Cuddalore Railway station 1 mile	0.80	0.90	...	...	300	...	Vimanam	do	Sedal festival in Adi Tamil New Year's day
do									
do									
Cuddalore Railway station ½ mile	...	...	...	3-Houses	150	...	...	Twice in a day by a hereditary Poosari	No
Cuddalore Railway station 1 mile	...	...	Coconut grove 50 cents	...	300	...	...	Twice in a day by a Harijan	Annual festival in Chithirai
do	0.55	3.00	...	...	600	...	Lion	Twice in a day by a Poosari	No
do									
Cuddalore Railway station ½ mile	...	...	...	...	...	10	Ratham Vimanam	Twice in a day by a hereditary Poosari	Sedal festival in Adi
Cuddalore Railway station 1 mile	...	4.04	...	...	500	...	Lion	Twice in a day by a Poosari	No
Cuddalore Railway station	...	...	6.00	...	Not stated	500	Peacock Horse Bhutham Garuda	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Skandha Sashti
do	4.00	2.26	...	...	2,500	750	Bandicoot	Thrice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal deity	Other important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
52	70	Cuddalore	Sri Dhrowpathiamman temple (F)	30	0.50	Sri Dhrowpathiamman	...
53	"	do	Sri Kamakshiamman temple (S)	100	0.17	Sri Kamakshiamman	...
54	"	do	Sri Sidhi Vinayagar temple (G)	100	0.01	Sri Sidhi Vinayagar	...
55	"	do	Sri Sidhi Budhi Vinayagar temple (G)	100	0.01	Sri Sidhi Budhi Vinayagar	...
56	"	do	Sri Sithambala Ayyanar temple (O)	100	Not stated	Sri Sithambala Ayyanar	...
57	"	do	Sri Subramaniaswamy temple (M)	100	0.86	Sri Subramaniaswamy	...
58	"	do	Sri Varasidhi Vinayagar temple (G)	100	0.01	Sri Varasidhi Vinayagar	...
59	"	do	Sri Vilva Vinayagar temple (G)	100	Not stated	Sri Vilva Vinayagar	...
60	"	do	Sri Dhrowpathiamman temple (F)	100	0.02	Sri Dhrowpathiamman	...
61	"	do	Sri Dhrowpathiamman temple (F)	100	0.17	Sri Dhrowpathiamman	...
62	"	do	Sri Selva Vinayagar temple (G)	100	0.25	Sri Selva Vinayagar	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet	Dry	Wet and dry			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
	A.C.	A.C.	A.C.						
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Cuddalore Railway station $\frac{1}{4}$ mile	0.66	...	...	Not stated	350	Not stated	Vimanam	Twice in a day by a hereditary Poosari	Fire festival in Chithirai
Cuddalore Railway station	1.65	2.66	...	...	2,000	500	Car Palanquin	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Panguni Uthiram
do	0.49	1.00	...	...	250	...	...	Twice in a day by a Poosari	No
Cuddalore Railway station 3 furlongs	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	No
Cuddalore Railway station 1 mile	3.27	...	...	...	100	...	...	Once in a day by a Poosari	No
do	Extent	not	stated	Coconut grove	2,500	Value not stated	Peacock Vimanam Ajam Palanquin Bhutham	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Skandha Sashti
Cuddalore Railway station	2.66	...	...	1-House	900	...	...	do	No
Cuddalore Railway station 3 furlongs	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	do	No
Cuddalore Railway station 1 mile	...	...	...	Coconut grove	300	...	Vimanam Garuda	Twice in a day by a Poosari	Fire festival in Adi
Cuddalore Railway station $\frac{1}{4}$ mile	Extent	not	stated	Salt-pan	750	...	Vimanam	do	do
Cuddalore Railway station 1 mile	Extent	not	stated	Coconut grove	900	...	Vimanam	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Vinayaga Chathurthi

CUDDALORE

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
63	70	Cuddalore	Sri Raja Ganapathi temple (G)	100	0.11	Sri Raja Ganapathi	...
64	"	do	Sri Anjaneyaswamy temple (V)	300	0.03	Sri Anjaneyaswamy	...
65	"	do	Sri Veda Vinayagar temple (G)	250	0.07	Sri Veda Vinayagar	Sri Kasiviswanathar Sri Visalakshi Sri Murugar
66	"	do	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	300	0.07	Sri Varadarajaperumal Sri Andal	...
67	"	do	Sri Oothukattu Mariamman temple (F)	Not stated	0.09	Sri Oothukattu Mariamman	...
68	"	do	Sri Dhrowpathiamman temple (F)	do	0.03	Sri Dhrowpathiamman	...
69	"	do	Sri Nagamman temple (F)	100	0.02	Sri Nagamman	...
70	"	Chella-kuppam H/o Cuddalore	Sri Arbutha Vinayagar temple (G)	300	0.56	Sri Arbutha Vinayagar	Sri Balasubramaniam Sri Saneeswarar Sri Sadeleswarar Sri Kasilingar Sri Ambal
71	"	do	Sri Kudiandavar temple (O)	200	2.82	Sri Kudiandavar	...
72	"	Solavalli H/o Cuddalore	Sri Venugopalaswamy temple (V)	100	0.50	Sri Venugopalaswamy	...
73	"	Vilvarayanatham H/o Cuddalore	Sri Dhrowpathiamman temple (F)	100	0.09	Sri Dhrowpathiamman	Sri Ayyanar Sri Kaliyamman

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Cuddalore Railway station 1 mile	Extent	not	stated	Houses & Coconut grove	1,500	...	...	Twice in a day by a Poosari	No
Thiruppapuliur Railway station ½ mile	...	0.33	...	...	Not stated	...	...	Thrice in a day by a Gurukkal	Sri Rama Navami Brahmothsavam in Chithirai Hanumantha Jayanthi
Thiruppapuliur Railway station 2 miles	1.44	...	...	...	60 kalams of paddy	...	...	Once in a day by a Mudaliar	No
Thiruppapuliur Railway station 1 mile	...	...	...	4-Houses	Not stated	...	Garuda Sesha	Thrice in a day by a Bhatta-chariar	Masi Magam
do	...	...	6.65	...	1,100	...	Palanquin	Twice in a day by a hereditary Poosari	Tamil New Year's day Brahmothsavam Navarathri
Thiruppapuliur Railway station	...	1.99	...	...	300	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Poosari	Fire festival in Adi
do	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	do	Sedal festival in Adi
Cuddalore Railway station 1½ miles	9.34	15.05	...	...	4,000	700	Palanquin Bandicoot	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Vinayaga Chaturthi Theerthavari
Cuddalore Railway station 3 miles	6.46	4.70	...	...	2,000	50	Palanquin Vimanam	Twice in a day by a hereditary Poosari	Masi Magam Panguni Uthiram
Nellikuppam Railway station ½ mile	3.00	1.03	...	...	400	...	Kedayam Vimanam	Once in a day by a Bhatta-chariar	Sri Jayanthi
Thiruppapuliur Railway station 2 miles	...	1.75	...	15-Tamarind trees & 31-House sites	690	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Padayachi	Fire festival in Chithirai

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
74	74	Varkalpattu	Sri Veerabhadraswamy temple (O)	80	0.38	Sri Veerabhadraswamy	...
75	"	do	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	80	0.03	Sri Mariamman	...
76	"	do	Sri Vinayagar temple (G)	80	0.13	Sri Vinayagar	...
77	75	Karamani-kuppam	Sri Subramaniaswamy temple (M)	100	0.11	Sri Subramaniaswamy Sri Valli, Sri Deivayanai	Sri Viswanathar Sri Visalakshi
78	78	Eithanur	Sri Adhipuratheeswarar temple (S)	200	0.60	Sri Adhipuratheeswarar Sri Pushpathala Nayaki	Sri Lakshminarayana Perumal
79	85	Chennappa Naicken Palayam	Sri Malaiyandavar Vinayagar temple (G)	250	0.28	Sri Vinayagar	...
80	"	do	Sri Chockanathar temple (S)	200	0.66	Sri Chockanathar	...
81	"	do	Sri Venkatesa Perumal temple (V)			Sri Venkatesa Perumal	...
82	86	Sannasipettai	Sri Valampuri Vinayagar temple (G)	450	0.15	Sri Valampuri Vinayagar	Sri Subramaniam
83	"	Nanamedu H/o Sannasipettai	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	500	Not stated	Sri Mariamman	...
84	"	do	Sri Vinayagar temple (G)			Sri Vinayagar	...

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Varkalpattu Railway station $\frac{3}{8}$ mile	5'14	0'50			Rishabam Horse Kedayam Surya Prabai	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
do	1'05	2'26	1,750	1,000	Vimanam Rishabam Swan Horse Peacock	Once in a day by a hereditary Poosari	No
do	0'26	0'42			Bandicoot	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
Karamanikuppam Railway station	7'77	1'22	50 kalams of paddy & Rs. 5,120/-	...	Palanquin Peacock Rishabam Bandicoot	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Skandha Sashti
Nellikuppam Railway station 2 miles	Extent	not stated	1,500	...	Palanquin Rishabam Elephant Lion	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Pongal
Melpattampakkam Railway station 4 miles	2'37	13'83	865	...	Bandicoot Horse	do	Vinayaga Chathurthi Karthigai Deepam
do									
do	29'63	...	1,051	Value not stated	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	Soorasamharam
Melpattampakkam Railway station 3 miles	1'15	3'48	250	do	No
do									
do	...	3'00	...	Palmyra grove 1'50 acres	250	...	Car	No	No

TEMPLES OF MADRAS STATE
CUDDALORE

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
85	87	Elumedu	Sri Pachaivazhiamman temple (F)	60	0·01	Sri Pachaivazhiamman	...
86	91	Thiruvathi	Sri Ranganathaswamy temple (V)	Not stated	3·56	Sri Ranganathaswamy	...
87	„	do	Sri Saranarayana Perumal temple (V)	do	0·81	Sri Saranarayana Perumal	...
88	„	do	Sri Valampuri Vinayagar temple (G)	do	0·02	Sri Valampuri Vinayagar	...
89	„	do	Sri Adhigavalli Tharkathamman temple (F)	Not stated	0·04	Sri Adhigavalli Tharkathamman	...
90	93	Panruti	Sri Kannika Parameswari- amman temple (F)	70	0·03	Sri Kannika Parames- wariamman	...
91	„	do	Sri Kathirika Chinna Pillayar temple (G)	150	0·01	Sri Kathirika Chinna Pillayar	...
92	„	do	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	100	1·50	Sri Varadarajaperumal	...
93	„	do	Sri Padaiveettamman temple (F)	300	0·11	Sri Padaiveettamman	Sri Vinayagar Sri Dhandayuthapani Sri Parasuramar Sri Sathan Sri Karuppazhagi Sri Nagakanni

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Melpattampakkam Railway station	...	...	5'00	...	500	...	...	Twice in a day by a Poosari	Fire festival in Adi
Panruti Railway station 1 mile	...	...	7'74	...	600	2,000	Car Indra Vimanam Elephant Horse Surya Prabai	Daily by a Bhattachariar	Sri Rama Navami Chithrapournami
do	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Twice in a day by a Bhattachariar	Vaikunta Ekadasi
do	...	2'21	...	...	Not stated	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Poosari	No
do	6'47	9'73	...	...	do	...	...	do	No
Panruti Railway station ½ mile	Extent	not	stated	Shops	3,600	1,617	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	Sri Rama Navami Navarathri
do	...	...	...	Shops	350	...	...	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
do	Extent	not	stated	...	10,000	2,000	Car Ratham Palanquin	Twice in a day by a Bhattachariar	Athyana Uthsavam Brahmothsavam in Chithirai Navarathri
do	...	1'30	...	4-Houses	500	3,000	Cars-2 Palanquin Swans-2 Horses-2 Elephant Risabam Bandicoot Lions-4 Vimanams-2 Kedayams-2	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Brahmothsavam in Adi Masi Magam Karthigai Deepam Panguni Uthiram

CUDDALORE

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
94	93	Vizhaman-galam H/o Panruti	Sri Amutha Vinayagar temple (G)	200	0.50	Sri Amutha Vinayagar	...
95	„	do	Sri Sanjeevirayar temple (V)	150	0.75	Sri Sanjeevirayar	...
96	95	Kotlampak-kam	Sri Chidambareswarar temple (S)	Not stated	1.00	Sri Chidambareswarar	...
97	„	do	Sri Lakshminarayana Perumal temple (V)			Sri Lakshminarayana Perumal	...
98	96	Thorapadi	Sri Viswanathaswamy temple (S)	200	0.50	Sri Kasi Viswanathar	...
99	102	Natham	Sri Vaikuntavasaperumal temple (V)	400	0.25	Sri Vaikuntavasa-perumal	...
100	„	do	Sri Dhrowpathiamman temple (F)	120	0.36	Sri Dhrowpathiamman	Sri Krishnan Sri Selliamman
101	103	Sirugiramam	Sri Lakshminarayana Perumal temple (V)	400	0.05	Sri Lakshminarayana Perumal	...
102	105	Thiruvamur	Sri Pasupatheeswarar temple (S)	Not stated	0.33	Sri Pasupatheeswarar	...
103	106	Semakottai	Sri Thirumoolanatha-swamy temple (S)	200	0.04	Sri Thirumoolanatha-swamy	...
104	108	Siruvathur	Sri Naganathaswamy temple (S)	Not stated	0.06	Sri Naganathaswamy	...
105	„	do	Sri Srinivasa Perumal temple (V)	35	0.05	Sri Srinivasa Perumal	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Panruti Railway station ½ mile	...	2'00	...	Coconut grove	800	...	...	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
do	...	...	...	...	...	...	Palanquin Indra Vimanam	Once in a day by a Poosari	Laksha Deepam Niraimani
Panruti Railway station 2 miles	}	...	...	5'00	...	350	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No
do		...	...	16'00	1-House	2,000	1,000	Palanquin Rishabam Peacock	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal
Panruti Railway station 6 miles	Extent	not	stated	1-House & 1-Vacant plot	2,000	580	Garuda	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	Garuda Seval Sri Rama Navami
do	Extent	not	stated	...	600	...	Garuda Vimanams-3	Once in a day by a hereditary Padayachi	Fire festival once in a year
Panruti Railway station 8 miles	...	...	10'00	...	300	...	...	Once in a day by a Madhva	No
Panruti Railway station 6 miles	4'00	13'00	...	...	32 kalams of paddy	...	...	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	No
Panruti Railway station 4 miles	...	5'00	...	...	Not stated	...	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No
Panruti Railway station	1'30	8'64	...	...	25 kalams of paddy & Rs. 250/-	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
do	0'50	1'89	...	...	6 kalams of paddy & Rs. 170/-	...	...	Once in a day by a Bhatta-chariar	Vaikunta Ekadasi

CUDDALORE

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religions							
106	109	Semmedu	Sri Kasiviswanathar temple (S)	200	1.01	Sri Kasiviswanathar	...
107	122	Naduveera-pattu	Sri Sanjeevirayar temple (V)	Not stated	0.03	Sri Sanjeevirayar	...
108	„	do	Sri Kailasanathar temple (S)	100	1.32	Sri Kailasanathar	...
109	„	do	Sri Kailasanathar temple (S)	300	Not stated	Sri Kailasanathar Sri Kamakshiamman	Sri Natarajar Sri Sivakami
110	„	do	Sri Chetti Pillayar temple (G)	150	0.21	Sri Vara Sidhi Vinayagar	Sri Dhandapani Sri Saneeswarar
111	129	Thiruvendi-puram	Sri Manavala Mamuni temple (O)	100	1.00	Sri Manavala Mamuni	...
112	134	Puduvandi-palayam H/o Karai- yeravitta- kuppam	Sri Subramaniaswamy temple (M)	300	0.34	Sri Subramaniaswamy Sri Valli Sri Deivayanai	Sri Chockanathar Sri Meenakshi
113	136	Neppear Road Cuddalore (N.M.)	Sri Selva Vinayagar temple (G)	100	0.50	Sri Selva Vinayagar	...
114	„	do	Sri Dhrowpathiamman temple (F)	100	0.50	Sri Dhrowpathiamman	...

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S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
115	136	Neppear Road Cuddalore (N.M.)	Sri Mariammam temple (F)	200	0.50	Sri Mariamman	...
116	"	Pudupalaya- yam Cuddalore (N.M.)	Sri Rettai Pillayar temple (G)	300	0.21	Sri Rettai Pillayar	Sri Rajarajeswari Sri Subramaniam Sri Sundareswarar Sri Meenakshi
117	"	do	Sri Rajagopalaswamy temple (V)	200	0.08	Sri Rajagopalaswamy Sri Radha Sri Rukmani	...
118	"	Manjakup- pam Cuddalore (N.M.)	Sri Veda Vinayagar temple (G)	Not stated	0.03	Sri Veda Vinayagar	...
119	"	Viswaraya- natham Cuddalore (N.M.)	Sri Vilvanathaswamy temple (S)	250	0.27	Sri Vilvanathaswamy Sri Thiripurasundari	...
120	"	Thiruppa- puliur	Sri Veera Anjaneyar temple (V)	50	0.10	Sri Veera Anjaneyar	...
121	141	Thiagavalli	Sri Mangalapureeswarar temple (S)	Not stated	2.66	Sri Mangalapureeswarar Sri Sathyadhakshi	...
122	147	Puliyur	Sri Subramaniam temple (M)	100	0.25	Sri Subramaniaswamy	Sri Thirumoola- nathar
123	151	Vegakollai	Sri Veeratheeswaraswamy temple (S)	200	0.25	Sri Veeratheeswara- swamy Sri Visalakshiamman	...
124	155	Perperian- kuppam	Sri Amirtheswarar temple (S)	500	1.66	Sri Amirtheswarar Sri Abithakujambal	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Cuddalore Railway station $\frac{1}{2}$ mile	...	1'00	...	1-House & 9-Shops	Not stated	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
do	2'00	3'00	...	8-Houses & 12-Shops	5,631	200	Peacock Bandicoot Kedayam	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Masi Magam Sivarathri Panguni Uthiram Vinayaga Chathurthi
do	...	...	15'00	2-Houses, 2-Shops & 20-Shop plots	5,000	...	Palanquin Garuda Horse	Four times a day by a Bhattachariar	Masi Magam Sri Rama Navami
do	...	2'00	...	2-Houses	400	...	...	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
Thiruppapuliur Railway station 1 mile	...	14'05	...	...	718	100	...	Thrice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Skandha Sashti Thiruvathirai
Thiruppapuliur Railway station $\frac{1}{2}$ mile	...	0'52	...	...	510	3,550	Vimanam	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Brahmothsavam in Panguni and Chithirai Laksha Deepam Hanumantha Jayanthi
Alapakkam Railway station 1 mile	8'00	30'00	...	...	2,600	150	Rishabam Horses-2 Car Peacock Swan Vimanam Palanquin Elephant	Four times a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Panguni Uthiram Karthigai Deepam Masi Magam
Kullanchavadi Railway station 3 miles	2'64	32'30	...	...	1,000	...	Peacock	No	No
Kurinjpadi Railway station 5 miles	...	...	15'00	...	250	Value not stated	Rishabam Peacock	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Masi Magam
Neyveli Railway station 7 miles	...	70'00	...	...	1,000	...	Car Rishabam Bandicoot Peacock	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Chithra-pournami Sivarathri Panguni Uthiram

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
125	158	Kudiyiruppu H/o Visur	Sri Muthalamman temple (F)	60	0.05	Sri Muthalamman	Sri Vinayagar Sri Parasuramar
126	167	Vengadam- pettai	Sri Venugopalaswamy temple (V)	400	0.74	Sri Venugopalaswamy Sri Senkamalavalli Thayar	Sri Andai Sri Ramar Sri Sita Devi Sri Lakshmanar
127	177	Muthiyalpet H/o Anu- kampattu	Sri Muthalamman temple (F)	100	2.00	Sri Muthalamman	Sri Pavadairayan Sri Vinayagar
128	180	Alapakkam	Sri Bujandeswarar temple (S)	80	0.50	Sri Bujandeswarar Sri Punithavalli	...
129	188	Theerathana- giri	Sri Sivakoluntheswarar temple (S)	400	2.00	Sri Sivakoluntheswarar Sri Neelambigai- amman	...
130	197	Kanjama- ratham- pettai	Sri Vela Vinayagar temple (G)	100	0.03	Sri Vela Vinayagar	Sri Subramaniam Sri Valli Sri Deivayanai Sri Lakshminara- yana Perumal
131	198	Ellappam- pettai	Sri Subramaniaswamy temple (M)	150	0.03	Sri Subramaniaswamy	Sri Dhandapani- swamy Sri Vinayagar
132	„	do	Sri Selva Vinayagar temple (G)	60	0.02	Sri Selva Vinayagar	...
133	209	Karunguli	Sri Lakshminarayana Perumal temple (V)	1000	0.19	Sri Lakshminarayana Perumal	...
134	„	do	Sri Kailasanathar temple (S)	100	0.02	Sri Kailasanathar	...
135	214	Rayakuppam	Sri Kothandarama- swamy temple (V)	Not stated	0.03	Sri Kothandarama- swamy	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Panruti Railway station 8 miles	...	3'00	...	...	150	Value not stated	Swan Horse Bandicoot	Once in a day by a Poosari	No
Kurinjpadi Railway station 3 miles	0'34	5'51	...	...	300	884	Car Palanquin	Twice in a day by a Bhatta-chariar	No
Kullanchavadi Railway station 1½ mile	...	...	6'65	...	Not stated	...	Swan	Twice in a day by a hereditary Padayachi	Masi Magam
Alapakkam Railway station 1 mile	8'00	2'00	...	...	1,500	300	...	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
Alapakkam Railway station 6 miles	1'89	14'24	...	...	1,000	...	Car Ratham Palanquin	Four times a day by a Gurukkal	Brahmothsavam in Vaikasi
Kurinjpadi Railway station 1 mile	0'65	9'66	...	...	500	85	Bandicoot	Once in a day by a Poosari	Vinayaga Chathurthi Panguni Uthiram
Kurinjpadi Railway station 3 furlongs	Extent	not	stated	...	200	...	...	Daily pooja by a hereditary Gurukkal	Soorassamharam
do	1'64	0'99	...	...	600	...	Bandicoot	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
Vadalar Railway station 3 miles	9'79	6'21	...	...	2,350	200	...	Twice in a day by a Bhatta-chariar	Gokulashtami Sri Jayanthi Navarathri
do	7'29	0'42	...	...	35 bags of paddy	...	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	Skandha Sashti Karthigai Deepam Sivarathri
Kurinjpadi Railway station 3 miles	...	...	3'20	...	500	...	...	No	No

CUDDALORE

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
136	217	Kurinji-padi	Sri Selva Vinayagar temple (G)	150	0.05	Sri Selva Vinayagar	...
137	"	do	Sri Karpaga Vinayagar temple (G)	150	0.05	Sri Karpaga Vinayagar	...
138	"	do	Sri Subramaniaswamy temple (M)	100	0.01	Sri Subramaniaswamy	...
139	"	do	Sri Vinayagar temple (G)	150	0.01	Sri Vinayagar	...
140	"	do	Sri Puthumariamman temple (F)	150	0.31	Sri Puthumariamman	...
141	"	Meenakshi-pettai H/o Kurinji-padi	Sri Subramaniaswamy temple (M)	100	0.09	Sri Subramaniaswamy Sri Valli Sri Deivayanai	Sri Vinayagar
142	"	Varadarajan-pettai H/o Kurinji-padi	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	500	1.00	Sri Varadarajaperumal Sridevi, Bhudevi	Sri Ramar Sri Sita Devi Sri Lakshmanar
143	"	Vadalur H/o Kurinji-padi	Sri Ananda Natarajar temple (S)	90	Not stated	Sri Ananda Natarajar	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Concl'd.)									
Kurinjpadi Railway station 1 mile	...	4.49	...	...	250	...	...	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Tamil New Year's day
do									
do	...	5.93	...	...	600	...	...	do	Skandha Sashti
do									
do	14.16	58.80	...	...	3,000	3,000	Car	do	Sedal festival in Adi
Kurinjpadi Railway station ½ mile	...	13.00	...	...	300	Value not stated	Peacock Ajam Manjam	do	Karthigai Deepam Skandha Sashti Panguni Uthiram
Kurinjpadi Railway station 1½ miles	...	...	20.00	...	1,050	...	...	Twice in a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar	No
Vadalur Railway station 4 furlongs	...	99.00	...	...	22,000	...	...	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Thai Poomam

TEMPLES OF MADRAS STATE
CUDDALORE

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples outside the Hindu Religious							
1	20	Ullaipattu H/o Karai- medu	Sri Ayyanar temple (O)	50	0.04	Sri Ayyanar	...
2	„	Karaimedu	Sri Pillayar temple (G)	60	0.03	Sri Pillayar	...
3	70	Suthukulam H/o Cudda- lore	Sri Dhrowpathiamman temple (F)	200	0.50	Sri Dhrowpathiamman	...
4	„	Vasanth- rayapala- yam H/o Cudda- lore	Sri Angalamman temple (F)	100	0.13	Sri Angalamman	...
5	105	Thiruva- mur	Sri Apparswamy temple (O)	Not stated	0.21	Sri Apparswamy	...
6	179	Thiruch- puram	Sri Thiruchopureswarar temple (S)	500	1.80	Sri Thiruchopureswarar	...
7	198	Ellapan- pettai	Sri Subburayar temple (M)	160	0.38	Sri Subburayar	Sri Selva Singara- velavar
8	217	Kurinjiyadi	Sri Muthalamman temple (F)	150	0.01	Sri Muthalamman	...

TALUK (Concl'd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other im-movable property	Annual in-come from the immova-ble property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet	Dry	Wet and dry			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
	A.C.	A.C.	A.C.						
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board									
Cuddalore Railway station 6 miles	...	...	3.59	...	Not stated	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Poosari	Sedal festival in Adi
do									
Cuddalore Railway station	0.41	...	...	Palmyra & Coconut groves	467	...	Palanquin Swan Garuda	Twice in a day by a hereditary Poosari	Fire festival in Adi
Cuddalore Railway station 1 mile	Extent	not	stated	...	1,200	...	...	Twice in a day by a Poosari	Mayanakollai in Masi
Panruti Railway station 6 miles	5.32	...	...	...	Not stated	3,000	...	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Appar Jayanthi in Chithirai
Alapakkam Railway station 1 mile	11.30	221.53	...	...	2,000	1,050	Car Palanquin Rishabam Horse Peacock Swan	Four times a day by a Gurukkal	Brahmothaavam in Panguni Karthigai Deepam
Kurinjpadi Railway station	...	...	3.56	...	100	2,000	Cars-2 Peacock Rishabam Elephant Horse Ajam Bandicoot	Four times a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Panguni Uthiram
Kurinjpadi Railway station 1 mile	0.29	...	...	...	50	...	...	Twice in a day by a Padaymchi	No

CHIDAMBARAM TALUK

104 SRIMUSHNAM

Sri Bhoovarahaswamy temple

The temple is dedicated to Sri Varaha Perumal, an incarnation of Sri Vishnu who took the form of a boar on two occasions:—(i) Hiranyakshan, the Asura ruler rolled the earth as a mat and hid it under the sea. Vishnu took the form of a boar, plunged into the cosmic sea and after defeating the Asura brought up the earth again to the surface of the sea. This is the third of His ten avatars (incarnations). (ii) Once while Sri Brahma and Vishnu were contesting each other's claim for superiority they perceived a towering Lingam crowned with flame emanating from the ocean which soon grew into infinite space. The two Gods were amazed at it and decided to discover its ends. Sri Brahma took the form of a swan and flew up while Sri Vishnu became a gigantic boar and plunged down.

The principal deity in the Srimushnam temple has a boar's head and a human body with two arms holding the discus and conch. This is one of the holy centres in South India where Sri Vishnu appeared as "Swayamvyakthamurthy" i.e. self-creation. The three other centres are: 1. Srirangam 2. Thiruppathi and 3. Vanamamalai. The Uthsavamurthy is an idol in human form with four arms known as Sri Yagnamurthy. The Lord took this form as prayed for by His consort Sri Ambujavalli Thayar.

A Penukonda ruler got a carbuncle which was causing him much pain. One night he dreamt that Sri Vishnu in the form of a boar scratched the affected portion with His nose as a result of which he was cured of his affliction. He raised a temple for the God to show his gratitude. It is believed to be 800 years old and covers an area of about 3 acres. The gopuram is 130' high with 25'x25' base; there are two prakarams. The 16 pillar Purusha-Suktha mandapam has fine carvings. The village which is 30 miles from Chidambaram and 12 miles from Vriddhachalam can be reached by buses from Jayamkondacholapuram, Andimadam and Chidambaram.

Poojas are offered six times daily by Bhattachariars of Tenkalai sect. They are in the enjoyment of some inam lands and are also entitled to take a portion of the income under archana charges. The temple owns jewels worth Rs. 1,15,000/-. The Zamindars of

Udayarpalayam and other devotees have donated them. The temple gets a grant of Rs. 4,301.16 nP. from the Government while the annual income from immovable properties is about Rs. 10,000/-. The hundi collections amount to about Rs. 1,000/-. The income from archana charges is Rs. 2,800/-out of which the share of the Bhattachariars is Rs. 2,300/-. The total annual income is about Rs. 15,000/-.

The temple owns a car, two palanquins and seven vahanas. The Garuda vahanam is gold-gilted and it was made at a cost of Rs. 15,000/-. Except in the month of Ani, festivals are observed in all the months of the year. Of these, the main festivals are Brahmothsavam in Chithrai for 15 days and Masi Magam for 24 days. During the latter festival on the 8th day the God is taken to the seashore at Kille which is 40 miles off. On the return journey the deity visits several villages for 15 days. The local Jagirdar (chieftain) at Kille happened to be a Muslim who had faith in the power of the deity. He built a mandapam and made endowments. In view of this, the deity makes a halt in the local mosque. About 25,000 devotees assemble at Kille for "Theerthavari." Numerous devotees visit Srimushnam for the Brahmothsavam.

There are sub-temples for Sri Aswathanarayana, Sri Kulandaiamman and Sri Pattabisamar within the main shrine.

The temple tank is known as Nithya Pushkarani; it is considered holy, as the water is believed to be the Lord's sweat which emanated from his body after his fight with and destruction of Hiranyakshan. The water in the tank irrigates 7 acres of land and the temple gets an income of Rs. 50/- per annum under water cess.

Two trustees are managing the temple.

136 CHIDAMBARAM

Sri Chitrabalanathar temple (Sri Nataraja temple)

The name Chidambaram immediately brings to one's mind Sri Nataraja or Siva as the Lord of the dance. The dance "is the personification of all the forces and powers of the cosmic system in operation; the movement of energy within the universe..... It personifies His universe in action and destruction The tireless dance of the Lord, frantic

MAP EXHIBITING THE CENTRES WHERE
THERE ARE TEMPLES, IN

CHIDAMBARAM TALUK



BAY OF BENGAL

CUDDALORE TALUK

VRIDDHACHALAM TALUK

SIRKALI TALUK
THANIAVUR DISTRICT

REFERENCE

District Boundary

Taluk Boundary

Categories of Temples and
their Symbols.

- Siva ●
- Vishnu □
- Murugar ■
- Ganapathi ○
- Anman △
- Others •
- Location Code Number 213

UDAIYARPALAYAM TALUK
TIRUCHIRAPPALLI DISTRICT

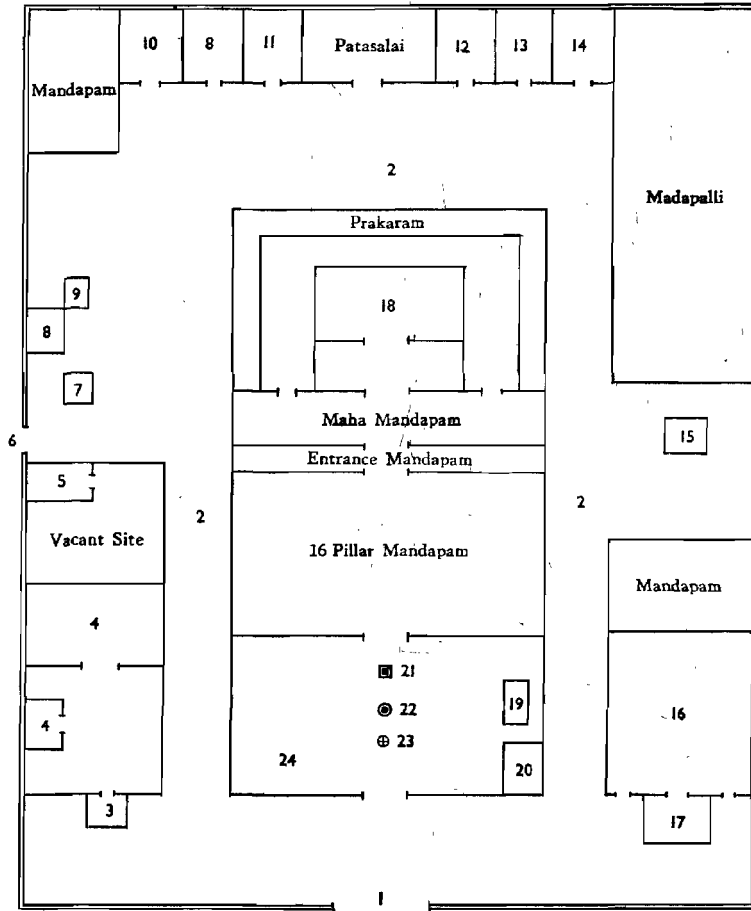
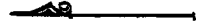
MAYURAM TALUK
THANIAVUR DISTRICT

KUMBakonam TALUK
THANIAVUR DISTRICT

SRI BHOOVARAGA PERUMAL TEMPLE

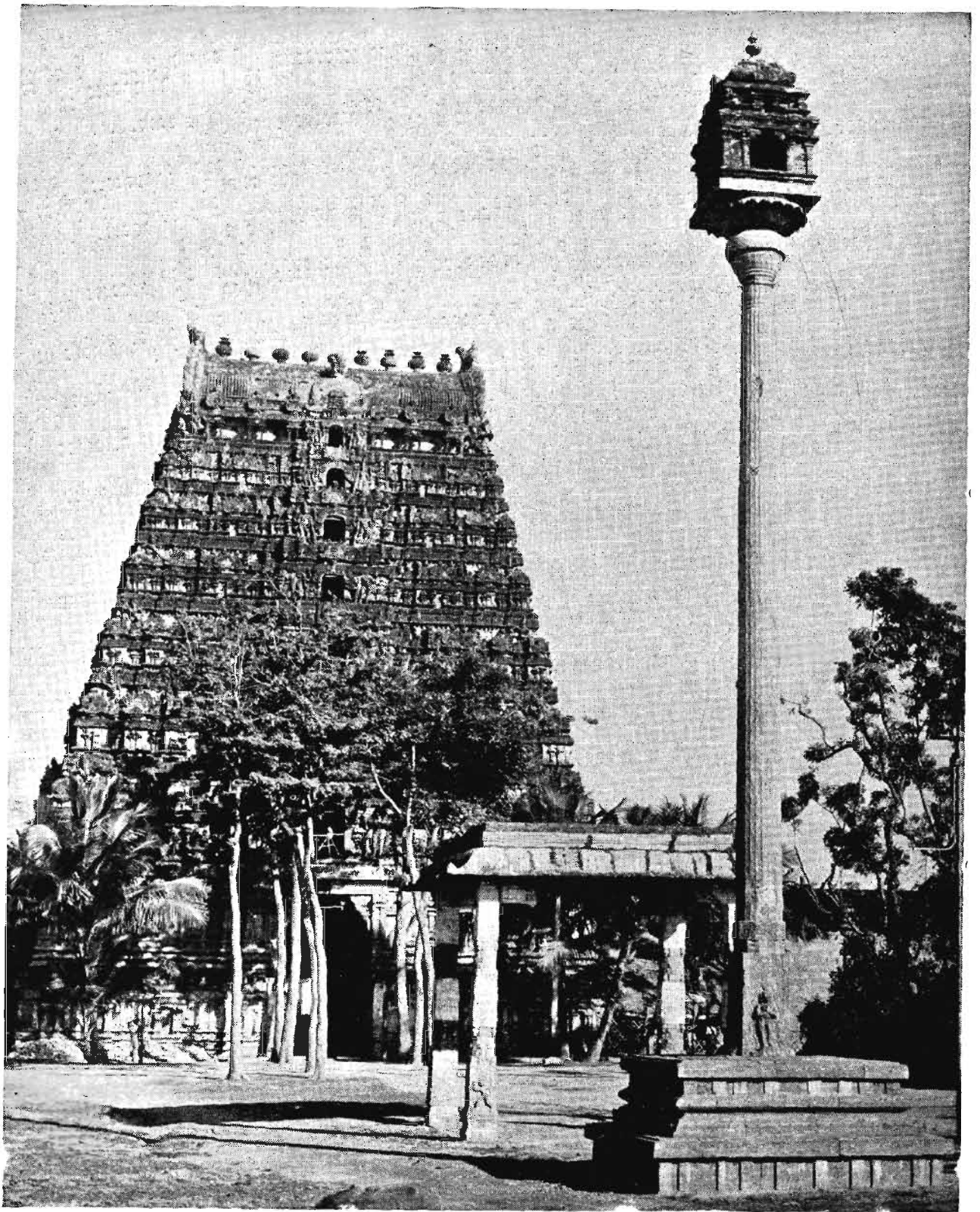
SRI MUSHNAM

(Not to Scale)

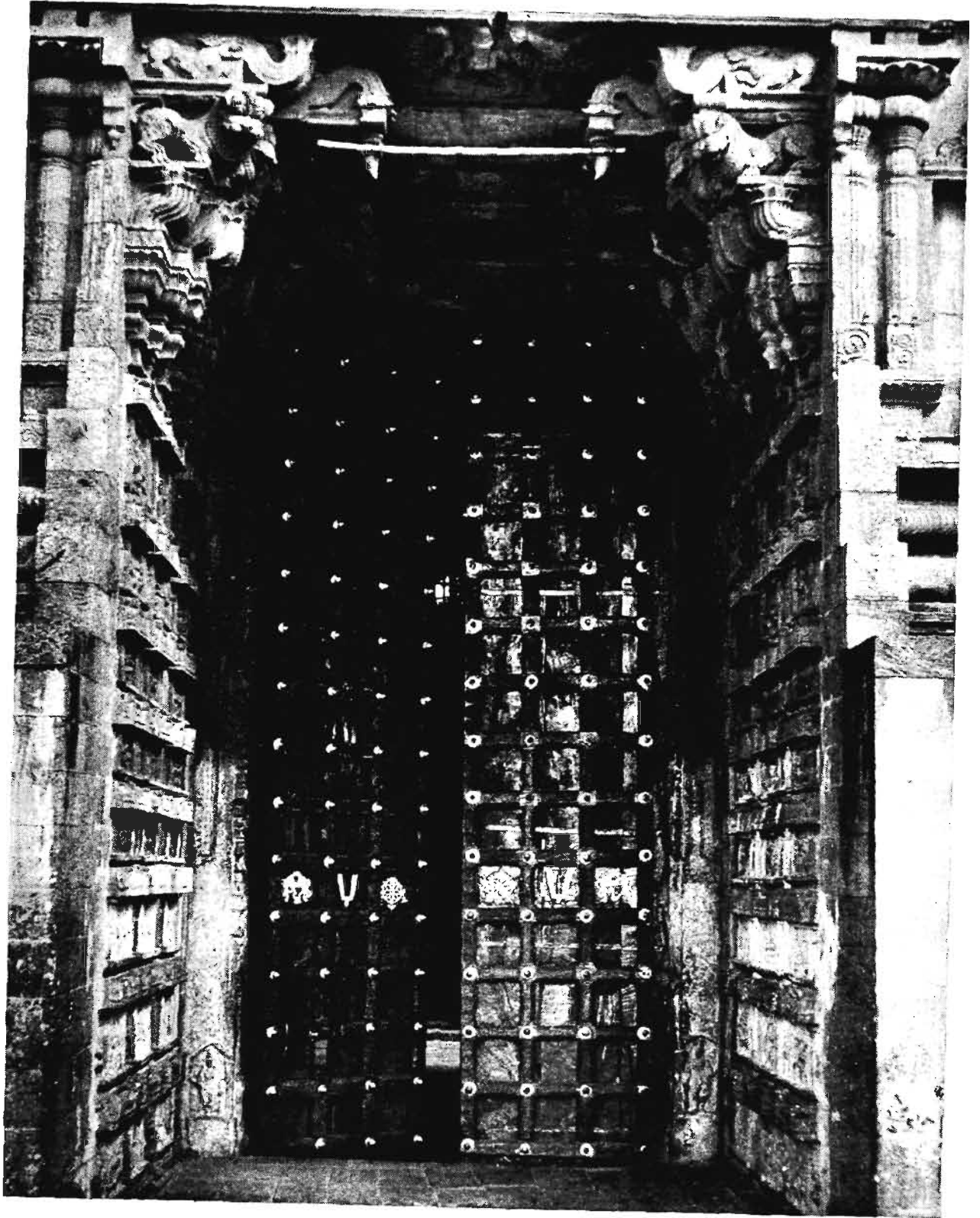


INDEX TO NUMBERS

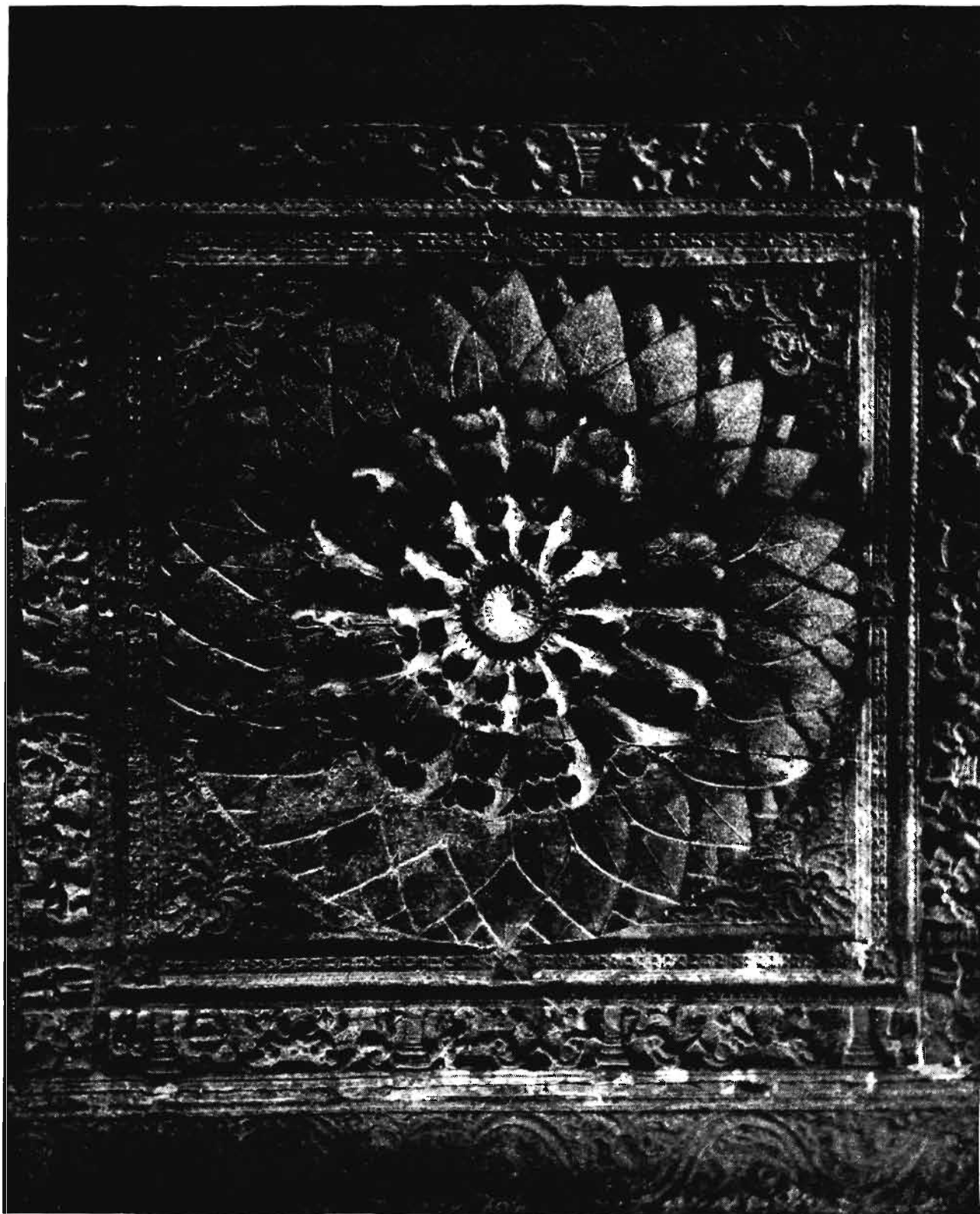
- 1 Raja Gopuram
- 2 Outer Prakaram
- 3 Andal Sannithi
- 4 Udayavar Sannithi
- 5 Venugopalan Sannithi
- 6 Swarga Vasal
- 7 Kuzhandhaiaimman
- 8 Madapalli
- 9 Vishwakshenar Sannithi
- 10 Yagasalai
- 11 Vedantha Desikar
- 12 Thirumangai Alwar Sannithi
- 13 Manavala Mamuni Sannithi
- 14 Thirukkachi Nambigal
- 15 Four Pillar Mandapam
- 16 Front Mandapam to Thayar Sannithi
- 17 Ambujavalil Thayar Sannithi
- 18 Sri Bhoovaraga Perumal Sannithi
- 19 Nammalwar
- 20 Devaschana Office
- 21 Dwajasthambam
- 22 Balipeedam
- 23 Garudan
- 24 Mandapam 100 Pillar
- 25 Ramar Sannithi



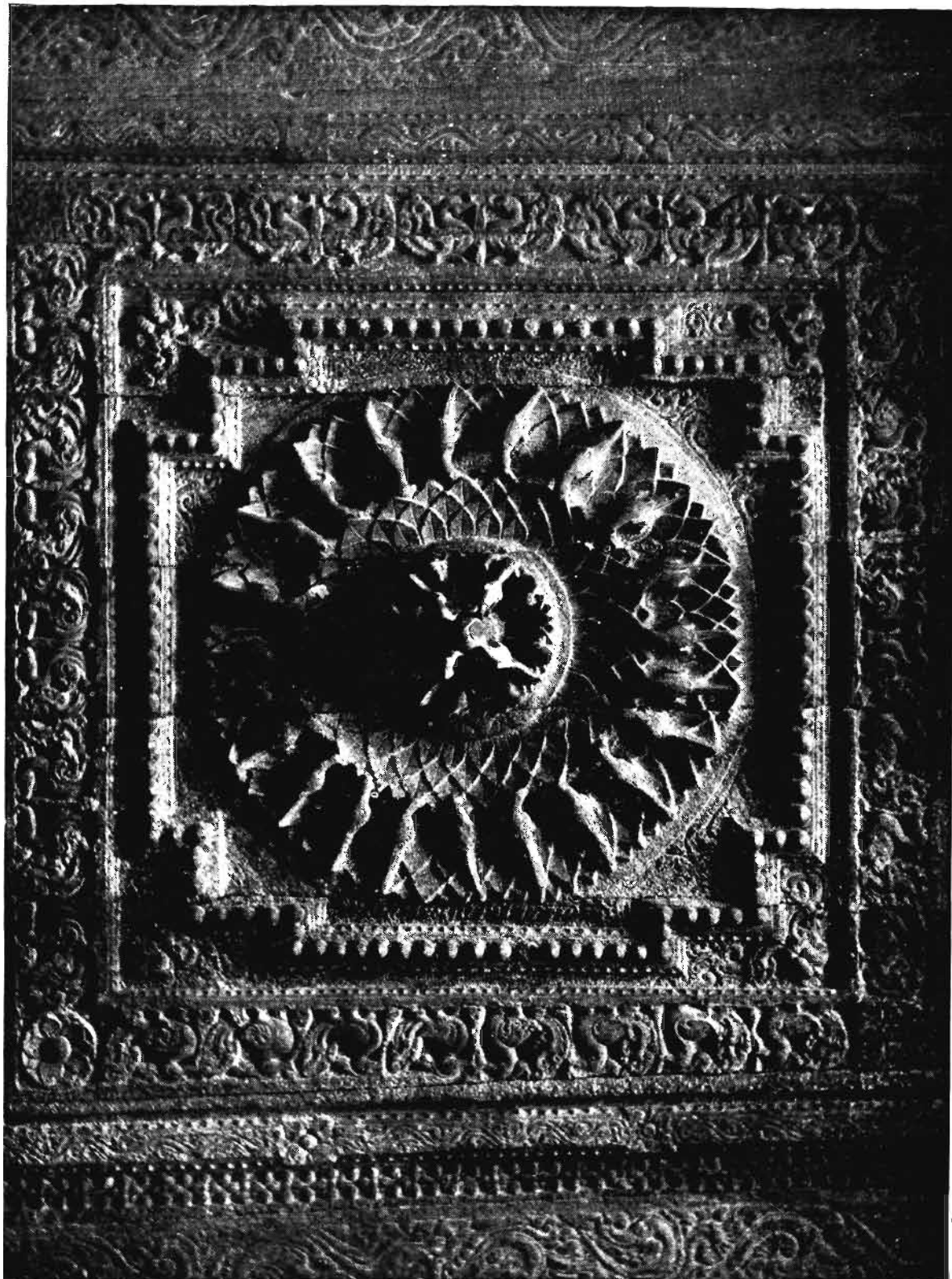
A view of the Gopuram with the Garuda Sthambam : Sri Bhoovaraha Swamy Temple, Srimushnam.



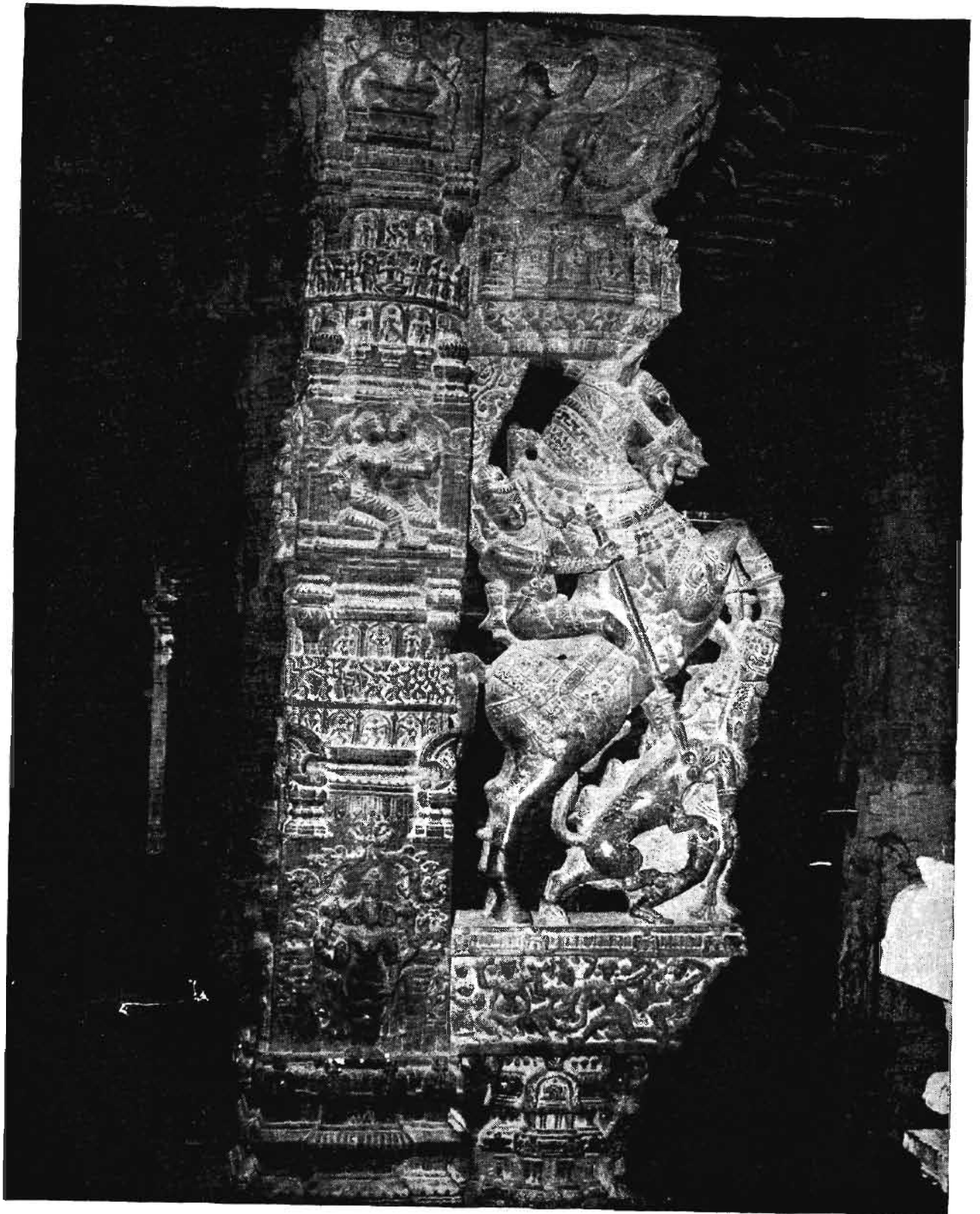
The corridor leading to the Temple : Sri Bhoovaraha Swamy Temple, Srimushnam.



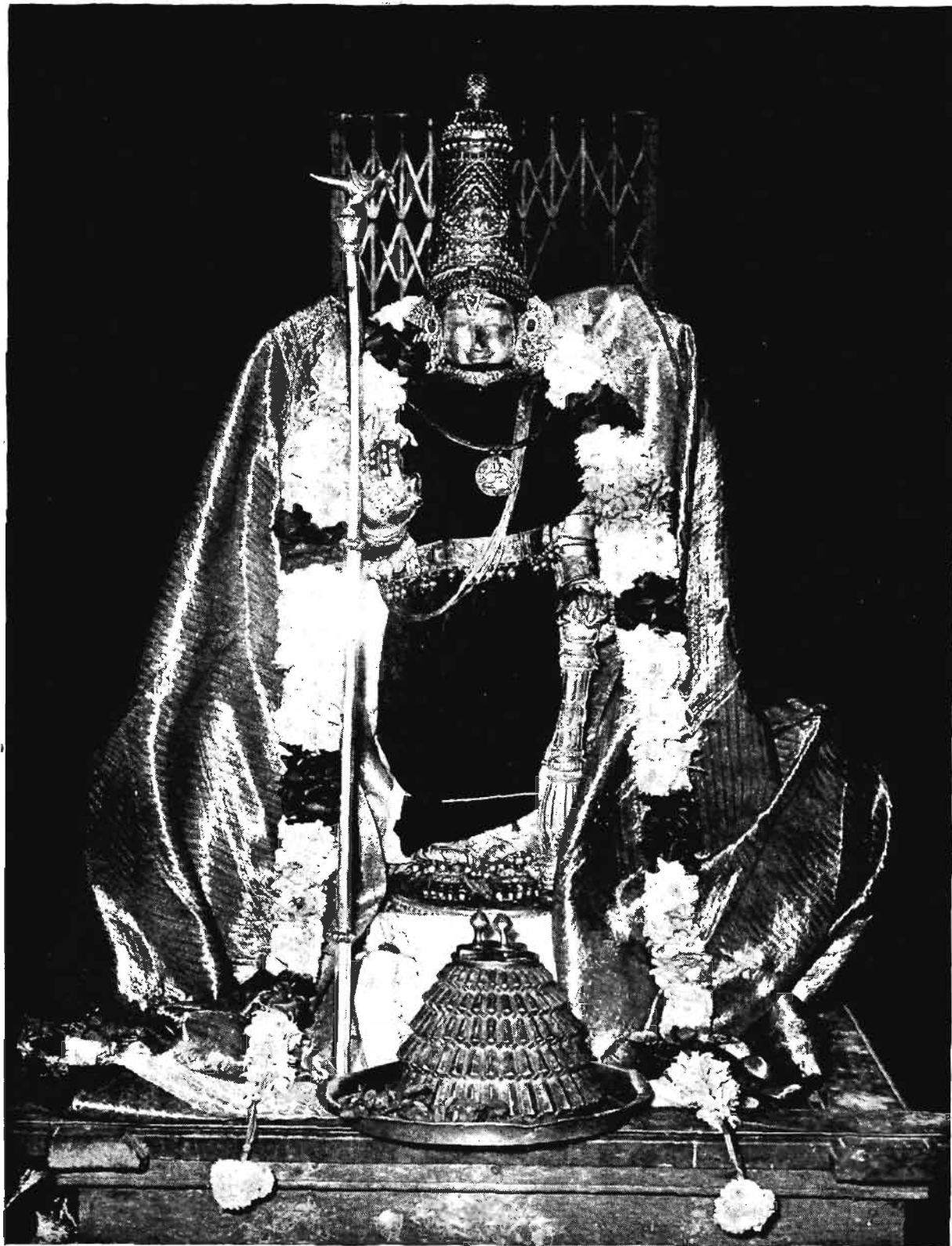
The fret-work on the terraced wall : Sri Bhoovaraha Swamy Temple, Srimushnam.



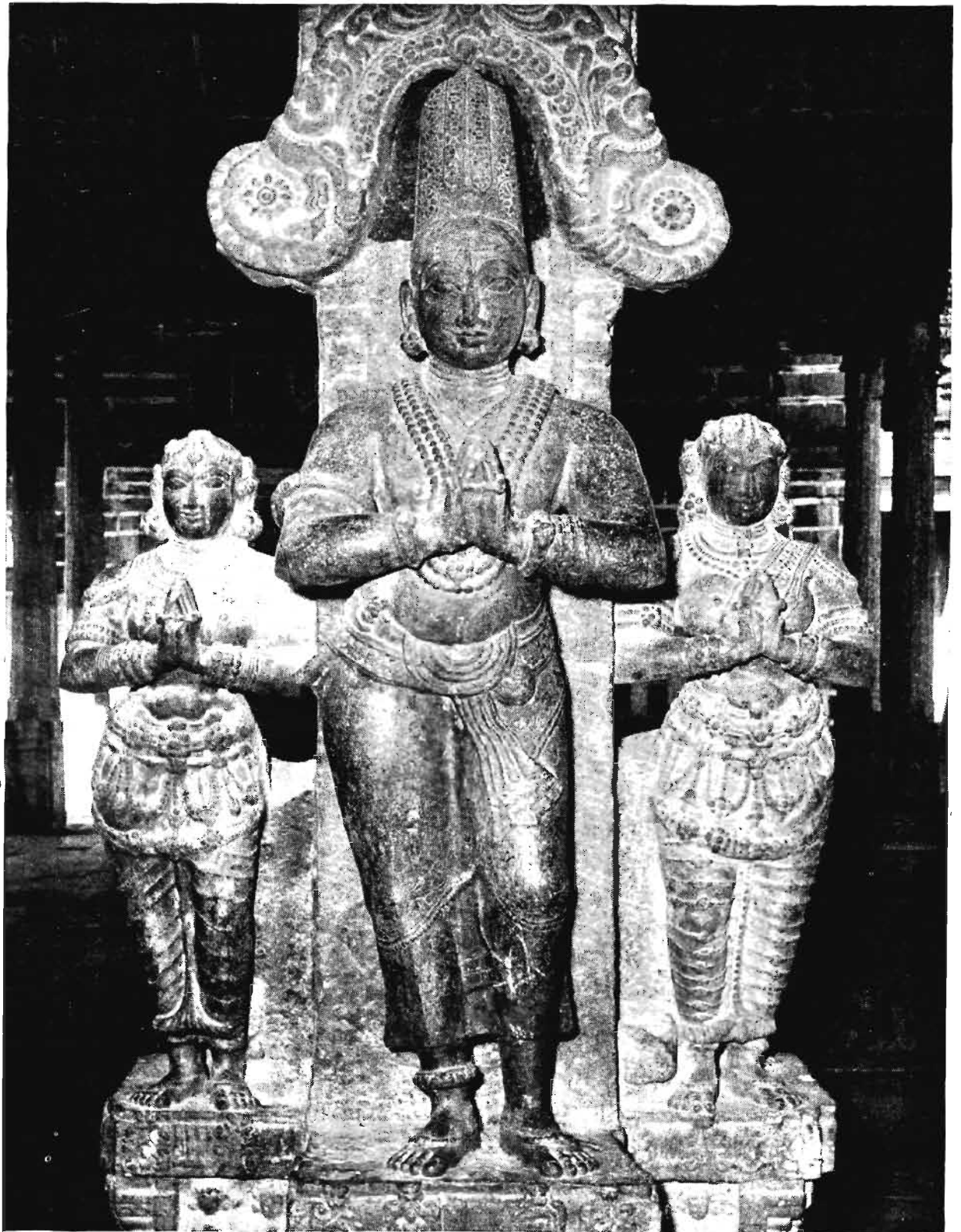
Another fret-work with exquisite sculptural skill : Sri Bhoovaraha Swamy Temple, Srimushnam.



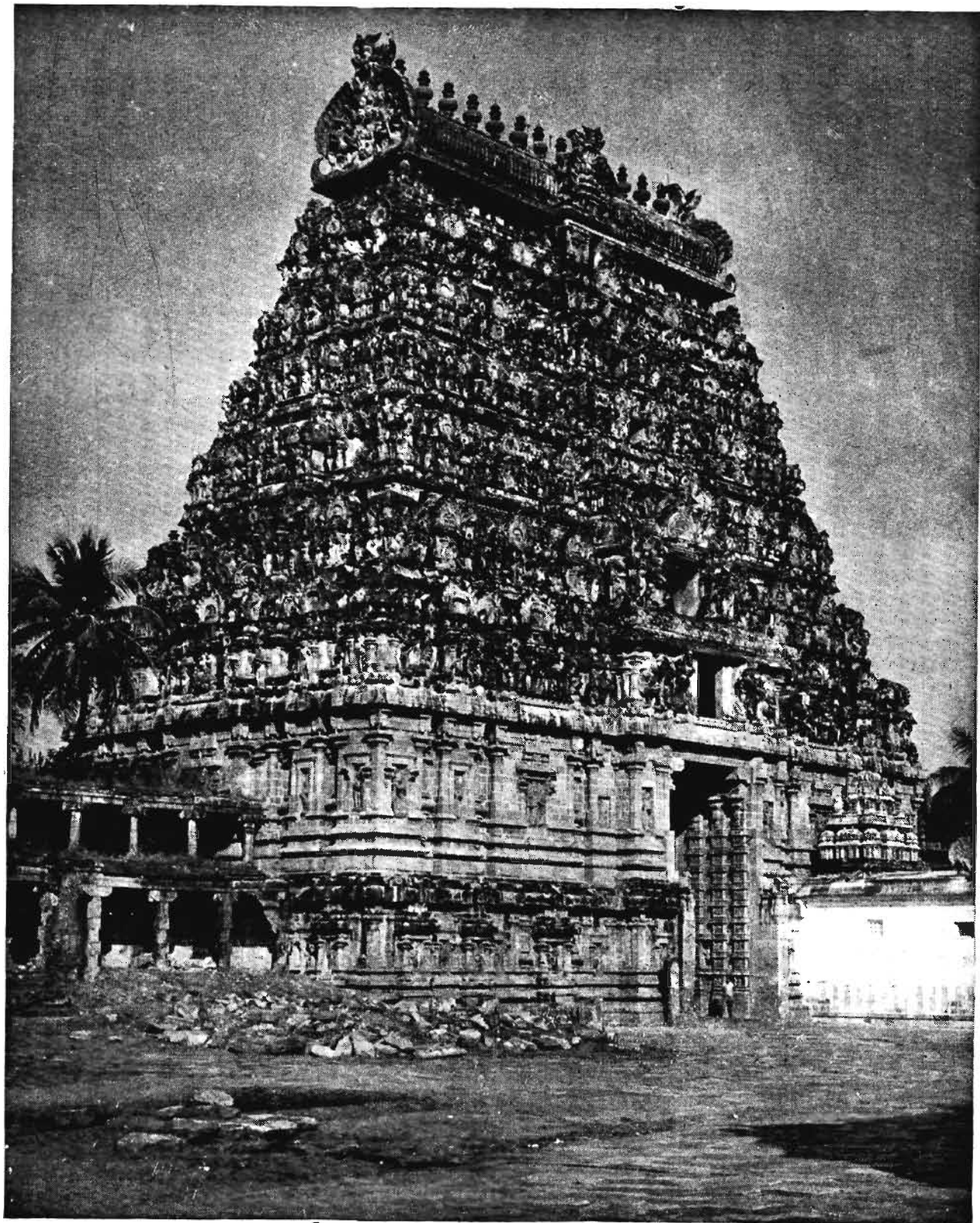
An Artistically carved Pillar : Sri Bhoovaraha Swamy Temple, Srimushnam.



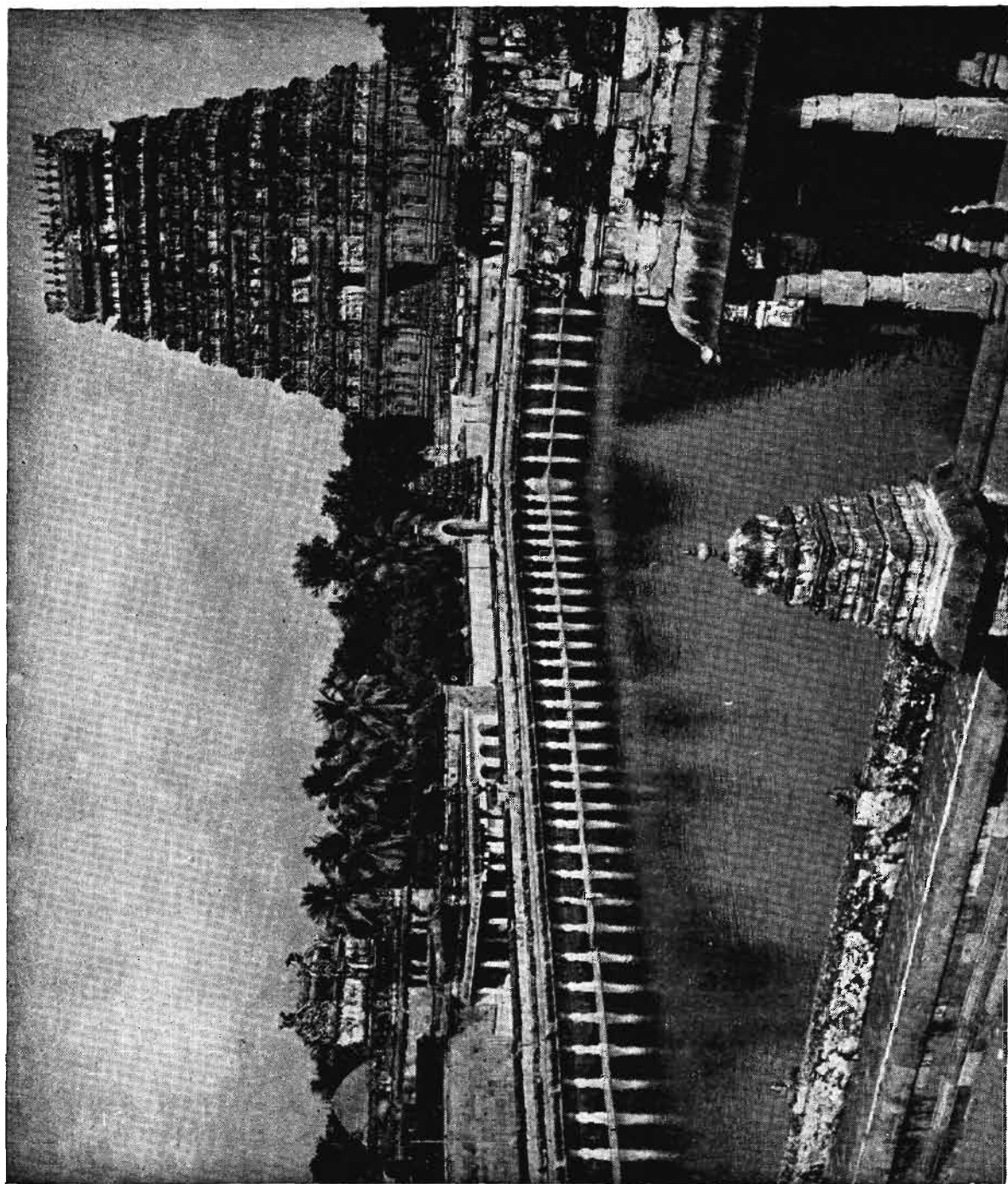
Sri Yajna Varahaswamy (Uthsavar) : Sri Bhoovaraha Swamy Temple, Srimushnam.



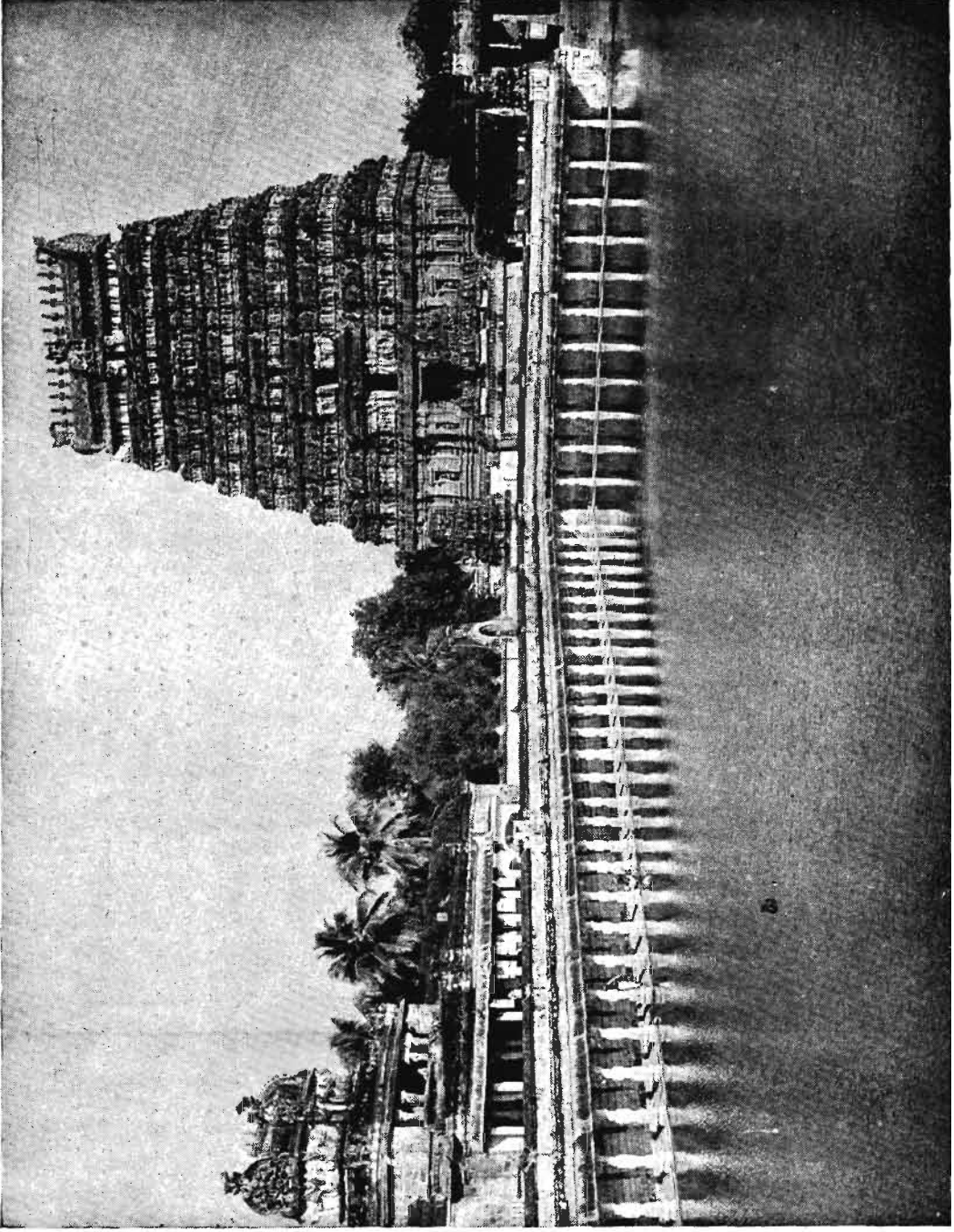
The Penukonda Ruler who built the temple with his consorts : Sri Bhoovaraha Swamy Temple, Srimushnam.



The side view of the West Gopuram: Sri Chitrambalanathar Temple, Chidambaram.



A panoramic view of the North Gopuram and the Temple Tank: Sri Chitrambalanathar Temple, Chidambaram



A closer view of the Tank and the North Gopuram : Sri Chitrambalanathar Temple, Chidambaram.



A view of the Gold-roofed Vimanam with the Temple Pagoda at the back : Sri Chitrambalanathar Temple, Chidambaram.

yet elegant, is the whirl of the yugas or cons of history". The Lord gave dharsan in dancing pose to the Devas in the forest of Tharuka. Sages Vyagrapadar and Patanjali did penance here to see the dance of Siva and He gave them dharsan as Nataraja. Incidentally Thillai Kali who was residing here objected to the dance of Siva. It was then decided that both should dance and the one who won should stay on in the place. The Lord defeated Kali by his "Oordhva Thandavam Pose" and She was directed to settle down in the north of the town. Three thousand Dhikshadars known as "Thillai Moovayiravar" came to Chidambaram along with the Lord and settled down here to do service to Him. There are now 300 families who manage the affairs of the temple.

This is one of the ancient and famous shrines of South India. There are several stone inscriptions; some of these are not clear now. Simha Varma the Pallava ruler (550-575) visited the temple, bathed in the tank, got relief from his skin disease and came to be known as Hiranya Varman. The fact that the sanctum is built out of timber goes to show that the temple was in existence even prior to the stone shrines of the Pallavas. Appar, Sambandar, Sundarar and Manickavasagar have composed songs in praise of the deity. All the Chola rulers have made liberal endowments for various charities. The four main towers were built by various rulers, between the 12th and 16th centuries. The area covered by the temple is 40 acres.

The sanctum of the presiding deity Sri Natarajar and His consort Sri Sivakamasundari is known as Chitsabai or Ponnambalam. Chola rulers covered the vimanam with gold tiles. Every gold tile contains the word "Nama Sivaya" the Panchaksharam. To its right is the sanctum of the "Akaya" Lingam adorned with a garland of gold "Vilva" leaves. There is a "Spatika Lingam" in the Chitsabai or Ponnambalam presented by Loka Sankarar who also installed 'chakkaram' here. Kanakasabai, Devasabai, Nruttasabai and Rajasabai are the other mandapams in the shrine.

Various rulers have made additions to the temple from time to time. The temple for Sri Sivakamasundari was built by Kulothunga II. In the recent past renovations have been effected by Sri Pachaiyappa Mudaliar and his sister (1754-1794), by Raja Sri Annamalai Chettiar (1891), Sri Ratnaswamy Chettiar and Sri Ratna Sabapathi Pillai (1955).

Poojas are performed six times a day by

poojas are done to Sri Nataraja and His consort. The temple has no properties but there are numerous endowments, known as kattalais for the performances of poojas and festivals. The Arudhra in Margazhi is the most important of all festivals when lakhs of devotees from all over India visit Chidambaram.

In the 8th century, a Pallava ruler installed Sri Govindaraja Perumal within the precincts of the Nataraja temple; vaishnavite Bhattachariars offer poojas to the God. The legend is that Sri Govindaraja Perumal has settled down here to see the divine dance of Siva.

Among the Nayanmars, Thiruneelakantar and Nandanar attained salvation at Chidambaram. Arunagirinathar, Appayya Dhikshadar and Sri Ramalinga Swamikal have visited the shrine and composed songs praising the deity.

(ii) Sri Thillaiamman temple

The above temple just on the outskirts of Chidambaram, was built during the reign of Kulothunga III by his Commander-in-Chief Kopperunsingan who was a Pallava prince who set up an independent kingdom in the northern part of the Chola empire and ruled over it from 1229 to 1278 A.D. Sri Thillaiamman was originally enshrined in Thillaivanam (Chidambaram). When Lord Siva came there to give dharsan to sages Vyagrapadar and Patanjali in His "Ananda Thandavam" pose, Thillaiamman objected to it and challenged the Lord for a dance competition with Her. It was agreed that who-so-ever was defeated should leave the place. By his 'Oordhva Thandavam' pose the Lord defeated Sri Kali who left Her abode and settled at the boundary of Thillaivanam as was originally agreed upon.

The name of the principal deity is Sri Thillaivana-mudaya Parameswari alias Brahma Samundeeswari. She has four heads and four arms. She faces west and is in sitting pose. Opposite to Her, a little to the north is the idol of Sri Thillai Kali made of brick and mortar. She is an ugramurthy and it was She who was overthrown by Lord Siva in the dance competition. After Her defeat, She realised Her folly in having challenged the Lord and to make amends for Her egoism, She bathed in Siva Priyai, the holy tank, worshipped the Lord, became a shanta devata and came to be known as Sri Parameswari. Her four heads represent the four Vedas. When Sri Brahma did penance in favour of Sri Parasakthi, She gave him dharsan with four heads and hence She is also known as Sri Brahma Samundeeswari. Kalidasa, the famous

The temple of Sri Kaliyamman was originally a small structure covering an area of about 17 cents. In course of time separate temples for Sri Vigneswara Murugar, Bhairavar and Chandikeswarar came into existence round the original shrine. These structures occupy an extent of $1\frac{1}{2}$ acres, and are surrounded by walls on all the four sides. A gopuram was also built later. The image of dancing Vigneswara with 7 arms and that of Sri Saraswati with Veena in Her arms in the vimanam are of exquisite beauty.

Four poojas are offered daily by Dhikshadars of Sri Nataraja temple. They are not paid any salary but are entitled to one-third of the surplus of the income after meeting the expenditure of the temple. It owns ornaments worth Rs. 17,217/-. It has 13.39 acres of wet and 10.29 acres of dry lands which fetch an annual income of Rs. 2,150/-. The hundi collections are Rs. 3,000/- and the income from abishegam and archana charges is Rs. 5,500/- per annum. The temple owns five vahanas and a chapparam which were made by the Devasthanam about 5 years back. The annual festival is Brahmotsavam for 10 days in Vaikasi. It commences on such a day that the tenth and last day falls on the newmoon day. The deity is taken round the streets in procession on all the days and the crowd on the last day of the festival will be about one lakh.

The temple is managed by four trustees.

218 THIRUNARAYUR

Sri Swayamprakasaswamy temple

Though the existing temple structure is 200 years old, this is an ancient shrine as Sambandar, Appar and Manickavasagar have sung about the deity.

When Nambi Andar Nambi, who collected all the songs of the Nayanmars, was a boy of seven, his father who was the temple priest had to go out of the village on some private business. He asked his son to perform the poojas. The seven-year-old boy took the cooked rice to Sri Vigneswara and offered it to Him. When the latter did not take it, Sri Nambi decided to put an end to his life by striking his head against a stone pillar. Just then the Lord appeared in person and took the food offered by the boy. The trunk with which He took the food is bent towards the right. When Raja Raja, the great Chola ruler learned of the miracle, he visited Narayur and offered fruits, rice, sweets etc., to the Lord, who ate them to please His young devotee. The temple is 11 miles from Chidambaram and can be reached by bus. In 1937 a Kumbhabishegam was performed after renovations.

The Moolavar Sri Sundaeswarar is a Swayambu Lingam, His consort is Sri Thripurasundari. The temple covering an area of 5.50 acres has 8 sanctums for the various deities. The main gopuram is 78' high with a 20' x 16' base and there are altogether 8 prakarams.

Four poojas are performed daily by a non-hereditary Gurukkal, who is paid a salary in kind; he can also take the daily food offering. The jewels in the temple are worth about Rs. 700/-. The temple owns 33.44 acres of wet and 4.56 acres of dry lands which fetch an annual income of about Rs. 6,000/-. The temple has 2 rishabams, one peacock and one bandicoot vahanas made of wood. Except the last which was made 30 years back, the others are 65 years old.

The main festivals are:—(i) Nambi Andar Nambi festival in Vaikasi, (ii) Navarathri in Purattasi and (iii) Skandha Sashti in Iyppasi. The expenses of Nambi Andar festival are met by the Thiruppanandal mutt (Thanjavur district). There is a street procession in the night when Vedas and Thevaram are sung.

This is an "exempted temple" under the supervision of the Hindu Religious and Charitable Endowments Board and managed by the hereditary trustee.

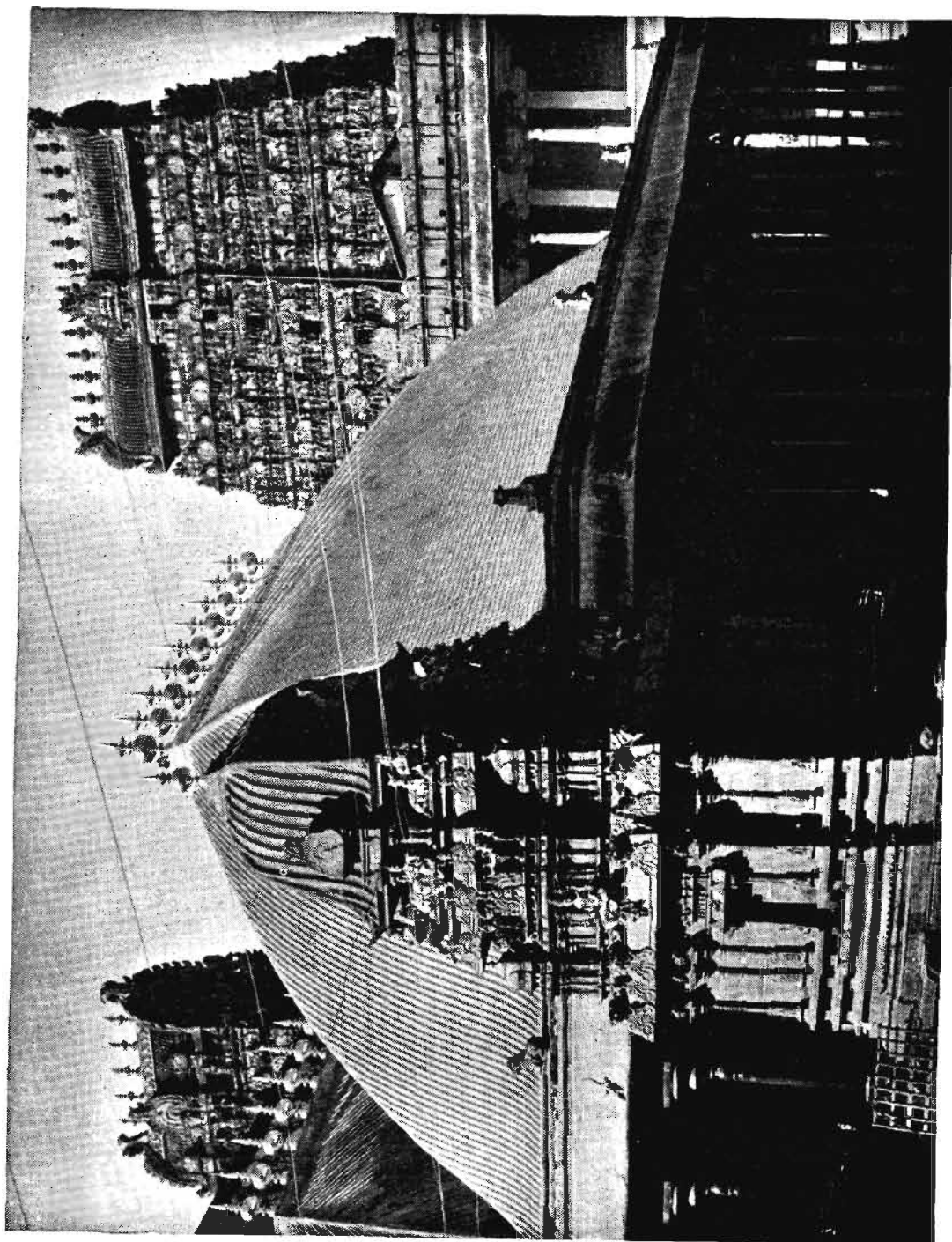
THIRUMOOLASTANAM

(Hamlet of 229, Kattumannar Koil)

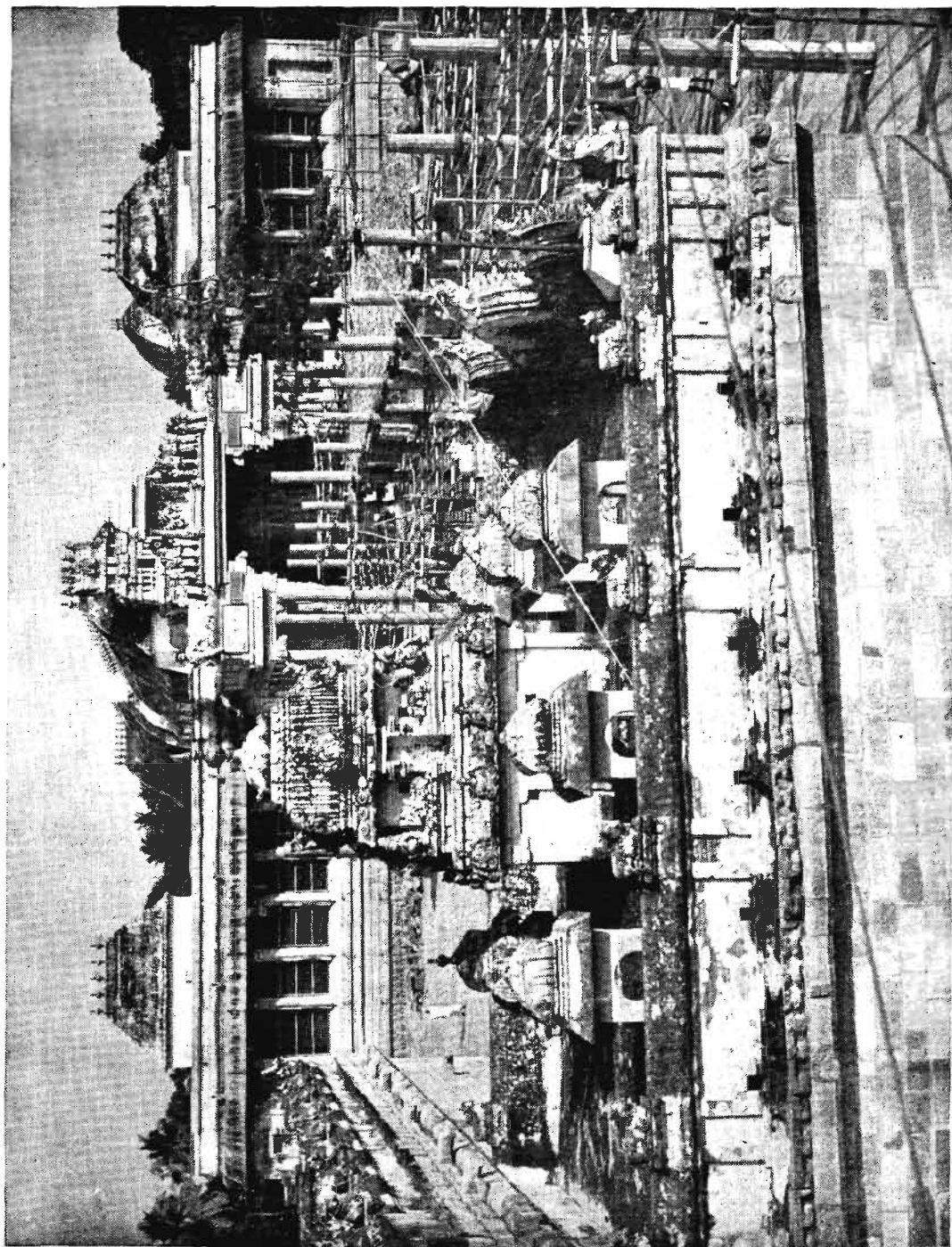
Sri Kailasanathar temple

The temple which is 17 miles from Chidambaram is 100 years old. The area was originally a thick forest where there was a hunter, who was felling the trees in the forest. One night he had a dream that a Sivalingam lay buried at a particular spot and that information to that effect should be given to Sri Saravana Pillai, a devotee. Next day Sri Pillai who was duly appraised of the dream by the hunter, found a Sivalingam 4' high at the spot specified. He built a temple and endowed all his properties to the deity. He also became an ascetic and was performing poojas. When, in due course, he passed away, his body was buried over which there is an ant hill 8' high and 12' in circumference. Poojas are offered to this ant hill also. On the Satayam asterism day in Avani month a special pooja known as "Guru Pooja" is offered to this ant hill. There is poor feeding and a pair of dhotis is presented to the poor.

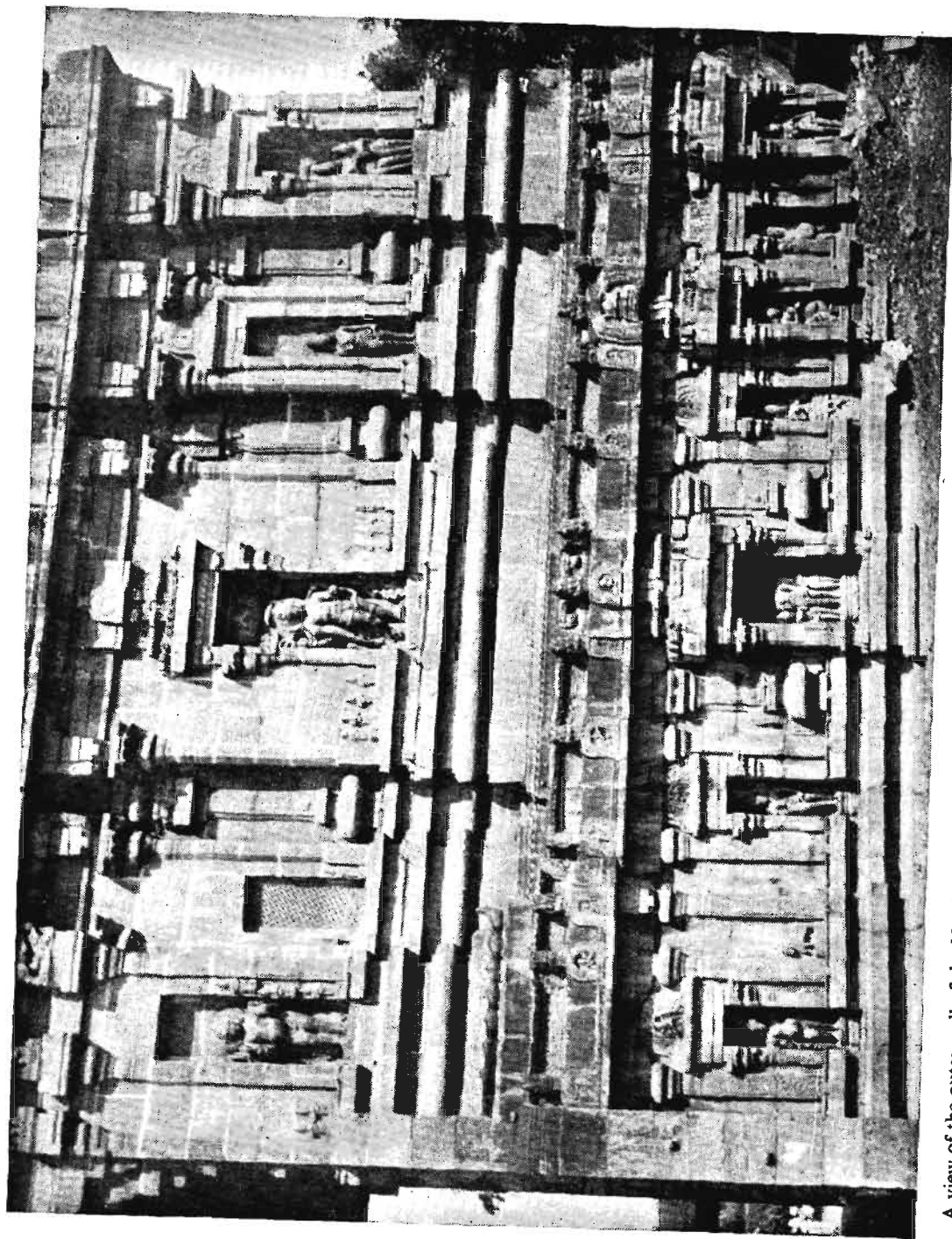
The temple covers an area of 50 cents. Sri Kailasanathar, the Moolavar is a Swayambu Lingam. His consort is Sri Kamakshiamman. The sub-deities are Sri Vinayagar, Sri Subramaniam with Valli and Deivayanai, Sri Mahalakshmi, Saneeswaran, Suryan and Bhairavar. Poojas are performed twice a day by the non-hereditary Gurukkal. The ornaments which were



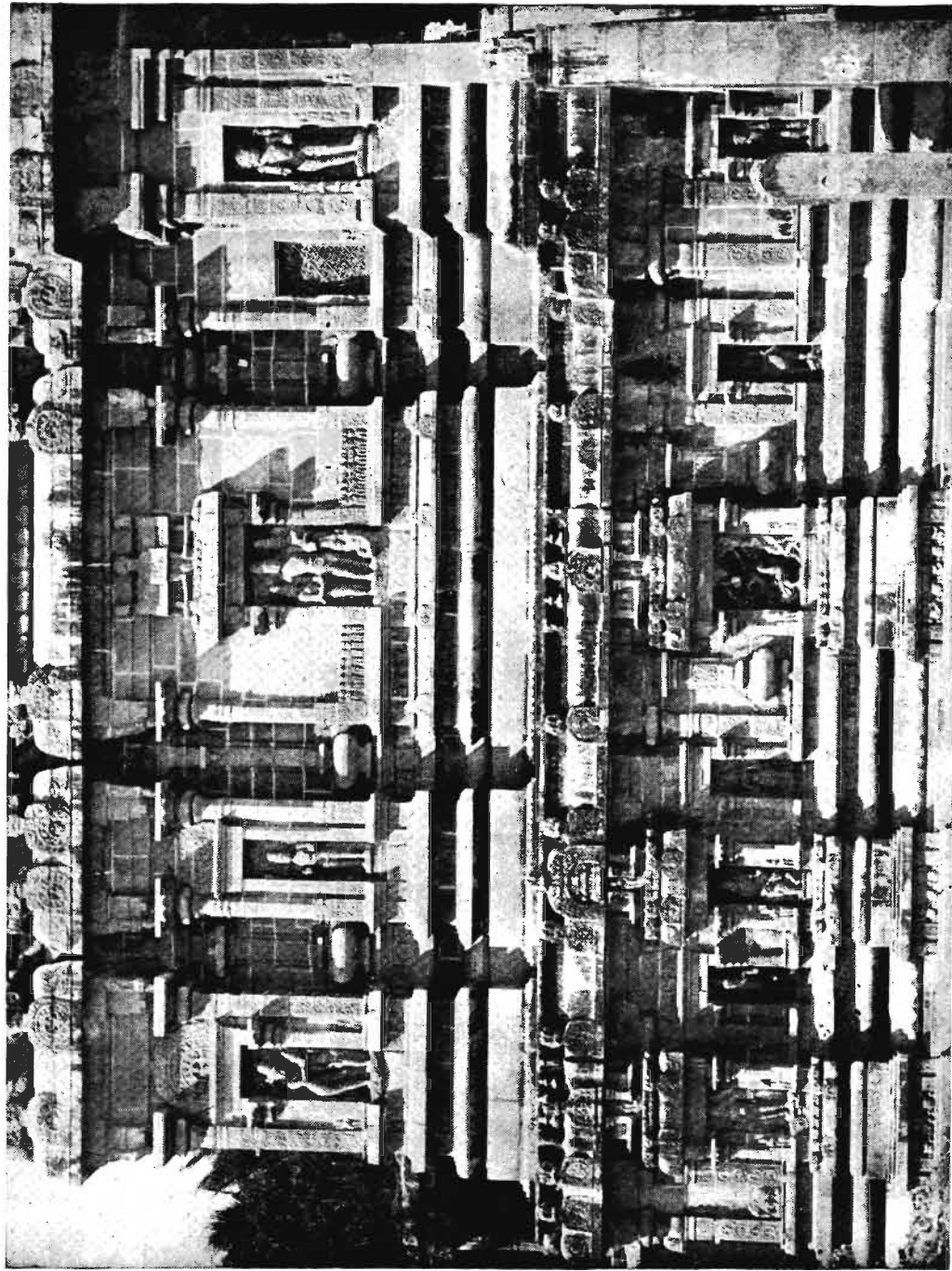
A closer view of the gold Vimanam : Sri Chitrambalanathar Temple, Chidambaram.



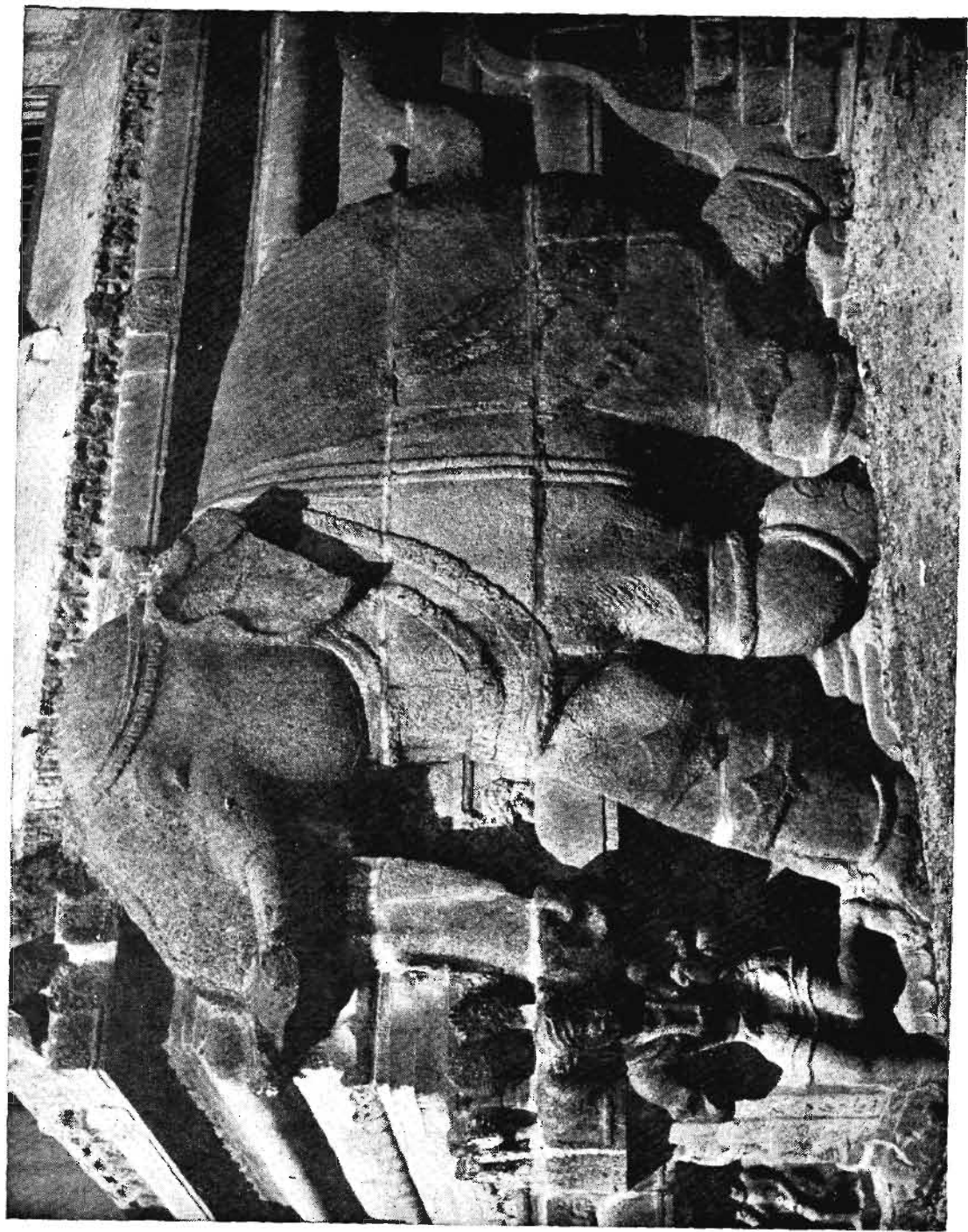
A sky view of the thousand pillared Mandapam : Sri Chitrambalanathar Temple, Chidambaram.



A view of the outer wall of the North Gopuram with exquisite sculptural splendour : Sri Chitrambalanathar Temple, Chidambaram.



The precision work in the outer wall of the West Gopuram, much admired by the visitors : Sri Chitrambalanathar Temple, Chidambaram.



The guarding Tusker at the entrance of the thousand pillared Mandapam : Sri Chitrambalanathar Temple, Chidambaram.



The Dancing Troupe and the Sages in eclet hewn on the outer wall of the Gopuram : Sri Chitrambalanathar Temple, Chidambaram.



Another view of the Dancing Troupe on the wall of the Temple Pagoda : Sri Chitrambalanathar Temple, Chidambaram.



The idol of Sri Devendra mounted on the Elephant Ayiravatha : Sri Chitrambalanathar Temple, Chidambaram.



Artistically hewn images of the Sages and Naga Kannigai in penitive mood in the Temple:
Sri Chitrambalanathar Temple, Chidambaram.

presented by Sri Saravana Pillai are worth Rs. 500/-. The temple owns 28.88 acres of wet and 84 cents of dry lands which fetch an annual income of Rs. 4,000/.

The main festival, apart from "Guru Pooja" mentioned above, is Sivarathri, when religious discourses take place.

A hereditary trustee is in charge of the temple.

UDAIYARKUDI

(Hamlet of 229 Kattumannar Koil)

Sri Anantheeswaraswamy temple

This is the place where Anantan, a cobra worshipped the Lord who came to be known as Sri Anantheeswarar. Even now, cobras are seen in the sanctum of the temple. Buses are frequently plying between Chidambaram and Kattumannar Koil. The temple belongs to the Chola period, and there are stone inscriptions to that effect. The Amman is Sri Soundaryanayaki. The sub-deities are Sri Vinayagar, Subramaniam, Bhairavar, Vaidyanathaswamy, Natarajar, Dhandapani, Mahalakshmi, Durgai, etc. The temple covers an area of 7 acres and has two prakarams.

The hereditary Gurukkal who is paid a monthly salary offers four poojas daily. The ornaments in the temple are worth about Rs. 12,000/-. The annual income of the temple including the Government grant is about Rs. 1,000/-. The temple car which was in a state of disrepair was sold in auction for Rs. 12,650/- on 30-5-1962.

The vahanas include three rishabams, a parrot, a peacock, a goat, a swan, a bhutham, a kama-dhenu and a lion. Each is about 4' high and made of wood. Brahmotsavam in Vaikasi is the main festival but this has not been celebrated for the past 4 years.

A single trustee manages the temple.

229 KATTUMANNAR KOIL

Sri Veerananarayana Perumal temple

Thirumangai Alwar who lived in the middle of the 8th century has mentioned this holy place in the Thirunedunthandagam. Sri Mannadha Muni, his son Eswara Muni and grandson Alavandar alias Yamunai-thuraivar have all resided here. The last named saint defeated a northern pandit in a verbal contest and got half the Chola kingdom as a present. The village is served by the famous Veeranam or Veerananarayana tank, the biggest irrigation tank in Madras State. This temple was built by Gangai Konda Cholan (Rajendra I). There are numerous inscriptions in several places in the temple. It is believed that God gave

dharsan to Madanga Maharishi and Sri Mannadha Munigal.

The presiding deity of the temple is Sri Veerananarayana Perumal with His consort Sri Maragathavalli Thayar. The other deities are Sri Azhagiyanannar, Sri Rajagopalaswamy and Sri Sengamalanachiar. All the Moolavars are made of brick and mortar. The festival idols are made of Panchalogam.

The non-hereditary priest who is paid a monthly salary offers 4 poojas daily at 8 a.m., 11 a.m., 7 p.m. and 9 p.m. The ornaments in the temple are worth about Rs. 10,000/-. The income from immovable properties comprising 4 acres of wet and 15 acres of dry lands is Rs. 2,000/- per annum. There are two wooden palanquins which are 200 years old. Repairs are made whenever necessary. The Brahmotsavam in the month of Chithirai is the main festival and about 2,000 devotees attend it.

Three trustees appointed by the Hindu Religious and Charitable Endowments Board, manage the temple.

273 KALNATTAMPULIYUR

Sri Patanjaleeswaraswamy temple

As the Lingam was installed by Patanjali Rishi its name is Sri Patanjaleeswarar. As Sundaramurthy Nayanar has sung about this deity, the temple was in existence in the 8th century. According to the stone inscriptions in the temple, it was built by Vikrama Chola (1118-1136). Chola rulers have made endowments for the maintenance of the temple. It covers an area of one acre and has a small gopuram and two prakarams. The Moolavar is an Aarsha (ஆர்ஷா) Lingam and His consort is Sri Ambujakshi. There are several sub-deities among whom are Sri Viswanathar (Lingam), Visalakshi, Gajalakshmi, Murugar with Valli and Deivayanai, Brahma, Maha Vishnu, Saneeswaran, Suryan, etc. There are 15 festival idols made of copper of which there is one for Patanjali Rishi.

The hereditary Gurukkal offers four poojas daily. There are a few articles of jewellery in the shrine. The immovable properties comprise 29.17 acres of wet and 1.89 acres of dry lands which fetch 600 kalamms of paddy per annum. The vahanas include 2 rishabams, a horse, a peacock and a palanquin. They are all made of wood and are 60 years old. Of the several festivals, Vaikasi Visakam and Arudhra Dharisanam in Margazhi are the main ones. About 500 devotees attend them.

Five trustees manage the temple.

CHIDAMBARAM

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal deity	Other important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
1	2	Melvalaya-madevi	Sri Vanavakotteswarar temple (S)	1000	1'00	Sri Vanavakotteswarar Sri Oppilamangai	Sri Chandikeswarar
2	„	do	Sri Vedanarayana Perumal temple (V)	Not stated	1'00	Sri Vedanarayana Perumal	...
3	4	Erumbur	Sri Dhrowpathiamman temple (F)	43	0'25	Sri Dhrowpathiamman	...
4	„	do	Sri Kadambavaneswarar temple (S)	1000	1'00	Sri Kadambavaneswarar Sri Kalyanasundari	...
5	7	Pinnalur	Sri Ramalingeswarar temple (S)	150	0'50	Sri Ramalingeswarar	Sri Dhakshina-murthy
6	8	Ambapuram	Sri Kailasanathaswamy temple (S)	50	0'30	Sri Kailasanathaswamy	...
7	29	Kothatai	Sri Chetti Veerappaswamy temple (O)	65	0'50	Sri Chetti Veerappa-swamy	...
8	„	do	Sri Koothandavaraswamy temple (O)	85	1'45	Sri Koothandavar-swamy	Sri Ayyanar Sri Chetti Veera-ppaswamy Sri Angalamman
9	31	Agaram H/o Portonovo	Sri Adimooleswaraswamy temple (S)	300	1'17	Sri Adimooleswaraswamy Sri Amirdhavalli Amman	Sri Neelakandar Sri Durgaiamman Sri Gajalakshmi
10	„	do	Sri Dhrowpathiamman temple (F)	150	0'24	Sri Dhrowpathiamman	Sri Rudrapathy Eswarar

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Neyveli Railway station 7 miles	8.10	...	...	...	29 bags of paddy & Rs. 20/-	...	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No
do	Extent	not	stated	...	Not stated	10,000	Car Palanquin Vahanas-2	Four times a day by a Bhattachariar	Brahmothsavam in Vaikasi
Neyveli Railway station 9 miles	...	6.00	...	132-Coco-nut & Iluppai trees	7 bags of paddy & Rs. 350/-	120	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Chettiar	No
do	...	...	6.00	...	400	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
Vadalur Railway station	...	...	22.00	...	Not stated	500	...	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
Vadalur Railway station 7 miles	...	...	...	...	...	...	Ratham	do	Navarathri Sivarathri Annabishegam
Portonovo Railway station 3 miles	0.63	1.10	...	...	1,000	Value not stated	Garuda Horse Bandicoot	Daily pooja by a hereditary Chettiar	Panguni Uthiram
do	6.68	14.66	...	...	3,000	do	Car Garudas-2 Horses-2 Bandicoot Lion	Daily pooja by a hereditary Poosari	Annual festival in Chithirai
Portonovo Railway station ½ mile	17.19	46.12	...	...	2,000	1,000	Cars-2	Four times a day by a Gurukkal	Brahmothsavam in Masi Navarathri
Portonovo Railway station ¼ mile	6.22	34.16	...	...	1,000	...	...	Twice in a day by a Poosari	Siruthondar Uthsavam in Chithirai

CHIDAMBARAM

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
11	31	Agaram H/o Portonovo	Sri Kasi Viswanathaswamy temple (S)	200	0.51	Sri Kasi Viswanathaswamy Sri Visalakshiamman	...
12	„	do	Sri Kumaran temple (M)	300	1.08	Sri Muthukumaraswamy	Sri Viswanathar Sri Visalakshi
13	„	Portonovo	Sri Ellaiamman (alias) Odathurai Amman temple (F)	300	0.10	Sri Ellaiamman	...
14	„	do	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	250	1.00	Sri Varadarajaperumal	...
15	46	Perianergunam	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	15	0.21	Sri Mariamman	Sri Kaliyamman Sri Pidari Sri Ayyanar Sri Veeran
16	47	Agara Alam-badi	Sri Vedapureeswarar temple (S)	25	0.04	Sri Vedapureeswarar	...
17	„	do	Sri Vedanarayana Perumal temple (V)			Sri Vedanarayana Perumal	...
18	48	Gudalaya-thur	Sri NARTHANA Vallabheswarar temple (S)	1000	0.57	Sri NARTHANA Vallabheswarar Sri Gnanasakthi Sri Parasakthi	Sri Chandikeswarar Sri Dhakshinamurthy Sri Lakshmi
19	50	Mudikondanallur	Sri Ayyanar temple (O)	200	0.10	Sri Ayyanar (alias) Kodiyakatha Perumal Sri Pushkalambal Sri Poorani	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Portonovo Railway station 2 miles	...	4'13	...	...	300	...	Vahanas-2	Four times a day by a Gurukkal	Masi Magam Navarathri
do	...	29'89	...	...	1,400	1,000	Car	do	No
Portonovo Railway station $\frac{1}{2}$ mile	5'32	...	...	...	450	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Chettiar	Adi Pooram
do	...	...	24'00	...	1,500	...	Garuda	Twice in a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar	Vaikunta Ekadasi Masi Magam Tamil New Year's day
Chidambaram Railway station 3 miles	...	...	5'80	...	500	12	Kedayam Horse	Once in a day by a Poosari	Mariamman festival in Adi Navarathri
Vinna Mangalam Railway station 8 miles	5'26	2'82	...	...	Income does not accrue	...	...	No	No
do									
Chidambaram Railway station 16 miles	...	...	116'51	...	6,000	10,000	Car Palanquin Vahanas-7	Four times a day by a Gurukkal	Brahmothsavam in Masi Navarathri Arudhra Dharisanam Thai Poosam
Chidambaram Railway station 15 miles	...	...	7'00	Grove	400	100	...	Once in a day by a Poosari	No

CHIDAMBARAM

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
20	53	Velliakudi H/o Bhuthan- gudi	Sri Vedapureswarar temple (S)	70	0.03	Sri Vedapureswarar	...
21		do	Sri Ayyanar temple (O)			Sri Ayyanar	...
22	54	Sathamangalam	Sri Agastheeswarar temple (S)	60	4.00	Sri Agastheeswaraswamy	Sri Hariharaputhrar Sri Sivaloganathaswamy
23	55	Paradur	Sri Agastheeswarar temple (S)	60	0.10	Sri Agastheeswarar	...
24	"	do	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	60	1.00	Sri Varadarajaperumal	...
25	57	Orathur	Sri Margasahayeswarar temple (S)	100	0.84	Sri Margasahayeswarar Sri Maragadhavalliamman	...
26	61	Bhuvanagiri	Sri Poongavanathamman temple (F)	60	0.11	Sri Poongavanathamman	...
27	"	Adivarahanatham H/o Bhuvanagiri	Sri Venkatesa Perumal temple (V)	1000	0.43	Sri Venkatesa Perumal Sri Alamelu Mangai Thayar	Sri Srinivasa Perumal Sri Ramar
28	62	Mel Bhuvanagiri	Sri Kailasanathaswamy temple (S)	100	0.03	Sri Kailasanathaswamy Sri Kalyanasundariamman	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet	Dry	Wet and dry			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels)	Vahanas		
	A.C.	A.C.	A.C.			Rs.			
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Chidambaram Railway station 12 miles	Extent	not	stated	...	1,200	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
do									
do	Extent	not	stated	...	150 kalams of paddy	...	Car Elephant Bhutham Ratham	Thrice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Vasanthotsavam in Chithirai
Chidambaram Railway station 10 miles	Extent	not	stated	...	3,000	3,000	...	do	No
do									
do	15'93	14'06	...	...	4,000	300	Ratham Manjam	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Panguni Uthiram Navarathri Karthigai Deepam Thai Poosam
Chidambaram Railway station 5 miles	4'66	...	...	...	75 kalams of paddy	...	...	Once in a day by a Chettiar	Brahmothsavam in Masi
Chidambaram Railway station 6 miles	1'68	1'36	...	...	34½ kalams of paddy	143	Car Palanquin Garuda Horse	Six times a day by a Bhatta-chariar	Brahmothsavam in Masi Vaikunta Ekadasi
Chidambaram Railway station 5 miles	6'18	...	...	...	50 bags of paddy	100	...	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	No

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religions							
29	62	Mel Bhuvanagiri	Sri Vedapureswarar temple (S)	Not stated	0.64	Sri Vedapureswarar Sri Meenakshiamman	...
30	64	Kil Bhuvanagiri	Sri Anjaneyaswamy temple (V)	65	0.01	Sri Anjaneyaswamy	...
31	65	Ayipuram	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	60	0.25	Sri Mariamman	...
32	68	Theethampalayam	Sri Kutty Andavar temple (O)	Not stated	0.05	Sri Kutty Andavar	...
33	"	do	Sri Hariharaputhraswamy temple (O)	do	0.02	Sri Hariharaputhraswamy	...
34	"	do	Sri Chembuveerappan temple (O)	do	0.02	Sri Chembuveerappan	...
35	69	C. Muthlur	Sri Pidari temple (F)	51	0.94	Sri Pidari	Sri Ayyanar
36	"	do	Dhrowpathiamman temple (F)	100	0.19	Sri Dhrowpathiamman	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Chidambaram Railway station 5 miles	0.58	...	...	...	13 kalams of paddy	800	Car Palanquin Rishabam Manjams-4	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Masi Magam Skandha Sashti Sivarathri Pittukkuman-chumandha Uthsavam Arudhra Dharisanam Thai Poosam
do	1.77	...	...	...	Not stated	...	...	Daily pooja by a Rayar	Vijaya Dhasami Karthigai Deepam Hanumantha Jayanthi
Chidambaram Railway station 10 miles	5.32	...	...	...	25 bags of paddy	...	Lion Swan	Once in a day by a hereditary Padayachi	Navarathri Kavadi Uthsavam in Chithirai
Kille Railway station 3 miles	...	11.00	...	25-Coconut trees & 15-Tamarind trees	750	...	...	Once in a day by a Dheekshidar	Brahmothsavam in Thai Navarathri
do	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	do	Brahmothsavam for 6 days in Thai
do	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	do	do
Kille Railway station 1½ miles	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Once in a day by a Poosari	No
do	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Once in a day by a Bhatta-chariar	No

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
37	69	C. Muthlur	Sri Srinivasa Perumal temple (V)	49	0.10	Sri Srinivasa Perumal	...
38	70	Punjaimahathuvalkarai	Sri Vinayagar temple (G)	100	0.03	Sri Vinayagar	...
39	„	do	Sri Veeramman temple (F)	100	0.01	Sri Vecramman	...
40	71	Punjai maduvangarai	Sri Vinayagar temple (G)	100	0.03	Sri Vinayagar	...
41	73	Manampadi H/o Killai	Sri Thillaiamman temple (F)	100	0.15	Sri Thillaiamman	...
42	76	Mel-Anuvampattu H/o Thillai-nayagapuram	Sri Paradesi Appar temple (O)	80	0.02	Sri Paradesi Appar	...
43	77	Kilmoongiladi	Sri Srinivasa Perumal temple (V)	50	0.06	Sri Srinivasa Perumal	...
44	„	do	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	15	0.10	Sri Mariamman	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Kille Railway station $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles	Extent	not	stated	...	500	...	...	Twice in a day by a Bhatta-chariar	No
Kille Railway station 1 mile	6.00	...	...	1-House	1,500	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
do									
Kille Railway station 2 miles	...	3.83	...	...	1,000	...	Elephant Horse	do	No
Portonovo Railway station $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles	...	...	4.24	...	105 kalams of paddy	Value not stated	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No
Kille Railway station 2 miles	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Once in a day by a Poosari	No
Kille Railway station $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles	...	...	2.05	...	200	...	Palanquin	Once in a day by a Bhatta-chariar	Sri Rama Navami Vaikunta Ekadasi Sri Jayanthi Chithra-pournami
do	...	...	5.77	...	250	...	Ratham	Once in a day by a Poosari	Thai Poosam Masi Magam Tamil New Year's day Amman festival in Adi

CHIDAMBARAM

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
45	85	Vakkur H/o Poonthottam	Sri Selliamman temple (F)	100	2'00	Sri Selliamman	Sri Vinayagar
46	„	Poonthottam	Sri Kanchamalai Eswaraswamy temple (S)	100	4'17	Sri Kanchamalai Eswarar Sri Pachai Ayi	...
47	86	Veyyalur	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	100	0'01	Sri Mariamman	...
48	„	do	Sri Selliamman temple (F)	do	Below 0'01	Sri Selliamman	...
49	„	do	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	do	0'01	Sri Varadarajaperumal	...
50	„	Vadapakkam H/o Veyyalur	Sri Lakshminarayana Perumal temple (V)	60	0'86	Sri Lakshminarayana Perumal	Sri Dhrowpathiamman
51	90	Kanur	Sri Selliamman temple (F)	67	1'59	Sri Selliamman	...
52	98	Kunaman-galam	Sri Manickanachiar temple (F)	Not stated	0'03	Sri Manickanachiar	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Chidambaram Railway station 12 miles	3'09	...	...	...	67 kalams of paddy	...	...	Once in a day by a Poosari	No
Chidambaram Railway station 13 miles	4'33	...	...	...	800	...	...	No	No
Chidambaram Railway station 15 miles	Extent	not	stated	...	1,200	...	...	Once in a week by a Poosari	No
do									
do									
Chidambaram Railway station 12 miles	Extent	not	stated	...	325 kalams of paddy	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Poosari	Fire festival
Chidambaram Railway station 16 miles	...	...	5'00	...	350	450	Car Palanquin Lion Swan Horse Elephant Nagam	Twice in a week by a Poosari	Panguni Uthiram
Vriddhachalam Railway station 12 miles	...	1'55	...	...	20 kalams of paddy	...	...	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	No

CHIDAMBARAM

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religions							
53	98	Kunaman-galam	Sri Dhrowpathiamman temple (F)	70	Not stated	Sri Dhrowpathiamman	...
54	"	do	Sri Biksheswaraswamy temple (S)	200	0.10	Sri Biksheswaraswamy	...
55	101	Anandakudi	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	100	0.10	Sri Mariamman	...
56	"	do	Sri Pillayar temple (G)	100	0.08	Sri Pillayar	...
57	104	Srimushnam	Sri Nitheeswarar temple (S)	800	4.00	Sri Nitheeswarar Sri Brahannayagi	...
58	"	do	Sri Padavettu Mariamman temple (F)	25	0.01	Sri Padavettu Mariamman	...
59	111	Valasakadu	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	100	Below 0.01	Sri Varadarajaperumal	...
60	113	Vattathur	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	300	0.01	Sri Varadarajaperumal	Sri Ayyanar Sri Pidariamman
61	114	Valakollai H/o Odakka-nallur	Sri Angalamman temple (F)	200	0.04	Sri Angalamman	Sri Pillayar Sri Veerabhadrar Sri Arianachi Sri Pavadairayan

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Vriddhachalam Railway station 12 miles	...	2'98	...	...	Not stated	...	...	Twice in a week by a Poosari	No
do	Extent	not	stated	Grove	200 kalams of paddy & Rs. 100/-	100	...	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	No
Vriddhachalam Railway station 8 miles	...	...	8'00	...	1,200	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Chettiar	Amman festival in Adi
do	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	do	No
Vriddhachalam Railway station 12 miles	1'70	3'50	...	Grove 2 acres	26 kalams of paddy & Rs. 350/-	...	Rishabam Peacock Bandicoot Horse Palanquin	Thrice in a day by a Gurukkal	Karthigai Deepam Vinayaga Chathurthi Arudhra Dharisanam
do	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	No	No
Chidambaram Railway station 15 miles	3'60	2'47	...	...	60 kalams of paddy	...	Palanquin Ratham	Once in a day by a Madhva	Chithrapournami
do	3'61	3'51	...	1-School & 88-Tamarind trees	1,090	...	...	Once in a day by a Bhatta-chariar	Tamil New Year's day
do	5'04	0'91	...	...	1,200	1,621	Rishabam Horse Bandicoot Manjam Lion	Once in a day by a hereditary Naicker	No

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
62	114	Odakka-nallur	Sri Balasubramania-swamy temple (M)	250	Below 0'01	Sri Balasubramania-swamy	Sri Mariamman Sri Pillayar Sri Dhandayudha-pani Sri Manmathan Sri Rathi Sri Venkatesa-perumal
63	118	Madurantha-ganallur	Sri Arunachaleswarar temple (S)	150	0'40	Sri Arunachaleswarar	...
64	120	Kilnatham	Sri Somasundareswarar temple (S)	Not stated	0'04	Sri Somasundareswarar Sri Meenakshiamman	Sri Lakshminarayana Perumal
65	122	Kannangudi	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	13	Not stated	Sri Varadarajaperumal	...
66	123	Parameswarana-allur	Sri Brahmarayar temple (O)	700	0'30	Sri Brahmarayar	...
67	124	Ennainagara-m	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	100	0'10	Sri Mariamman	...
68	128	Kovilampoondi	Sri Muniappar temple (O)	100	0'05	Sri Muniappar	...
69	129	Pinnathur	Sri Kothandaramaswamy temple (V)	80	0'25	Sri Kothandaramaswamy	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Ra.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Chidambaram Railway station 15 miles	3.40	...	...	...	300	78	Ratham Rishabam Peacock Bandicoot	Once in a day by a Poosari	Panguni Uthiram
Chidambaram Railway station 9 miles	...	...	16.00	...	2,000	...	...	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal and a Bhattachariar	No
Chidambaram Railway station 7 miles	6.00	...	...	...	100 kalamas of paddy	...	Swan Peacock	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	No
Chidambaram Railway station 4 miles	20.00	...	...	...	2,500	...	...	Twice in a day by a Bhattachariar	No
Chidambaram Railway station 1 mile	Extent	not	stated	...	1,000	15	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No
Chidambaram Railway station 5 miles	11.00	...	...	...	1,500	...	...	do	Mariamman festival for 3 days in Adi
Kille Railway station 1½ miles	3.57	3.35	...	...	Income does not accrue	...	...	No	No
Kille Railway station 2½ miles	100.00	...	...	House sites 1.50 acres	1,400 kalamas of paddy	100	Palanquin Horse Nagam Elephant Peacock Garuda Anjaneya	Twice in a day by a Bhattachariar	Brahmothsavam in Chithirai Sri Rama Navami Vaikunta Ekadasi

CHI DAMBARAM

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religions							
70	129	Pinnathur	Sri Ramanatheeswarar temple (S)	50	0.04	Sri Ramanatheeswarar	...
71	135	Kothangudi	Sri Kariaperumal temple (O)	200	0.09	Sri Kariaperumal (alias) Vceraperumal	Sri Vinayagar Sri Subramaniam
72	136	Chidambaram	Sri Thillai Govindaraja Perumal temple (V)	Not stated	1.00	Sri Thillai Govindaraja Perumal Sri Thayar	Sri Kothandaramaswamy Sri Narasimhaswamy Sri Venugopalswamy
73	"	do	Sri Velalkatti Pillayar temple (G)	400	0.05	Sri Velalkatti Pillayar	...
74	"	do	Sri Selliamman temple (F)	300	1.00	Sri Selliamman	...
75	"	do	Sri Anandeeswarar temple (S)	Not stated	2.00	Sri Anandeeswarar Sri Soundharyanayaki	Sri Arunachaleswarar Sri Dhakshinamurthy
76	"	do	Sri Areeswaramudayar temple (S)	60	0.05	Sri Areeswaramudayar Sri Ambigai	...
77	"	do	Sri Kamaleeswarar temple (S)	40	0.32	Sri Kamaleeswarar Sri Kamalambigai	...
78	"	do	Sri Kamakshiamman temple (S)	433	0.11	Sri Kamakshiamman	Sri Vinayagar Sri Azhakeswarar Sri Azhakambigai

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet	Dry	Wet and dry			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels)	Vahanas		
	A.C.	A.C.	A.C.			Rs.			
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)

and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)

Kille Railway station 2½ miles	0.61	0.70	12.64	...	15 kalams of paddy	...	Rishabam	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Brahmothsavam in Chithirai
Chidambaram Railway station 1 mile	5.03	7.50	...	100-Palmyra trees	75 kalams of paddy & Rs. 165/-	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Dheekshidar	No
do	...	...	20.00	...	5,000	25,000	Garuda Horse Sesa Mangalagiri Pinnakkal	Seven times a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar	Adi Pooram Pavitra Uthsavam Navarathri Vaikunta Ekadasi
Chidambaram Railway station	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Twice in a day by a Dheekshidar	No
do	2.60	...	...	5-Shops & 2-House sites	58 kalams of paddy & Ra. 1,300/-	300	Swan Peacock Chandra Prabai Palanquin	do	Brahmothsavam in Panguni Navarathri
do	78.81	23.04	...	...	25,000	2,000	...	Four times a day by a Gurukkal	Vaikasi Visakam
do	...	...	...	1-House	...	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
do	...	...	...	1-House site	480	...	...	Once in a day by a Dheekshidar	No
do	...	...	...	3-Tamarind trees & 25-House sites	3,252	Value not stated	Lion Sooran	Twice in a day by a Dheekshidar	Brahmothsavam in Purattasi for 10 days

CHIDAMBARAM

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
79	136	Chidambaram	Sri Ilamaiyakkinar temple (S)	Not stated	1.00	Sri Thiruppuleeswarar (Ilamaiyakkinar or Yowvaneswarar)	...
80	138	C. Veerasolagan	Sri Dhrowpathiamman temple (F)	100	Below 0.01	Sri Dhrowpathiamman Sri Arjunar	Sri Krishnan
81	139	Thunisiramadu	Sri Ekambareswarar temple (S)	75	0.45	Sri Ekambareswarar Sri Kamakshiamman	Sri Dhakshinamurthy
82	141	K. Adoor	Sri Narthanapureeswarar temple (S)	Not stated	0.01	Sri Narthanapureeswarar Sri Hasthalambigai	...
83	"	do	Sri Selliamman temple (F)	} do	Below 0.01	Sri Selliamman	...
84	"	do	Sri Ayyanar temple (O)			Sri Ayyanar	...
85	142	Pannapattu	Sri Somasundaraswamy temple (S)	Not stated	0.05	Sri Somasundaraswamy	Sri Kaliyamman Sri Ayyanar
86	143	Ayyanurakaraman-galam	Sri Vinayagar temple (G)	35	Below 0.01	Sri Vinayagar	Sri Siva Sri Pidariamman
87	"	do	Sri Muthukumaraswamy temple (M)	100	Below 0.01	Sri Muthukumaraswamy	...
88	144	Vilagam	Sri Amarapureeswarar temple (S)	200	0.25	Sri Amarapureeswarar	Sri Agastheeswarar

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Chidambaram Railway station	14.06	...	...	13-House sites & Houses	3,800	34,612	...	Four times a day by a Gurukkal	Thirunelakandanayanar festival Navarathri
Chidambaram Railway station 5 miles	6.11	0.76	...	...	2,000	200	...	Once in a day a Poosari	No
Chidambaram Railway station 4 miles	6.39	...	...	...	120 kalams of paddy	...	...	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
Chidambaram Railway station 8 miles	...	...	24.41	...	801 kalams of paddy & Rs. 50/-	...	...	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	No
do	}	...	...	13.11	...	432 kalams of paddy	...	do	Annual festival in Adi
do		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
do	...	...	14.00	...	100 kalams of paddy	...	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal and a Poosari	do
Chidambaram Railway station 9 miles	}	...	...	6.78	...	66 bags of paddy	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Mudaliar	No
do		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chidambaram Railway station 12 miles	5.63	9.16	...	...	4,000	1,000	...	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Navarathri Sivarathri Vinayaga Chathurthi

CHIDAMBARAM

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
89	144	Vilagam	Sri Subramaniaswamy temple (M)	200	0.15	Sri Subramaniaswamy	...
90	"	Pudu Vilagam H/o Vilagam	Sri Somasundareswarar temple (S)	69	0.19	Sri Somasundareswarar Sri Meenakshi Amman	...
91	145	Therkuvri- thangan	Sri Swarnapureswarar temple (S)	65	0.09	Sri Swarnapureswarar Sri Jagadhambigai	Sri Karpaga Pillayar
92	146	Pudaiyur	Sri Valarpureswarar temple (S)	1000	0.75	Sri Valarpureswarar Sri Maruppinaimulai- amman	...
93	"	do	Sri Dharmarajar temple (O)	Not stated	0.05	Sri Dharmarajar	...
94	148	Kilpalayam- kottai	Sri Puthumariamman temple (F)	3	0.04	Sri Mariamman	Sri Kathavarayan Sri Veeran Sri Karuppazhagi
95	"	do	Sri Narthana Vinayagar temple (G)			Sri Narthana Vinayagar	...
96	152	Vanamadevi	Sri Pesum Perumal temple (O)	100	3.00	Sri Pesum Perumal	...
97	153	Kaliomalai	Sri Swarnapureswarar temple (S)	120	0.08	Sri Swarnapureswarar	Sri Durgai
98	155	T. Nedunjeri	Sri Chella Pillayar temple (G)	200	0.01	Sri Chella Pillayar	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Chidambaram Railway station 12 miles	1'64	13'01	...	...	400	200	...	Twice in a day by a Dheekshidar	No
do	21'46	...	...	...	500 kalams of paddy	700	...	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	No
Chidambaram Railway station 15 miles	14'41	0'18	...	...	600 kalams of paddy	300	...	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Sivarathri Navarathri Karthigai Deepam
Chidambaram Railway station 18 miles	...	10'18	...	...	900	...	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No
do	...	3'40	...	...	250	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Padayachi	No
Chidambaram Railway station	0'58	0'75	...	...	100	...	Peacock Horse	Once in a day by a hereditary Poosari	Annual festival in Chithirai
do								Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
Chidambaram Railway station 20 miles	...	...	3'71	55'62	300	...	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No
Chidambaram Railway station 12 miles	...	8'38	17'03	...	3,000	...	...	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Panguni Uthiram
Chidambaram Railway station 10 miles	...	...	2'89	...	600	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No

CHIDAMBARAM

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
99	155	T. Nedunjeri	Sri Venugopalaswamy temple (V)	60	0.02	Sri Venugopalaswamy	...
100	156	Mugaiyur	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	50	0.03	Sri Mariamman	...
101		Perungalur H/o Mugaiyur	Sri Agastheeswarar temple (S)	Not stated	0.04	Sri Agastheeswarar Sri Maragadambal	...
102	157	Kuduveli	Sri Sanjeevirayar temple (V)	150	0.04	Sri Sanjeevirayar	...
103	159	Nanjalur	Sri Kolazhiamman temple (F)	45	0.08	Sri Kolazhiamman	...
104	162	Koothan- koil	Sri Ponniamman temple (F)	100	Not stated	Sri Ponniamman	Sri Pillayar
105	164	Thillainaya- ganallur H/o Usuppur	Sri Mathindeeswarar temple (S)	Not stated	0.20	Sri Mathindeeswarar Sri Mangalambigai	...
106	"	Usuppur	Sri Kailasanathaswamy temple (S)	100	0.02	Sri Kailasanathaswamy	...
107	"	do	Sri Paradesiappar temple (O)	100	2.04	Sri Paradesiappar	Sri Kailasanatha- swamy Sri Pillayar Sri Pidari Sri Mariamman Sri Mathindee- swarar

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Vriddhachalam Railway station 17 miles	...	...	9'00	...	1,200	...	...	Once in a day by a Bhatta-chariar	No
Chidambaram Railway station 7 miles	...	...	0'68	...	150	...	Manjams-2	Daily pooja by a hereditary Poosari	No
Chidambaram Railway station 3 miles	4'98	...	...	...	75 kalams of paddy	...	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No
Chidambaram Railway station 5½ miles	3'99	...	...	...	55 kalams of paddy	...	...	Once in a day by a Bhatta-chariar	No
Chidambaram Railway station 4 miles	9'31	...	...	...	200 kalams of paddy	...	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No
Chidambaram Railway station 2 miles	3'70	...	...	...	60 kalams of paddy	...	...	do	No
Chidambaram Railway station 1 mile	3'99	2'00	...	...	50 kalams of paddy	...	...	Once in a day by a Dheckshidar	No
Chidambaram Railway station 2½ miles	5'52	0'20	...	...	76 kalams of paddy	...	...	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Annabishegam Sivarathri
do	...	...	14'59	...	Not stated	...	...	Daily pooja by a hereditary Poosari	Navarathri Mariamman festival

CHIDAMBARAM

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal deity	Other important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
108	165	Thiruvakulam	Sri Pasupatheeswarar temple (S)	Not stated	1.00	Sri Pasupatheeswarar Sri Sargunambigai	Sri Koothandavar
109	167	Vasaputhur	Sri Viswanathaswamy temple (S)	50	0.15	Sri Viswanathaswamy	Sri Mariamman Sri Pidari
110	169	Gavarapattu	Sri Chandrasekhara-swamy temple (S)	100	0.10	Sri Chandrasekhara-swamy Sri Kamakshiamman	...
111	174	Sivapuri	Sri Uchinathaswamy temple (S)	100	1.69	Sri Uchinathaswamy Sri Kanakambigai	Sri Palvannanathar
112	180	Vaiyur	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	90	Not stated	Sri Mariamman	...
113	"	do	Sri Kailasanathar temple (S)			Sri Kailasanathar	...
114	184	Themmur	Sri Rajagambeeswarar temple (S)	100	do	Sri Rajagambeeswarar Sri Rajagambeeswari	Sri Poomalarndanayagi Sri Sanjeevirayar Sri Vedaveeran
115	193	Tc. Puthur	Sri Valmeekanatheswarar temple (S)	75	0.62	Sri Valmeekanatheswarar Sri Kamalambigai	...
116	195	Rayanallur	Sri Meenakshisundareswarar temple (S)	30	0.25	Sri Meenakshisundareswarar Sri Meenakshiamman	Sri Adikesava-perumal

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Chidambaram Railway station 1 mile	4.87	...	...	1-Madam	1,900	...	Car Rishabams-2 Manjam	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Vaikasi Visakam
Chidambaram Railway station 3 miles	16.02	1.95	...	...	3,750	50	...	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	No
Chidambaram Railway station 4 miles	...	...	7.08	...	900	1,000	...	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	No
Chidambaram Railway station 2 miles	5.96	1.22	...	...	2,000	2,000	Rishabams-2 Palanquin Bandicoot Manjams-2	Four times a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Vaikasi Visakam Navarathri
Vallampadugai Railway station 3 miles	...	...	2.95	...	370 kalams of paddy	...	...	Daily Pooja by a Gurukkal	No
do	...	...	6.52	...					
Chidambaram Railway station 8 miles	8.00	...	...	...	600	Value not stated	Manjam	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal (A Harijan priest offers pooja to Sri Vedaveeran)	No
Chidambaram Railway station 11 miles	26.27	2.03	...	...	420 kalams of paddy	...	Horse Peacock Bandicoot	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Karthigai Deepam Vijaya Dasami
Chidambaram Railway station 15 miles	4.18	...	...	...	450	150	...	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	No

TEMPLES OF MADRAS STATE
CHIDAMBARAM

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
117	200	Chiruchinnapuram	Sri Anandeeswaraswamy temple (S)	Not stated	1'03	Sri Anandeeswaraswamy	...
118	202	Ma. Kothangudi	Sri Thoneeswarar temple (S)	500	0'05	Sri Thoneeswaraswamy Sri Mangalambigai	...
119	203	Neivasal	Sri Sundareswarar temple (S)	100	0'30	Sri Sundareswarar Sri Soundaryanayaki	...
120	207	Vilathur-thiruppaniyapuram H/o Melnedumbur	Sri Narasimhaperumal temple (V)	35	0'03	Sri Narasimhaperumal	...
121	„	Melnedumbur	Sri Vedapureeswaraswamy temple (S)	300	1'20	Sri Vedapureeswaraswamy	...
122	208	Meyyathur	Sri Sundareswarar temple (S)	250	0'50	Sri Sundareswarar Sri Soundaryanayaki	...
123	212	Karuppur	Sri Kailasanathaswamy temple (S)	100	0'15	Sri Kailasanathaswamy	Sri Vilanganni Ayyanar
124	213	Nallamputhur	Sri Ellaiamman temple (F)	60	0'15	Sri Ellaiamman	Sri Vinayagar Sri Subramaniam
125	216	Kilakkarai H/o Komarakshi	Sri Gangaimuthu-mariamman temple (F)	65	Below 0'01	Sri Gangaimuthu-mariamman	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet	Dry	Wet and dry			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
	A.C.	A.C.	A.C.			Rs.			
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Chidambaram Railway station 15 miles	...	...	5.60	...	100 kalamas of paddy	...	...	Daily pooja by a Gurukkal	No
do	...	...	3.99	...	48 kalamas of paddy	...	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No
Chidambaram Railway station 13 miles	26.05	0.20	...	4-Houses	Not stated	1,000	Peacock Swan Rishabam	Four times a day by a Gurukkal	No
Chidambaram Railway station 12 miles	7.80	...	...	...	100 kalamas of paddy	100	...	Once in a day by a Bhatta-chariar	Adi Pooram
Chidambaram Railway station 14½ miles	...	...	8.99	...	270 kalamas of paddy	1,500	...	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Skandha Sashti
Chidambaram Railway station 8 miles	10.17	0.85	...	...	80 kalamas of paddy	...	...	Daily pooja by a Gurukkal	No
Vallampadugai Railway station 4 miles	9.00	...	...	...	1,800	900	...	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	No
Vallampadugai Railway station 4½ miles	3.55	5.77	...	...	1,300	...	...	Twice in a day by a Poosari	Annual festival in Chithirai or Vaikasi
Vallampadugai Railway station 9 miles	2.00	...	...	...	55 kalamas of paddy	...	...	Once in a day by a Mudaliar	Annual festival in Chithirai

CHIDAMBARAM

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
126	218	Veeranatham H/o Thirunarayur	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	100	0.11	Sri Varadarajaperumal Sri Perundevithayar	Sri Ayyanar
127	221	Lalpettai	Sri Kamakshiamman temple (S)	100	0.06	Sri Kamakshiamman	Sri Chandikeswarar Sri Bhairavar
128	"	do	Sri Viswanathaswamy temple (S)	Not stated	0.16	Sri Viswanathaswamy Sri Visalakshi	...
129	"	Kollimalai H/o Lalpettai	Sri Sivaloganathar temple (S)	500	0.66	Sri Sivaloganathar Sri Gnanambigai	Sri Dhakshinamurthi
130	222	Rudrasolai	Sri Nallavemba Ayyanar temple (O)	200	Not stated	Sri Nallavemba Ayyanar	Sri Vinayagar
131	223	Nattarman- galam	Sri Sidhi Vinayagar temple (G)	60	0.16	Sri Sidhi Vinayagar	...
132	"	do	Sri Ayyanar temple (O)	100	0.04	Sri Ayyanar	...
133	"	do	Sri Dharmarajar temple (O)	100	0.10	Sri Dharmarajar Sri Dhrowpathi- amman	...
134	"	do	Sri Kailasanathar temple (S)	100	0.15	Sri Kailasanathar	...
135	"	do	Sri Pidari temple (F)	100	0.02	Sri Pidari	Sri Selliamman

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)

and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)

Chidambaram Railway station 12 miles	5'00	...	...	...	60 kalams of paddy	50	Horse Garuda Palanquin	Once in a day by a Bhatta-chariar	No
Chidambaram Railway station 14 miles	0'11	...	...	Coconut trees & 2-Vacant sites	300	50	Lion	Once in a day by a Viswakarma	Navarathri Mahishasura Samharam in Purattasi
do	0'34	3'09	...	...	500	50	...	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	No
do	16'00	30'00	...	Tamarind & Mango trees	250 kalams of paddy & Rs. 350/-	...	...	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Thai Poosam Skandha Sashti
do	...	6'26	...	...	200	...	...	Once in a day by a Poosari	No
Chidambaram Railway station 17 miles	0'25	1'67	...	...	5 kalams of paddy & Rs. 100/-	...	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No
do	1'26	0'89	...	...	300	...	...	do	No
do	0'69	0'29	...	...	300	...	Manjam	do	No
do	14'29	15'50	...	...	5,000	...	...	Daily pooja by a Gurukkal	Navarathri Sivarathri
do	2'94	0'60	...	...	1,000	...	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No

CHIDAMBARAM

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
136	225	Vecranandapuram	Sri Kothandaramaswamy temple (V)	100	0.48	Sri Kothandaramar	...
137	229	Kattuman-narkoil	Sri Dhrowpathiamman temple (F)	Not stated	0.06	Sri Dhrowpathiamman	...
138	„	Thirumoolasthanam H/o Kattumannar-koil	Sri Thirumoolanathar temple (S)	500	0.67	Sri Thirumoolanathar Sri Krupambigai	Sri Dhakshina-murthy Sri Chandikeswarar Sri Durgai Sri Saneeswarar
139	„	Udayargudi H/o Kattumannar-koil	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	60	1.00	Sri Mariamman	...
140	„	Ranjendrasolagan H/o Kattumannar-koil	Sri Tholeeswaraswamy temple (S)	75	0.35	Sri Tholeeswaraswamy Sri Swarnambigai	...
141	236	Kil Adangadi	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	100	0.11	Sri Mariamman	...
142	„	do	Sri Ayyanar temple (O)	100	Below 0.01	Sri Ayyanar	...
143	237	Elangambaur H/o Vennayur	Sri Kailasanathaswamy temple (S)	200	0.23	Sri Kailasanathaswamy	...
144	242	Ma. Arasur	Sri Chakrapani Perumal temple (V)	100	0.45	Sri Chakrapani Perumal	Sri Yoganarasimhaperumal Sri Lakshminarayana Perumal Sri Varadarajaperumal

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Chidambaram Railway station 20 miles	...	10-91	...	...	200	...	...	No	No
Chidambaram Railway station 15 miles	...	...	...	8-Shops	960	200	Horse Swan	Daily pooja by a hereditary Poosari	Navarathri
Chidambaram Railway station 17 miles	...	...	14-57	...	1,500	35	...	Twice in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Annabishegam Karthigai Deepam Navarathri Tamil New Year's day
Chidambaram Railway station 16 miles	...	0-52	...	...	100	200	Rishabam Swan Horse Palanquin	Twice in a day by a Poosari	Adi Pooram
Chidambaram Railway station 20 miles	Extent	not	stated	...	Not stated	...	Rishabam	Four times a day by a Gurukkal	No
Chidambaram Railway station 12 miles	7-00	...	...	...	150 kalamas of paddy	...	Swan Horse Bandicoot	Once in a day by a hereditary Pandaram	Annual festival in Adi
do	1-00	...	...	...		
Chidambaram Railway station 11 miles	Extent	not	stated	...	650 kalamas of paddy	100	Palanquin Peacock	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal	Masi Magam
Vallampadugai Railway station 12 miles	10-55	12-05	...	15-Tamarind & Iluppai tress	Not stated	...	Palanquin Garuda	Twice in a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar	Garuda Sevai Navarathri Masi Magam

CHIDAMBARAM

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
145	243	Ma. Pulian-gudi	Sri Viswanathaswamy temple (S)	60	0.80	Sri Viswanathaswamy	...
146	"	do	Sri Ayyanar temple (O)			Sri Ayyanar	...
147	"	do	Sri Mariamman temple (F)			Sri Mariamman	...
148	251	Mavur	Sri Viswanathaswamy temple (V)	150	0.05	Sri Viswanathaswamy	...
149	"	do	Sri Lakshminarayana Perumal temple (V)	100	0.05	Sri Lakshminarayana Perumal	
150	252	Kuppankuli-poovilander	Sri Veetrirunda Perumal temple (V)	400	0.50	Sri Veetrirunda Perumal	...
151	256	Melakadam-bur	Sri Amirdhagateswarar temple (S)	1000	3.42	Sri Amirdhagateswaraswamy	...
152	257	Velampoondi	Sri Varadarajaperumal temple (V)	60	1.00	Sri Varadarajaperumal Sri Thayar	Sri Hanumar
153	262	Sirukattur	Sri Vinayagar temple (G)	80	0.01	Sri Vinayagar	...
154	"	do	Sri Pidari temple (F)	Not stated	0.01	Sri Pidari	...
155	"	do	Sri Ayyanar temple (O)	170	0.17	Sri Ayyanar	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other im-movable property	Annual in-come from the immova-ble property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet	Dry	Wet and dry			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
	A.C.	A.C.	A.C.			Rs.			
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Chidambaram Railway station 13 miles	...	...	6'00	...	150 kalams of paddy	300	Palanquin	Once in a day by a Mudaliar	Navarathri Masi Magam
do	}	}	9'00	...	130 kalams of paddy				
do									
Chidambaram Railway station 19 miles	...	...	16'83	...	356 kalams of paddy	...	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No
do	...	...	6'30	...	108 kalams of paddy	Value not stated	Palanquin	Once in a day by a Bhatta-chariar	No
Chidambaram Railway station 15 miles	1'33	2'50	...	...	32 kalams of paddy	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Bhattachariar	No
Chidambaram Railway station 3 miles	4'63	2'04	...	...	1,500	500	...	Thrice in a day by a Gurukkal	No
Chidambaram Railway station 20 miles	...	...	20'73	...	1,000	1,000	...	Twice in a day by a Bhatta-chariar	No
Aduthurai Railway station 13 miles	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Daily pooja by a Gurukkal	No
do	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Twice in a week by a Poosari	No
do	1'46	0'09	...	...	50 kalams of paddy	...	...	do	No

CHIDAMBARAM

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples under the Hindu Religious							
156	268	Reddiyur	Sri Viswanathaswamy temple (S)	100	2.00	Sri Viswanathaswamy Sri Visalakshi	Sri Suryar Sri Bhairavar Sri Dhakshina- murthy Sri Gajalakshmi
157	271	Omampuliyur H/o Kunna- vasal	Sri Pranava Vyagrapu- reeswarar temple (S)	Not stated	0.52	Sri Pranava Vyagra- pureeswarar Sri Pushpalathambigai	Sri Dhakshina- murthy
158	"	Kochur H/o Kunna- vasal	Sri Lakshminarayana Perumal temple (V)	200	0.03	Sri Varadaraja- perumal Sri Ubayanachiar	
159	272	Muttam	Sri Pranavapureeswarar temple (S)	300	0.17	Sri Pranavapureeswarar Sri Pranavambigai	Sri Chandikes- warar Sri Venkatesa- perumal Sridevi, Bhudevi Sri Ayyanar Sri Mariamman
160	273	Kalnattam- puliur	Sri Ayyanar temple (O)	60	0.22	Sri Ayyanar	Sri Pidariamman Sri Selliamman
161	277	Kunjumedu	Sri Krishnaswamy temple (V)	400	0.53	Sri Krishnaswamy	Sri Anjaneyar

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Concl'd.)									
Chidambaram Railway station 22 miles	...	...	148.96	...	16,000	1,000	Palanquin Rishabams-2 Swan Sooran Horse Bandicoot	Four times a day by a Gurukkal	Brahmothsavam in Masi Navarathri Arudhra Dharisanam
Chidambaram Railway station 20 miles	10.74	32.04	...	...	260 kalams of paddy	300	Palanquins-4 Rishabams-3 Peacock Bandicoot Horse	Four times a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	Masi Magam Vijaya Dasami Sivarathri Thai Poosam
Chidambaram Railway station 22 miles	5.40	1.71	...	...	118 kalams of paddy	Value not stated	Palanquin Manjam	Once in a day by a Bhatta-chariar	Vaikunta Ekadasi Navarathri Masi Magam
do	26.93	2.60	...	...	6,000	...	...	Twice in a day by a Gurukkal and a Bhatta-chariar	Panguni Uthiram Thai Poosam
Chidambaram Railway station 20 miles	6.15	...	...	...	1,500	...	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	Annual festival in Chithirai
Chidambaram Railway station 16 miles	...	...	7.51	...	1,200	500	...	Once in a day by a Madhya	No

CHIDAMBARAM

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples outside the Hindu Religious							
1	46	Perianer-gunam	Sri Ayyanar temple (O)	60	1.74	Sri Ayyanar	Sri Mariamman
2	79	Vayalur	Sri Subramaniam temple (M)	80	0.01	Sri Subramaniamswamy	Sri Vinayagar
3	80	Keerapalayam	Sri Somanathaswamy temple (S)	50	0.77	Sri Somanathaswamy	...
4	„	do	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	40	0.02	Sri Mariamman	...
5	81	Vadahari-rajapuram	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	30	0.04	Sri Mariamman	...
6	„	do	Sri Pillayar temple (G)	30	Below 0.01	Sri Pillayar	...
7	„	Thatham-pettai H/o Vadahari-rajapuram	Sri Pillayar temple (G)	30	0.03	Sri Pillayar	...
8	84	Palayasen-dangudi	Sri Pattabiramaswamy temple (V)	100	0.03	Sri Pattabiramaswamy	Sri Thayathangi Amman Sri Vinayagar
9	119	Edayanpalacheri	Sri Vinayagar temple (G)	50	0.01	Sri Vinayagar	...
10	121	Thenhari-rajapuram	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	Not stated	0.25	Sri Mariamman	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board									
Neyveli Railway station 6 miles	1.76	4.04	...	...	50 kalams of paddy	...	...	Twice in a day by a Poosari	No
Chidambaram Railway station 3 miles	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Daily pooja by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
Chidambaram Railway station 4 miles	0.03	...	...	...	Not stated	...	...	Daily pooja by a Pillai	No
do	0.40	...	...	...	do	...	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No
Chidambaram Railway station 5 miles	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Once in a day by a Poosari	No
do	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	do	No
do	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	No	No
Chidambaram Railway station 10 miles	...	...	11.38	...	165 kalams of paddy	32	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	Sri Rama Navami
Chidambaram Railway station 8 miles	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	do	No
Chidambaram Railway station 5 miles	0.66	...	...	...	300	...	...	No	No

CHIDAMBARAM

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples outside the Hindu Religious							
11	121	A. Puliyan-gudi H/o Then-harirajapuram	Sri Subramaniaswamy temple (M)	Not stated	0.02	Sri Subramaniaswamy	...
12	143	Ayyanurak-karaman-galam	Sri Dharmarajar temple (O)	250	0.04	Sri Dharmarajar Sri Dhrowpathi-amman	...
13	„	Sirugalur H/o Ayya-nurakkaramangalam	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	61	0.03	Sri Mariamman	...
14	„	do	Sri Pillayar temple (G)	85	0.02	Sri Pillayar	...
15	„	Manakkudiyani- ruppu H/o Ayya-nurakkaramangalam	Sri Pillayar temple (G)	55	0.02	Sri Pillayar	...
16	„	do	Sri Andavar temple (O)	95	Not stated	Sri Andavarthiruvaramoorthy	...
17	„	do	Sri Pillayar temple (G)	50	0.01	Sri Pillayar	...
18	156	Kodiyalam H/o Mugai-yur	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	10	0.03	Sri Mariamman	...
19	„	do	Sri Ayyanar temple (O)	20	0.10	Sri Ayyanar	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Chidambaram Railway station 7 miles	No	No
Chidambaram Railway station 10 miles	0.90	...	...	...	230	...	Manjams-2	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No
do									
Chidambaram Railway station 8 miles	5.48	...	700	100	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Poosari	Navarathri Fire festival in Chithirai
Chidambaram Railway station 10 miles	0.18	...	80	...	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	No
do	0.44	...	120	..	...	Twice in a week by a hereditary Fisherman	No
do	1.13	...	300	...	...	No	No
Chidambaram Railway station 7 miles	Once in a day by a Poosari	No
do	do	No

TEMPLES OF MADRAS STATE
CHIDAMBARAM

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples outside the Hindu Religious							
20	156	Kodiyalam H/o Mugai- yur	Sri Subramaniam temple (M)	5	0.04	Sri Subramaniam	...
21	161	Elanangoor	Sri Siva temple (S)	50	3.00	Sri Siva	Sri Mariamman Sri Ayyanar
22	163	Chidamba- ram (N.M.)	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	50	0.01	Sri Mariamman	...
23	"	do	Sri Mannarswamy temple (O)	60	0.01	Sri Mannarswamy	...
24	175	Kadavacheri	Sri Dhrowpathi- amman temple (F)	50	0.20	Sri Dhrowpathiamman	...
25	"	do	Sri Pillayar temple (G)	50	0.04	Sri Pillayar	...
26	176	Salanthope	Sri Dhrowpathi- amman temple (F)	40	0.74	Sri Dhrowpathiamman	Sri Kaliyamman Sri Pillayar
27	179	Agaranallur	Sri Mariamman temple (F)	50	0.02	Sri Mariamman	Sri Vembu Ayyanar
28	181	Kattuguda- lur	Sri Pillayar temple (G)	70	1.31	Sri Pillayar	...
29	"	do	Sri Panduranga- swamy temple (V)	80	0.64	Sri Pandurangaswamy	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
and Charitable Endowments Board (Contd.)									
Chidambaram Railway station 7 miles	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Once in a day by a Poosari	Panguni Uthiram
Chidambaram Railway station 3 miles	5.74	...	...	...	200 kalams of paddy	200	...	Once in a day by a Gurukkal	Fire festival for 10 days in Adi
Chidambaram Railway station 1 mile	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Twice in a week by a Padayachi	No
do	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	do	No
Vallampadugai Railway station 2 miles	0.81	...	...	...	25 kalams of paddy	...	Ratham Horse Manjam	Once in a day by a hereditary Poosari	No
do	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
Vallampadugai Railway station 1 mile	...	...	1.36	...	250	...	...	Twice in a day by a hereditary Padayachi	Vijaya Dhasami
do	...	...	2.00	...	300	...	...	do	Tamil New Year's day
Vallampadugai Railway station 5 miles	1.31	...	...	...	50 kalams of paddy	...	...	Daily pooja by a hereditary Pandaram	No
do	0.48	0.16	...	...			

CHIDAMBARAM

S. No.	L.C. No.	Name of the Village	Name of the temple	Age of the temple (Years)	Area of the temple (Acres)	Name of Principal Deity	Other important Deities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Temples outside the Hindu Religious							
30	182	Poolamedu	Sri Koothaperumal temple (O)	Not stated	0.02	Sri Koothaperumal	...
31	185	Vadamur	Sri Agastheeswaraswamy temple (S)	150	0.90	Sri Agastheeswarar	...
32	„	do	Sri Veeraraghava Perumal temple (V)			Sri Veeraraghava Perumal	...
33	„	do	Sri Ayyanar temple (O)			Sri Ayyanar	...

TALUK (Contd.)

Distance from the nearest Railway station or the Trunk Road	Property (Immovable)			Other immovable property	Annual income from the immovable property Rs.	Movable property		Arrangements for daily poojas	Festivals
	Wet A.C.	Dry A.C.	Wet and dry A.C.			Jewels (Value of the Gold & Silver jewels) Rs.	Vahanas		
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)

and Charitable Endowments Board (Concl'd.)

Chidambaram Railway station 6½ miles	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Daily pooja by a hereditary Poosari	No
Chidambaram Railway station 7 miles	1:32	...	...	...	90 kalams of paddy	...	...	Once in a day by a hereditary Gurukkal	No
do	1:32	...	...	...				Once in a day by a hereditary Poosari	No
do	0:34	...	...	...				Once in a day by a hereditary Padayachi	No

ANNEXURE I
TEMPLES
QUESTIONNAIRE FORMS

1. Name of the taluk
2. Name of the village
3. Distance from the nearest Railway
Station—State the name of the
Station.
4. Distance from District Head-
quarters.
5. Distance from Taluk Head-
quarters.
6. Communication facilities available
to reach the village—Brief
description.
7. Name of the temple or temples ...
8. Name or names of the deities ...

I. Historical Aspects—

(a) Approximate age of the
temple.

(b) In whose time and by whom
was it built first.

(c) If there were subsequent substantial additions or renovations, by whom was it done.

(d) Are there any stone inscriptions or copper sanads in support of the origin of the temple?

(e) Is there any legend attached to the construction of the temple?

(f) Were there any subsequent events?

II Details of the temple—

(a) Describe in detail with pictures about the style, layout and construction of the temple.

(b) Area of the land occupied by the temple.

(c) Describe the size and style of the pagodas, about the architecture, about pillars, number of prakarams, sanctum sanctorum, etc.

III. Details about the deity—

- (a) If Siva temple, is the lingam a Swayambu lingam or otherwise—If Vaishnavite or Murugan or other temple, what is the posture of the deity—Describe the style, size, and pose of the deities (both about Moolavar and Utsavamoorthy).
- (b) Are there any legends attached to the pose of the deities ?
- (c) Do you find anything peculiar to this temple, which are not found in other temples ?
- (d) Is there any "Sthala Pura-nam" attached to this temple, if so, is there any information about the author of it ?
- (e) Have great saints like Appar, Sundarar, Manickavasagar, and Thirugnanasambandar, Arunagirinathar, Ramanujar and other Nainars or Alwars visited the temple, and if so give details of their songs, year of visit, and any important events during the visit ?

- (f) Give details about the daily Poojas in the temple.

IV. Priesthood—

- (a) Who perform the daily Poojas ?
- (b) Is there any special significance attached to the institution of this priesthood ? If so what ?
- (c) Are the priests selected from any special category of persons within that Community ?
- (d) Have they to observe any special rituals or vows ?
- (e) Is the institution hereditary ?
- (f) What are the means of livelihood for the priests ? Are they given a service inam or are they paid wages out of the income of the temple, or do they depend only on the offerings of the devotees ?

V. Jewels —

- (a) What are the jewels and other ornaments kept in the temple and what is their value ?

(b) Is there any information about the acquisition of these ?

(c) Do you find any speciality in the making of these jewels and ornaments ?

(d) How many of these jewels are antique and how many modern ?

(e) Give a brief description of some exquisite items among the jewellery.

VI. *Other properties, inams and endowments.*

(a) What are all the immovable properties belonging to the temple Devasthanam ?

(b) How are they at present enjoyed and managed ?

(c) What is the annual income derived out of these properties and how are they collected ?

(d) How is the money utilised ?

(e) Are any institutions, schools chatrams, etc., maintained out of it ?

(f) Are there any service inam lands (Devadasi or "Kattalai" inam lands) attached to the temple. If so by whom are they held and are the services attached to these service inam lands rendered properly ?

(g) Are there any legends or stone inscriptions, copper plates, etc., describing the institution of such inams or endowments ? (photographic plates if possible may be taken)

VII. *Income from Hundies and Daily Offerings—*

(a) Does the temple derive any income from hundi collections and from offerings of devotees ?

(b) If so, what is the annual income from these items ?

(c) Are the hundies broken open and counted on any special date ?

(d) Should all the trustees be present when the hundies are opened and counted ?

(e) Does the temple collect any charges from devotees for performing poojas, abhishekams, etc. ?

(f) What are the charges for each such item ?

(g) What is the average annual income from such charges ?

VIII. Cars, Rathams and Vahanams, etc.—

(a) What are the Cars, Rathams, Vahanams, Palanquins etc., attached to the temple ?

(b) Describe the size, style, make, material used, etc., about these.

(c) What is the age of these vehicles and is there any legend or story attached to their acquisition ?

IX. Festivals—

(a) What are the festivals attached to the temple ? On what dates are they celebrated ?

(b) What is the main festival of the temple ?

(c) Briefly describe the main festival and some of the important festivals.

(d) Are there any legends attached to the celebration of these festivals ?

(e) What is the size of the crowd attracted ?

(f) Does the festival attract people from adjacent villages, taluks, districts, etc.?

X. Management—

(a) How were the temple affairs managed in olden days ?

(b) How are they managed at present ?

(c) Is the temple under the control of the Endowment Board ; and if so, is there any Executive Officer ?

(d) Is there any Board of Trustees, and if so, how many ?

XI. General—

(a) Are there stories current among the devotees about the power of the deity ?

(d) Describe some of the most interesting stories with particular reference to the miracles attributed to them—in ancient as well as in modern times.

இணைப்பு II
(ANNEXURE II)

கோவில்களைப் பற்றிய கேள்வித்தாள்.

முன்னுரை—

- a. ஜில்லாவின் பெயர்
- b. தாலுகாவின் பெயர்
- c. கிராமத்தின் பெயர்
- d. அருகாமையில் இருக்கும் இரயில் நிலையத்திலிருந்து உள்ள தூரம் (இரயில் நிலையத்தின் பெயரைக் குறிப்பிடு).
- e. ஜில்லா தலைமை நிலையத்திலிருந்துள்ள தூரம்.
- f. தாலுகா தலைமை நிலையத்திலிருந்து உள்ள தூரம்.
- g. கிராமத்தை அடைய ஏதுவாயுள்ள போக்குவரவு வசதிகள்—சுருக்கமான விவரங்கள் கொடுக்க.
- h. கோவில் பெயர்
- i. தெய்வங்களின் பெயர் அல்லது பெயர்கள்.

I சரித்திர நிலைகள்—

- a. கோவிலின் சுமாரான வயது
- b. யார் காலத்தில், யாரால் முதலில் கட்டப்பட்டது.

- c. பின்னர் செய்யப்பட்ட குறிப்பிடத் தக்க விஸ்தரிப்பு அல்லது புதுப்பிப்பு ஏதாவது இருந்தால் அது யாரால் செய்யப்பட்டது?
- d. கோயிலின் கோற்றத்திற்கு ஆதாரமான கல்வெட்டுகள் அல்லது செப்பேடுகள் ஏதாவது இருக்கின்றனவா? இருந்தால் கூறுக.
- e. கோவில் கட்டப்பட்டதைச் சேர்ந்த புராண கதை ஏதாவது உண்டா? இருந்தால் சுருக்கமாக கூறுக.
- f. பின்னர் ஏற்பட்ட சீதழ்ச்சிகள் இருக்கின்றனவா? இருந்தால் சுருக்கமாக கூறுக.

II கோயிலைப் பற்றிய விவரங்கள்—

- a. கோயில் கட்டப்பட்ட பாணி, பரப்பு, அமைப்பு இவற்றைப் பற்றி படங் களுடன் தெளிவாக விளக்குக.
- b. கோயில் அடைத்துக்கொண்டுள்ள இடத்தின் பரப்பு.
- c. கோயில் கோபுரத்தின் பருமன், பாணி, கோயிலில் அமைந்துள்ள கலைத் திறன், தூண்கள், பிரகாரங்களின் எண்ணிக்கை, கர்ப்பக்கிருகம் முதலிய வற்றைப் பற்றி விளக்குக.

III விக்கிரகத்தைப் பற்றிய விவரங்கள்—

a. சிவன் கோயிலாக இருந்தால்—அங் குள்ள லிங்கம் சுவயம்புலிங்கமா அல்லது வேறு விதமானதா? வைணவ அல்லது முருகன் அல்லது வேறு கோயிலாக இருந்தால் விக்கிரகத்தின் நிலை என்ன? விக்கிரகங்களின் (மூலவர், உற்சவ மூர்த்தி இரண்டும்.) பாணி, பருமன் நிலை இவற்றை விளக்குக.

b. விக்கிரகங்களின் நிலைக்கு ஏதாவது புராண கதைகள் இருக்கின்றனவா? இருந்தால் கூறுக.

c. மற்ற கோயில்களில் இல்லாத புதுமை ஏதாவது இந்த கோயிலில் தெரிகின்றதா?

d. இந்த கோயிலைப் பற்றிய ஸ்தல புராணம் ஏதாவது இருக்கின்றதா? இருந்தால் அதன் ஆசிரியரைப்பற்றிய செய்தி ஏதாவது உண்டா?

e. அப்பர், சுந்தரர், மாணிக்கவாசகர், திருஞானசம்பந்தர், அருணகிரிநாதர், ராமானுஜர் மற்றும் நாயன்மார்கள் அல்லது ஆழ்வார்கள் போன்ற பெரியார்கள் கோயிலுக்கு வந்திருக்கிறார்களா? இருந்தால் பாடல்களைப் பற்றிய வினக்கம், வந்த ஆண்டு அப்பொழுது நடந்த முக்கியமான நிகழ்ச்சி இவைகளைக் குறிப்பிடு.

f. கோயிலில் நடக்கும் தினசரி பூஜையைப் பற்றிய விளக்கம் தருக.

IV புரோகீதம்—

a. தினசரி பூஜை செய்வது யார் ? ...

b. இந்த பூசாரி அல்லது புரோகித முறையில்தான் விசேஷம் ஏதாவது இணைந்திருக்கிறதா ? இருந்தால் அது என்ன ?

c. பூசாரிகள் அல்லது புரோகிதர்கள் தனி இனத்திலிருந்து தேர்ந்தெடுக்கப்படுகிறார்களா ? அந்த இனத்திலும் ஏதாவது தனி பிரிவிலிருந்து தேர்ந்தெடுக்கப்படுகிறார்களா ?

d. அவர்கள் தனிப்பட்ட ஆசாரங்கள் ஏதாவது அனுசரிக்க வேண்டுமா ? அல்லது தனிப்பட்ட பிரமாணங்கள் ஏதேனும் எடுக்க வேண்டுவா ?

e. பூசாரி அல்லது புரோகித முறை பரம்பரையானதா ?

f. பூசாரிகளின் அல்லது கோவில் புரோகிதர்களின் ஜீவனம் எவ்வாறு நடக்கிறது ? அவர்களுக்கு ஊழிய இனம் கொடுக்கப்படுகிறதா ? அல்லது கோயில் வருமானத்தில் இருந்து அவர்களுக்கு சம்பளம் கொடுக்கப்படுகின்றதா ? அல்லது அவர்கள் பக்தர்களின் காணிக்கையத்தான் ஆதாரமாகக் கொண்டுள்ளார்களா ?

V ஆபரணங்கள்—

a. கோயிலுக்கு சேர்ந்த நகைகள், ஆபரணங்கள் யாவை ? அவற்றின் மதிப்பு என்ன ?

b. அவைகள் எப்படிக் கிடைத்தன என் பதைப் பற்றிய செய்திகள் ஏதாவது உண்டா?

c. இந்த நகை, ஆபரணங்களைச் செய் திருப்பதில் பிரத்தியேகம் ஏதாவது தெரிகின்றதா?

d. இந்த அணிகளில் புதுமையானவை எத்தனை? பழமையான அரிய அணிகள் எத்தனை?

e. இந்த ஆபரணங்களில் மிக மேன்மை யான சிலவற்றைப் பற்றிய சுருக்க மான விவரங்கள் கொடுக்க.

VI மற்ற சொத்து விவரங்கள்—இனும், மானியம் முதலியன—

a. தேவஸ்தானத்திற்கு சேர்ந்த நிலையான சொத்துக்கள் எவை?

b. அவை தற்பொழுது எவ்வாறு நிர் வகிக்கப்படுகின்றன? எவ்வாறு அனு பவிக்கப்படுகின்றன?

c. இந்த சொத்துக்களில் இருந்து கிடைக் கும் ஆண்டு வருமானம் எவ்வளவு? அவை எப்படி வசூலிக்கப்படுகின்றன?

d. அந்த பணம் எவ்வாறு பயன்படுத்தப் படுகின்றது?

e. அந்த பணத்தைக் கொண்டு நிலையங்கள், கல்விக் கூடங்கள், சத்திரம் போன்றவை நடத்தப்படுகின்றனவா?

f. ஊழிய இனம் நிலங்கள் (தேவதாசி அல்லது கட்டளை இனம் நிலங்கள்) கோயிலுக்கு உள்ளனவா? இருந்தால் அவை யாரிடம் இருக்கின்றன? ஊழிய இனம் நிலங்களுக்கான அந்த ஊழியங்கள் சரியாக செய்யப்படுகின்றனவா?

g. அப்படிப்பட்ட இனம் அல்லது மானியங்களைப் பற்றிய விவரங்களைக் கொடுக்கும் புராணங்கள் அல்லது கல்வெட்டுகள், அல்லது செப்பேடுகள் இருக்கின்றனவா? (முடியுமானால் அவற்றைப் படம் எடுக்கவும்).

VII உண்டிகைகளிலிருந்தும் காணிகைகளிலிருந்தும் சிடைக்கும் வருமானம்—

a. உண்டிகைகளிலிருந்தும் பக்தர்களின் காணிக்கைகளிலிருந்தும் கோயிலுக்கு ஏதாவது வருமானம் சேர்கின்றதா?

b. அப்படி இருந்தால் இவைகளிலிருந்து ஆண்டு வருமானம் எவ்வளவு சிடைக்கும்?

c. ஏதாவது பிரத்தியேகமான நாளில் உண்டிகைகள் உடைக்கப்பட்டு, அவைகளில் உள்ள பணம், பொருள்கள் எண்ணப்படுகின்றனவா?

d. உண்டிகைகள் உடைக்கப்பட்டு எண்ணப்படும்பொழுது எல்லா தர்மகர்த்தாக்களும் உடன் இருக்கவேண்டுமா?

e. கோயிலுக்கு வருபவர்களிடம் ஆராதனை, அர்ச்சனை, அபிஷேகம் முதலியவற்றிற்கு கட்டணங்கள் வாங்கப்படுகின்றனவா?

f. ஒவ்வொன்றிற்கும் கட்டணம் என்ன?

g. இந்தமாதிரி கட்டணங்களில் இருந்து கிடைக்கும் சராசரி ஆண்டு வருமானம் என்ன?

VIII தேர், இரதம், வாகனம் முதலியன

a. கோயிலுக்கு சேர்ந்த தேர், இரதம், பல்லக்கு முதலியன யாவை?

b. அவற்றின் பருமன், பாணி, செய்துள்ள அமைப்பு, செய்ய பயன்பட்ட பொருள்கள் யாவை என்பன பற்றி விளக்குக.

c. இந்த வாகனங்களின் காலம் என்ன? இவைகள் கோயிலுக்கு கிடைத்ததைப் பற்றிய கதை அல்லது புராணம் ஏதாவது உண்டா?

IX திருவிழாக்கள்—

a. கோயிலுக்கு சேர்ந்த திருவிழாக்கள் என்ன? எந்தெந்த நாட்களில் அவைகள் கொண்டாடப்படுகின்றன?

b. கோயிலின் முக்கிய திருவிழா என்ன?

c. முக்கியமான திருவிழாவைப் பற்றியும் மற்றும் குறிப்பிடத்தக்க திருவிழாக்களைப்பற்றியும் சுருக்கமான விவரம் தருக.

d. இந்த திருவிழாக்கள் நடத்துவதில் கதைகள் ஏதாவது இணைந்திருக்கின்றனவா?

e. அப்பொழுது கூடும் மக்கள் கூட்டத்தின் அளவு எவ்வளவு இருக்கலாம்?

f. திருவிழா பக்கத்திலுள்ள கிராம, தாலூகா, ஜில்லா மக்களைக் கவர் கின்றதா?

X நிர்வாகம்—

a. கோயில் விவகாரங்கள் முன் காலத்தில் எவ்வாறு நிர்வகிக்கப்பட்டன?

b. தற்பொழுது அவை எப்படி நிர்வகிக்கப்படுகின்றன?

c. கோயில் இந்துமத பரிபாலன பேரர் டின்கீழ் இருக்கின்றதா? அப்படி யானால் நிர்வாக அதிகாரி யாராவது இருக்கிறாரா?

d. தர்மகர்த்தா குழு ஏதாவது இருக்கின்றதா? இருந்தால் அதில் எத்தனை பேர் இருக்கின்றனர்?

XI பொதுச் செய்திகள்—

a. தெய்வத்தின் சக்தியைப் பற்றிய கதைகள் ஏதாவது தற்பொழுது பத்தரீகளிடம் நிலவுகின்றனவா?

b. இக்கால, பழங்கால கதைகளில் சுவரஸ்யமான கதைகள் சிலவற்றை அவற்றுடன் இணைந்த அற்புதங்களை சிறப்பாகக் குறிப்பிட்டு—விளக்குக.

ANNEXURE III (1)

*[Copy of the D.O. Letter No. 13058/61-6 dated 30th January, 1962
addressed to the Collectors.]*

It has been the established tradition of the Indian Census to take up, along with the main task of enumeration, a number of special studies to spot-light the social and cultural heritage of India.

In keeping with this tradition, it is proposed to prepare a compendium volume on the temples of this State. As you are aware, South Indian temples, marvels in architectural engineering and having a cultural greatness of their own, have attracted large number of tourists from all parts of the country and even from abroad. With this in view, I have devised a schedule and have drawn up a list of temples from the records of the Hindu Religious Endowments Board.

I am enclosing along with this letter, copies of the Schedule, both in English and in Tamil along with a short note on the procedure to be adopted while filling up these forms. I shall be deeply grateful to you if you could send these forms to such persons who have the necessary aptitude, patience and local knowledge to give us the detailed information, as required in these forms, fill it up and send it to you, to be transmitted to us as early as possible. These efforts will be gratefully acknowledged. With your intimate knowledge of the district, you, I am sure, will be able to find the right type of persons for the task. I have also written a letter to the Commissioner, Hindu Religious and Charitable Endowments Board, asking him to provide all facilities at his command and to make available for inspection all records and jewels pertaining to each temple taken up for the survey. I am enclosing along with these forms a list of temples found in your district. However, this list need not be taken as final and you may also select temples which we have unintentionally omitted from the list.

The following procedure should be adopted in filling up the forms relating to temples in the State.

1. One form should be used for one temple.
2. The form used can be either in English or Tamil.
3. The agency to be utilised for filling the forms will be left to the discretion of the Collectors.

It is necessary to select persons who have the necessary aptitude, patience and local knowledge and who are interested in such studies. The Commissioner of Religious Endowments has already asked all Temple Authorities to render full assistance in this survey. As such, there will be no difficulty in getting even confidential information from the Temple Authorities.

A list of temples found in each taluk is enclosed herewith. The list has been prepared from the records of the Commissioner of Religious Endowments, Madras. It is, however, desirable that the contents of the list is cross-checked against the entries found in the record maintained in each Collector's Office. In addition to this, there may be temples whose annual income is more than Rs. 200 and which have not been recorded either in the Collector's Office or in the Commissioner's Office. It is our intention that even in the case of such temples, the forms should be filled in.

Though the minimum amount of information to be gathered is indicated under suitable headings, we wish to have as much information as possible on each temple in the State. Loose sheets can be attached to the forms in case the space provided in the form is not sufficient for the purpose. The aim of every person filling the form should be to consolidate as much information as possible in the form supplied. I need not add that the information collected should be authentic.

If any person can supply diagrams and photographs, it will be much appreciated.

ANNEXURE III (2)

*[Copy of the D. O. Letter No. 13058/61-4 dated 18th January, 1962
addressed to the Commissioner, Hindu Religious and Charitable Endowments (Administration) Board.]*

I am enclosing a copy of the questionnaire prescribed for the collection of information on the above subject. As some of the Temple Authorities might be reluctant to volunteer information particularly regarding jewels, properties, etc., in the absence of specific instructions from the Hindu Religious and Charitable Endowments (Administration) Board, I am to request that the Temple Authorities may be suitably instructed to furnish the required information and render any assistance that might be required by the officials in charge of conducting the survey.

ANNEXURE III (3)

*[Copy of Letter Rc. No. 2842/62 (A2) dated 30th January, 1962 regarding instructions
from the Commissioner, Hindu Religious and Charitable Endowments (Administration)
Board, to all the Executive Authorities of the temples.]*

The Government of India are conducting survey on Hindu Religious Institutions as part of the 1961 Census Operations. They gather information about the Religious Institutions under the following headings in the form of a questionnaire.

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1. Location of the Religious Institution. | 7. Other properties, Inams and Endowments. |
| 2. Historical aspects. | 8. Income from hundials and daily offerings. |
| 3. Details of the temple. | 9. Car, Ratham and Vahanam etc. |
| 4. Details about the Deity. | 10. Festivals. |
| 5. Priest-hood. | 11. Management. |
| 6. Jewels. | 12. General. |

The Executive Authorities of all Religious Institutions in this State are requested to volunteer the information required by the officials in charge of conducting the survey and render all assistance to them in carrying out their work, without prejudice to usage and custom prevailing in the institutions.

The Executive Authorities of all Religious Institutions are requested to send two copies of the information furnished by them to the Census Officials, to this office without fail.

The Deputy and Assistant Commissioners are also requested to see that the particulars required by the Census Officials are readily made available so as to enable them to carry out their work quickly. They are also requested to see that copies of the information furnished by the Temple Authorities are sent to the Head Office.

ANNEXURE IV

A SELECT GLOSSARY OF TERMS RELATING TO TEMPLE SURVEY

Abhaya hastham	...	The palm of the Deity in the posture of assuring freedom from fear or danger to the devotees.
Abishekam	...	A holy bath given to the Deity with oil, milk, scented powder, honey, rose-water, ghee, sugar cane juice, etc.
Abhista Varadhan	...	The Deity who fulfils the prayers of the devotees—Usually applied to Vaishnavite Gods.
Addigai	...	A necklace usually made of gold and precious stones adorning the neck.
Adhi Sankarar	...	The Jagathguru of Hinduism and the founder of Advaita.
Adhi Shesha	...	A celebrated serpent said to have one thousand heads and represented as forming the couch of Lord Vishnu.
Agamas	...	Texts of Learning which have come down to us. They are inter-connected with the Vedas and also the forms of worship.
Agasthyar	...	A famous sage (Rishi) who was short in stature, who is regarded as the first teacher of Science and Literature.
Amarathvam	...	Immortality.
Amirtham	...	Nectar.
Amman	...	Goddess.
Andigal	...	Ascetics.
Annam	...	Swan—A common vahanam used in temples.
Antharalam	...	Artha Mandapam or an intermediary space in between the Sanctum Sanctorum and the exterior of the temple.

Appar	..	One of the famous Nayanmars and the author of the great " <i>Thevaram</i> ," who lived in the 7th century.
Aradhana	...	A form of worship to the deity.
Aravall	...	Snake's tail.
Aravoo	...	Serpent.
Archagar	...	A Brahmin priest in a Saivite Temple.
Archana	...	Devotional worship offered to the deity by the priest with flowers or holy ashes or saffron.
Arthajama Pooja	...	The last of the daily poojas performed at night.
Arunagirinathar	...	A great saint who lived in the 15th century and the author of the famous " <i>Thiruppugazh</i> ."
Ashram	...	A hermitage or abode of ascetics ; also a stage in the life of a Brahmin.
Ashtabhuja	...	Deity with eight hands.
Ashtothram	...	A form of archana usually offered to the deity with a recital of 108 names.
Asthana Mandapam	...	Assembly Hall.
Asuras	...	Demons.
Aswametha Yagam	...	This was performed by Kings who were great conquerors. A horse was turned loose and all foreign countries where it entered had either to submit or to fight.
Aswany Devathas	...	Twin divine doctors.
Athi-Kavi	...	Sage Valmiki, the author of the famous Epic " <i>Ramayana</i> " in Sanskrit.
Athreya (Atri) Maharishi	...	A great sage—An exogamous sept among Brahmins has originated from him.

Avarangadu	...	A forest full of 'Avara' trees.
Avatharam	...	Descent of a deity upon earth : Incarnation in human form.
Azhwars (Alwars)	...	The ten Vaishnava saints whose hymns in praise of Vishnu are regarded as sacred scriptures.
Bajanai	...	Mass worship.
Bajanai Koil	...	A miniature temple containing divine portraits like Lord Krishna, Perumal, Sri Ramar etc., where mass worship is done.
Bala roopam	...	A figure of child.
Bali Peedam	...	Altar or the sacrificial stone.
Bhakthar	...	Devotees.
Bharadwaja	...	A Maharishi or Sage, the originator of another sept among Brahmins.
Bhattachari	...	A Brahmin priest belonging to the Vaishnavite sect who offers pooja in a Vishnu temple.
Bootha-ganas	...	The whole class of spirits or devils, the collection of created beings.
Boothakkal Mandapam	...	A mandapam built by Boothaganas.
Boothas	...	Spirits.
Boothath Alwar	...	One of the ten renowned Alwars who were the stalwarts of Vaishnavism.
Brindaranya	...	Thulasi Vanam—A forest full of Basil plants.
Chakram	...	Discus.
Chapparam	...	Chariot.

Dakshinayanam	...	The Sun's progress—South of Equator.
Darsanam	...	Sight of God or of Holy-men.
Dasayatharam	...	The ten Incarnations of Lord Vishnu to punish the wicked.
Deepa-aradhanai	...	Illuminating the deity's face with burning camphor or with a deepam <i>i.e.</i> , a lamp with oil and wick.
Devadasi Inam	...	Lands endowed to dancing girls who are doing service to the temple by their performances of dances before the deity during festivals. This is now abolished.
Devasthanam	...	The body administering the affairs of the temple.
Dhanur Masam	...	The Tamil month of Margazhi—December–January.
Divya Desas	...	Sacred centres.
Dravida	...	A type of vimanam crowned with an octagonal or hexagonal "Sikhara" above the neck. (South India).
Dwajasthambam	...	The flag mast—usually a pillar fixed outside the main shrine in line with the Sanctum Sanctorum.
Dwapara Yuga	...	The third among the four yugas before " <i>Pralaya</i> ".
Dwara-palas	...	Guards of the deity found on either side of the entrance to the Sanctum Sanctorum.
Erukku	...	A coarse milky shrub.
Gajaprishtam	...	The Sanctum in the shape of the back of a sleeping or recumbent elephant.
Garbagraham	...	The inner part of Sanctum Sanctorum.
Garuda	...	A mythological bird—the vehicle of Lord Vishnu.
Garuda-kambam	...	A pillar with Garuda at the top found in Vishnu temple.
Gnana Mudra	...	A symbol or sign signifying knowledge.

Gopuram	...	Pagoda.
Gothras	...	Exogamous septs in Hinduism descending from the Rishis or Sages.
Grantham	...	A script pronounced like Sanskrit—Not a spoken language.
Guru	...	Preceptor.
Gurukkal	...	A Brahmin priest belonging to the Saivite sect who offers pooja in a Siva Temple.
Hundi	...	A sealed receptacle with a slit at the top in which devotees deposit cash and other valuables.
Iravatham	...	The white elephant of Indra, the King of the Devas.
Kachiappa Munivar	...	A well-known saint belonging to the 18th century and the author of the famous " <i>Thiru Thanigai Puranam</i> ".
Kailas	...	The abode of Lord Siva.
Kalasanthi	...	The morning pooja.
Kaligathurai	...	A type of necklace adorning the Ambal.
Kali Yuga	...	The fourth of the Chathur or four yugas before Pralaya or Deluge.
Kalyana Mandapam	...	A special mandapam dedicated to the celebration of the marriage of the Lord with His consort.
Kamadhenu	...	The holy cow which fulfils the desires of devotees.
Kandhakottam	...	The abode or Temple of Lord Muruga.
Kani	...	The unit of area for measuring lands.
Karnapathiram	...	A special type of gem-set ear ornament.
Kattalai	...	A type of endowment of the devotees for doing periodical poojas or offerings.

Kavacham	...	A cover made of precious stones, gold or silver to armour.
Kayadi	...	A decorated wooden pole with an arch over it carried on shoulders with offerings such as flowers, milk, rose-water etc., mostly for Lord Muruga with some parade.
Keerthanas	...	Devotional songs.
Koorai	...	The saree worn during marriage.
Kretha Yuga	...	The first of the Chathur or four yugas before Pralaya.
Kireedam	...	Head-wear or Crown.
Ksheerabthi	...	Sea of milk.
Kumarakottam	...	The temple of Lord Muruga.
Kumbabishekam	...	The periodical holy bath given to the presiding deity, purifying the temple at the time of every renovation.
Kural	...	The philosophical poetic composition by Thiruvalluvar.
Laksha deepam	...	The grand illumination of the temple with one lakh of oil lamps.
Laksharchanas	...	The recital of divine names for one lakh of times.
Madam	...	A religious institution.
Madapalli	...	Kitchen.
Magara Kandigai	...	A type of gem-set gold bangle adorning the hands of the deity.
Mahabaratha	...	The Great Hindu Epic describing the famous battle of Kurukshethra between the Pandavas and the Kauravas.
Maha Mandapam	...	A big hall in temples for holding religious discourses.
Mandapam	...	A big terraced hall.

Mangala Sasanam	...	Scripts composed by Alvars in praise of Maha Vishnu.
Mangalyam	...	The sacred ornament symbolising marriages.
Manyam	...	Landed endowments to the temple servants for their services.
Mavilakku	...	A form of offering to the deity in which a wick is burnt in a flour paste.
Mohini allowance	...	A kind of allowance given to the temple.
Moolasthanam	...	Sanctum Sanctorum.
Moola Vigramam	...	The presiding deity.
Moongil	...	Bamboo.
Mullai vanam	...	A forest full of jasmine flower creepers.
Munivar	...	Saint.
Munjur	...	Bandicoot.
Nagabaranam	...	A gold or silver kavacham or metallic cover fashioned after the serpent with five heads to adorn the deity.
Nagam	...	Serpent.
Nagapasam	...	An ant-hill bearing a five headed serpent covering it as an umbrella.
Nagara	...	A type of vimanam crowned by a circular Sikhara above the neck (Central India).
Namam	...	The Vaishnavite sect mark of three stripes made on the forehead in 'U' or 'Y' shape.
Nambudris	...	A class of Brahmins belonging to the Kerala State.
Nathaswaram	...	A type of musical pipe played mostly on auspicious occasions.

Nayanmars	...	The sixty three Saiva Saints whose history is narrated in " <i>Periyapuranam</i> ".
Neivedhyam	...	Offerings to the deity, namely, coconuts, plantains, jaggery butter, sweet meats etc.
Nirvana	...	Nude.
Ochar	...	A sect of priests.
'OM'	...	The sacred syllable representing the universal vibratory sound.
Oonrukole	...	A stick meant for support.
Othuvars	...	Priests in Siva Temples.
Padakkam	...	A locket or pendant.
Paditharam	...	An allowance in kind.
Padmasali	...	A sect among the weavers.
Pallakku	...	Palanquin.
Panchaksharam	...	A mantra comprising of five syllables, namely, "Nama-sivaya" (<i>நமசிவாய</i>).
Panchalogam	...	An alloy of five metals.
Pancha-murthys	...	The five deities, namely, Vinayagar, Murugar, Lord Siva Uma Devi and Chandikeswarar.
Pancharatra	...	A Vaishnava Agama.
Pandaram	...	A special community of priests who are empowered to offer ceremonial worship to village deities.
Papanasini	...	That which wipes out sins.

Para Brahma Rupini	...	Deity in its universal aspect.
Parkadal	...	Sea of milk.
Partha	...	Arjuna, the third among the five Pandava brothers of the Great Epic Mahabaratha.
Pattam	...	A special form of honour done to a respectable person by tying around his forehead, a metallic sheet with a silk thread.
Peetam	...	A specially made platform on which the idol is placed.
Ponnadi Sabhai	...	A special committee of members instituted in Bajanai Koils.
Pooja	...	A form of ceremonial worship offered to the deity.
Poosari	...	The priest who does worship to village deities in street temples.
Prabandam	...	A poetic composition of ninety six varieties.
Pradishta	...	Installation.
Pradosham	...	Evening of the 13th <i>Tithi</i> of dark fortnight, 90 minutes before and after sunset and considered auspicious for worshipping Lord Siva.
Prakaram	...	The verandah or passage around the Sanctum Sanctorum intended for the devotees to go around the deity.
Pranavam	...	The sacred syllable "OM".
Prarthanai Sthalam	...	A sacred place for fulfilling the vows of devotees.
Prasadham	...	Any propitiatory offering to idols or the reminiscence of such things.
Prithivi	...	The Earth.

Punarvasu	...	The seventh Lunar mansion or an epithet of Vishnu or Siva
Purogitham	...	The office of the priest.
Raja-gopuram	...	The main Pagoda.
Rakshasas	...	Demons.
Ratham	...	Chariot.
Rishabam	...	A bull.
Rudrakshamalai	...	A rosary or neck ornament made of the berry of a particular sacred tree.
Sapa-vimochanam	...	Deliverance from a curse.
Sadagopam	...	A small metal head cover on which Vishnu's feet are engraved and which is placed over the head of worshippers in Vishnu temples.
Sahasranama Archana	...	A form of archana or worship usually offered to the deity with a recital of 1,008 names.
Samadhi	...	Penance; a stage being completely absorbed in meditation; a tomb.
Sandanakappu	...	Smearing the idol with sandal-wood paste.
Sangu	...	The Conch-Shell.
Sannadhi	...	The passage leading to Sanctum.
Santha Murthy	...	God in a state of tranquility.
Saroopam	...	Identity with the God in form; assimilation to the deity which is one of the four states of 'Mukthi' (Salvation).
Sathu Murai	...	Close of the festival in honour of Vaishnava Saints.
Sayanam	...	In a lying pose.

Sayaratchai Pooja	...	Pooja in the evening.
Sayujyam	...	The entire absorption in the deity.
Sevalkodi	...	The banner of Lord Muruga having the figure of a cock.
Shrotrium	...	Service inam lands assigned to Government servants as reward for their services.
Shudkonam	...	Hexangular.
Sikhara	...	Peak.
Simha	...	Lion—A common vahanam used in temples.
Sivasaroopiam	...	Identity with Siva in form.
Somavaram	...	Monday.
Sthala-puranam	...	The legends regarding the origin of a sacred place.
Sthala viruksham	...	The sacred tree connected with the legend of the temple.
Swathi	...	Arcturus which forms the 15th Lunar asterism.
Swayambu	...	That which comes of its own accord.
Swetha	...	Sweat.
Thaila-kappu	...	Smearing the idol with oil.
Thali	...	An ornament symbolising marriage.
Theerthavari	...	A festival during which the deity is immersed in holy water.
Thenkalai	...	The 'Y' mark worn on the forehead by the Thenkalai sect of the Vaishnavas.
Theppam	...	Floating festival.

Thretha Yuga	...	The second among the four yugas before 'Pralaya'.
Thirumanjanam	...	The bath of an idol.
Thirumudi	...	The head of the chief idol in a temple.
Thiruvadi	...	Sacred feet of a deity.
Thiruvoymozhi	...	Devotional verses by Saint Nammalwar.
Thirunakshathiram	...	An asterism under which a saint or a great person is born.
Thiruneerpattai	...	A decorative piece of silver fixed on the forehead of the deity resembling the lines usually made by the sacred ash.
Thiruppavai	...	A poem in Nalayira Prabandam by Sri Andal in praise of Lord Vishnu.
Thirusoolam	...	A trident.
Ubayadhars	...	Persons making donations for specific purposes.
Uchikala Pooja	...	Pooja done in mid-day.
Ugra	...	Fierce, powerful, angry.
Upanayanam	...	The sacred thread ceremony.
Urchavam or Uthsavam	...	Festival.
Urthuva Thandavam	...	The gigantic dance of Lord Siva with one leg poised upward in which He defeated Goddess Kali.
Ushatkala Pooja	...	Early morning Pooja.
Utharayanam	...	The Sun's progress—North of Equator.
Uthsava Murthy	...	An idol worshipped on festival days.

Vadakalai	...	The 'U' shaped caste mark worn by the Vadakalai sect of the Vaishnavas.
Vahanam	...	A vehicle.
Vairamudi	...	Diamond Crown.
Vamana	...	Dwarf, the fifth incarnation of Lord Vishnu.
Varaga	...	A Boar, the third incarnation of Lord Vishnu.
Varam	...	A kind of agricultural tenancy.
Veena	...	A stringed musical instruments.
Vel	...	A spear.
Vesara	...	A special type of vimanam crowned by a circular sikhara above the neck. (Central India).
Vibhoothi	...	The sacred ash.
Vigraham	...	An idol.
Vilvamalai	...	A garland of leaves belonging to the sacred Vilva tree.
Vimanam	...	The roof of the Sanctum.
Virutha-swaroopam	...	The form of an old man.
Viswa-roopam	...	The omnipresent form of God.
Yaga	...	A special sacrificial ceremony.
Yagasalai	...	The place in which a sacrificial ceremony is observed.
Yanthra or Pectam	...	The seat on which the deity is placed.
Yowana-roopam	...	The form of a youth.
Yuga	...	An age of the world. There are four Yugas viz : Kretha Yuga, Thretha Yuga, Dwapara Yuga and Kali Yuga each of which runs into several lakhs of years.